Fill in the outline as you study the chapter.

I. Africa may be studied by its five regions.

A. _____

В.____

C. ____

D. ____

E.____

II. Africa may be studied by its topography.

A. A region with little rainfall and few plants—_____

1. In northern Africa—

2. In southern Africa—Namib and _____

B. A region located on the Horn of Africa with little rain—

C. A tropical area near the equator with huge trees and vines—

D. A grassland with few trees between the deserts—

E. A raised area formed by volcanic activity—

III. Africa may be studied by various ways other than written records.

A. The study of the structure and changes of languages—

B. The study of plants and tracing the movement of people by their crops—

C. The study of ruins, burial sites, and artifacts from the past—

D. Stories passed from one generation to another by word of mouth—_____

IV. Historians study Africa's early peoples by language.

A. The Berber language group—The greatest of these nomadic people were the

The Nilotic language group. The best known were the

B. The Nilotic language group—The best known were the _____.

C. The Bantu language group

1. Bantu peoples

2. Some Pygmy tribes who lived in the ______ basin also spoke Bantu languages.

D. Click languages—_____ and _____



•	at peoples according to their empires or c	
	located in eastern Africa and rule	ed by King
in the Al		
	—located along the	
	and	
	—conquered Ghana; ruled by	
D. The empire of	—became independent of Mali	
1. Ruler—	_	
2. Center of Islamic faith and lea	arning—	
E. The kingdom of	—ancestors of a people that histo	rians called the
Organized themselves into		
2. Built big stone houses called _		
F. The eastern coastal cities built fo southernmost city of	or trade—northernmost city of	and
1. The same religion—		
2. The same language—		
	A Control of the Cont	

