XML Tutorial

출처: w3schools.com/xml

XML Basic

XML History

- 1970년대 중반, 찰스 F. 골드팔:
 - ✓ SGML (Standard Generalized Markup Language)
 - ✔ 데이터 표현의 국제적 기준 제시
- 1980년대 중반, 팀 버너스-리:
 - ✓ World Wide Web 고안, W3C 결성
- W3C 첫 번째 활동
 - ✓ HTML (Hypertext Markup Language) Spec.
 - ✓ 형식과 문서 텍스트의 레이아웃 설명 체계 제공
- 1990년대 후반, e-비즈니스 발전
 - ✓ 표준 비즈니스 중심의 데이터 표현 형식 요구.
 - ✓ For example, XML (Extensible Markup Language)
 - ✔ 메타 정보(자기 묘사가 가능한 태그) 제공

XML

- XML stands for eXtensible Markup Language
- XML is designed to describe data
- XML is a software- and hardware-independent tool for carrying information
- XML is easy to learn

<u>Display this XML in Your Browser >></u>

<u>Display Another >> With Style >> </u>

Introduction to XML

- XML was designed to describe data.
- HTML was designed to display data.

What You Should Already Know

Before you continue you should have a basic understanding of the following:

- HTML
- JavaScript

Introduction to XML

What is XML?

- XML stands for Extensible Markup Language
- XML is a markup language much like HTML
- XML was designed to carry data, not to display data
- XML tags are not predefined. You must define your own tags
- XML is designed to be self-descriptive
- XML is a W3C Recommendation

Introduction to XML

The Difference Between XML and HTML

- XML is not a replacement for HTML
- XML and HTML were designed with different goals:
 - ✓ XML was designed to describe data, with focus on what data is
 - ✓ HTML was designed to display data, with focus on how data looks
- HTML is about displaying information,
 while XML is about carrying information.

XML Tree

XML documents form a tree structure that starts at "root" and branches to "leaves".

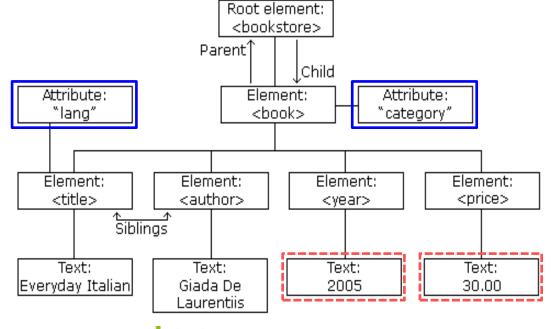
An Example XML Document

XML documents use a self-describing and simple syntax:

The first line is the XML declaration

XML Tree

All elements can have text content and attributes



The image above represents one book in the XML below:

books_tree.xml

```
<bookstore>
  <book category="COOKING">
    <title lang="en">Everyday Italian</title>
    <author>Giada De Laurentiis</author>
    <vear>2005
    <price>30.00</price>
 </book>
  <book category="CHILDREN">
    <title lang="en">Harry Potter</title>
    <author>J K. Rowling
    <year>2005</year>
    <price>29.99</price>
  </book>
  <book category="WEB">
    <title lang="en">Learning XML</title>
    <author>Erik T. Ray</author>
    <year>2003</year>
    <price>39.95</price>
  </book>
</bookstore>
```

XML Syntax (1/8)

All XML Elements Must Have a Closing Tag

In XML, it is illegal to omit the closing tag

✓ All elements must have a closing tag:

This is a paragraph.

<pre

XML Syntax (2/8)

XML Tags are Case Sensitive

- XML tags are case sensitive
 - ✓ The tag <Letter> is different from the tag <letter>
- Opening and closing tags must be written with the same case:

```
<Message>This is incorrect</message>
<message>This is correct</message>
```

XML Syntax (3/8)

XML Elements Must be Properly Nested

In HTML, you might see improperly nested elements:

```
<b><i>This text is bold and italic</b></i>
```

In XML, all elements must be properly nested within each other:

```
<b><i>This text is bold and italic</i></b>
```

"Properly nested" simply means that since the <i> element is opened inside the element, it must be closed inside the element

XML Syntax (4/8)

XML Documents Must Have a Root Element

XML documents must contain one element that is the parent of all other elements. This
element is called the root element.

```
<root>
     <child>
          <subchild>....</subchild>
          </child>
     </root>
```

XML Syntax (5/8)

XML Attribute Values Must be Quoted

- XML elements can have attributes in name/value pairs just like in HTML
- In XML, attribute values must always be quoted
- Study the two XML documents below. The first one is incorrect, the second is correct:

XML Syntax (6/8)

Entity References (1/2)

