

南大阪代数セミナー

2022/11/01

# 《変形 Macdonald-Ruijsenaars 系の可積分性》

§1: Macdonald-Ruijsenaars 系と Macdonald 多項式

$x = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$   $(\mathbb{C}^*)^n$  の標準座標系

$q, t \in \mathbb{C}^*$   $|q| < 1$

Macdonald-Ruijsenaars の作用素

$$D_x = \sum_{i=1}^n \prod_{j \neq i} \frac{tx_i - x_j}{x_i - x_j} \cdot T_{q, x_i} \leadsto \mathbb{C}[x]^{\mathbb{S}_n} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{変形} \\ \text{多項式環} \end{array}$$

$$T_{q, x_i} f(x_1, \dots, x_i, \dots, x_n) = f(x_1, \dots, qx_i, \dots, x_n) \quad (i=1, \dots, n)$$

$x_i$  は  $q$ -shift の作用素

定理  $g, f$ : generic とあると

$$\lambda = (\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_n) \in \mathbb{N}^n$$

$$\lambda_1 \geq \lambda_2 \geq \dots \geq \lambda_n \geq 0$$

$\forall \lambda \in \mathcal{P}_n =$  分割  $n$  の partitions of  $n$  のもの全体の集合

$\exists!$

$$P_\lambda(x) = P_\lambda(x; g, f) \in \mathbb{C}[x]^{\mathcal{S}_n}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (1) D_x P_\lambda(x) = d_\lambda P_\lambda(x) \\ (2) P_\lambda(x) = m_\lambda(x) + (\text{lower order terms}) \end{array} \right.$$

$$d_\lambda = \sum_{i=1}^n t^{m_i} g^{d_i}$$

*monomial symmetric function*

$$m_\lambda(x) = \sum_{\mu \in \mathcal{S}_n, \lambda} x^\mu$$

$$\mathbb{C}[x]^{\mathcal{S}_n} = \bigoplus_{\lambda \in \mathcal{P}_n} \mathbb{C} P_\lambda(x)$$

Macdonald  $\frac{q}{t}$   $\lambda$  (2 2 1)  $\frac{q}{t}$  Cauchy of  $\lambda$

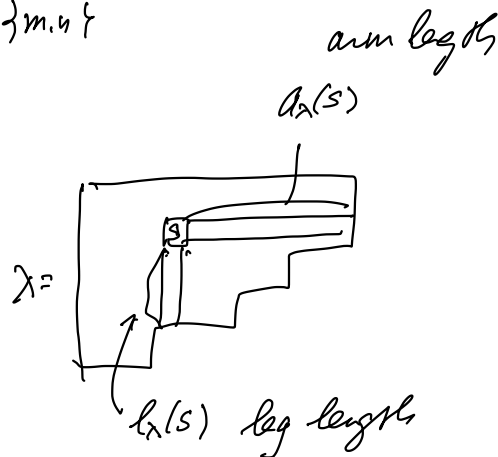
$$x = (x_1, \dots, x_m), y = (y_1, \dots, y_n)$$

$$P_\lambda(x; q, t) \quad P_\lambda(y; q, t)$$

$$\Phi_{m,n}(x; y) = \prod_{i=1}^m \prod_{j=1}^n \frac{(tx_i y_j; q)_\infty}{(x_i y_j; q)_\infty} = \sum_{\lambda \leq \min\{m, n\}} b_\lambda P_\lambda(x) P_\lambda(y)$$

$$(z; q)_\infty = \prod_{k=0}^{\infty} (1 - q^k z) \quad (z \in \mathbb{C})$$

$$b_\lambda = b_\lambda(q, t) = \prod_{s \in \lambda} \frac{1 - t^{l_\lambda(s)+1} q^{a_\lambda(s)}}{1 - t^{l_\lambda(s)} q^{a_\lambda(s)+1}}$$



$$\Phi_{m,n}^V(x; y) = \prod_{i=1}^m \prod_{j=1}^n (1 + x_i y_j) = \sum_{\lambda \leq (n^m)} P_\lambda(x; q, t) P_{\lambda'}(y; t, q)$$



