

拉普拉斯变换

正变换: $F(s) = \int_0^{\infty} f(t)e^{-st} dt = \mathcal{L}[f(t)]$

逆变换: $f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \int_{\sigma-j\infty}^{\sigma+j\infty} F(s)e^{st} ds = \mathcal{L}^{-1}[F(s)]$

其中: $s = \sigma + j\omega$

常见信号的拉氏变换:

①. 阶跃函数: $u(t) \longleftrightarrow \frac{1}{s} \quad \text{Re}\{s\} > 0$

单边指数信号: $e^{-\alpha t}u(t) \longleftrightarrow \frac{1}{s+\alpha} \quad \text{Re}\{s\} > -\alpha$

单边正弦信号: $\sin \omega t u(t) \longleftrightarrow \frac{\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2} \quad \text{Re}\{s\} > 0$

单边余弦信号: $\cos \omega t u(t) \longleftrightarrow \frac{s}{s^2 + \omega^2} \quad \text{Re}\{s\} > 0$

单边衰减正弦: $e^{-\alpha t} \sin \omega t u(t) \longleftrightarrow \frac{\omega}{(s+\alpha)^2 + \omega^2} \quad \text{Re}\{s\} > -\alpha$

②. t 的正幂信号: $t^n u(t) \longleftrightarrow \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}} \quad \text{Re}\{s\} > 0$

$\mathcal{L}[u(t)] = \frac{1}{s}, \mathcal{L}[t] = \frac{1}{s^2}$

$\mathcal{L}[t^n] = \int_0^{\infty} t^n e^{-st} dt = \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}, \mathcal{L}[t^{n+1}] = \dots = \frac{(n+1)!}{s^{n+2}}$

③. 冲激信号: $\delta(t) \longleftrightarrow \frac{1}{s} \quad \text{Re}\{s\}: (-\infty, +\infty)$

$\delta(t-t_0) \longleftrightarrow e^{-st_0}$

$\delta'(t) \longleftrightarrow s$

拉氏变换性质:

线性: $a_1 f_1(t) + a_2 f_2(t) \longleftrightarrow a_1 F_1(s) + a_2 F_2(s)$

时域微分: $\frac{df(t)}{dt} \longleftrightarrow sF(s) - f(0_-)$

$\frac{d^2 f(t)}{dt^2} \longleftrightarrow s^2 F(s) - sf(0_-) - f'(0_-)$

$\frac{d^n f(t)}{dt^n} \longleftrightarrow s^n F(s) - s^{n-1} f(0_-) - \dots - f^{(n-1)}(0_-)$

时域积分: $\int_{-\infty}^t f(\tau) d\tau \longleftrightarrow \frac{F(s)}{s} + \frac{f^{(-1)}(0_-)}{s}$

有始函数: $\frac{df(t)u(t)}{dt} \longleftrightarrow sF(s)$

$\int_0^t f(\tau) d\tau \longleftrightarrow \frac{F(s)}{s}$

$\Rightarrow t u(t) = \int_0^t u(\tau) d\tau \longleftrightarrow \frac{1}{s^2}$

延时特性: $f(t-t_0)u(t-t_0) \longleftrightarrow e^{-st_0} F(s), t_0 > 0$

s 域平移: $f(t)e^{-s_0 t} \longleftrightarrow F(s+s_0)$

尺度变换: $f(at) \longleftrightarrow \frac{1}{a} F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right), (a > 0)$

初值定理: $f(0^+) = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} f(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} sF(s)$ (当 $F(s)$ 为真分式时成立)

终值定理: $f(\infty) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} f(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} sF(s)$ ($F(s)$ 极点在复频域左半平面)

卷积定理: $\begin{cases} \text{时域} & f_1(t) * f_2(t) \longleftrightarrow F_1(s) \cdot F_2(s) \\ \text{复频域} & f_1(t) \cdot f_2(t) \longleftrightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi j} F_1(s) * F_2(s) \end{cases}$

复频域微分: $-t f(t) \longleftrightarrow \frac{dF(s)}{ds}$

复频域积分: $\frac{f(t)}{t} \longleftrightarrow \int_s^{\infty} F(s) ds$

序列傅里叶变换 (DTFT: discrete time Fourier transform)

正变换: $X(e^{j\omega}) = X(\omega)|_{z=e^{j\omega}} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x(n)e^{j\omega n}$ 记作 DTFT $[x(n)]$

逆变换: $x(n) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) e^{-j\omega n} d\omega$ 记作 IDFT $[X(e^{j\omega})]$

性质: 序列位移: DTFT $[x(n-n_0)] = e^{-j\omega n_0} X(e^{j\omega})$

频域位移: DTFT $[e^{j\omega n} x(n)] = X(e^{j(\omega-\omega_0)})$

线性加权: DTFT $[nx(n)] = j \left[\frac{d}{d\omega} X(e^{j\omega}) \right]$

序列反褶: DTFT $[x(-n)] = X(e^{j\omega})$