- Some characters have a special meaning in XML
- If you place a character like "<" inside an XML element, it will generate an error because
 the parser interprets it as the start of a new element
- This will generate an XML error:

```
<message>if salary(<)1000 then</message>
```

To avoid this error, replace the "<" character with an entity reference:</p>

```
<message>if salary (&lt;) 1000 then</message>
```

XML Syntax (7/8)

Entity References (2/2)

• There are 5 predefined entity references in XML:

| < | < | less than |
|---|----|----------------|
| > | > | greater than |
| & | & | ampersand |
| ' | | apostrophe |
| " | 11 | quotation mark |

XML Syntax (8/8)

Comments in XML

Syntax for writing comments in XML is similar to that of HTML

```
<!-- This is a comment -->
```

White-space is Preserved in XML

HTML truncates multiple white-space characters to one single white-space:
 (HTML은 여러 개의 공백 문자를 하나의 공백 문자로 자릅니다.)

| HTML: | Hello | Tove |
|---------|------------|------|
| Output: | Hello Tove | |

With XML, the white-space in a document is not truncated
 (XML에서도 문서의 공백이 잘리지 않습니다.)

XML Elements

Empty XML Elements

- An alternative syntax can be used for XML elements with no content:
- Instead of writing a book element (with no content) like this:

```
<book></book>
```

It can be written like this:

```
<book />
```

XML Attributes (1/2)

XML Attributes Must be Quoted

- Attribute values must always be quoted
 - ✓ Either single or double quotes can be used. For a person's sex, the person element can be written like this:

```
<person sex="female">
```

or like this:

```
<person sex='female'>
```

If the attribute value itself contains double quotes, you can use single quotes, like in this example:

```
<gangster name='George "Shotgun" Ziegler'>
```

or you can use character entities:

```
<gangster name="George &quot;Shotgun&quot; Ziegler">
```

XML Attributes (2/2)

XML Elements vs. Attributes

Take a look at these examples:

```
<person sex="female">
    <firstname>Anna</firstname>
    <lastname>Smith</lastname>
    </person>
    <sex>female</sex>
         <firstname>Anna</firstname>
         <lastname>Smith</lastname>
         </person>
```

Both examples provide the same information

- There are no rules about when to use attributes or when to use elements
- Attributes are handy in HTML
- In XML my advice is to avoid them. Use elements instead

XML Namespaces(1/2)

■ 이름공간 또는 네임스페이스(Namespace)

개체를 구분할 수 있는 범위를 나타내는 말로 일반적으로 하나의 이름 공간에서는 하나의 이름이 단 하나의 개체만을 가리키게 된다.

Name Conflicts

In XML, element names are defined by the developer. This often results in a conflict when trying to mix XML documents from different XML applications.

If these XML fragments were added together, there would be a name conflict. Both contain a element, but the elements have different content and meaning.

A user or an XML application will not know how to handle these differences.

참고 : <u>https://www.w3schools.com/xml/xml_namespaces.asp</u>

XML Namespaces(2/2)

Solving the Name Conflict Using a Prefix

Name conflicts in XML can easily be avoided using a name prefix. This XML carries information about an HTML table, and a piece of furniture:

In the example above, there will be no conflict because the two elements have different names.

참고 : http://www.tcpschool.com/xml/xml_basic_namespace

〈실습 순서〉

참고: www.w3schools.com/xml

```
<실습1> dom
```

<실습2> xsl

<실습3> books(get, change, set(create), remove)

<실습4> cd_catalog

XML DTD - ENTITY의 활용 - note1.xml

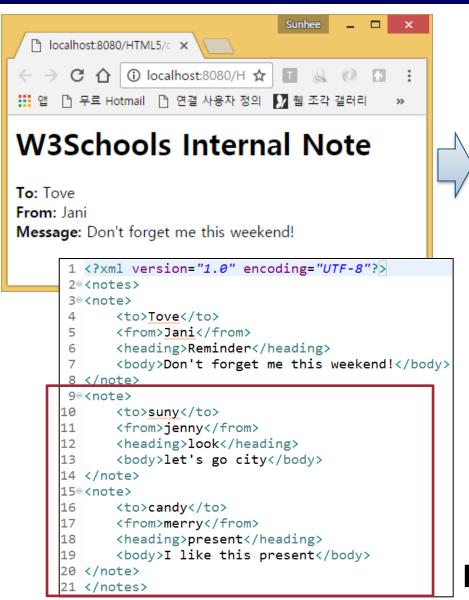
- What is a DTD?
 - 1. DTD stands for Document Type Definition.
 - 2. A DTD defines the structure and the legal elements and attributes of an XML document.

