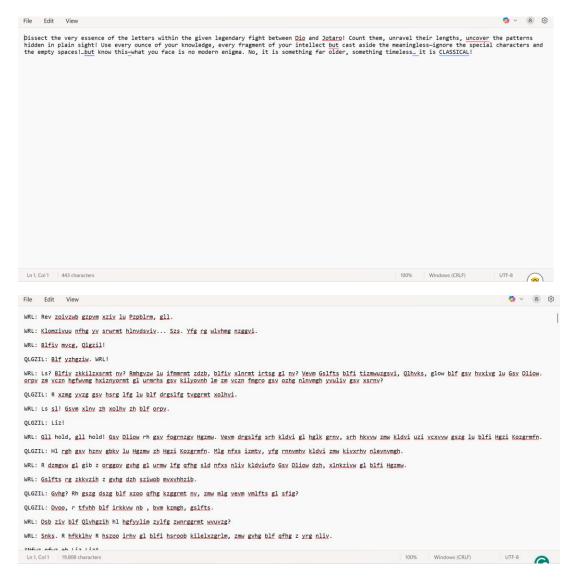
CTFs Solution

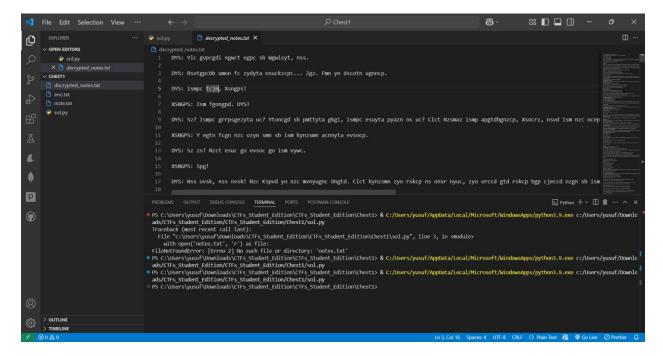
Chest 1:



Looks like a Caesar cipher. (Dio and Jotaro's script have constant character distances in name dialogues)

K= 19?

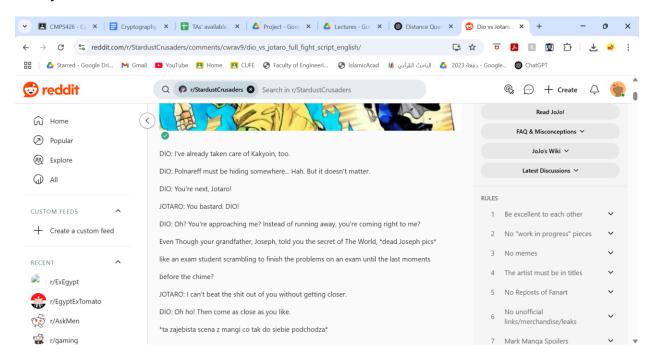
Lets check:



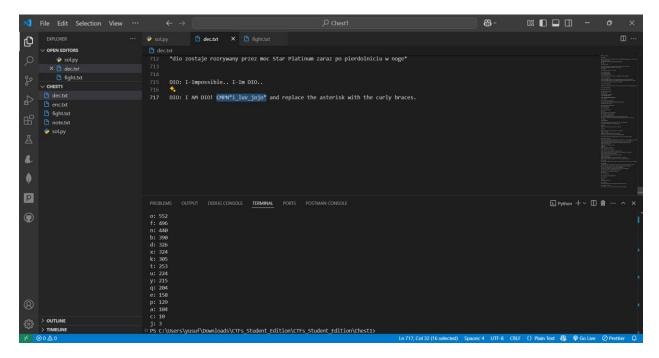
Nope.

HA! A monoalphabetic cipher!

I see ya now



Howa ta2reeban ana gebt l script l asly LOL



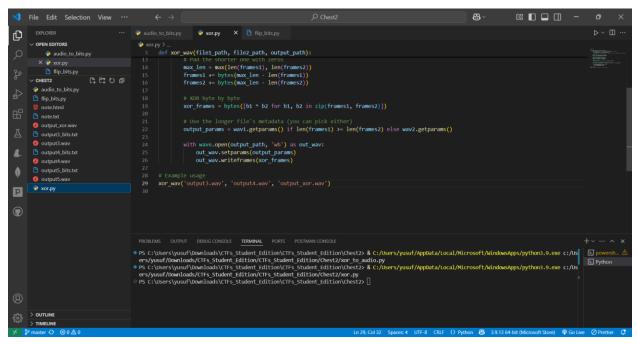
Using python to decrypt the script...

Flag: CMPN{i_luv_jojo}

Chest 2:

Trying to listen to the .wav files didn't help in understanding it.

So lets try xoring them



xoring output 3 and 5 gives me a mute file since theyre the same audio

xoring output 3 and 4 however gives me a the key!