$\lambda \leq (n^m)$   
 $m \times n$  の  $\frac{q}{t}$   $\lambda$

$\lambda': \lambda$  の  $\frac{t}{q}$   $\lambda$

① 無限変数の Macdonald 多項式  
(函数)

$$\lambda = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \lambda_1 \\ \lambda_2 \\ \vdots \\ \lambda'_1 \\ \lambda'_2 \end{array} \right.$$

$$P_\lambda(x_1, \dots, x_m) \Big|_{x_{n+1}=\dots=x_m=0} = \begin{cases} P_\lambda(x_1, \dots, x_n) & \ell(\lambda) \leq n \\ 0 & \ell(\lambda) > n \end{cases}$$

stability  
 $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots)$

$$\Lambda_\infty^x = \mathbb{C}[p_1(x), p_2(x), \dots]$$

$$p_r(x) = \sum_{i \geq 1} x_i^r$$

$$= \bigoplus_{\lambda \in \mathcal{P}} \mathbb{C} P_\lambda(x)$$

↑ 分母がない

$$\Lambda_\infty^x \xrightarrow{\pi_n} \Lambda_n^{(x_1, \dots, x_n)} = \mathbb{C}[x_1, \dots, x_n]^{\mathbb{C}_n}$$

$$\stackrel{=}{=} \pi_n(x_i) = 0 \quad (i > n)$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \bar{\Phi}(x:y) = \prod_{i \geq 1} \prod_{j \geq 1} \frac{(tx_i y_j : q)_\infty}{(x_i y_j : q)_\infty} = \sum_{\lambda \in \mathcal{P}} b_\lambda P_\lambda(x:q,t) P_\lambda(y:q,t) \\ \bar{\Phi}^V(x;y) = \prod_{i \geq 1} \prod_{j \geq 1} (1 + x_i y_j) = \sum_{\lambda \in \mathcal{P}} P_\lambda(x:t,q) P_\lambda(y:q,t) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\omega_{q,t}^x: \Lambda_\infty^x \longrightarrow \Lambda_\infty^x \quad \omega_{q,t}^x(p_r(x)) = (-1)^{r-1} \frac{1-q^r}{1-t^r} p_r(x)$$

$$b_\lambda \omega_{q,t}^x(P_\lambda(x:q,t)) = P_\lambda(x:t,q)$$

$$\bar{\Phi}(x;y) = \prod_{i,j \geq 1} \prod_{k \geq 0} \frac{1 - q^k tx_i y_j}{1 - q^k x_i y_j} = \prod_{i,j \geq 1} \prod_{k \geq 0} \exp \left( - \sum_{r \geq 1} \frac{1}{r} (q^k tx_i y_j)^r + \sum_{r \geq 1} \frac{1}{r} (q^k x_i y_j)^r \right)$$

$$= \prod_{i,j \geq 1} \exp \left( \sum_{r \geq 1} \frac{1}{r} \frac{1-t^r}{1-q^r} x_i^r y_j^r \right)$$

$$= \exp \left( \sum_{r \geq 1} \frac{1}{r} \frac{1-t^r}{1-q^r} \boxed{p_r(x)} \boxed{p_r(y)} \right)$$

$$\overline{\Phi}^V(x; y) = \prod_{i,j \geq 1} (1 + x_i y_j) = \prod_{i,j \geq 1} \exp \left( \sum_{r \geq 1} \frac{(-1)^{r-1}}{r} x_i^r y_j^r \right)$$

$$= \exp \left( \sum_{r \geq 1} \frac{(-1)^{r-1}}{r} \boxed{p_r(x)} \boxed{p_r(y)} \right)$$

←  $w_{q,t}^x$

$$w_{q,t}^x(p_r(x)) = (-1)^{r-1} \frac{1-q^r}{1-t^r} p_r(x)$$

$$\omega_{q,t}^x(\bar{\Phi}(x;q)) = \bar{\Phi}^V(x;q)$$

$$\sum_{\lambda} b_{\lambda} \omega_{q,t}^x(\underline{P_{\lambda}(x;q,t)}) \underline{P_{\lambda}(y;q,t)} = \sum_{\lambda} \underline{P_{\lambda'}(x;t,q)} \underline{P_{\lambda}(y;q,t)}$$

$$\omega_{q,t}^x(\underbrace{b_{\lambda} P_{\lambda}(x;q,t)}_{\substack{1 \\ Q_{\lambda}(x;q,t)}}) = P_{\lambda'}(x;t,q)$$

$$\bar{\Phi}(x;q) = \sum_{\lambda \in \mathcal{P}} \underbrace{Q_{\lambda}(x;q,t)} P_{\lambda}(y;q,t)$$