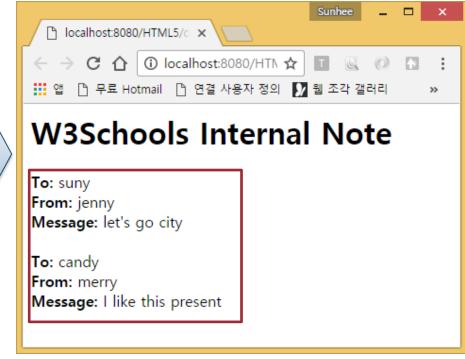
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
 3 <!DOCTYPE note [
 4 <!ENTITY nbsp "&#xA0;">
 5 <!ENTITY writer "Writer: Donald Duck.">
  <!ENTITY copyright "Copyright: W3Schools.">
 8⊟ <notes>
 9⊖ <note>
10 <to>Tove</to>
11 <from>Jani</from>
12 <heading>Reminder</heading>
13 <body>Don't forget me this weekend!</body>
14 <footer>&writer;&nbsp;&copyright;</footer>
15 </note>
16⊖ <note>
17 <to>Tove1</to>
18 <from>Jani1</from>
19 <heading>Reminder1</heading>
20 <body>Don't forget me this weekend!</body>
21 <footer>&writer;&nbsp;&copyright;</footer>
22 </note>
23⊖ <note>
24 <to>Tove2</to>
25 <from>Jani2</from>
26 <heading>Reminder2</heading>
```

