

Quiz 8A

Name _____

A. Match each word with its description.

- _____ 1. oligarchy
- _____ 2. democracy
- _____ 3. monarchy
- _____ 4. Peloponnesus
- _____ 5. Mycenaean civilization
- _____ 6. Minoan civilization

- A. the southern portion of the peninsula on which Greece is located
- B. the earliest known Greek civilization
- C. ruled by a king
- D. believed to have started the Trojan War
- E. ruled by a few people
- F. ruled by the people

B. Write the letter of the correct answer.

- _____ 7. Which government did Athens have last?
 - A. monarchy
 - B. oligarchy
 - C. democracy
- _____ 8. Which government did Sparta have?
 - A. monarchy
 - B. oligarchy
 - C. democracy
- _____ 9. Around when did the classical age of Greece begin?
 - A. 1000 BC
 - B. 500 BC
 - C. AD 500
- _____ 10. Where were men taught from a very young age to fight, steal, and protect themselves?
 - A. Athens
 - B. Sparta
 - C. Troy

Quiz 8B

Name _____

A. Write *T* if the statement is true. Write *F* if the statement is false.

- _____ 1. Acropolis was a hill overlooking Athens and was the center of religious life.
- _____ 2. Aristotle was a Greek philosopher who introduced the scientific method.
- _____ 3. Mount Peloponnesia was the highest mountain in Greece, where the Greek gods lived.
- _____ 4. Greek philosophers emphasized many of the same virtues that the Bible does, such as truth, love, wisdom, and discipline.
- _____ 5. Socrates was a Greek artisan who asked his students thought-provoking questions.

B. Write *E* if the statement is an event that led up to the Peloponnesian War. Write *C* if the statement is a consequence of the war.

- _____ 6. Athens formed an alliance with many city-states called the Delian League.
- _____ 7. Athens lost its democracy.
- _____ 8. Sparta and other city-states formed the Peloponnesian League.
- _____ 9. Sparta took control of Greece for thirty years.
- _____ 10. The “glory that was Greece” would never return.