```
# read dataset
set.seed(10)
library(readxl)
creditcard <- read_excel("C:/Users/taeho/Documents/creditcard.xlsx")
# View(creditcard)

# number of predictors and observations
k=length(creditcard[1,])-2
n=nrow(creditcard)

crx = sapply(creditcard[,c(-1,-31)], function(x) (x - min(x, na.rm = T)) / (max(x, na.rm = T))
- min(x, na.rm=T)))
df = cbind(creditcard[,31], crx)
attach(df)</pre>
```

```
attach(df)
```

```
## The following objects are masked from df (pos = 3):
##

## Amount, Class, V1, V10, V11, V12, V13, V14, V15, V16, V17, V18,
## V19, V2, V20, V21, V22, V23, V24, V25, V26, V27, V28, V3, V4, V5,
## V6, V7, V8, V9
```

```
##
## Call:
V9 + V10 + V11 + V12 + V13 + V14 + V15 + V16 + V17 + V18 +
##
      V19 + V20 + V21 + V22 + V23 + V24 + V25 + V26 + V27 + V28 +
##
      Amount, family = "binomial", data = df)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                 3Q
                                         Max
## -4.8731 -0.0292 -0.0194 -0.0125
                                      4.6044
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) 58.15527
                         15.37213
                                    3.783 0.000155 ***
## V1
                4.92458
                          2.44280
                                    2.016 0.043804 *
## V2
                1.23651
                          5.48206
                                   0.226 0.821547
## V3
                2.21832
                          2.62571
                                   0.845 0.398196
## V4
               15.92408
                          1.66253
                                   9.578 < 2e-16 ***
## V5
               15.14504
                          9.71207
                                   1.559 0.118901
## V6
              -12.21959
                          7.53733 -1.621 0.104973
## V7
              -18.16698
                          10.85145 -1.674 0.094101 .
## V8
              -15.68760
                          2.84679 -5.511 3.58e-08 ***
## V9
               -7.57407
                          3.18935 -2.375 0.017558 *
## V10
                          4.68979 -8.439 < 2e-16 ***
              -39.57652
## V11
               -0.20716
                          1.27722 -0.162 0.871151
                          2.28454
## V12
               1.83959
                                   0.805 0.420683
## V13
               -4.13369
                          1.05005 -3.937 8.26e-05 ***
## V14
              -16.21095
                          1.83317 -8.843 < 2e-16 ***
## V15
               -1.14106
                          1.12325 -1.016 0.309696
## V16
               -6.08778
                          3.92551 -1.551 0.120943
## V17
                0.08283
                          2.36226
                                   0.035 0.972030
## V18
               -0.54177
                          1.85626 -0.292 0.770394
## V19
                0.97785
                           1.22659
                                   0.797 0.425329
## V20
              -42.00748
                          7.65480 -5.488 4.07e-08 ***
## V21
               22.79634
                          3.59888
                                   6.334 2.38e-10 ***
## V22
               12.40505
                                   4.514 6.35e-06 ***
                          2.74789
## V23
               -6.06674
                          3.86913 -1.568 0.116884
## V24
                          1.10677
               1.02732
                                   0.928 0.353296
## V25
               -0.79916
                          2.29141 -0.349 0.727265
## V26
               -0.02063
                          1.15891 -0.018 0.985798
## V27
              -43.62266
                          6.64190 -6.568 5.11e-11 ***
## V28
              -14.50118
                          4.40100 -3.295 0.000984 ***
               23.46395
                          9.54434
                                   2.458 0.013955 *
## Amount
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.05 '. 0.1 ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 7242.5 on 284806 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2232.3 on 284777 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 2292.3
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 12
```

```
## 필요한 패키지를 로딩중입니다: ggplot2

## 필요한 패키지를 로딩중입니다: lattice

library(InformationValue)

##
## 다음의 패키지를 부착합니다: 'InformationValue'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:caret':
##
## confusionMatrix, precision, sensitivity, specificity

library(ISLR)

confusionMatrix(predict(glmAll, type="response") >= 0.5, df$Class)->tt
(tt[1,1]+tt[2,2])/sum(tt)*100
```