```
P localhost:8080/HTML5/○ ×
← → C ↑ ① localhost:8080/HTML5/c6_ok2(xn ☆
This XML file does not appear to have any style information
associated with it. The document tree is shown below.
▼<notes>
 ▼<note>
     <to>Tove</to>
     <from>Jani</from>
     <heading>Reminder</heading>
     <body>Don't forget me this weekend!</body>
     <footer>₩riter: Donald Duck, Copyright: ₩3Schools.</footer>
   </note>
 ▼<note>
     <to>Tove1</to>
     <from>Jani1</from>
     <heading>Reminder1</heading>
     <body>Don't forget me this weekend!</body>
     <footer>₩riter: Donald Duck. Copyright: ₩3Schools.</footer>
   </not e>
 ▼<note>
     <to>Tove2</to>
     <from>Jani2</from>
     <heading>Reminder2</heading>
     <body>Don't forget me this weekend!</body>
     <footer>\\riter: Donald Duck. Copyright: \\rightarrow3Schools.</footer>
   </note>
```

http://localhost:8000/c6_ex2(xml)/note1.xml

〈실습1〉 Dom - xmldom.html

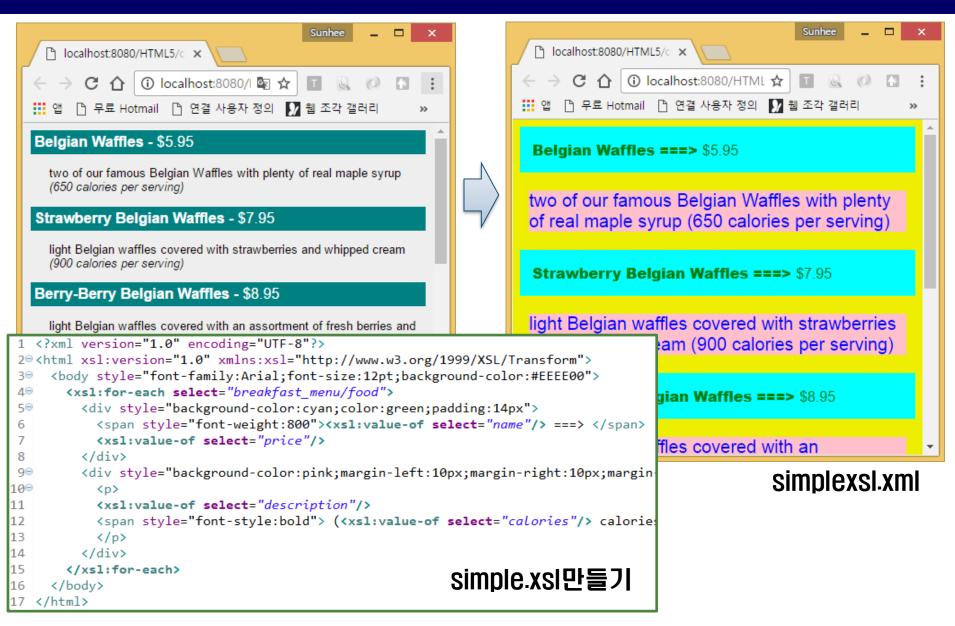




xmldom.html

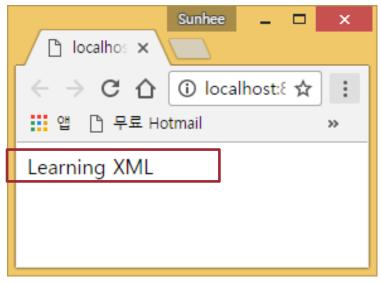
note.xml

〈실습2〉 Xsl - simplexsl.xml



<실습3-1> books - advance_get_element1.html



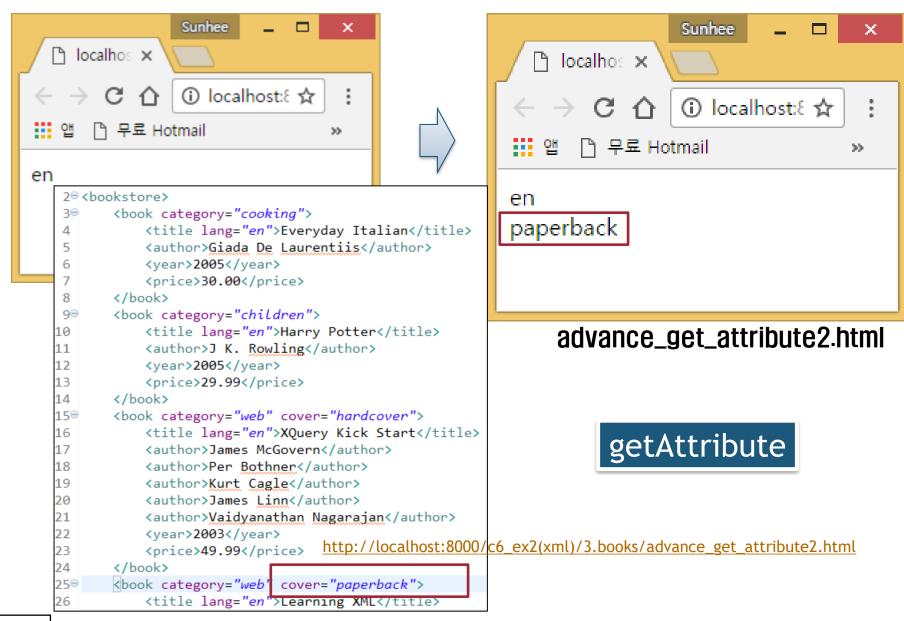


advance_get_element1.html

getElementsByTagName

http://localhost:8000/c6_ex2(xml)/3.books/advance_get_element1.html

<실습3-2> books - advance_get_attribute2.html

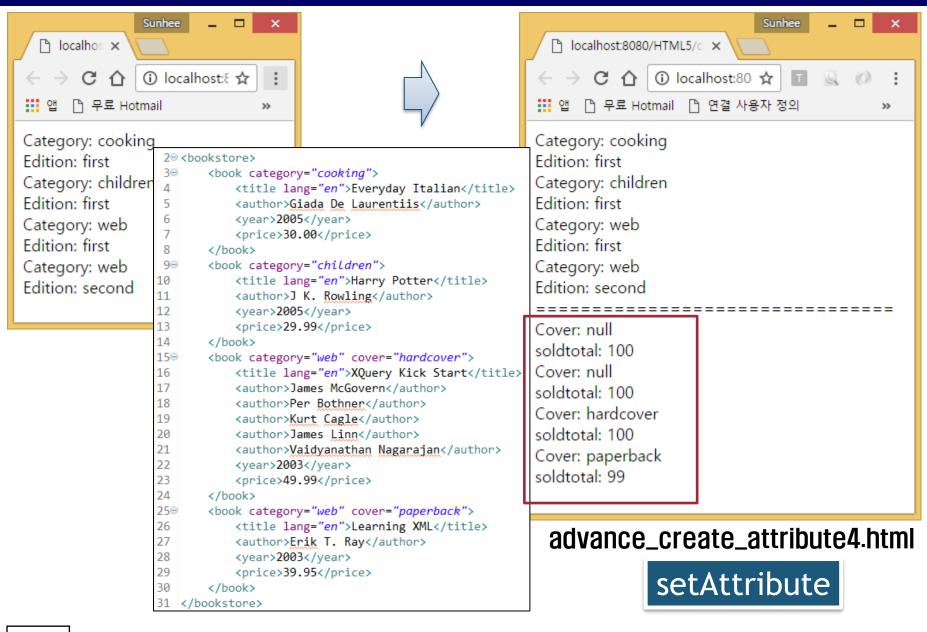


<실습3-3> books - advance_change_element3.html

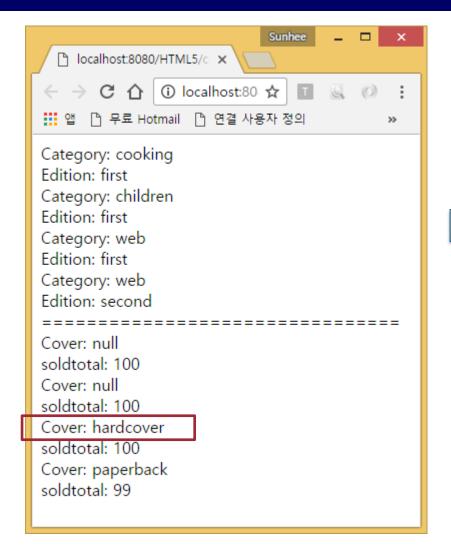
```
Sunhee
                                                                                     Sunhee
                                                          □ localhost:8080/HTML5/c ×
  localhos x
                                                                      ① localhost:808 ☆
                ① localhost:  ☆
                                                              [ ] 무료 Hotmail [ ] 연결 사용자 정의
      의 무료 Hotmail
                                                        Everyday Italian /
Everyday Italian /
