```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Y.Saranya\Downloads\fiat500_VehicleSelection_Dataset.csv'
print(df)
```

	ID	model	engine_	power	age_in_days	km	previous_owners	\
0	1	lounge		51	882	25000	1	
1	2	pop		51	1186	32500	1	
2	3	sport		74	4658	142228	1	
3	4	lounge		51	2739	160000	1	
4	5	pop		73	3074	106880	1	
1533	1534	sport		51	3712	115280	1	
1534	1535	lounge		74	3835	112000	1	
1535	1536	pop		51	2223	60457	1	
1536	1537	lounge		51	2557	80750	1	
1537	1538	pop		51	1766	54276	1	
		lat	lon	price				
0	44.90	7242 8	3.611560	8900				
1	45.66	6359 12	2.241890	8800				
2	45.50	3300 13	L.417840	4200				
3	40.63	3171 17	7.634609	6000				
4	41.90	3221 12	2.495650	5700				
1533	45.06	9679	7.704920	5200				
1534	45.84	5692 8	3.666870	4600				
1535	45.48	1541 9	9.413480	7500				
1536	45.00	0702	7.682270	5990				
1537	40.32	3410 17	7.568270	7900				

[1538 rows x 9 columns]

```
In [3]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    from sklearn import preprocessing,svm
    df=df[['km','price']]
    df.columns=['Km','Price']
    df.head(10)
```

Out[3]:

	Km	Price
0	25000	8900
1	32500	8800
2	142228	4200
3	160000	6000
4	106880	5700
5	70225	7900
6	11600	10750
7	49076	9190
8	76000	5600
9	89000	6000

In [5]: df.tail()

Out[5]:

	Km	Price
1533	115280	5200
1534	112000	4600
1535	60457	7500
1536	80750	5990
1537	54276	7900

In [6]: df.info()

```
In [7]: df.describe()
```

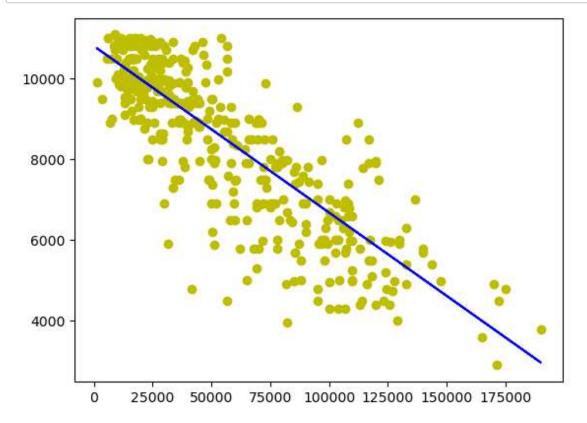
Out[7]:

```
Km
                             Price
count
         1538.000000
                       1538.000000
        53396.011704
                       8576.003901
mean
        40046.830723
                       1939.958641
  std
 min
         1232.000000
                       2500.000000
 25%
        20006.250000
                       7122.500000
 50%
        39031.000000
                       9000.000000
 75%
        79667.750000
                      10000.000000
 max 235000.000000
                      11100.000000
```

```
In [11]: df.dropna(inplace=True)
    X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
    regr=LinearRegression()
    regr.fit(X_train,y_train)
    regr.fit(X_train,y_train)
    print(regr.score(X_test,y_test))
```

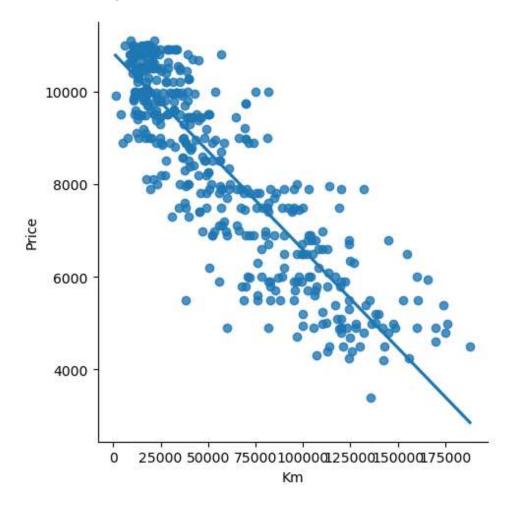
0.7157349071219881

```
In [12]: y_pred=regr.predict(X_test)
    plt.scatter(X_test,y_test,color='y')
    plt.plot(X_test,y_pred,color='b')
    plt.show()
```