§2: 変形 Macdonald-Ruijsenaars 系 と super Macdonald 系

◦ Sergeev - Veselov 2009 CMP

(Hallnäs-Langmann  
- Namikawa-Rosengren  
2022 Selecta Math)

$$x = (x_1, \dots, x_n) \quad y = (y_1, \dots, y_m)$$

↑  
この変形はあやしい

変形 MR IMP 系

$$D_{n,m}(x, y) = D_{n,m}(x, y; q, t) \quad \downarrow \frac{t x_i - x_j}{x_i - x_j}$$

$$= (1-t) \sum_{i=1}^n \prod_{j \neq i} \frac{1 - t x_i / x_j}{1 - x_i / x_j} \prod_{l=1}^m \frac{1 - x_i / q y_l}{1 - x_i / y_l} P_{q, x_i}$$

(q, t)

↓

$$+ (1-q^{-1}) \sum_{k=1}^m \prod_{l \neq k} \frac{1 - y_k / q y_l}{1 - y_k / y_l} \prod_{j=1}^n \frac{1 - t y_k / x_j}{1 - y_k / x_j} P_{t, y_k}^{-1}$$

(t, q^{-1})

$$(x, y, q, t) \longleftrightarrow (y, x, t, q^{-1})$$

以下  $q, t$  は条件  $\neg tq^s \neq 1 \quad (r, s \in \mathbb{N}, (r, s) \neq (0, 0))$  を満たすものと仮定する。

変形 MR 系

$n$  変数  $x_2, \dots, x_n$  に対して  $(q, t)$  変形 MR 系と  
 $m$  変数  $y_2, \dots, y_m$  に対して  $(t, q)$  変形 MR 系との  
 結合系と見做す。

① 擬不変式環  $\Lambda_{n, m; q, t}$  と super Macdonald 多項式  
 ring of quasi-invariants

$$\Lambda_{n, m; q, t} = \left\{ f(x, y) \in \mathbb{C}[x, y] \mid \begin{matrix} \text{ } \\ \text{ } \end{matrix} \right\}$$

$$\Lambda_n = \mathbb{C}[x]^{\mathfrak{S}_n}$$

$$\left( \begin{matrix} T_{q, x_i} f(x, y) \\ -T_{t, y_k}^{-1} f(x, y) \end{matrix} \right) \Big|_{\substack{1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq k \leq m \\ x_i = y_k}} \stackrel{!}{=} 0$$

$$f(x_1, \dots, \overset{z}{\cancel{x_i}}, \dots, x_n, y_1, \dots, \overset{z}{\cancel{y_k}}, \dots, y_m)$$

$$x_i = y_k = z$$

$$= f(x_1, \dots, \underset{z}{\cancel{x_i}}, x_n, y_1, \dots, \underset{z}{\cancel{y_k}}, \dots, y_m)$$

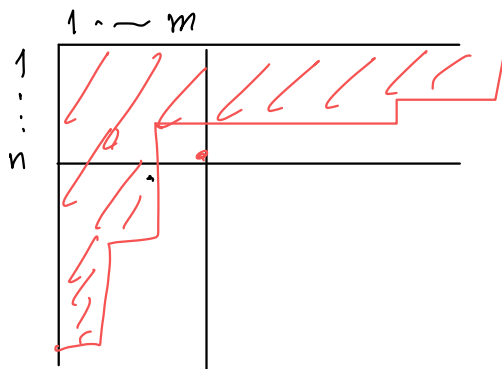
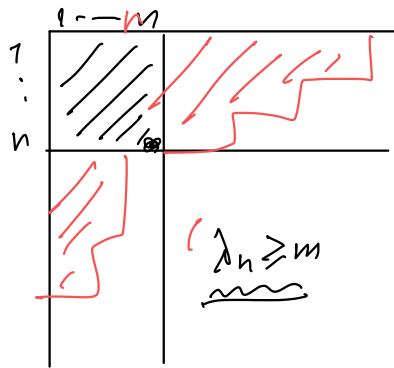
$$D_{n,m}(x,y;q,t) \hookrightarrow \Lambda_{n,m;q,t}$$

$$\cong \bigoplus_{\lambda \in H_{n,m}} SP_{\lambda}(x,y;q,t)$$

super-Macdonald (多項式)

$D_{n,m}(x,y;q,t)$  の図形対応

$$\text{fat hook } H_{n,m} = \{ \lambda = (\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots) \in \mathcal{P} \mid \lambda_{n+1} \leq m \}$$