                                                        Easy Cooking /
Easy Cooking /
                                                        Harry Potter /
Harry Potter /
                                                        처음 첫번째 book의 저자 Giada De Laurentiis 를
    1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
    2@ <bookstore>
                                                        변경후 book의 저자 sunny 로 수정
          <book category="cooking">
              <title lang="en">Everyday Italian</title>
                                                        처음 첫번째 book의 출판년도 2005를
              <author>Giada De Laurentiis</author>
              <vear>2005</vear>
    6
                                                        변경후 book의 책 출판년도 2025 로 수정
              <price>30.00</price>
          </book>
          <book category="children">
                                                           advance_change_element3.html
              <title lang="en">Harry Potter</title>
    10
              <author>J K. Rowling</author>
   11
              <year>2005</year>
              <price>29.99</price>
   13
   14
          </book>
   15⊜
          <book category="web" cover="hardcover">
                                                                   x.nodeValue = "sunny";
   16
              <title lang="en">XQuery Kick Start</title>
                                                                     txt = x.nodeValue;
   17
              <author>James McGovern</author>
              <author>Per Bothner</author>
   18
   19
              <author>Kurt Cagle</author>
              <author>James Linn</author>
   20
              <author>Vaidyanathan Nagarajan
```

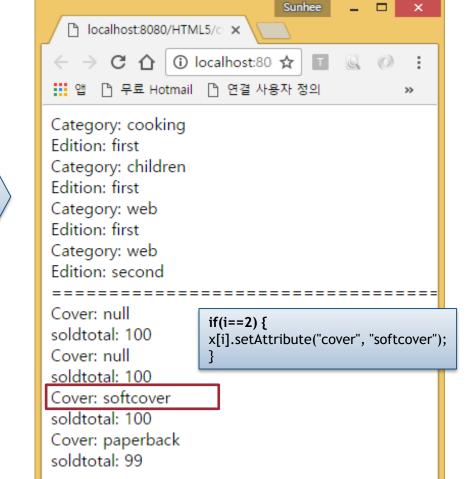
http://localhost:8000/c6_ex2(xml)/3.books/advance_change_element3.html

<실습3-4> books - advance_create_attribute4.html



<실습3-4-1> books - advance_create_attribute4_1.html





setAttribute

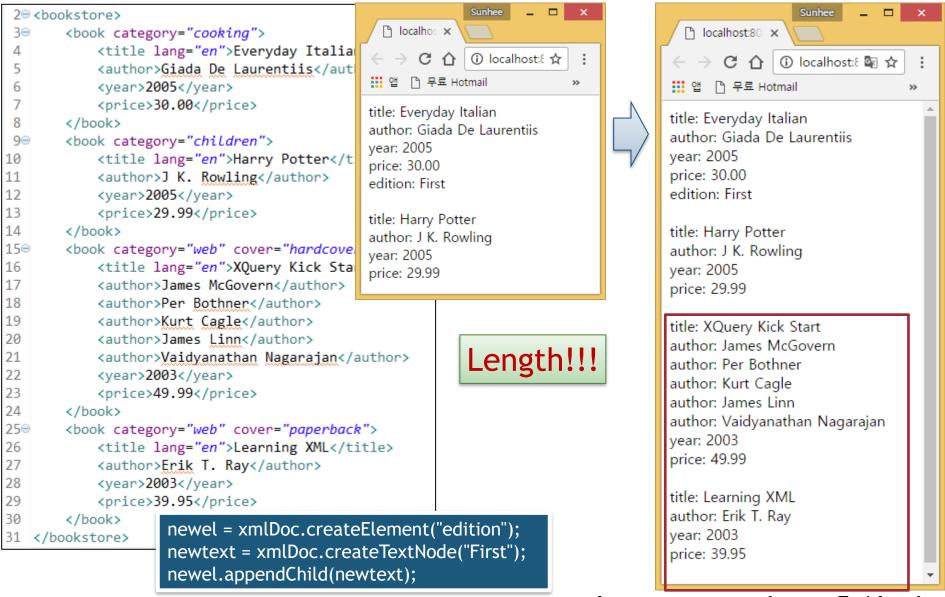
<실습3-5> books - advance_create_element5.html