[1] 99.92065

tt[1,1]/(tt[1,1]+tt[1,2])*100

[1] 99.98523

tt[2,2]/(tt[2,1]+tt[2,2])*100

[1] 62.60163

```
if (tensorflow::tf$executing_eagerly())
  tensorflow::tf$compat$v1$disable_eager_execution()
library(keras)
K <- keras::backend()</pre>
# training parameters
vae_batch_size = 160L
fnn_batch_size = 160L
epochs = 1L
vae_ep = 1L
fnn_ep = 7L
vae_flag = 0L
sel_pr_up = 0.6 # upper bound probability for VAE
sel_pr_dw = 0.0 # lower bound probability for VAE
sel_rate = 1.0
vae_w1 = 0.0
vae_w2 = 0.0
vae_w3 = 1.0
# latent and intermediate dimension
latent_dim = 2L
intermediate_dim = 10L
epsilon_std <- 0.1
# input image dimensions
input_shape = c(k+1)
```

```
history2 <- model1 %>% fit(
    as.matrix(df[,-1]), as.matrix(df[,1]),
    shuffle = TRUE,
    epochs = fnn_ep, batch_size = fnn_batch_size,
    verbose = 0
)

temp3<-predict(model1,as.matrix(df[,-1]))
confusionMatrix(temp3>=0.5, df[,1]) -> tt3
tt3
```

```
##
     FALSE TRUE
## 0 284309
## 1 417 75
(tt3[1,1]+tt3[2,2])/(sum(tt3))*100
## [1] 99.85148
tt3[1,1]/(tt3[1,1]+tt3[1,2])*100
## [1] 99.99789
tt3[2,2]/(tt3[2,1]+tt3[2,2])*100
## [1] 15.2439
# 0의 범주를 갖는 행과 1의 범주를 갖는 행을 분리
df_class_0 \leftarrow df[dfClass == 0, ]
df_{class_1} \leftarrow df[df$Class == 1, ]
nrow(df_class_0)
## [1] 284315
nrow(df_class_1)
## [1] 492
df_class_1 <- df_class_1[sample(nrow(df_class_1),nrow(df_class_0),replace=TRUE),]</pre>
oversample <- rbind(df_class_0, df_class_1)</pre>
oversample <- oversample[sample(nrow(oversample),nrow(oversample),replace=FALSE),]</pre>
glm0VER =glm(Class~V1+V2+V3+V4+V5+V6+V7+V8+V9+V10+V11+V12+V13+V14+V15+
              V16+V17+V18+V19+V20+V21+V22+V23+V24+V25+V26+V27+V28+Amount, data=oversample, family
="binomial")
## Warning: glm.fit: 적합된 확률값들이 0 또는 1 입니다
summary(glmOVER)
```

```
##
## Call:
V9 + V10 + V11 + V12 + V13 + V14 + V15 + V16 + V17 + V18 +
##
      V19 + V20 + V21 + V22 + V23 + V24 + V25 + V26 + V27 + V28 +
##
      Amount, family = "binomial", data = oversample)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                 3Q
                                         Max
## -8.4904 -0.2606
                     0.0000
                             0.0000
                                      3.0062
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                           3.12346 -4.746 2.07e-06 ***
## (Intercept) -14.82449
## V1
               36.69628
                           0.86111 42.615 < 2e-16 ***
## V2
               56.23455
                           1.98542 28.324 < 2e-16 ***
## V3
               22.60395
                           0.63529 35.581 < 2e-16 ***
## V4
               17.40754
                           0.15664 111.131 < 2e-16 ***
## V5
              103.23927
                           2.48786 41.497 < 2e-16 ***
              -54.88292
## V6
                           1.12892 -48.616 < 2e-16 ***
## V7
              -94.86630
                           3.34668 -28.346 < 2e-16 ***
## V8
              -37.44538
                           0.67142 -55.771 < 2e-16 ***
## V9
               -8.62804
                           0.29182 - 29.566 < 2e - 16 ***
## V10
              -34.36475
                           0.65581 -52.401 < 2e-16 ***
## V11
                9.54344
                           0.15810 60.362 < 2e-16 ***
                           0.37010 -77.930 < 2e-16 ***
## V12
              -28.84214
## V13
               -4.58916
                           0.08713 -52.669 < 2e-16 ***
## V14
              -40.58004
                           0.47380 -85.648 < 2e-16 ***
## V15
               -1.09393
                           0.09783 -11.181 < 2e-16 ***
## V16
              -22.43792
                           0.45698 -49.100 < 2e-16 ***
## V17
              -27.79148
                           0.68516 -40.562 < 2e-16 ***
## V18
               -4.65782
                           0.17516 -26.592 < 2e-16 ***
## V19
                3.56622
                           0.13216 26.984 < 2e-16 ***
## V20
              -77.60390
                           2.04783 -37.896 < 2e-16 ***
## V21
                1.41351
                           0.56000
                                   2.524
                                           0.0116 *
## V22
               15.05053
                           0.25863 58.192 < 2e-16 ***
## V23
               29.57722
                           1.31141 22.554 < 2e-16 ***
## V24
               -0.42803
                           0.10137 -4.223 2.41e-05 ***
## V25
                2.72799
                           0.25506 10.696 < 2e-16 ***
## V26
               -2.54890
                           0.10173 -25.056 < 2e-16 ***
## V27
                                   3.944 8.02e-05 ***
                4.86659
                           1.23402
## V28
               40.30486
                           1.52203 26.481 < 2e-16 ***
              215.12865
                           5.54059 38.828 < 2e-16 ***
## Amount
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.05 '. 0.1 ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 788289 on 568629 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 154721 on 568600 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 154781
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 13
```

```
confusionMatrix(predict(glmOVER, type="response") >= 0.5, oversample$Class)->tt
(tt[1,1]+tt[2,2])/sum(tt)*100
## [1] 94.96808
tt[1,1]/(tt[1,1]+tt[1,2])*100
## [1] 97.69551
tt[2,2]/(tt[2,1]+tt[2,2])*100
## [1] 92.24065
model1 <- keras_model_sequential() %>%
    layer_dense(units = 1, activation = "sigmoid", input_shape = c(29))
  # %>%
           layer_dense(units = 1, activation = "sigmoid")
 model1 %>% compile(
   optimizer = "rmsprop",
    loss = "binary_crossentropy",
    metrics = c("accuracy")
  )
history2 <- model1 %>% fit(
    as.matrix(oversample[,-1]), as.matrix(oversample[,1]),
    shuffle = TRUE,
   epochs = fnn_ep, batch_size = fnn_batch_size,
    verbose = 0
  )
temp3<-predict(model1,as.matrix(oversample[,-1]))
confusionMatrix(temp3>=0.5, oversample[.1]) -> tt3
tt3
##
     FALSE TRUE
## 0 280311 4004
## 1 33102 251213
(tt3[1,1]+tt3[2,2])/(sum(tt3))*100
## [1] 93.47449
```

