NCERT 11.9.3.Q10

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Question: Find the sum to indicated number of terms in the geometric progression $x^3, x^5, x^7, ...n$ terms (if $x \neq \pm 1$).

Solution:

| Input Parameters | Values | Description |
|------------------|--------|--------------|
| x(0) | x^3 | Initial term |
| r | x^2 | Common ratio |

TABLE 1 GIVEN INPUTS

$$X(z) = \frac{x(0)}{1 - rz^{-1}} \tag{1}$$

From Table 1,

$$=\frac{x^3}{1-x^2z^{-1}} \quad |z| > x^2 \tag{2}$$

$$y(n) = \sum_{k=0}^{n} x(k) = x(n) * u(n)$$
 (3)

$$Y(z) = X(z)U(z) \tag{4}$$

$$=\frac{x^3}{(1-x^2z^{-1})(1-z^{-1})} \quad |z| > x^2 \cap |z| > 1$$
(5)

 $=\frac{x^3}{x^2-1}\left(\frac{x^2}{1-x^2z^{-1}}-\frac{1}{1-z^{-1}}\right)$ (6)

$$\implies y(n) = x^3 \left(\frac{x^{2n+2} - 1}{x^2 - 1} \right) u(n) \tag{7}$$

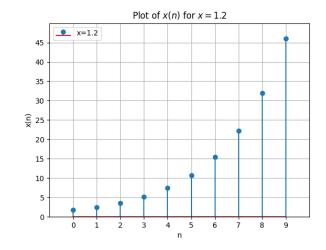


Fig. 1.