```
2⊖ <bookstore>
 3⊝
        <book category="cooking">
                                                 Pi localhos x
            <title lang="en">Everyday Italia
                                                             ① localhost:  ☆
            <author>Giada De Laurentiis</aut
                                                앱 🖺 무료 Hotmail
            <vear>2005
                                                                          >>
            <price>30.00</price>
                                               title: Everyday Italian
       </book>
                                               author: Giada De Laurentiis
        <book category="children">
                                               year: 2005
            <title lang="en">Harry Potter</t
                                               price: 30.00
            <author>J K. Rowling</author>
                                               edition: First
12
            <year>2005</year>
13
            <price>29.99</price>
                                               title: Harry Potter
14
       </book>
                                               author: J K. Rowling
15⊕
       <book category="web" cover="hardcove</pre>
                                               vear: 2005
            <title lang="en">XQuery Kick Sta
16
                                               price: 29.99
            <author>James McGovern</author>
18
            <author>Per Bothner</author>
            <author>Kurt Cagle</author>
20
            <author>James Linn</author>
            <author>Vaidyanathan Nagarajan
            <year>2003</year>
23
            <price>49.99</price>
24
        </book>
25⊖
       <book category="web" cover="paperback">
26
            <title lang="en">Learning XML</title>
            <author>Erik T. Ray</author>
28
            <year>2003</year>
29
            <price>39.95</price>
30
       </book>
                     newel = xmlDoc.createElement("edition");
   </bookstore>
                     newtext = xmlDoc.createTextNode("First");
                     newel.appendChild(newtext);
```



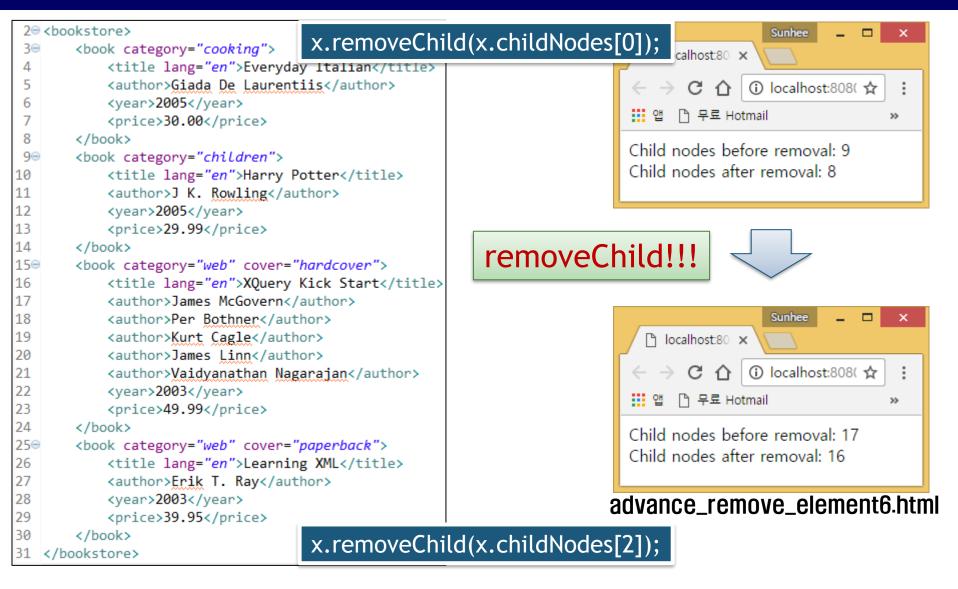
advance_create_element5.html

<실습3-5-1> books - advance_create_element5_1.html



advance_create_element5_1.html

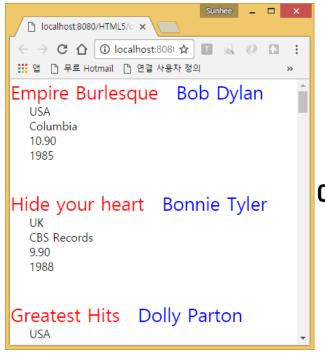
<실습3-6> books - advance_remove_element6.html



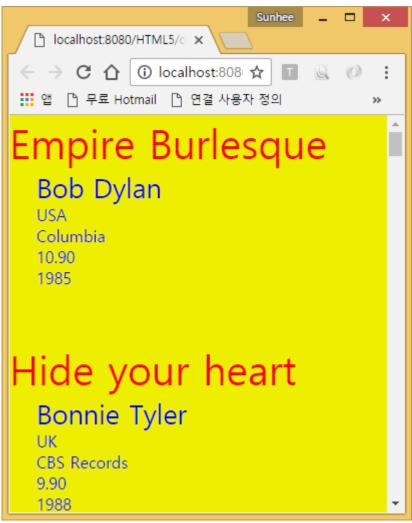
<실습3-6-1> books - advance_remove_element6.html 구조변경 확인

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
   <bookstore>
       <book category="cooking">
           <title lang="en">Everyday Italian</title>
           <author>Giada De Laurentiis</author>
           <year>2005</year>
          price>
      </book>
       <book category="children">
10
          <title lang="en">Harry Potter</title>
11
          <author>J K. Rowling</author>
12
          <year>2005
13
          <price>29.99</price>
14
      </book>
15
      <book category="web">
          <tiltle lang="en">XQuer Kick Start</title>
16
17
          <aut4or>James McGovern</author>
18
          <author>Per Bothner</author>
19
          <autlor>Kurt Caple</author>
20
           <author>James Linn</author>
21
           <author>Vaidyanathan Nagarajan</author>
22
           <ye4r>2003
23
           24
      </book>
      <book category="web" cover="paperback">
26
          <title lang="en">Learning XML</title>
27
          <author>Erik T. Ray</author>
28
          <year>2003</year>
29
          <price>39.95</price>
30
       </book>
  </bookstore>
```