[1] 98.5917

tt3[1,1]/(tt3[1,1]+tt3[1,2])*100

```
tt3[2,2]/(tt3[2,1]+tt3[2,2])*100
```

```
## [1] 88.35728
```

```
### Oversampling with random copy########

##data partition##

df = df[sample(nrow(df),nrow(df),replace=FALSE),]

# 0의 범주를 갖는 행과 1의 범주를 갖는 행을 분리

df_class_0 <- df[df$Class == 0, ]

df_class_1 <- df[df$Class == 1, ]

# 0의 범주를 8대2 비율로 train과 test로 나눔

train_class_0_rows <- round(0.8 * nrow(df_class_0))

train_class_0 <- df_class_0[1:train_class_0_rows, ]

test_class_0 <- df_class_0[(train_class_0_rows + 1):nrow(df_class_0), ]

nrow(train_class_0)
```

[1] 227452

```
# 1의 범주를 8대2 비율로 train과 test로 나눔

train_class_1_rows <- round(0.8 * nrow(df_class_1))
train_class_1 <- df_class_1[1:train_class_1_rows, ]
train_class_1 <- train_class_1[sample(nrow(train_class_1),nrow(train_class_0),replace=TRUE),]
test_class_1 <- df_class_1[(train_class_1_rows + 1):nrow(df_class_1), ]

# train과 test를 합쳐 최종 train_df와 test_df 생성
df <- rbind(train_class_0, train_class_1)
dfTS <- rbind(test_class_0, test_class_1)
dfTR0 = df[df$Class==0,]
overDF1 = df[df$Class==1,]
table(df$Class)
```

table(dfTS\$Class)

```
g|m0ver =g|m(C|ass~V1+V2+V3+V4+V5+V6+V7+V8+V9+V10+V11+V12+V13+V14+V15+ V16+V17+V18+V19+V20+V21+V22+V23+V24+V25+V26+V27+V28+Amount,data=df,family="binomial")
```