# Super Macdonald 多項式の定義

$$z = (z_1, z_2, \dots)$$

$$\Lambda_{\infty}^z$$

$$\xrightarrow{\phi_{n,m;q,t}} \Lambda_{n,m;q,t}$$

$$\subset \mathbb{C}[x,y]^{S_n \times S_m}$$

quasi-invariants

$$\phi_{n,m;q,t}^{x,y}(p_r(z)) = \underbrace{p_r(x)}_{x=(x_1, \dots, x_n)} - \underbrace{t^r}_{\text{red circle}} \frac{1-t^r}{1-t} \underbrace{p_r(y)}_{y=(y_1, \dots, y_m)}$$

$$\phi_{n,m;q,t}^{x,y}(P_{\lambda}(z;q,t)) = SP_{\lambda}(x,y;q,t)$$

$$\Lambda_{n,m;q,t} = \bigoplus_{\lambda \in H_{n,m}} \mathbb{C} SP_{\lambda}(x,y;q,t)$$

次のようにする

$$S P_\lambda(x, y; q, t) = \sum_{\nu \leq \lambda} (-t)^{|\nu|} \underbrace{P_{\lambda/\nu}(x; q, t)}_{\text{red arrow}} Q_{\nu'}(y; t, q)$$

$P_{\lambda/\nu}(z'; q, t) \in \text{有限次元}$  可?

$\infty$  個の  $\nu \in \mathbb{N}^n$   $z = (z', z'')$   $z' = (z'_1, z'_2, \dots)$   $z'' = (z''_1, z''_2, \dots)$

$$P_\lambda(z', z''; q, t) = \sum_{\nu \leq \lambda} P_{\lambda/\nu}(z'; q, t) P_\nu(z''; q, t)$$

$$P_\lambda(z', z''; q, t) = \sum_{\mu, \nu} \underbrace{c_{\mu, \nu}^\lambda}_{\text{red arrow}} P_\mu(z'; q, t) P_\nu(z''; q, t)$$

$$P_{\lambda/\nu}(z'; q, t) = \sum_{\mu} c_{\mu, \nu}^\lambda P_\mu(z'; q, t)$$

母函数  $z^{-\frac{D}{2}} < t$

$$x = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$$

$$y = (y_1, \dots, y_m)$$

$$z = (z_1, z_2, \dots)$$

$\omega \cdot \frac{1}{2} \lambda$

$$\prod_{i=1}^n \prod_{j=1}^m \frac{(t x_i z_j : q)_\infty}{(\underline{x_i} \underline{z_j} : q)_\infty} \prod_{i=1}^m \prod_{j=1}^n (1 - t y_i \underline{z_j})$$

$$= \sum_{\lambda \in H_{n,m}} S P_\lambda(x, y : q, t) \underbrace{Q_\lambda(z : q, t)}_{b_\lambda P_\lambda(z : q, t)}$$

§3: 高階の作用素の可換族と核函数: MR 系の場合

MR 作用素

$$D_x = \sum_{i=1}^n \prod_{j \in i} \frac{x_i - x_j}{x_i - x_j} T_{g, x_i}$$

$$x = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$$

$$\hookrightarrow \mathbb{C}[x]^{G_n} = \bigoplus_{\lambda \in P_n} \underbrace{\mathbb{C} P_{\lambda}(x)}$$

高階の作用素の可換族

2 つ系列が知られる。

- { (1) 高階の MR 作用素
- { (2) NS 作用素

Noumi-Sano

$$D_x^{(r)} \quad (r=0, 1, \dots, n) \quad \text{HLNR}_{2022} \text{ Select}$$

$$H_x^{(l)} \quad (l=0, 1, 2, \dots) \quad 2022 \text{ CMP}$$

$\uparrow$  Noumi-Sano 2021  
LMP

$$\underbrace{\mathbb{C} [ \underbrace{D_x^{(1)}, D_x^{(2)}, \dots}_{\underbrace{D_x}}, \underbrace{D_x^{(n)}}_{\underbrace{\quad}_2} ]}_{\underbrace{\quad}} = \mathbb{C} [ H_x^{(1)}, H_x^{(2)}, \dots ]$$

$$\mathbb{C} [ \xi_1, \xi_2, \dots, \xi_n ]^{G_n} = \mathbb{C} [ e_1(\xi), \dots, e_n(\xi) ]$$

