## LIST OF GUIDES IN HISTORICAL READING

#### **HANDBOOKS**

LANGLOIS, CH. V., Manuel de bibliographie historique, two parts, Paris, 1901 and 1904.

ROBINSON, J. H., Readings in European History, vol. 1, Boston, 1904 Thompson, J. W., Reference Studies in Medieval History, Chicago, 1914

#### **ENCYCLOPÆDIAS**

Pauly-Wissowa, Realencyclopadie der classischen Altertums-wissenschaft, as yet only partially completed

Catholic Encyclopædia, New York, 1912

Encyclopædia Britannica, Eleventh edition

Palgrave, Dictionary of Political Economy, London, 1910

Jewish Encyclopædia, New York, 1901

WACE and PIERCY, Dictionary of Christian Biography, Boston, 1911 Hughes, Encyclopædia of Islam, London, 1913

#### PERIODICALS

American Historical Review Revue Historique Le Moyen Âge

English Historical Review Revue des Questions Historiques Historische Zeitschrift

## STANDARD HISTORICAL WORKS CONTAINING BIBLIOGRAPHIES

GIBBON, The Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire, edition by J. B. Bury, 1897–1900

Cambridge Medieval History, vols. I and II

Lavisse, E., Histoire de France, 1900-1911

Histoire Littéraire de la France

Jahrbücher der deutschen Geschichte

Hunt and Poole, Political History of England, 1905-1910

LOSERTH, J., Geschichte des Späteren Mittelalters von 1197 bis 1492, Munich and Berlin, 1903

DE WULF, M., History of Medieval Philosophy, 1909

#### CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE

461-431 B.	C. Age of Pericles
151–449 B.	C. Twelve Tables of Roman Law
336-323 B.	C. Reign of Alexander the Great
31 B.C14	A.D. Reign of Augustus Cæsar and foundation of the Roman
	Empire
A.D. 70	Destruction of Jerusalem
98	Germania of Tacitus
98-117	Reign of Trajan; Roman Empire at its greatest extent.
161-180	Reign of Marcus Aurelius; signs of decline
<b>▼</b>	Persian Kingdom replaces the Parthian
25I	Decius defeated and slain by the Goths
284-305	Reign of Diocletian
325	Council of Nicæa called by Constantine the Great
	Battle of Adrianople
	Death of Theodosius the Great
•	Sack of Rome by Alaric
, ,	The City of God of Augustine
419	Kingdoms of West Goths and Burgundians in southwestern
	and southeastern Gaul
1 🗸	The Theodosian Code
	Carthage captured by the Vandals
• •	Pope Leo the Great
· -	Britain invaded by the Angles, Saxons, and Jutes
	Battle of the Catalaunian Fields or Châlons
455	Valentinian III assassinated
	Rome sacked by the Vandals
466-484	Reign of Euric, King of the West Goths; conquest of Spain begun
476	Transition from the Roman to the Byzantine Empire
·	Reign of Clovis, King of the Franks
493-526	Reign of Theodoric, the East Goth, in Italy
518-565	Reigns of Justin and Justinian
529	The Rule of St. Benedict
	The Digest or Pandects of Justinian
534	Byzantine conquest of North Africa from the Vandals
	Frankish conquest of the Burgundian Kingdom
555	Byzantine conquest of Italy from the East Goths
565	Mission of St. Columba to Iona, Scotland
•	Lombards invade Italy
	Avars invade central Europe
	Fall of Sirmium
590-604	Pope Gregory the Great

