Leveraging Information in Theory Presentations

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```
theory Foo {  \begin{tabular}{lll} $\tt U : type \\ $\tt s1 : \tt U \\ $\tt s2 : \tt U \to \tt U \to \tt U \end{tabular}
```

```
theory Foo { U : type \\ s1 : U \\ s2 : U \rightarrow U \rightarrow U } theory FooHom{ f1 , f2 : Foo \\ h : f1.U \rightarrow f2.U \\ pres-s1 : h s1 = s2 \\ pres-s2 : h (s1 x y) \\ = s2 (h x) (h y) }
```

```
theory Bar {
   U : type
   s1 : U
   s2 : U → U
}

theory BarHom {
   b1, b2 : Bar
   h : b1.U → b2.U
   pres-s1 : h s1 = s2
   pres-s2 : h (s1 x)
   = s2 (h x)
}
```

```
theory Foo { theory Bar { U : type s1 : U s2 : U \rightarrow U \rightarrow U s2 : U \rightarrow U } generates Hom theory Bar { U : type s1 : U s2 : U \rightarrow U s2 : U \rightarrow U s2 : U \rightarrow U \rightarrow U s2 : U \rightarrow U \rightarrow U
```

Real Example: Agda Library ¹

```
Homomorphice : Morphism → From → To → Set _
Homomorphice [ ] • ∘ = [ • ] ≈ ∘
Homomorphic<sub>1</sub>: Morphism → Fun<sub>1</sub> From → Op<sub>1</sub> To → Set _
Homomorphic<sub>1</sub> \llbracket \ \rrbracket \ \bullet \ \circ \ = \ \forall \ X \rightarrow \ \llbracket \ \bullet \ X \ \rrbracket \approx ( \circ \ \llbracket \ X \ \rrbracket )
Homomorphic₂: Morphism → Fun₂ From → Op₂ To → Set
Homomorphic₂ [ ] • ∘ =
  \forall x \lor \rightarrow \llbracket x \bullet \lor \rrbracket \approx (\llbracket x \rrbracket \circ \llbracket \lor \rrbracket)
Set (C1 U (1 U C2 U (2) where
  field
     sm-homo : IsSemigroupMorphism F.semigroup T.semigroup []
     ε-homo : Homomorphic₀ [ ] F.ε T.ε
record IsCommutativeMonoidMorphism ([]: Morphism):
         Set (C1 || 11 || C2 || 12) where
  field
     mn-homo: IsMonoidMorphism F.monoid T.monoid [ ]
```

source: https://github.com/agda/agda-stdlib/blob/master/src/Algebra/Morphism.agda

Real Example: Agda Library ¹

```
Homomorphice : Morphism → From → To → Set _
Homomorphic<sub>0</sub> [ ] • ∘ = [ • ] ≈ ∘
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Homomorphic<sub>1</sub> \llbracket \ \rrbracket \ \bullet \ \circ \ = \ \forall \ X \rightarrow \ \llbracket \ \bullet \ X \ \rrbracket \approx ( \circ \ \llbracket \ X \ \rrbracket )
Homomorphic₂: Morphism → Fun₂ From → Op₂ To → Set _
Homomorphic₂ [ ] • ∘ =
  \forall x \lor \rightarrow \llbracket x \bullet \lor \rrbracket \approx (\llbracket x \rrbracket \circ \llbracket \lor \rrbracket)
record IsGroupMorphism ([]: Morphism):
          Set (C1 U l1 U C2 U l2) where
   field
     mn-homo: IsMonoidMorphism F.monoid T.monoid []
   open IsMonoidMorphism mn-homo public
   -1-homo: Homomorphic1 [_] F._-1 T._-1
   -1-homo x = let open EqR T.setoid in T.unique\--1 [ x F.-1 ] [ x ] $ begin
     [x F.^{-1}] T. \bullet [x] \approx \langle T.sym (\bullet -homo (x F.^{-1}) x) \rangle
     [x F.^{-1} F. \cdot x] \approx ([]-cong(F.inverse^{t} x))
     [ F.ε ] ≈( ε-homo )
     Τ.ε ▮
```

Example: Isabelle ²

```
locale submonoid = ✓·contributor ‹Martin Baillon››
  fixes H and G (structure)
  assumes subset: "H ⊆ carrier G"
    and m_closed [intro, simp]: "[x ∈ H; y ∈ H]] ⇒ x ⊗ y ∈ H"
  and one_closed [simp]: "1 ∈ H"