Warning: glm.fit: 알고리즘이 수렴하지 않았습니다

Warning: glm.fit: 적합된 확률값들이 0 또는 1 입니다

summary(glmOver)

```
##
## Call:
V9 + V10 + V11 + V12 + V13 + V14 + V15 + V16 + V17 + V18 +
##
      V19 + V20 + V21 + V22 + V23 + V24 + V25 + V26 + V27 + V28 +
##
      Amount, family = "binomial", data = df)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                 3Q
                                         Max
## -8.4904 -0.2401
                     0.0000
                             0.0000
                                      2.8418
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                          3.5986
## (Intercept)
                9.5659
                                   2.658 0.00785 **
               29.0386
## V1
                          0.9291 31.256 < 2e-16 ***
## V2
               40.9521
                          2.2651 18.080 < 2e-16 ***
## V3
               16.8902
                          0.7103 23.779 < 2e-16 ***
## V4
                          0.1757 94.063 < 2e-16 ***
               16.5279
## V5
               80.8187
                          2.7664 29.214 < 2e-16 ***
## V6
              -52.3413
                          1.3074 -40.034 < 2e-16 ***
## V7
              -85.9124
                          3.7874 -22.684 < 2e-16 ***
## V8
              -37.3726
                          0.7619 -49.054 < 2e-16 ***
## V9
              -11.1676
                          0.3253 -34.330 < 2e-16 ***
## V10
              -26.5054
                          0.7250 -36.561 < 2e-16 ***
                          0.1779 48.370 < 2e-16 ***
## V11
                8.6032
## V12
              -29.5928
                          0.3911 -75.671 < 2e-16 ***
## V13
               -4.2902
                          0.1047 -40.981 < 2e-16 ***
## V14
              -34.6142
                          0.4923 -70.304 < 2e-16 ***
## V15
               -0.7128
                          0.1149 -6.205 5.46e-10 ***
## V16
              -19.5370
                          0.4883 -40.013 < 2e-16 ***
## V17
              -17.5536
                          0.7100 -24.724 < 2e-16 ***
## V18
               -3.5964
                          0.1912 -18.807 < 2e-16 ***
## V19
                1.1534
                          0.1502
                                  7.679 1.61e-14 ***
## V20
              -54.4960
                          2.2966 -23.729 < 2e-16 ***
                          0.6200 10.727 < 2e-16 ***
## V21
                6.6504
## V22
                          0.3029 45.610 < 2e-16 ***
               13.8135
## V23
               22.8353
                           1.4904 15.322 < 2e-16 ***
## V24
                0.5545
                          0.1211 4.577 4.72e-06 ***
## V25
                          0.3009 5.196 2.04e-07 ***
                1.5636
## V26
               -2.2349
                          0.1157 -19.323 < 2e-16 ***
## V27
                          1.4373 -4.534 5.79e-06 ***
               -6.5163
## V28
               18.5212
                          1.6702 11.089 < 2e-16 ***
              173.5041
                          6.2163 27.911 < 2e-16 ***
## Amount
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.05 '. 0.1 ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 630631 on 454903 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 111461 on 454874 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 111521
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 25
```