	507	Mission of St. Augustine to Kent
	·	Accession of Heraclius in the Byzantine Empire
		Death of St. Columban in northern Italy
	•	Hegira of Mohammed
		Etymologies of Isidore
620-	-630	Frankish territories reunited under Dagobert
	<b>-</b>	Mohammedan conquest of Syria, Egypt, Persia
~ <u>J</u> _	_	Ommiad dynasty founded
		Synod of Whitby
	•	Battle of Testry
	•	Carthage permanently captured by the Mohammedans
7 I I -		Mohammedan conquest of Spain
	•	Mission of Boniface to Germany
	•	Iconoclastic decree of Leo III, Byzantine Emperor
	•	Ecclesiastical History of Bede
	• •	Battle of Tours
	• •	Abbassid dynasty founded
	. •	Ravenna captured by the Lombards
		Carolingian dynasty founded by Pepin
	755	Ommiad Emirate of Cordova .
768-	-814	Reign of Charlemagne
	774	End of the Lombard Kingdom
	787	Danish invasions begin in England
	800	Imperial coronation of Charlemagne
	827	Saracen invasion of Sicily begins
	•	The Strassburg Oaths
		The Treaty of Verdun
		Rurik becomes Grand Prince of Russia
	•	Conversion of Boris I of Bulgaria
		Eighth Œcumenical Council at Constantinople
	▼	The Treaty of Mersen
•	•	Reign of Alfred the Great in England
	•	Paris besieged by the Northmen
	•	Deposition of the Emperor Charles
		Invasions of the Magyars begin
		Saloniki seized by the Saracens
		Fatimite dynasty founded in North Africa
		Abbey of Cluny founded
		Origin of Normandy Caliphate of Cordova founded by Abd-er-Rahman III
		Kingdom of Arles begins
		Battle of the Lechfeld
	/ -	Otto the Great crowned Holy Roman Emperor
	-	Egypt conquered by the Fatimites
		Death of Edgar the Peaceful, King of England
	- • •	Avicenna
	<b>~</b> •	Hugh Capet founds the Capetian dynasty
	ノーー	or

997-1038 Reign of St. Stephen of Hungary

999–1003 Pope Sylvester II (Gerbert)

c. 1000 Discovery of Vinland Oldest manuscript of Beowulf

1002 Death of Almansor

1013 Danish kings in England

1015-1087 Constantinus Africanus

1032 End of the Kingdom of Arles

1036 End of the Caliphate of Cordova

1036-1067 Baldwin V, Count of Flanders

1039-1056 Henry III, Holy Roman Emperor

1040 Death of Foulques Nerra, Count of Anjou

1057 End of Macedonian dynasty in the Byzantine Empire

1059 Robert Guiscard, Duke of Apulia, Calabria, and Sicily, as the Pope's vassal

1063-1118 Cathedral at Pisa built

1066 Norman conquest of England

1071 Battle of Manzikert

1073-1085 Pope Gregory VII (Hildebrand)

1078 Jerusalem captured by the Turks

1079-1142 Abelard

1081-1118 Reign of Alexius Comnenus, Byzantine Emperor

1085 Toledo captured by Alfonso VI of Castile and Leon

1086 Battle of Zalaca

1086-1127 William X, Duke of Aquitaine, first known troubadour

1095 Pope Urban II proclaims the First Crusade Foundation of Portugal

1099 Jerusalem stormed by the crusaders

1108-1137 Reign of Louis VI, the Fat, King of France Roman law taught by Irnerius at Bologna Questions about Nature of Adelard of Bath

1122 Concordat of Worms

1126 Averroës

1137 Union of Aragon and Barcelona

1143 Lübeck founded

1144 Fall of Edessa

c. 1150 Decretum of Gratian; Sentences of Peter Lombard

Henry II, King of England, founds the Plantagenet or Angevin dynasty with vast continental fiefs