<실습4-1> cd_catalog - cd_catalog.xml







cd_catalog.xml

<실습4-1> cd_catalog - cd_catalog.css 만들기

```
19 CATALOG
 2
 3 background-color: #ffffff;
 4 width: 100%;
 5 | }
 6⊕ CD
 8 display: block;
 9 margin-bottom: 30pt;
10 margin-left: 0;
11 }
12⊖ TITLE
13 {
14 color: #FF0000;
15 font-size: 20pt;
16 }
17⊜ ARTIST
18 {
19 color: #0000FF;
20 font-size: 20pt;
21 margin-left: 15pt;
22 }
23@ COUNTRY, PRICE, YEAR, COMPANY
24 {
25 display: block;
26 color: #000000;
27 margin-left: 20pt;
28 }
```

```
1 CATALOG {background-color: #eeee00; width: 100%;}
 2 CD{display: block; margin-bottom: 40pt; margin-left: 0;}
 3⊕ TITLE
 4 {
 5 color: #FF0000;
 6 font-size: 30pt;
 88 ARTIST
 9 {
10 color: #ff00ff;
11 /* 마젠타색은 안되고 나중에 선언된 파란색이 됨=>해결하려면 21라인과 같이 나중에 선언하면 됨
12 font-size: 20pt;
13 margin-left: 15pt;
14 }
15 ARTIST, COUNTRY, PRICE, YEAR, COMPANY
17 display: block;
18 color: #0000ff;/* 나중선언된 파란색이 적용됨 */
19 margin-left: 20pt;
20 }
21 /* ARTIST
22 {
23 color: #ff00ff;
24 font-size: 20pt;
25 margin-left: 15pt;
```

cd_catalog.css

<실습4-2> cd_catalog - xmlapp_cd_catalog2.html

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <?xml-stylesheet type="text/css" href="cd_catalog.css"?>
                                                                                                    Pi localhosi x
3@ <CATALOG>
                                        <input type="button" onclick="previous()" value="<<" />
      <CD>
                                                                                                                ① localhost:  ☆
                                        <input type="button" onclick="next()" value=">>" />
          <TITLE>Empire Burlesque</TITLE>
          <ARTIST>Bob Dylan</ARTIST>
                                                                                                              Hotmail
          <COUNTRY>USA</COUNTRY>
                                                           function next() {
                                                                                                  Artist: Bob Dylan
          <COMPANY>Columbia</COMPANY>
                                                                if (i < x.length - 1) {
                                                                                                  Title: Empire Burlesque
9
          <PRICE>10.90</PRICE>
10
          <YEAR>1985</YEAR>
                                                                    i++;
                                                                                                   Year: 1985
11
      </CD>
                                                                    displayCD();
12⊖
      <CD>
13
          <TITLE>Hide your heart</TITLE>
14
          <ARTIST>Bonnie Tyler
15
          <COUNTRY>UK</COUNTRY>
16
          <COMPANY>CBS Records</COMPANY>
                                                           function previous() {
                                                                                                                Sunhee
17
          <PRICE>9.90</PRICE>
                                                                if (i > 0) {