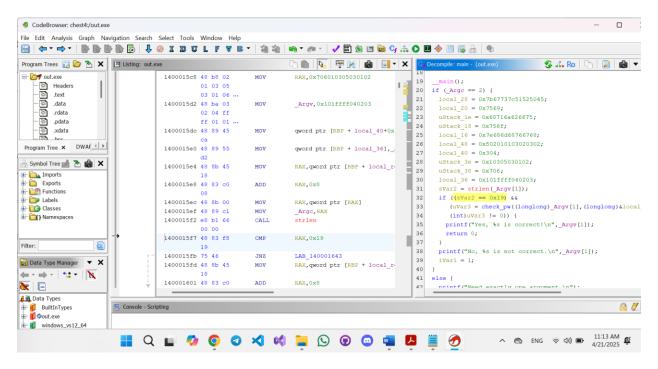
Key: CMPN{CYBER_SECURITY}

Chest 3:

Created a function to reverse the encryption algorithm and passed the expected passkey

Key: s0m3_m0r3_b1t_sh1fTiNg_91c642112

Chest 4:



Analyzing the decompiled code: required password length = 0x19=> 25

Check_pw logic:

If input[i] = key[i] - mask[i]

Check_pw params = Argv[1], &local_28, &local_48

*passing by reference means that the pointer points to the address value of local_28 and local_48

Local $28 = 0 \times 7667737 \times 51525045$ and local $48 = 0 \times 502010103020302$

--Since data is stored in memory in little endian

Therefore, param2:

Local 28 = 0x7b67737c51525045

[00] = 0x45

[01] = 0x50

[02] = 0x52
[03] = 0x51
[04] = 0x7C
[05] = 0x73
[06] = 0x67
[07] = 0x7B
what about the rest of the 25 indexes?
-it moves on to the next variables in the memory (local_20->uStack_1e->uStack_18 >local_16)
Local_20 = 0x7569
[08] = 0x69
[09] = 0x75
uStack_1e = 0x68716a626675
[10] = 0x75
[11] = 0x66
[12] = 0x62
[13] = 0x6A
[14] = 0x71
[15] = 0x68
uStack_18 = 0x756f
[16] = 0x6F
[17] = 0x75
Local_16 = 0x7e686d68766768
[18] = 0x68
[19] = 0x67
[20] = 0x76

```
[21] = 0x68
[22] = 0x6D
[23] = 0x68
[24] = 0x7E
[25] = 0x00
Then param3:
local_48 = 0x502010103020302 -> local_40 = 0x304 -> uStack_3e = 0x10305030102 -> local_48 -> uStack_3e = 0x10305030102 -> local_48 -> uStack_3e = 0x10305030102 -> local_48 -> uStack_3e = 0x10305030102 -> local_40 -> uStack_3e -> u
uStack_38 = 0x706 -> local_36 = 0x101ffff040203
[00] = 0x02
[01] = 0x03
[02] = 0x02
[03] = 0x03
[04] = 0x01
[05] = 0x01
[06] = 0x02
[07] = 0x05
[08] = 0x04
[09] = 0x03
[10] = 0x02
[11] = 0x01
[12] = 0x03
[13] = 0x05
[14] = 0x03
[15] = 0x01
[16] = 0x06
```

$$[17] = 0x07$$

$$[18] = 0x03$$

$$[19] = 0x02$$

$$[20] = 0x04$$

$$[21] = 0xFF$$

$$[22] = 0xFF$$

$$[23] = 0x01$$

$$[24] = 0x01$$

$$[25] = 0x00$$

Since input[i] = key[i] - mask[i], while input= Argv[1], key = &local_28, mask= &local_48

Therefore:

$$P[0] = 0x45 - 0x02 = 0x43 => C$$

$$P[1] = 0x50 - 0x03 = 0x4D => M$$

$$P[2] = 0x52 - 0x02 = 0x50 => P$$

$$P[3] = 0x51 - 0x03 = 0x4E => N$$

$$P[4] = 0x7C - 0x01 = 0x7B => {$$

$$P[5] = 0x73 - 0x01 = 0x72 => r$$

$$P[6] = 0x67 - 0x02 = 0x65 => e$$

$$P[7] = 0x7B - 0x05 = 0x76 => v$$

$$P[8] = 0x69 - 0x04 = 0x65 => e$$

$$P[9] = 0x75 - 0x03 = 0x72 => r$$

$$P[10] = 0x75 - 0x02 = 0x73 => s$$

$$P[11] = 0x66 - 0x01 = 0x65 => e$$

$$P[12] = 0x62 - 0x03 = 0x5F => _$$

$$P[13] = 0x6A - 0x05 = 0x65 => e$$

$$P[14] = 0x71 - 0x03 = 0x6E => n$$

$$P[15] = 0x68 - 0x01 = 0x67 => g$$

$$P[16] = 0x6F - 0x06 = 0x69 => i$$

$$P[17] = 0x75 - 0x07 = 0x6E => n$$

$$P[18] = 0x68 - 0x03 = 0x65 => e$$

$$P[19] = 0x67 - 0x02 = 0x65 => e$$

$$P[20] = 0x76 - 0x04 = 0x72 => r$$

$$P[21] = 0x68 - 0xFF = 0x69 => i$$

$$P[22] = 0x6D - 0xFF = 0x6E => n$$

$$P[23] = 0x68 - 0x01 = 0x67 => g$$

$$P[24] = 0x7E - 0x01 = 0x7D =>$$

$$P[25] = 0x00 - 0x00 = 0x00 => \0$$

Key = CMPN{reverse_engineering}