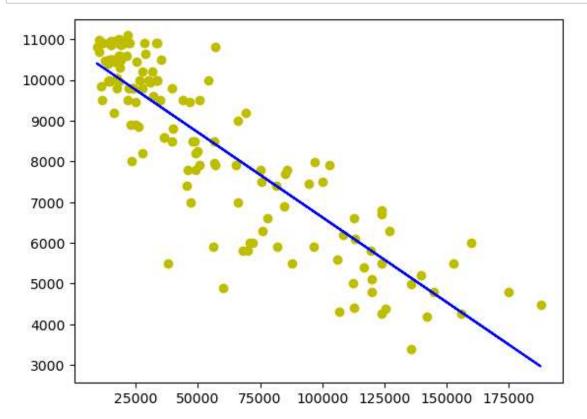
```
In [15]: udf=df[:][:500]
sns.lmplot(x="Km",y="Price",data=udf,order=1,ci=None)
```

Out[15]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x11ddf6e1d20>



Out[16]: v LinearRegression LinearRegression()

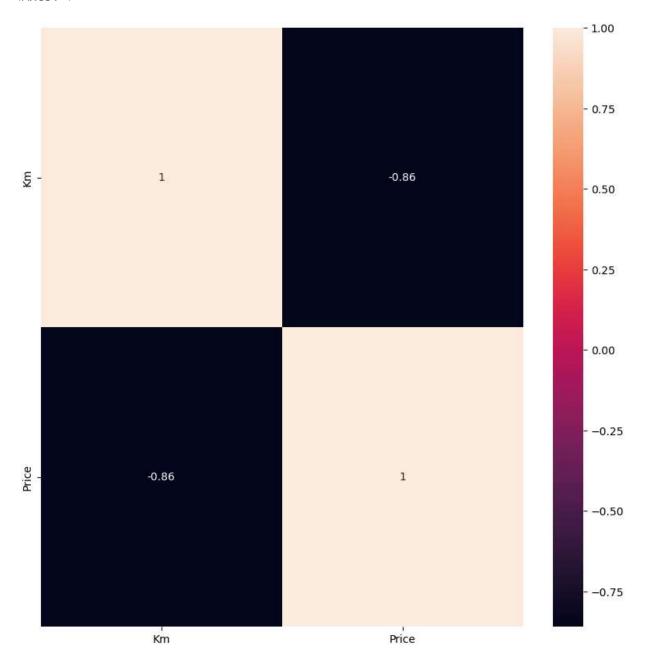
```
In [17]: y_pred=regr.predict(X_test)
    plt.scatter(X_test,y_test,color='y')
    plt.plot(X_test,y_pred,color='b')
    plt.show()
```



In [18]: from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso,RidgeCV,LassoCV

```
In [19]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)
```

Out[19]: <Axes: >



```
In [21]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
    features=df.columns[0:2]
    target=df.columns[-1]
    X=df[features].values
    y=df[target].values
    X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.3,random_state=17)
    print("The dimension of X_train is {}".format(X_train.shape))
    print("The dimension of X_test is {}".format(X_test.shape))
    scaler=StandardScaler()
    X_train=scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
    X_test=scaler.transform(X_test)
```

The dimension of X_train is (1076, 2) The dimension of X_test is (462, 2)

```
In [22]: #Linear regression model
    regr=LinearRegression()
    regr.fit(X_train,y_train)
    actual=y_test #actual value
    train_score_regr=regr.score(X_train,y_train)
    test_score_regr=regr.score(X_test,y_test)
    print("\nLinear model:\n")
    print("The train score for Linear model is {}".format(train_score_regr))
    print("The test score for Linear model is {}".format(test_score_regr))
```