□ localhost x

18
          <YEAR>1988</YEAR>
                                                                    i--;
19
      </CD>
                                                                                                               ⑥ localhost:  ☆
                                                                                                      \rightarrow C \land
                                                                    displayCD();
20⊝
      <CD>
                                                                                                   앱 약 무료 Hotmail
21
          <TITLE>Greatest Hits</TITLE>
                                                                                                   Artist: Bob Dylan
196⊜
        <CD>
                                                                                                  Title: Empire Burlesque
197
           <TITLE>Red</TITLE>
                                                                                                   Vear: 1985
198
           <ARTIST>The Communards
199
           <COUNTRY>UK</COUNTRY>
                                                           각 (CD) 로 좌우로 이동!
200
           <COMPANY>London</COMPANY>
                                                                                                   << >>
201
           <PRICE>7.80</PRICE>
202
           <YEAR>1987</YEAR>
203
        </CD>
                                                                                                 xmlapp_cd_catalog2.html
204⊖
        <CD>
205
            <TITLE>Unchain my heart</TITLE>
206
            <ARTIST>Joe Cocker</ARTIST>
                                        function displayCD() {
207
            <COUNTRY>USA</COUNTRY>
                                            artist = (x[i].getElementsByTagName("ARTIST")[0].childNodes[0].nodeValue);
208
            <COMPANY>EMI</COMPANY>
                                            title = (x[i].getElementsByTagName("TITLE")[0].childNodes[0].nodeValue);
209
           <PRICE>8.20</PRICE>
                                            year = (x[i].getElementsByTagName("YEAR")[0].childNodes[0].nodeValue);
210
           <YEAR>1987</YEAR>
                                            txt = "Artist: " + artist + "<br>Title: " + title + "<br>Year: " + year;
211
        </CD>
212 </CATALOG>
                                            document.getElementById("showCD").innerHTML = txt;
213
                                                                   반복되는 부분을 함수로 만들어 호출하여 사용!
          cd_catalog.xml
```

<실습4-3> cd_catalog - xmlhtml_cd_catalog3.html

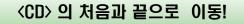


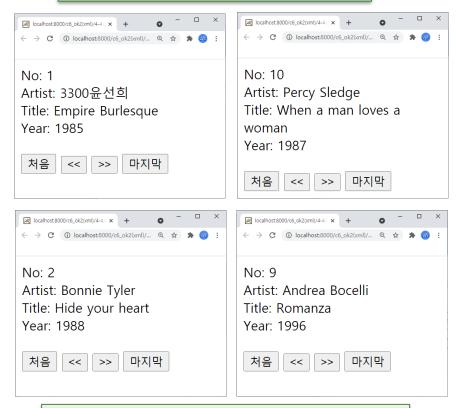


xmlhtml_cd_catalog3.html

http://localhost:8000/c6_ex2(xml)/4.cd_catalog/xmlhtml_cd_catalog3.html

〈실습〉cd_catalog - xmlapp_cd_catalog2_1.html





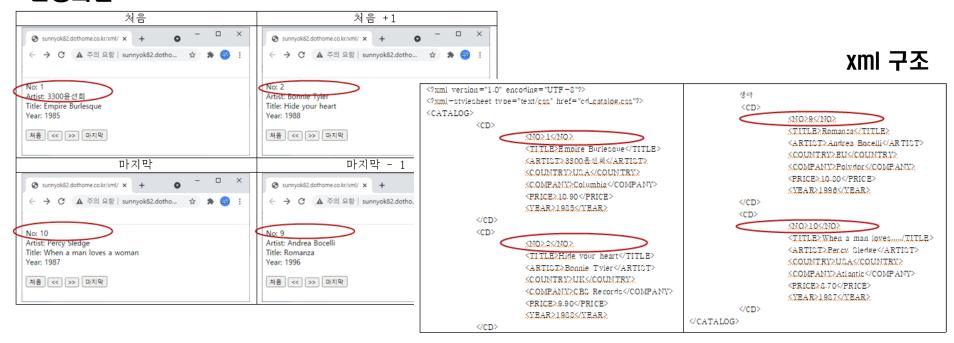
```
function first(){
}
function end(){
}
```

반복되는 부분을 함수로 만들어 호출하여 사용!

http://localhost:8000/c6_ex2(xml)/4.cd_catalog/xmlapp_cd_catalog2_1.html xmlapp_cd_catalog2_1.html 로 완성후 index.html로 수정하여 dothome 올리기

〈실습〉 XML 구조 보고서 제출 형식 설명

실행화면



- ※ 주의사항
- 실행화면에 학번과 이름이 나타나도록 하고 데이터를 변형하여 제출
- 모든 실행 화일에 하이퍼링크가 반드시 있어야 함
- cd_catalog.xml의 내용을 모두 다르게 작성하고 <CD>를 10개 이상 넣기
- 맨앞의 node에 번호 요소를 넣어야 함 (1 ~ 10)
- 프로그램 html, css, xml 등등



Q & A