summary(glmOver)

```
##
## Call:
V9 + V10 + V11 + V12 + V13 + V14 + V15 + V16 + V17 + V18 +
##
      V19 + V20 + V21 + V22 + V23 + V24 + V25 + V26 + V27 + V28 +
##
      Amount, family = "binomial", data = df)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                 3Q
                                         Max
## -8.4904 -0.2401
                     0.0000
                             0.0000
                                      2.8418
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                          3.5986
## (Intercept)
                9.5659
                                   2.658 0.00785 **
               29.0386
## V1
                          0.9291 31.256 < 2e-16 ***
## V2
               40.9521
                          2.2651 18.080 < 2e-16 ***
## V3
               16.8902
                          0.7103 23.779 < 2e-16 ***
## V4
                          0.1757 94.063 < 2e-16 ***
               16.5279
## V5
               80.8187
                          2.7664 29.214 < 2e-16 ***
## V6
              -52.3413
                          1.3074 -40.034 < 2e-16 ***
## V7
              -85.9124
                          3.7874 -22.684 < 2e-16 ***
## V8
              -37.3726
                          0.7619 -49.054 < 2e-16 ***
## V9
              -11.1676
                          0.3253 -34.330 < 2e-16 ***
## V10
              -26.5054
                          0.7250 -36.561 < 2e-16 ***
                          0.1779 48.370 < 2e-16 ***
## V11
                8.6032
## V12
              -29.5928
                          0.3911 -75.671 < 2e-16 ***
## V13
               -4.2902
                          0.1047 -40.981 < 2e-16 ***
## V14
              -34.6142
                          0.4923 -70.304 < 2e-16 ***
## V15
               -0.7128
                          0.1149 -6.205 5.46e-10 ***
## V16
              -19.5370
                          0.4883 -40.013 < 2e-16 ***
## V17
              -17.5536
                          0.7100 -24.724 < 2e-16 ***
## V18
               -3.5964
                          0.1912 -18.807 < 2e-16 ***
## V19
                1.1534
                          0.1502
                                  7.679 1.61e-14 ***
## V20
              -54.4960
                          2.2966 -23.729 < 2e-16 ***
                          0.6200 10.727 < 2e-16 ***
## V21
                6.6504
## V22
                          0.3029 45.610 < 2e-16 ***
               13.8135
## V23
               22.8353
                           1.4904 15.322 < 2e-16 ***
## V24
                0.5545
                          0.1211 4.577 4.72e-06 ***
## V25
                          0.3009 5.196 2.04e-07 ***
                1.5636
## V26
               -2.2349
                          0.1157 -19.323 < 2e-16 ***
## V27
                          1.4373 -4.534 5.79e-06 ***
               -6.5163
## V28
               18.5212
                          1.6702 11.089 < 2e-16 ***
              173.5041
                          6.2163 27.911 < 2e-16 ***
## Amount
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.05 '. 0.1 ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 630631 on 454903 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 111461 on 454874 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 111521
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 25
```

```
confusionMatrix(predict(glmOver, type="response") >= 0.5, df[,1])->tt
t t
##
     FALSE
             TRUE
## 0 222880 4572
## 1 15068 212384
(tt[1,1]+tt[2,2])/sum(tt)*100
## [1] 95.68261
tt[1,1]/(tt[1,1]+tt[1,2])*100
## [1] 97.98991
tt[2,2]/(tt[2,1]+tt[2,2])*100
## [1] 93.37531
confusionMatrix(predict(glmOver, as.data.frame(dfTS),type="response") >= 0.5, dfTS[,1])->tt1
tt1
## FALSE TRUE
## 0 55682 1181
## 1 16 82
(tt1[1,1]+tt1[2,2])/sum(tt1)*100
## [1] 97.89856
tt1[1,1]/(tt1[1,1]+tt1[1,2])*100
## [1] 97.92308
tt1[2,2]/(tt1[2,1]+tt1[2,2])*100
## [1] 83.67347
table(dfTS$Class)
##
```

