EE24BTECH11059 - Yellanki Siddhanth

Question:

Find the equation of the set of the points P such that its distances from the points A(3,4,-5) and B(-2,1,4) are equal.

Solution:

Variable	Description	Formula
A	A Point to be plotted	$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$
В	A Point to be plotted	$B = \begin{pmatrix} -2\\1\\4 \end{pmatrix}$
С	Midpoint of A and B	$C = \left(\frac{A+B}{2}\right)$
0	The set of points which are equidistant from A and B	$(A-B)^{\top} O = \frac{\ A\ ^2 - \ B\ ^2}{2}$

TABLE 0

If O is equidistant from the points A and B

$$\|\mathbf{O} - \mathbf{A}\| = \|\mathbf{O} - \mathbf{B}\| \tag{0.1}$$

$$\|\mathbf{O} - \mathbf{A}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{O} - \mathbf{B}\|^2 \tag{0.3}$$

(0.4)

$$\|\mathbf{O}\|^2 - 2\mathbf{O}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{A} + \|\mathbf{A}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{O}\|^2 - 2\mathbf{O}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{B} + \|\mathbf{B}\|^2$$
 (0.5)

By simplifying further,

$$(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^{\mathsf{T}} O = \frac{\|\mathbf{A}\|^2 - \|\mathbf{B}\|^2}{2}$$
 (0.6)

The above equation is the general expression for the perpendicular bisecting plane between any points $\bf A$ and $\bf B$.

Substituting the A and B values in the derived equation.

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$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \\ -9 \end{pmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}} O = \frac{ \left\| \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \right\|^2 - \left\| \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \right\|^2}{2} = \frac{29}{2}$$
 (0.7)

Comparing with $n^{\mathsf{T}}x = c$

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \\ -9 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.8}$$

$$\mathbf{c} = \frac{29}{2} \tag{0.9}$$

(0.10)

Final Plane equation is:

Plane
$$\equiv \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \\ -9 \end{pmatrix}^{\top} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{y} \\ \mathbf{z} \end{pmatrix} = (14.5)$$
 (0.11)

Perpendicular Bisecting Plane of A and B

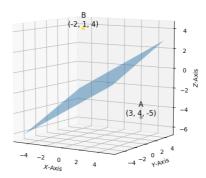


Fig. 0.1