CTPA Interobserver Agreement Analysis

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2025-10-05

```
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
           1.1.4
                                     2.1.5
## v dplyr
                        v readr
## v forcats 1.0.0
                        v stringr
                                     1.5.1
## v ggplot2 4.0.0
                      v tibble
                                     3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.4
                       v tidyr
                                     1.3.1
## v purrr
              1.0.4
## -- Conflicts ------ tidyverse conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
library(kableExtra)
## Attaching package: 'kableExtra'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       group_rows
ctpa_data <- read.csv("CTPAData.csv", stringsAsFactors = FALSE)</pre>
# Create the base contingency table
contingency_table <- table(ctpa_data$Resident, ctpa_data$Staff)</pre>
# Calculate totals and percentages
total_cases <- sum(contingency_table)</pre>
row_totals <- rowSums(contingency_table)</pre>
col_totals <- colSums(contingency_table)</pre>
# Create Contingency Table
simple_table <- matrix(</pre>
  c (
   paste0(contingency_table["N", "N"], " (", round(contingency_table["N", "N"]/total_cases*100, 1), "%
   paste0(contingency_table["N", "P"], " (", round(contingency_table["N", "P"]/total_cases*100, 1), "%
   paste0(row_totals["N"], " (", round(row_totals["N"]/total_cases*100, 1), "%)"),
   paste0(contingency_table["P", "N"], " (", round(contingency_table["P", "N"]/total_cases*100, 1), "%
   paste0(contingency_table["P", "P"], " (", round(contingency_table["P", "P"]/total_cases*100, 1), "%
```

```
paste0(row_totals["P"], " (", round(row_totals["P"]/total_cases*100, 1), "%)"),
    paste0(col_totals["N"], " (", round(col_totals["N"]/total_cases*100, 1), "%)"),
    paste0(col_totals["P"], " (", round(col_totals["P"]/total_cases*100, 1), "%)"),
    paste0(total_cases, " (100%)")
),
    nrow = 3,
    ncol = 3,
    byrow = TRUE
)

colnames(simple_table) <- c("Staff: Negative", "Staff: Positive", "Row Total")
rownames(simple_table) <- c("Resident: Negative", "Resident: Positive", "Column Total")

kable(simple_table, align = 'c') %>%
    kable_styling(bootstrap_options = "striped", full_width = FALSE) %>%
    row_spec(0, bold = TRUE) %>%
    row_spec(3, bold = TRUE) %>%
    column_spec(4, bold = TRUE)
```

	Staff: Negative	Staff: Positive	Row Total
Resident: Negative	463 (77.7%)	9 (1.5%)	472~(79.2%)
Resident: Positive	12(2%)	$112 \ (18.8\%)$	124~(20.8%)
Column Total	$475 \ (79.7\%)$	$121\ (20.3\%)$	$596\ (100\%)$

```
# Calculate Cohen's Kappa
observed_agreement <- sum(diag(contingency_table)) / total_cases</pre>
expected_agreement <- sum((row_totals/total_cases) * (col_totals/total_cases))</pre>
kappa_value <- (observed_agreement - expected_agreement) / (1 - expected_agreement)</pre>
# Calculate 95% CI
n <- total cases
p_o <- observed_agreement</pre>
p_e <- expected_agreement</pre>
var_kappa \leftarrow (p_o * (1 - p_o)) / (n * (1 - p_e)^2)
se_kappa <- sqrt(var_kappa)</pre>
ci_lower <- kappa_value - 1.96 * se_kappa</pre>
ci upper <- kappa value + 1.96 * se kappa
kappa summary <- data.frame(</pre>
  Statistic = c("Cohen's Kappa", "95% CI Lower", "95% CI Upper"),
  Value = c(
    round(kappa_value, 3),
    round(ci_lower, 3),
    round(ci_upper, 3)
  )
)
kable(kappa_summary, align = c('l', 'c')) %>%
 kable styling(full width = FALSE)
```

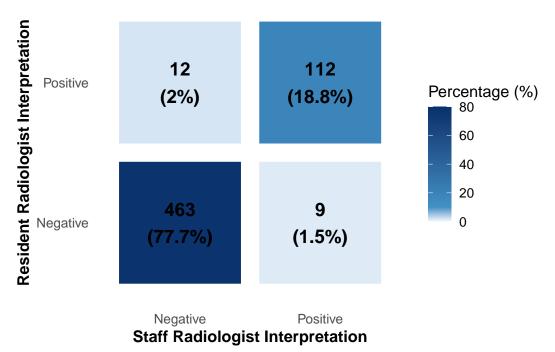
```
StatisticValueCohen's Kappa0.89295% CI Lower0.84795% CI Upper0.937
```

```
cat("## Interpretation\n\n")
## ## Interpretation
cat("**Data Summary:**\n")
## **Data Summary:**
cat("- Total CTPA studies:", total_cases, "\n")
## - Total CTPA studies: 596
cat("- Overall agreement:", round(observed_agreement * 100, 1), "%\n")
## - Overall agreement: 96.5 %
cat("- Discordant cases:", sum(contingency_table["P", "N"] + contingency_table["N", "P"]), "\n\n")
## - Discordant cases: 21
cat("**Key Findings:**\n")
## **Key Findings:**
cat("- Cohen's Kappa =", round(kappa_value, 3), "\n")
## - Cohen's Kappa = 0.892
cat("- 95% CI: [", round(ci_lower, 3), ",", round(ci_upper, 3), "]\n")
## - 95% CI: [ 0.847 , 0.937 ]
library(ggplot2)
library(scales)
## Attaching package: 'scales'
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       discard
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:readr':
##
##
       col factor
# Prepare data with percentages
contingency df <- as.data.frame(contingency table)</pre>
names(contingency_df) <- c("Resident", "Staff", "Count")</pre>
contingency_df$Percentage <- contingency_df$Count / total_cases * 100</pre>
contingency_df$Label <- paste0(contingency_df$Count, "\n(", round(contingency_df$Percentage, 1), "%)")
# Generate Agreement Heatmap
ggplot(contingency_df, aes(x = Staff, y = Resident, fill = Percentage)) +
  geom_tile(color = "white", linewidth = 1.5, width = 0.9, height = 0.9) +
  geom_text(aes(label = Label), color = "black", size = 5, fontface = "bold") +
  scale_fill_gradientn(
   colors = c("#f7fbff", "#4292c6", "#08306b"),
   values = rescale(c(0, 10, 80)),
   name = "Percentage (%)",
   limits = c(0, 80)
  scale_x_discrete(labels = c("Negative", "Positive")) +
  scale_y_discrete(labels = c("Negative", "Positive")) +
  labs(
   title = "CTPA Interpretation Agreement Matrix",
   subtitle = "Resident vs Staff Radiologist",
   x = "Staff Radiologist Interpretation",
   y = "Resident Radiologist Interpretation",
   caption = paste("Total cases:", total_cases)
  theme_minimal(base_size = 12) +
   plot.title = element_text(face = "bold", hjust = 0.5, size = 14),
   plot.subtitle = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = 12),
   axis.title = element_text(face = "bold"),
   legend.position = "right",
   panel.grid = element_blank(),
   plot.caption = element_text(face = "italic")
  coord_fixed(ratio = 1)
```

CTPA Interpretation Agreement Matrix

Resident vs Staff Radiologist



Total cases: 596