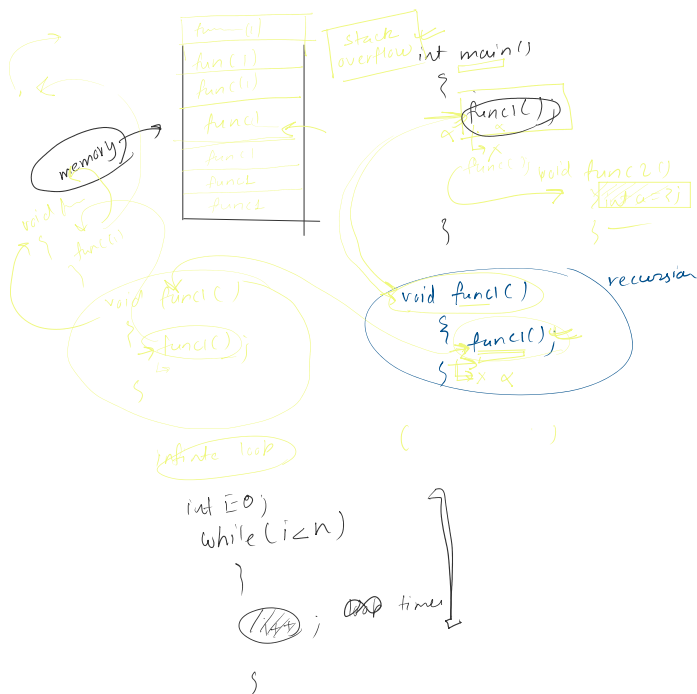


★ Recursion → baar baar

```
int solve()
{
    solve();
}
```

recursion

- ★ 1) All possibilities → 4
- 2) Recursion → (2^n) worst solutions.
↳ $O(-)$ stack space.



```
int i=0;
while(i<n)
{
    // ...
}
```

time

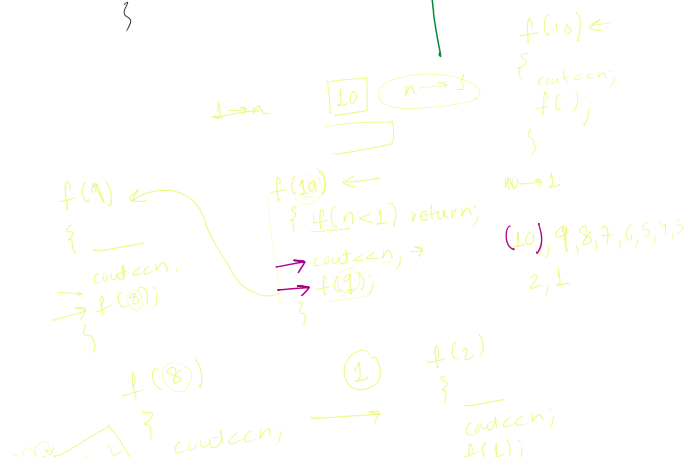
★ base case (to stop the recursion and to call)

```
for (int i=1; i<10; i++)
{
    cout<<i;
}
```

recursion

```
void recur(int n)
{
    // ...
    cout<<n;
    recur(n-1);
}
```

- o) recursive call
- o) base case



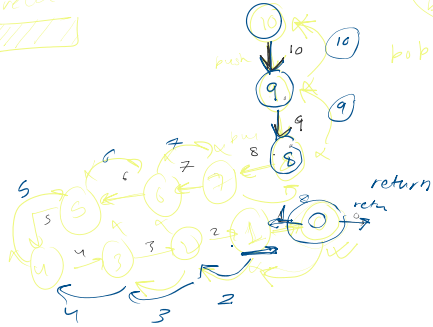
$f(8)$
 $\{$
 $\text{cout} < n;$
 $f(1)$
 $\}$
 $f(1)$
 $\{$
 $\text{cout} < 1;$
 $f(0)$
 $\}$
 $f(0)$
 $\{$
 $\text{cout} < 0;$
 $f(-1)$
 $\}$

```

void count(int n)
{
    if(n < 1) return;
    count(n-1);
}

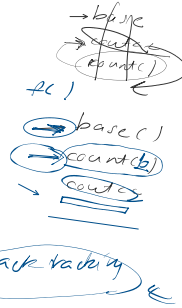
```

$f(10) \rightarrow 10$

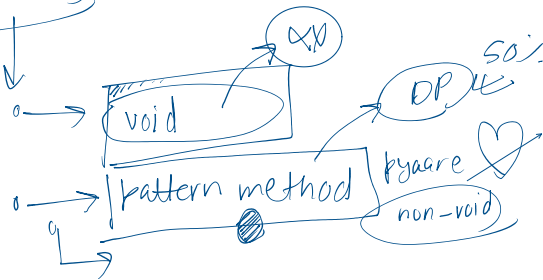


recursion back tracking

pop()



recursion

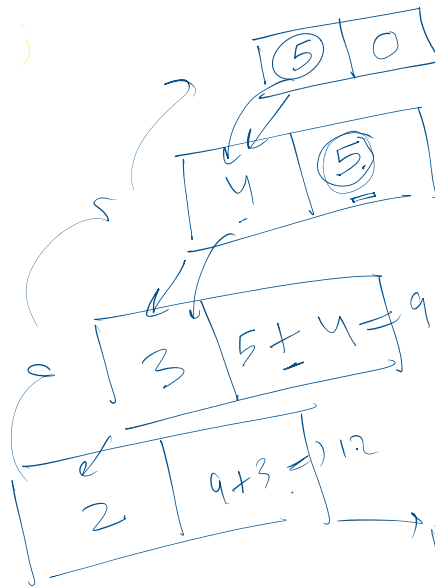


```

void sum(int count, int ans)
{
    if(count <= 0) return;
    sum(count-1, ans+count);
}

```

count(5, 0)



10
9
8
7
6

base case

14 = 0

count = count
count - 1

-1

DP → dyna
 pyaar
 recursively
 ek baar korals
 baaki ka kaam recursion

f() 10 →
 f() 9 →
 f() 8 →
 count = 10

9
 count

.count = 10

10 → 1, sum
 sum(10)
 if (count < 1) return 0;
 return 10 + sum(9)
 9 → 1
 sum(9)
 return 9 + sum(8)

sum(10) → 10 + 1
 sum(9) → 9 + 1
 sum(8) → 8 + 1

int main
 {
 int n = 4;
 count = 4
 sum(4)

```

int sum(int count)
{
    //base case
    if(count < 1) return 0;
    return count + sum(count-1);
}

int sum(int count)
{
    //base case
    if(count < 1) return 0;
    return count + sum(count-1);
}

int sum(int count)
{
    //base case
    if(count < 1) return 0;
    return count + sum(count-1);
}

int sum(int count)
{
    //base case
    if(count < 1) return 0;
    return count + sum(count-1);
}

int sum(int count)
{
    //base case
    if(count < 1) return 0;
    return count + sum(count-1);
}
  
```

10
 sum(4)
 4 3 2 1
 return (4 + sum(3))
 10
 return 3 + sum(2)
 3 = 6
 return 2 + sum(1)
 1 = 3
 return 1 + sum(0)
 1 = 1
 sum(1) → 0
 sum(0) → 0

$\sqrt{x-1}$