Linear model:

The train score for Linear model is 1.0 The test score for Linear model is 1.0

```
In [23]: #ridge regression model
    ridgeReg=Ridge(alpha=10)
    ridgeReg.fit(X_train,y_train)
    #train and test score for ridge regression
    train_score_ridge=ridgeReg.score(X_train,y_train)
    test_score_ridge=ridgeReg.score(X_test,y_test)
    print("\nRidge model:\n")
    print("The train score for ridge model is {}".format(train_score_ridge))
    print("The test score for ridge model is {}".format(test_score_ridge))
```

Ridge model:

The train score for ridge model is 0.9997095924476731 The test score for ridge model is 0.9997198323998524

```
In [24]: #using the linear cv model for ridge regression
    from sklearn.linear_model import RidgeCV
    #ridge cross validation
    ridge_cv=RidgeCV(alphas=[0.0001,0.001,0.01,1,1,10]).fit(X_train,y_train)
    #score
    print(ridge_cv.score(X_train,y_train))
    print(ridge_cv.score(X_test,y_test))
```

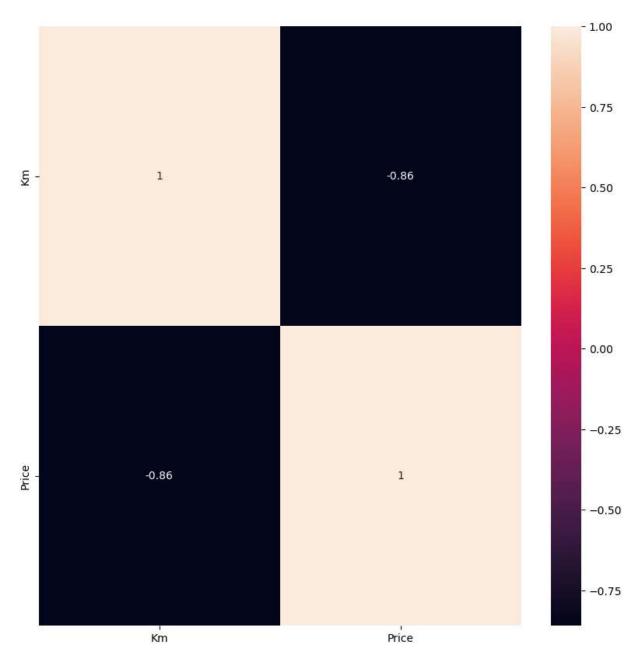
- 0.99999999999676
- 0.99999999999686

```
In [25]: #using the linear cv model for lasso regression
    from sklearn.linear_model import LassoCV
    #lasso cross validation
    lasso_cv=LassoCV(alphas=[0.0001,0.001,0.01,1,10],random_state=0).fit(X_train,y_
#score
    print(lasso_cv.score(X_train,y_train))
    print(lasso_cv.score(X_test,y_test))
```

- 0.9999999877496772
- 0.9999999874481674

```
In [27]: #ridge regression
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)
```

Out[27]: <Axes: >



```
In [28]: #lasso regression model
    lassoReg=Lasso(alpha=10)
    lassoReg.fit(X_train,y_train)
    #train and test score for ridge regression
    train_score_lasso=lassoReg.score(X_train,y_train)
    test_score_lasso=lassoReg.score(X_test,y_test)
    print("\nLasso model:\n")
    print("The train score for lasso model is {}".format(train_score_lasso))
    print("The test score for lasso model is {}".format(test_score_lasso))
```

Lasso model:

The train score for lasso model is 0.9999728562194999 The test score for lasso model is 0.9999728508562553

In [32]: pd.Series(lassoReg.coef_,features).sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="bar")

Out[32]: <Axes: >