locale subgroup =
  fixes H and G (structure)
  assumes subset: "H ⊆ carrier G"
  and m_closed [intro, simp]: "[x ∈ H; y ∈ H]] ⇒ x ⊗ y ∈ H"
  and one_closed [simp]: "1 ∈ H"
  and m_inv_closed [intro, simp]: "x ∈ H ⇒ inv x ∈ H"
```

source: https://isabelle.in.tum.de/dist/library/HOL/HOL-Algebra/index.html

Example: Isabelle ²

 $²_{\tt source:\ https://isabelle.in.tum.de/dist/library/HOL/HOL-Algebra/index.html}$

Other Structures?

Signature, Sub-algebra, Product-algebra, Projection of product algebra, Congruence-relation on an algebra, Quotient algebra, Record definition of a theory, Homomorphism, Homomorphism-equality, Composition of morphisms, Kernel of Homomorphism, Isomorphism, Endomorphism, Automorphism, Closed term language, Open term language, Staged terms, Structural induction, Evaluation function for terms, Simplification of terms, Rewrite rules, Sub-terms of a term language, Equivalence of terms, Parse trees, Homomorphism between terms and trees

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Automatically Generate Useful Constructions

Why is that Useful?

Avoid Boilerplate

- Distracts user from original task
- Error-prone and not reusable
- Does not communicate information about the structure

Algebraic Theories

- Syntax of a theory consists of:
 - sorts
 - typed symbols
 - axioms

Algebraic Theories

- Syntax of a theory consists of:
 - sorts
 - typed symbols
 - axioms
- How are they presented in formal systems?

Monoid Theory

```
MSL
                                              Haksell
                                                                                             Agda
  Monoid := Theory {
                                               class Semigroup a => Monoid a
                                                                                             data Monoid (A : Set)
       U : type:
                                                  where
                                                                                                           (Eq : Equivalence A) :
       * : (U.U) -> U:
                                                   memptv :: a
       e : U;
                                                   mappend :: a -> a -> a
                                                                                             where
       axiom right identity * e :
                                                   mappend = (<>)
                                                                                                  monoid:
       forall x : U . (x * e) = x
                                                   mconcat :: [a] -> a
                                                                                                    (z : A)
       axiom left_identity_*_e :
                                                   mconcat =
                                                                                                    (_+_ : A -> A -> A)
       forall x : U . (e * x) = x:
                                                   foldr mappend mempty
                                                                                                    (left Id : LeftIdentity Eq z
       axiom associativity_* :
       forall x.v.z : U .
                                                                                                    (right_Id : RightIdentity Eq
                                               theory Semigroup : ?NatDed =
       ((x * v) * z) = (x * (v * z)):
                                                                                                    (assoc : Associative Eq _+_)
                                                 comp : tm u \rightarrow tm u \rightarrow tm u
                                                                                                         ->
Coq
                                                               #1 * 2 prec 40
                                                                                                    Monoid A Eq
                                                 assoc : \vdash \forall [x] \forall [y] \forall [z]
Class Monoid (A : type)
                                                                                             Alternative Definition:
                                                           (x * v) * z = x * (v *
    (dot : A -> A -> A)
    (one : A) : Prop := {
                                                              z)
                                                                                             record Monoid c / :
                                                 assocLeftToRight :
    dot assoc :
                                                                                                  Set (suc (c \sqcup \ell)) where
      forall x y z : A,
                                                     \{x \lor z\} \vdash (x * \lor) * z
                                                                                                    infixl 7 •
         (dot x (dot y z))
                                                                 = x * (y * z)
                                                                                                    infix 4 ≈
                                                     = [x.v.z]
         = dot (dot x y) z
                                                         allE (allE (allE assoc x)
     unit left :
                                                                                                      Carrier . Set c
       forall x. dot one x = x
                                                                                                       _≈_ : Rel Carrier ℓ
                                                     #assocLR %I1 %I2 %I3
                                                                                                      _•_ : Op<sub>2</sub> Carrier
    unit_right :
       forall x. dot x one = x
                                                 assocRightToLeft :
                                                                                                       isMonoid :
                                                     \{x,y,z\} \vdash x * (y * z)
                                                                                                      IsMonoid _{\sim} _•_ \epsilon
                                                                  = (x * y) * z
Alternative Definition:
                                                                                             where IsMonoid is defined as
                                                     = [x,y,z] sym assocLR
                                                     # assocRL %I1 %I2 %I3
Record monoid := {
                                                                                             record IsMonoid (\bullet: Op<sub>2</sub>) (\varepsilon: A)
                                               theory Monoid : ?NatDed
    dom : Type:
                                                                                                            : Set (a □ ℓ) where
    op : dom -> dom -> dom
                                                   includes ?Semigroup
                                                                                                  field
         where "x_{11}*_{11}y" := (op x y);
                                                   unit : tm u # e
                                                                                                       isSemigroup : IsSemigroup
    id : dom where "1" := id :
                                                   @_description the unit
                                                          element of the monoid
    assoc : forall x y z, x * (y *
                                                                                                       identity : Identity \varepsilon •
         2)
                                                   unit_axiom : \vdash \forall \lceil x \rceil = x * e =
                           = (x * y)
                                                                                                       identity^{l}: LeftIdentity \varepsilon
                              * z;
                                                   Q_description the axiom
    left neutral : forall x. 1 * x
                                                          of the neutral element
                                                                                                       identity = proj1 identity
    right_neutral : forall x, x *
                                                                                                       identity : RightIdentity
        1 = v
7.
                                                                                                       identity" = proi2 identity
```

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       axiom right_identity_*_e :
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       forall x : U . (x * e) = x
                                                mconcat :: [a] -> a
                                                                                               (z : A)
       axiom left identity * e :
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       forall x : U . (e * x) = x:
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                                                                                               (left_Id : LeftIdentity Eq z
       axiom associativity * :
                                            MMT
       forall x.v.z : U .
                                                                                               (right Id : RightIdentity Eq
       ((x * y) * z) = (x * (y * z)):
                                            theory Semigroup : ?NatDed =
                                                                                                   z + )
                                              u : sort
                                                                                               (assoc : Associative Eq + )
Coq
                     Abstract Over Details of Theory Presentations
Class Monoid (A
    (dot : A -> A
    (one : A) : Prop
    dot assoc :
                                              assocLeftToRight :
                                                                                             Set (suc (c \sqcup \ell)) where
                                                  \{x y z\} \vdash (x * y) * z
      forall x v z : A.
                                                                                               infixl 7 _.._
        (dot x (dot v z))
                                                              = x * (y * z)
                                                                                               infix 4 _≈_
        = dot (dot x v) z
                                                  = [x,y,z]
                                                                                               field
    unit left :
                                                      allE (allE (allE assoc x)
                                                                                                 Carrier : Set c
      forall x. dot one x = x
                                                          y) 2
                                                                                                 _≈_ : Rel Carrier ℓ
                                                  #assocLR %I1 %I2 %I3
    unit_right :
                                                                                                 _. : Op<sub>2</sub> Carrier
                                              assocRightToLeft :
      forall x, dot x one = x
                                                                                                 isMonoid :
                                                  \{x,v,z\} \vdash x * (v * z)
                                                                                                 IsMonoid _{\approx}_{-} _{-} _{\epsilon}
                                                              = (x * y) * z
Alternative Definition:
                                                                                        where IsMonoid is defined as
                                                  = [x.v.z] svm assocLR
                                                  # assocRL %I1 %I2 %I3
Record monoid := {
                                                                                        record IsMonoid (• : Op_2) (\varepsilon : A)
                                            theory Monoid : ?NatDed
    dom : Type;
                                                                                                      : Set (a □ ℓ) where
                                                 includes ?Semigroup
    op : dom -> dom -> dom
                                                                                            field
         where "x..*..v" := (op x v):
                                                unit : tm u # e
                                                                                                 isSemigroup : IsSemigroup
                                                Q_description the unit
    id : dom where "1" := id :
                                                       element of the monoid
    assoc : forall x v z. x * (v *
                                                                                                 identity : Identity \varepsilon •
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    left neutral : forall x. 1 * x
                                                       of the neutral element
                                                                                                 identity = proj identity
    right neutral : forall x. x *
                                                                                                 identity : RightIdentity
       1 = x
3.
                                                                                                 identity = proi2 identity
```

