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SANTA CLARA UNIVERSITY
Department of Computer Engineering

COEN 020

Final Exam (Part 2)

Fall 2016

11. [5 pts ea] Convert each C function call into ARM assembly language.

C code	ARM Assembly
<pre>int8_t x8 ; int64_t y64 ; void f1(int8_t, int64_t) ; f1(x8, y64) ;</pre>	<pre>LDRSB R0,x8 LDRD R1,R2,y64 BL f1</pre>
<pre>uint64_t z64, f2(void) ; z64 = f2() ;</pre>	<pre>BL f2 STRD R0,R1,z64</pre>
<pre>int32_t count ; float real ; void f3(int32_t, float) ; f3(count, real) ;</pre>	<pre>LDR R0,count VLDR S0,real BL f3</pre>
<pre>float result ; float f4(void) ; result = f4() ;</pre>	<pre>BL f4 ADR R0,result VSTR S0,[R0]</pre>

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12. [5 pts ea] Convert each C function definition into ARM assembly language.

C code	ARM Assembly
<pre>int64_t f5(int32_t s32) { return (int64_t) s32 ; }</pre>	<pre>f5: ASR R1,R0,31 BX LR</pre>
<pre>float f6(int8_t s8) { return (float) s8 ; }</pre>	<pre>f6: VMOV S0,R0 VCVT.F32.S32 S0,S0 BX LR</pre>
<pre>uint64_t f7(uint64_t u64) { return u64 + 1 ; }</pre>	<pre>f7: ADDS R0,R0,1 ADC R1,R1,0 BX LR</pre>
<pre>uint64_t f8(uint64_t u64) { return u64 << 4 ; }</pre>	<pre>f8: LSL R1,R1,4 ORR R1,R1,R0,LSR 28 LSL R0,R0,4 BX LR</pre>

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13. [5 pts ea] Convert each C function definition into ARM assembly language.

<pre>int32_t f9(int32_t x, int32_t a, int32_t b) { if (x < a) return a ; if (x > b) return b ; return x ; }</pre>	Do NOT use an IT block f9: CMP R0,R1 BGE L1 MOV R0,R1 BX LR L1: CMP R0,R2 BLE L2 MOV R0,R2 L2: BX LR
<pre>int32_t f10(uint32_t score) { if (score >= 60 && score <= 100) return 1 ; else return 0 ; }</pre>	Do NOT use an IT block f10: CMP R0,60 BLO Else CMP R0,100 BHI Else Then: MOV R0,1 BX LR Else: MOV R0,0 BX LR

NAME: _____

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14. [5 pts ea] Convert each C function definition into ARM assembly language.

	Use an IT block
<pre>int32_t f11(int64_t a64, int64_t b64) { return (a64 < b64) ? 1 : 0 ; }</pre>	<pre>f11: SUBS R0,R0,R2 SBC R1,R1,R3 ITE LT MOVLT R0,1 MOVGE R0,0 BX LR</pre>
<pre>int32_t f12(int32_t a32) { int32_t f13(void) ; return f13() + a32 ; }</pre>	<pre>f12: PUSH {R4,LR} MOV R4,R0 BL f13 ADD R0,R0,R4 POP {R4,LR} BX LR</pre>
<pre>int32_t f14(int32_t *p32, int32_t k) { return *(p32 + k) ; }</pre>	<pre>f14: LDR R0,[R0,R1,LSL 2] BX LR</pre>

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15. [5 Pts] Write a function in ARM assembly language that calculates the single-length (32-bit) product of two 32-bit unsigned operands. Unlike regular multiplication, the function should return the maximum 32-bit unsigned value (0xFFFFFFFF) if the single-length product overflows. The function prototype should be:

```
uint32_t Product(uint32_t a, uint32_t b) ;
```

```
Product:      UMULL    R0,R1,R0,R1
              CBZ      R1,NoOverflow
              LDR      R0,=0xFFFFFFFF
NoOverflow:   BX       LR
```

16. [5 pts] Write a C inline function that returns the minimum of two integers. Use an extended asm statement inside the inline function so that the compiler is allowed to choose all of the registers. (Suggestion: Use an IT block for simplicity.)

```
static inline int32_t Minimum(int32_t a, int32_t b)
{
    int32_t min ;

    asm(
        "CMP    %[a],[b]        \n\t"
        "ITE    LT              \n\t"
        "MOVLT  %[min],[a]      \n\t"
        "MOVGE  %[min],[b]      "
        : [min] "=r" (min)
        : [a]    "r"  (a),
          [b]    "r"  (b)
        : "cc"
    ) ;

    return min ;
}
```