(1) 高階のMR (FIR) 系

Ruijsenaars 1987

Macdonald 2nd

$$D_x^{(n)} = \sum_{\substack{I \subseteq \{1, \dots, n\} \\ |I|=r}} t^{\binom{|I|}{2}} \prod_{\substack{i \in I \\ j \notin I}} \frac{tx_i - x_j}{x_i - x_j} \prod_{i \in I} P_{q, x_i} \quad (r=0, 1, \dots, n)$$

$$D_x^{(0)} = 1 \quad D_x^{(1)} = D_x, \dots$$

$$\therefore D_x^{(n)} = t^{\binom{n}{2}} \prod_{q, x_i} P_{q, x_i}$$

$$\circ [D_x^{(r)}, D_x^{(s)}] = 0$$

$$\circ D_x^{(r)} P_\lambda(x) = e_r(t^\delta q^\lambda) P_\lambda(x) \quad (\lambda \in P_n, (r=0, 1, \dots, n))$$

$e_r(\xi) \quad \xi = (\xi_1, \dots, \xi_n) \quad r$  次の基本対称多項式

$$\underline{t^\delta q^\lambda} = (t^{n-1} q^{\lambda_1}, t^{n-2} q^{\lambda_2}, \dots, t q^{\lambda_{n-1}}, q^{\lambda_n}) \quad \underline{\delta = (n-1, n-2, \dots, 0)}$$

$$D_x(u) = \sum_{r=0}^n (-u)^r D_x^{(r)}$$

$$\sum_{r=0}^n (-u)^r e_r(t^\delta q^\lambda) = \prod_{i=1}^n (1 - u t^{n-i} q^{\lambda_i})$$

$\xi \quad 1 - u \xi_i$



$$D_x(u) P_\lambda(x) = \prod_{i=1}^n (1 - u t^{q^i} q^i) \cdot P_\lambda(x).$$

(2) NS と FFP 表

$$\prod_{i=1}^{\mu_1} (q, x_i) \cdots \prod_{i=1}^{\mu_n} (q, x_i)$$

$$\underline{\underline{H_x^{(l)}}} = \sum_{\substack{\mu \in N^n \\ |\mu| = \mu_1 + \cdots + \mu_n = l}} \frac{\Delta(q^\mu x)}{\Delta(x)} \prod_{i < j=1}^n \frac{(t x_i / x_j - q)^{\mu_i}}{(q x_i / x_j - q)^{\mu_i}} P_{q, x}^\mu \quad (l=0, 1, 2, \dots)$$

$N = \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$

$$\Delta(x) = \prod_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} (x_i - x_j) \quad \frac{\Delta(q^\mu x)}{\Delta(x)} = \prod_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} \frac{q^{\mu_i} x_i - q^{\mu_j} x_j}{x_i - x_j}$$

$$[H_x^{(n)}, H_x^{(l)}] = 0, \quad [H_x^{(l)}, D_x^{(n)}] = 0 \quad \left[ \begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{array} \right]_e$$

$$H_x^{(l)} P_\lambda(x) = \underline{\underline{g_l(t^{\delta_\lambda} q^\lambda)}} P_\lambda(x) \quad (l=0, 1, \dots)$$

$$g_l(\xi) = \sum_{\mu_1 + \dots + \mu_n = l} \frac{(t;q)_{\mu_1} \dots (t;q)_{\mu_n}}{(q;q)_{\mu_1} \dots (q;q)_{\mu_n}} \xi_1^{\mu_1} \dots \xi_n^{\mu_n} = Q_{(l)}(\xi; q, t)$$

$$\xi = (\xi_1, \dots, \xi_n)$$

$$= b_{(l)} P_{(l)}(\xi; q, t)$$

$$(a;q)_k = (1-a)(1-qa) \dots (1-q^{k-1}a) \quad (k=0, 1, 2, \dots)$$

$$(l) = \overbrace{1111}^l$$

$$\sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \underbrace{g_l(\xi)}_{Q_{(l)}(\xi)} \underbrace{u^l}_{P_{(l)}(u)} = \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{(t\xi_i; u; q)_{\infty}}{(\xi_i u; q)_{\infty}}$$

$$H_x(u) = \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} u^l H_x^{(l)}$$

$$H_x(u) P_{\lambda}(x) = \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{(t^{n-i+1} q^{d_i}; q)_{\infty}}{(t^{n-i} q^{d_i}; q)_{\infty}} \cdot P_{\lambda}(x)$$

$$\sum_{r+s=k} (t)^r e_r h_s = 0 \quad (k=1, 2, \dots)$$

Wronski  
周自齐

(3) Wronski 關係式

$$\sum_{r+l=k} (-1)^r (1-tq^l) \underbrace{D_x^{(r)} H_x^{(l)}} = 0 \quad (k=1, 2, 3, \dots)$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{H_x^{(k)} \in \mathbb{C}[D_x^{(1)}, \dots, D_x^{(k)}]} //$$

