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$$dI = idl = \mu_R \sin \theta d\phi \quad (1/5)$$

$$dB = \frac{\mu_0 dl}{2\pi R} \quad (2/3)$$

$$dB_x = dB_y = 0 \quad (2/3)$$

$$dB_x = dB \sin \theta = \frac{\mu_0 I \sin^2 \theta}{2\pi} d\phi \quad (2/3)$$

$$B = \int dB_x = \int_0^\pi \frac{\mu_0 I \sin^2 \theta}{2\pi} d\phi \quad (2/3)$$

$$= \frac{\mu_0 I}{4} \quad (2/3)$$

$$(1/5) \quad |$$

$$\vec{B} = \int_0^R \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi R^2} r dr + \int_R^{2R} \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} dr \quad (2/3)$$

$$\vec{B} = \vec{x} \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi} + \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi} \ln 2 \quad (2/3)$$

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6. $\oint \vec{H} \cdot d\vec{l} = \Sigma I_o \quad (2/3)$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I R}{2\pi R^2} \quad (2/3)$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \quad (2/3)$$

$$dl = \vec{ds} = r dr \quad (2/3)$$