

**ED** – 775

## VI Semester B.E. (CSE/ISE) Degree Examination, Dec. 2014/Jan. 2015 (2K11 Scheme)

## CI 62: PROBABILITY AND STOCHASTIC PROCESSES

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

**Instruction**: Answer any five questions, selecting atleast two from each Part.

1. a) A given lot of IC chips contain 2 percent defective chips. Each chip is tested before delivery. The tester itself is not totally reliable so that:

P("Tester says chip is good"| "Chip is actually good") = 0.95 P("Tester says chip is defective"| "Chip is actually defective") = 0.94 If a tested device is indicated to be defective, what is the probability that it is actually defective?

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b) A certain firm has plants A, B and C producing, respectively, 35%, 15% and 50% of the total output. The probabilities of a non defective product are respectively, 0.75, 0.95 and 0.85. A customer receives a defective product. What is the probability that it came from plant C?

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2. a) Consider tossing a coin three times. The possible outcomes are contained in Table 1 and the values of f is given in Equation 1. Determine the cumulative distribution function.

Table 1: Tossing a coin three times.

| Element of sample space | Probability | Value of the random variable X,x |  |  |
|-------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| ННН                     | 1/8         | 3                                |  |  |
| HHT                     | 1/8         | 2                                |  |  |
| нтн                     | 1/8         | 2                                |  |  |
| THH                     | 1/8         | 2                                |  |  |
| HTT                     | 1/8         | 1                                |  |  |
| THT                     | 1/8         | 1                                |  |  |
| TTH                     | 1/8         | 1                                |  |  |
| TTT                     | 1/8         | 0                                |  |  |

$$P(X=0) = \frac{1}{8}; P(X=1) = \frac{3}{8}; P(X=2) = \frac{3}{8}; P(X=3) = \frac{1}{8} \text{ equation (1)}$$



|   |   | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  |
|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|
|   | 0 | 0  | 0  | 1  | 2  | 2  | 3  |
|   |   |    |    | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 |
|   | 1 | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |
|   |   | 16 | 16 | 8  | 8  | 8  | 8  |
| Ī | 2 | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 2  |
|   |   | 32 | 32 | 64 | 64 | 0  | 64 |

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b) The ages of people in India is a continuous random variable with PDF, f(x) is given by:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{80} & 0 \le x \le 60 \\ \frac{100 - x}{3200} & 60 \le x \le 100 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- i) Find the corresponding cumulative distribution function and
- ii) Using the cumulative distribution function, find the probability that a Indian is between 50 and 60 years of age.

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3. a) In a period of time, 5 out of 20 screws produced by a manufacturing company are found to be defective. If 10 of the total screws are selected at random for inspection, what is the probability that 2 of that 10 will be defective?

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b) Suppose the average number of lions seen on a 1-day safari is 5. What is the probability that tourists will see fewer than four lions on the next 1 day safari?

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4. a) If jobs arrive every 15 seconds on average,  $\lambda = 4$  per minute, what is the probability of waiting less than or equal to 30 seconds, i.e. 5 minutes?

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- b) The joint probability mass function (pm f) of X and Y is given the table below: Compute the following:
  - i)  $P(X \le 1)$
  - ii)  $P(Y \le 3)$
  - iii)  $P(X \le 1, Y \le 3)$
  - iv)  $P(X \le 1|Y \le 3)$
  - v)  $P(Y \le 3 | X \le 1)$
  - vi)  $P(X + Y \le 4)$ .

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## PART-B

- a) A group of telephone subscribes is observed continuously during a 80-minute busy-hour period. During this time they make 30 calls, with the total conversation time being 4,200 seconds. Compute the cell arrival rate and the traffic intensity.
  - b) Suppose that the probability of a dry day following a rainy day is 1/3 and the probability of a rainy day following a dry day is 1/2. Given that May 1 is a dry day. Find the probability that May 3 is a dry day and also May 5 is a dry day.
- 6. a) Consider a Markov chain with state space {0,1} and the tpm is given by

$$P = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 1/2 \end{cases}$$

- i) Draw the transition diagram
- ii) Show that state 0 is recurrent
- iii) Show that state 1 is transient
- iv) Is the state 1 is periodic? If so, what is the period?
- v) Is the chain irreducible?
- vi) Is the chain ergodic? Explain.

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- b) Consider an M|M|1 queuing system in which the total number of jobs is limited to n owing to a limitation on queue size.
  - i) Find the steady -state probability that an arriving request is rejected because the queue is full.
  - ii) Find the steady-state probability that the processor is idle.
  - iii) Given that a request has to be accepted, find its average response time. 10
- 7. a) Explain the M/M/1 queuing system in detail.
  - b) Discuss the differences between open queuing networks and closed queuing networks.



8. a) Derive a closed for expression for average system throughput for a closed queuing network under monoprogramming (i.e., n = 1).

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- b) Consider a pure birth process with birth rate  $\lambda_j$ . Let X(t) denote the population size at time t, and let  $P_{ij}(t) = P(X(t) = j|X(0) = i)$ .
  - i) Write down the Kolmogorov forward equations for a general pure birth process.
  - ii) Show that if  $\lambda_i = j\lambda$ , then

$$P_{1i} = \exp(-\lambda t)(1 - \exp(-\lambda t))^{j-1}, j \ge 1$$

iii) Show that for a general pure birth process with birth rate  $\lambda_j$  , that

$$P_{ij} = \lambda_{j-1} \exp(-\lambda_j t) \int_0^t \exp(\ \lambda_j s) P_{i,j-1}(s) \, ds \ \text{ for } j > i.$$

Assume  $P_{ij}(0) = 0$  and  $P_{ii} = 1 \forall i$  and j.

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