④ 核函數關係式

$$x = (x_1, \dots, x_m), \quad y = (y_1, \dots, y_n)$$

$$\prod_{i,j=1}^n \frac{1}{1-x_i y_j} = \sum_{\lambda} s_{\lambda}(x) s_{\lambda}(y)$$

$$\prod_{m,n} \Phi(x; y) = \frac{\prod_{i=1}^m \prod_{j=1}^n (tx_i y_j; q)_{\infty}}{\prod_{i,j=1}^n (x_i y_j; q)_{\infty}} = \sum_{\lambda} \boxed{b_{\lambda}} P_{\lambda}(x) P_{\lambda}(y) \quad \text{with } \ell(\lambda) \leq \min\{m, n\}$$

$$m=n$$

$$\underline{D_x(u)} \underline{\bar{\Phi}_{n,n}(x,y)} = \sum_{l(\lambda) \leq n} b_\lambda \underline{P_\lambda(x)} \underline{P_\lambda(y)} \underline{\prod_{i=1}^n (1 - ut^{n-i} q^{d_i})}$$

$$= D_y(u) \bar{\Phi}_{n,n}(x,y)$$

$$\underline{D_x(u) \bar{\Phi}_{n,n}(x,y)} = D_y(u) \bar{\Phi}_{n,n}(x,y) \text{ or } \dots$$

$$\underline{\bar{\Phi}_{n,n}(x,y)} = \sum_{\lambda \in \mathcal{P}_n} \underline{P_\lambda(x)} \underline{\boxed{F_\lambda(y)}}$$

$$\prod_{i=1}^n (1 - ut^{n-i} q^{d_i})$$

$$b_\lambda P_\lambda(y)$$

$$(\bar{t}x, yq, q)_n$$

$$(x, yq, q)_n$$

$$\left[ \sum_{|I| \subseteq \{1, \dots, n\}} (-u)^{|I|} t^{\binom{|I|}{2}} \prod_{\substack{i \in I \\ j \notin I}} \frac{tx_i - x_j}{x_i - x_j} \prod_{i \in I} \prod_{l=1}^n \frac{1 - x_i y_l}{1 - tx_i y_l} \right] \cdot \overline{\Phi}_{n,n}(x, y)$$

$$\underline{D_x(u) \overline{\Phi} = D_y(u) \overline{\Phi}}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \sum_{|I| \subseteq \{1, \dots, n\}} (-u)^{|I|} t^{\binom{|I|}{2}} \prod_{\substack{i \in I \\ j \notin I}} \frac{tx_i - x_j}{x_i - x_j} \prod_{i \in I} \prod_{l=1}^n \frac{1 - x_i y_l}{1 - tx_i y_l}$$

$$= \sum_{|K| \subseteq \{1, \dots, n\}} (-u)^{|K|} t^{\binom{|K|}{2}} \prod_{\substack{k \in K \\ l \notin K}} \frac{ty_k - y_l}{y_k - y_l} \prod_{k \in K} \prod_{j=1}^n \frac{1 - x_j y_k}{1 - tx_j y_k}$$

Source identity → Kajihara (-Nomi)  
源点恒等式

設  $x = (x_1, \dots, x_m), y = (y_1, \dots, y_n) \in \mathcal{V}$

$$\bar{\Phi}_{m,n}(x,y) = \prod_{i=1}^m \prod_{j=1}^n \frac{(tx_i y_j; q)_\infty}{(x_i y_j; q)_\infty} \quad \frac{(u; t)_\infty}{(t^{m-n} u; t)_\infty}$$

