Quiz 14A

A. Match the description with the correct term. _____ 1. served as patriarch of the church; directed the activities of the clergy A. clergy B. friar 2. lived among the people and was a traveling preacher; had a title C. monastery meaning "brother" D. monk _____ 3. religious leaders during the Middle Ages nun 4. a religious ceremony developed by the Roman Catholic Church and F. pope believed to provide grace for salvation G. priest H. sacrament _____ 5. a large secluded dwelling where monks live and work _____ 6. spent hours copying the Scriptures and the writings of the early churchmen; rarely had contact with the outside world 7. preserved and developed many of the doctrines of the church; taught that people could not receive God's grace without his help B. Complete the sentence. 8. The Middle Ages began with the fall of Rome in 476 and ended with the beginning of the Renaissance in _____. 9. The Roman Catholic Church teaches that salvation comes at ... 10. The Bible teaches that salvation is a _____ of God.

Quiz 14B

10. The serfs paid rent to the ____ and worked part-time for him.

A. Match the description with the correct person. ____ 1. defeated the Muslim invaders at Tours; formed the Carolingian Empire A. Charlemagne with his descendants B. Charles Martel 2. made an alliance with the Roman Church; gave part of his conquered C. Clovis lands to the church D. Pepin the Short _____ 3. crowned by the pope on Christmas Day; expanded learning and extended the Frankish empire 4. first king of the Franks; conquered the last of the Romans in Gaul B. Complete the sentence. 5. The center of daily life in the Middle Ages was the ____. 6. When a squire was twenty-one, he could become a . . 7. The code of chivalry taught a knight to be generous, loyal to his lord, skillful and brave in battle, faithful to the Roman Church, and protective of . 8. A knight could be identified in battle by an emblem or a coat of . 9. At the age of seven a boy could become a . .

Quiz 14C

| A. Write the correct term for e | ach definition. | |
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| | 1. a large stronghold in the castle wall | |
| | 2. a wide water-filled trench surrounding the car | stle |
| | 3. a feature of a castle that can be raised or lowe prevent or allow passage | red to |
| | 4. a castle tower where the lord and his family lived | |
| | 5. a royal order | |
| B. Match the description with the correct term. 6. limited the king's power and guaranteed certain rights to the people 7. king who signed the Magna Carta 8. king who developed England's legal system 9. noble who claimed the throne of England and was killed at the Battle of Hastings | | A. Harold Godwinson B. Henry II C. John D. Magna Carta E. Plantagenet F. William of Normandy |
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