Research Objectives

- Generate Useful Algebraic Structures
- Generate them in the most abstract setup
- Translate the generated structures to various languages,
 - Different Syntax
 - Different Foundation
 - Example: Isabelle/HOL and Agda

Abstraction: Use MMT

We use MMT as a framework to abstract over syntax of theory presentations

- Platform Independent
- Simple Module System
- Example:

```
theory Magma : FOL = U : type op : U \rightarrow U \rightarrow U # 1 \circ 2 theoy AdditiveMagma : FOL = U : type + : U \rightarrow U \rightarrow U view additive : Magma \rightarrow AdditiveMagma = U := U op := +
```

Translating Definitions: Domain Analysis

Domain Scoping

MathScheme MMT Agda Lean
Coq Haskell Isabelle Idris

- Data Collection
 - Foundations
 - Module System
 - Supported Features
- Data Analysis
 - Commonlities, Differences and Dependencies

Result: Feature Model

Feature Model

Consists of

- Feature Diagram: Hierarchies and Dependencies
 - ► Mandatory, Alternative or Optional
- Feature Definition
- Composition Rules
 - Valid/Invalid Feature Combinations
- Rationale
 - Reasons for choosing / not choosing a feature

Evaluation: MathScheme Library

```
theory Carrier := Empty extended_by {U : type}
theory Magma := Carrier extended_by {_{\circ} : U \rightarrow U \rightarrow U}
theory Pointed := Carrier extended_by {e : U}
theory PointedMagma := Combine Pointed {} Magma {}
theory AddtivieMagma := Magma rename {o := +}
view Flip : Magma -> Magma :=
  II = II
  * = [a, b: U] b * a
LeftUnital := PointedMagma extended_by {left_unital : ... }
RightUnital := Mixin LeftUnital {} Flip {}
   Magma ← PointedMagma
AdditiveMagma
```

Talk about the combinators, structure is a theory graph and tiny theories

Conclusion

- A declarative language to build highly structured libraries with less human effort
- A toolbox for making formalization tasks much easier