$m \geq n$

2つあり

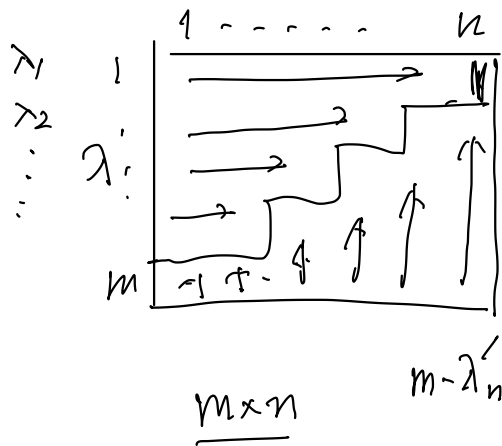
$$D_x(u) \bar{\Phi}_{m,n}(x,y) = (u; t)_{m-n} D_y(t^{m-n} u) \bar{\Phi}_{m,n}(x,y)$$

$$H_x(u) \bar{\Phi}_{m,n}(x,y) = \frac{(t^{m-n} u; q)_\infty}{(u; q)_\infty} H_y(t^{m-n} u) \bar{\Phi}_{m,n}(x,y)$$

$$\bar{\Phi}_{m,n}^V(x,y) = \prod_{i=1}^m \prod_{j=1}^n (1 + x_i y_j)$$

$$\bar{\Psi}_{m,n}(x,y) = \prod_{i=1}^m \prod_{j=1}^n (x_i - y_j) = \sum_{\lambda \in (n^m)} (-1)^{|\lambda|} P_\lambda(x, q, t) P_\lambda(y, t, q)$$

$m \geq n$



← complementary

$$\underline{\lambda^c = (m - \lambda'_n, m - \lambda'_{n-1}, \dots, m - \lambda'_1)}$$

↗

$$H_x(u) \underline{\tilde{F}_{m,n}(x,y)} = \frac{(t^m q^n u; q)_\infty}{(u; q)_\infty} \hat{\underline{D}}_y(u) \tilde{F}_{m,n}(x,y)$$

$$\hat{D}_y(u) = D_y(u; t, q) \leftarrow D_y(u) = D_y(u; q, t)$$

$q, t \in \mathbb{C}^*$

§4: 高階の作用素の可換族と核函数: 変形 MR 系の場合

$$X = (x_1, \dots, x_n) \quad Y = (y_1, \dots, y_m)$$

$$D_{n,n}(x,y) = D_{n,m}(x,y;q,t)$$

$$= (1-t) \sum_{i=1}^n \prod_{j \neq i} \frac{1-tx_i/x_j}{1-x_i/x_j} \prod_{l=1}^m \frac{1-x_i/qy_l}{1-x_i/y_l} P_{q,x_i} \quad (q,t)$$

$$+ (1-q^{-1}) \sum_{k=1}^m \prod_{l \neq k} \frac{1-y_k/qy_l}{1-y_k/y_l} \prod_{j=1}^n \frac{1-ty_k/x_j}{1-y_k/x_j} P_{t,y_k}^{-1} \quad (t,q)$$

☆



① 高階の變形 NR 要素

$$\underline{x} = (x_1, \dots, x_n) \quad \underline{y} = (y_1, \dots, y_m)$$

NS

$$D_{n,m}^{(r)}(x, y; q, t) = \sum_{\substack{I \subseteq \{1, \dots, n\} \\ \mu \in \mathbb{N}^m \\ |I| + |\mu| = r}} (-1)^{|\mu|} (q^m t^{-n})^{|\mu|} t^{-\binom{|\mu|}{2}} A_{I, \mu}(x, y; q, t) \tau_{q, x}^{\varepsilon_I} \tau_{t, y}^{-\mu}$$

↑

(Freigen - Silantjev  
2014 Adv. Math)

$$\varepsilon_I = \sum_{i \in I} \varepsilon_i \quad \begin{matrix} (x, y, q, t) \\ (y, x, t, q) \end{matrix}$$

$$\tau_{q, x}^{\varepsilon_I} = \prod_{i \in I} \tau_{q, x_i}$$

(MR)

$$A_{I, \mu}(x, y; q, t) = \prod_{\substack{1 \leq i, j \leq n \\ i \in I, j \notin I}} \frac{t x_i - x_j}{t(x_i - x_j)}$$