End of the Anglo-Saxon Chronicle

Geography of Edrisi

1163 Foundation-stone of the Cathedral of Notre-Dame in Paris laid by Pope Alexander III

1170 Murder of Thomas Becket

1171 Saladin overthrows the Fatimite dynasty in Egypt

1176 Battle of Legnano

1180-1223 Reign of Philip II, Augustus, King of France

1183 Peace of Constance

1187 Jerusalem captured by Saladin

1198-1216 Pope Innocent III

1204 Latin Empire of Constantinople established

0	A 11 •	•	
1208	Albigen	S12 n	Crusade
	Tibigen	DIGII	Crusude

1210 Study of Aristotle's works on natural philosophy forbidden at the University of Paris

1212 Battle of Navas de Tolosa Children's Crusade

1215 Fourth Lateran Council Magna Carta

1220 Amiens Cathedral begun

1221 Death of St. Dominic

1226 Death of St. Francis

1226-1270 Reign of St. Louis in France

1228 Teutonic Knights called in to conquer East Prussia

c. 1235 The Romance of the Rose begun by William of Lorris

1241 Mongol invasion of Europe Choir of Rheims Cathedral completed

1250 Death of Frederick II, Holy Roman Emperor

1252-1284 Reign of Alfonso the Wise of Castile

1256-1273 Interregnum in the Holy Roman Empire

1258 Bagdad sacked by the Mongols Provisions of Oxford

1260 Cathedral of Chartres consecrated

1261 Byzantine Empire restored

1265 Simon de Montfort's Parliament

c. 1266 Opus Maius of Roger Bacon

1268 Hohenstaufen line extinct Charles of Anjou conquers Naples

1271-1295 Marco Polo in the Far East

1273 Rudolf of Hapsburg elected Holy Roman Emperor

1274 Death of Thomas Aquinas

1282 Sicilian Vespers

Pisa defeated by Genoa First ducat coined at Venice

1285-1314 Reign of Philip IV, the Fair, King of France

1291 League of the Three Forest Cantons

1293 Noble families of Florence disqualified for office

1295 The Model Parliament of Edward I

1296 Clericis laicos

1297 Membership in the Grand Council of Venice becomes hereditary

First meeting of the Estates General Battle of Courtrai Exile of Dante

1303 Humiliation of Pope Boniface VIII at Anagni Conciliator of Peter of Abano

1308 Papacy at Avignon

1314 Battle of Bannockburn

1315 Battle of Morgarten

1321 Death of Dante

1324 Defensor Pacis of Marsiglio of Padua



## THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



# HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access \$8.99/month

## Continue

\*Fair usage policy applies

#### CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE

1431-1449	Council	of	Basel
-----------	---------	----	-------

Duke of Burgundy abandons the English alliance Cosimo de' Medici comes into power in Florence

1435-1442 Alfonso V of Aragon and Sicily wins the Kingdom of Naples in a struggle with René of Anjou

1437 House of Hapsburg becomes practically hereditary in the Holy Roman Empire

1438 Pragmatic Sanction of Bourges

1438-1439 Council of Ferrara-Florence

1444 Battle of Varna

c 1450 Invention of printing

1451 Francesco Sforza becomes despot of Milan

1452 Last coronation of a Holy Roman Emperor at Rome

Fall of Constantinople
Close of the Hundred Years War

1455 Wars of the Roses begin

1460 Death of Prince Henry the Navigator

1465 League of the Public Welfare against Louis XI

1469 Marriage of Ferdinand of Aragon and Isabella of Castile

1477 Death of Charles the Bold; marriage of Mary of Burgundy and Maximilian

1478 Novgorod captured by Ivan III of Russia
About the same time Russia is freed from the Golden Horde

1485 Battle of Bosworth Field; Henry VII founds the Tudor dynasty

1486 Diaz rounds the Cape of Good Hope

1492 Discovery of America
Conquest of Granada
Death of Lorenzo de' Medici

1494 Charles VIII invades Italy

1498 Vasco da Gama reaches India Execution of Savonarola

1505 Michelangelo called to Rome

1508 League of Cambray against Venice Raphael comes to Rome

1513 The Prince of Machiavelli

1515 Battle of Marignano

1517 Luther posts his Ninety Five Theses

1519 Charles V elected Holy Roman Emperor Death of Leonardo da Vinci

### CONTENTS

I. The Study of History	. 1
II. The Roman Empire	. 19
III. The Barbarian World outside the Empire	. 40
IV. The Decline of the Roman Empire	. 60
V. The Barbarian Invasions	. 75
VI. "The City of God"	. 95
VII. GERMAN KINGDOMS IN THE WEST	. 117
VIII. JUSTINIAN AND THE BYZANTINE EMPIRE	. 128
IX. Gregory the Great and Western Christendom	. I54
X. The Rise and Spread of Mohammedanism	. 172
XI. THE FRANKISH STATE AND CHARLEMAGNE	. 192
XII. The Northmen and Other New Invaders	. 216
XIII. THE FEUDAL LAND SYSTEM AND FEUDAL SOCIETY .	. 232
XIV. FEUDAL STATES OF EUROPE	. 256
XV. The Growth of the Medieval Church	. 280
XVI. THE EXPANSION OF CHRISTENDOM AND THE CRUSADES	. 301
XVII. The Rise of Towns and Gilds	. 327
XVIII. The Italian Cities	. 341
XIX. French, Flemish, English, and German Towns .	. 357
XX. The Medieval Revival of Learning	. 373
XXI. Medieval Literature	. 397
XXII. THE MEDIEVAL CATHEDRALS	. 416
XXIII. THE CHURCH UNDER INNOCENT III	. 434
XXIV. INNOCENT III AND THE STATES OF EUROPE	. 455
XXV. THE GROWTH OF NATIONAL INSTITUTIONS IN ENGLAND	. 474
XXVI. THE GROWTH OF ROYAL POWER IN FRANCE	. 490