(NS)

$$\frac{\Delta(t^u y)}{\Delta(y)} \prod_{i, j \neq r} \frac{(y_i / q y_j; t^{-1})_{\mu_i}}{(y_i / t y_j; t^r)_{\mu_i}}$$

$$\times \prod_{i=1}^m \left( \prod_{j \in I} \frac{1 - q y_i / x_j}{1 - t^{\mu_j} y_i / x_j} \prod_{j \in I} \frac{1 - t y_i / x_j}{1 - t^{1-\mu_j} y_i / x_j} \right)$$

$$D_{n,m}(x,y;u;q,t) = \sum_{r=0}^{\infty} D_{n,m}^{(r)}(x,y;q,t) (-u)^r$$

結合項

$$D_{m,0}(x,y;u;q,t) = D_x(t^{1-n}u;q,t) \text{ MR}$$

$$D_{0,m}(x,y;u;q,t) = H_y(q^m u; t^{\pm}, q^{\pm}) \text{ NS}$$

$$H_{n,m}(x,y;u;q,t) = D_{m,m}(y,x;tu;t^{\pm},q^{\pm})$$

$m=0 \rightarrow \text{NS}$

變形

NS 係用系

$$t \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \overline{\mathbb{D}}$$

$$|q| < 1, |t| < 1$$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \mathcal{D}_{n,m}(x,y;u) &= \frac{(q^m t^{-n} u; t^{-1})_{\infty}}{(u; t^{-1})_{\infty}} D_{n,m}(x,y;u) \\ \mathcal{H}_{n,m}(x,y;u) &= \frac{(t^{1-n} q^m u; q)_{\infty}}{(tu; q)_{\infty}} H_{n,m}(x,y;u) \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\|z\|_2^2$$

stable

$$\mathbb{R}^3 \times \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$\mathbb{R}^3 \times \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$\begin{matrix} x & y \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ z & w \end{matrix}$$

Cauchy

dual

$$|q| < 1, |t| > 1, q \neq 0$$

$$x = (x_1, \dots, x_n), y = (y_1, \dots, y_m)$$

$$z = (z_1, \dots, z_N), w = (w_1, \dots, w_M)$$

$$\Phi_{n,m;N,M}(x,y; z,w) = \frac{\prod_{i=1}^n \prod_{j=1}^N (x_i z_j; q)_{\infty}}{\prod_{i=1}^n \prod_{j=1}^N (t^{-1} x_i z_j; q)_{\infty}} \frac{\prod_{i=1}^m \prod_{j=1}^M (y_i w_j; t^{-1})_{\infty}}{\prod_{i=1}^m \prod_{j=1}^M (q y_i w_j; t^{-1})_{\infty}} \\ \frac{\prod_{i=1}^n \prod_{j=1}^M (1 - x_i w_j)}{\prod_{i=1}^n \prod_{j=1}^M (1 - y_i z_j)}$$

とある

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{H}_{n,m}(x,y;u) \overline{\Phi}_{n,m;N,M}(x,y;z,w) = \mathcal{H}_{n,M}(z,w;u) \overline{\Phi}_{n,m;N,M}(x,y;z,w) \\ \mathcal{Q}_{n,m}(x,y;u) \overline{\Phi}_{n,m;N,M}(x,y;z,w) = \mathcal{Q}_{n,M}(z,w;u) \overline{\Phi}_{n,m;N,M}(x,y;z,w) \end{array} \right.$$

証明

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} [\mathcal{H}_{n,m}^{(r)}, \mathcal{H}_{n,m}^{(s)}] = [\mathcal{Q}_{n,m}^{(r)}, \mathcal{Q}_{n,m}^{(s)}] = [\mathcal{H}_{n,m}^{(r)}, \mathcal{Q}_{n,m}^{(s)}] = 0 \\ \mathbb{C}[\mathcal{Q}_{n,m}^{(1)}, \mathcal{Q}_{n,m}^{(2)}, \dots] = \mathbb{C}[\mathcal{H}_{n,m}^{(1)}, \mathcal{H}_{n,m}^{(2)}, \dots] \end{array} \right.$$

取組の  $n+m$  個は  $\mathbb{C}$  上の独立

Wigner 関係式

$$\sum_{r+s=k} (-1)^r (1-t^r q^s) \mathcal{Q}_{n,m}^{(r)} \mathcal{H}_{n,m}^{(s)} = 0$$

( $k=2, 3, \dots$ )

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{H}_{n,m}^{(r)}(x,y) \mathcal{SP}_{\lambda}(x,y;q,t) = \boxed{1/1} \mathcal{SP}_{\lambda}(x,y;q,t) \\ \mathcal{Q}_{n,m}^{(r)}(x,y) \mathcal{SP}_{\lambda}(x,y;q,t) = \boxed{1/2} \mathcal{SP}_{\lambda}(x,y;q,t) \end{array} \right.$$

$(\lambda \in H_{n,m}) \quad \ll$