##

0

56863

1

98

```
#####VAE fitting######
if (tensorflow::tf$executing_eagerly())
  tensorflow::tf$compat$v1$disable_eager_execution()
library(keras)
K <- keras::backend()</pre>
# training parameters
vae_batch_size = 160L
fnn_batch_size = 160L
epochs = 1L
vae_ep = 1L
fnn_ep = 7L
vae_flag = 0L
sel_pr_up = 1.0 # upper bound probability for VAE
sel_pr_dw = 0.0 # lower bound probability for VAE
sel_rate = 0.6
vae_w1 = 0.0
vae_w2 = 0.0
vae_w3 = 1.0
# latent and intermediate dimension
latent_dim = 2L
intermediate_dim = 10L
epsilon_std <- 0.1
# input image dimensions
input\_shape = c(k+1)
# encoder
original_input_size = c(k+1)
inp <- layer_input(shape = original_input_size)</pre>
x \leftarrow layer_lambda(inp, f=function(x) \{x[,2:(k+1)]\})
y \leftarrow layer_lambda(inp, f=function(x) \{x[,1:1]\})
hidden_1 <- layer_dense(x, units=intermediate_dim, activation="relu")
dropout_1 <- layer_dropout(hidden_1, rate = 0.5)</pre>
hidden_2 <- layer_dense(dropout_1, units=intermediate_dim, activation="relu")
dropout_2 <- layer_dropout(hidden_2, rate = 0.5)</pre>
z_mean = layer_dense(dropout_2, units = latent_dim)
z_log_var <- layer_dense(hidden_2, units = latent_dim)</pre>
# sampling part
sampling <- function(args) {</pre>
  z_mean <- args[, 1:(latent_dim)]</pre>
  z_log_var <- args[, (latent_dim + 1):(2 * latent_dim)]</pre>
  epsilon <- k_random_normal(
    shape = c(k_shape(z_mean)[[1]]),
```

```
mean = 0.,
    stddev = epsilon_std
  z_{mean} + k_{exp}(z_{log_var}) * epsilon
z <- layer_concatenate(list(z_mean, z_log_var)) %>% layer_lambda(sampling)
# decoder + prediction model
output_shape = c(vae_batch_size, k)
decoder_hidden = layer_dense(units=intermediate_dim, activation="relu")
decoder_upsample = layer_dense(units = intermediate_dim, activation="relu")
decoder_reshape <- layer_reshape(target_shape = intermediate_dim)</pre>
decoder_hidden1 = layer_dense(units=k, activation="sigmoid")
pred_layer = layer_dense(units = 1, activation = "sigmoid")
hidden_decoded = decoder_hidden(z)
up_decoded = decoder_upsample(hidden_decoded)
reshape_decoded <- decoder_reshape(up_decoded)</pre>
hidden1_decoded = decoder_hidden1(reshape_decoded)
y_pred =pred_layer(hidden1_decoded)
vae_loss <- function(y, y_pred) {</pre>
  x \leftarrow k_flatten(x)
  x_decoded_mean_squash <- k_flatten(hidden1_decoded)</pre>
  xent_loss <- 1.0 * # initial weight = 1</pre>
    loss_mean_squared_error(x, x_decoded_mean_squash) # loss_categorical_crossentropy도 시도해
볼 것
  kl_{loss} < -0.5 * k_{mean}(1 + z_{log_var} - k_{square}(z_{mean}) - \# initial weight = -0.5
                              k_{exp}(z_{log_var}), axis = -1L)
  p_loss < -1.0 * loss_binary_crossentropy(y, y_pred) # initial weight = 0 * 12000
  k_mean(xent_loss*vae_w1 + kl_loss*vae_w2 + p_loss*vae_w3)
}
vae <- keras_model(inp, y_pred)</pre>
optimizers <- keras::keras$optimizers
vae %>% compile(optimizer = optimizers$legacy$RMSprop(learning_rate=0.0001), loss = vae_loss,
                metrics = c("accuracy"))
# summary(vae)
## encoder: model to project inputs on the latent space
# encoder <- keras_model(inp, list(z_mean, z_log_var))</pre>
## build a digit generator that can sample from the learned distribution
# gen_decoder_input <- layer_input(shape = latent_dim)</pre>
# gen_hidden_decoded <- decoder_hidden(gen_decoder_input)</pre>
# gen_up_decoded <- decoder_upsample(gen_hidden_decoded)</pre>
# gen_hidden1_decoded <- decoder_hidden1(gen_up_decoded)</pre>
# generator <- keras_model(gen_decoder_input, gen_hidden1_decoded)</pre>
```

```
vae1 <- keras_model(inp, hidden1_decoded) # can be used for generating synthetic samples for ca
se 0 and 1
# summary(vae1)
model1 <- keras_model_sequential() %>%
    layer_dense(units = 1, activation = "sigmoid", input_shape = c(29))
            layer_dense(units = 1, activation = "sigmoid")
  # %>%
 model1 %>% compile(
    optimizer = "rmsprop",
    loss = "binary_crossentropy",
   metrics = c("accuracy")
  )
history2 <- model1 %>% fit(
    as.matrix(df[,-1]), as.matrix(df[,1]),
    shuffle = TRUE,
    epochs = fnn_ep, batch_size = fnn_batch_size,
    validation_data = list(as.matrix(dfTS[,-1]), as.matrix(dfTS[,1]))
    , verbose = 0
  )
temp3<-predict(model1,as.matrix(df[,-1]))
confusionMatrix(temp3>=0.5, df[,1]) -> tt3
tt3
##
     FALSE
            TRUE
## 0 224715 2737
## 1 24233 203219
(tt3[1,1]+tt3[2,2])/(sum(tt3))*100
## [1] 94.07128
tt3[1,1]/(tt3[1,1]+tt3[1,2])*100
## [1] 98.79667
tt3[2,2]/(tt3[2,1]+tt3[2,2])*100
## [1] 89.34588
temp3 <- predict(model1, as.matrix(dfTS[,-1]))</pre>
confusionMatrix(temp3>=0.5, dfTS[,1]) -> tt3
tt3
```

```
## FALSE TRUE
## 0 56147 716
## 1 16 82
```

(tt3[1,1]+tt3[2,2])/(sum(tt3))*100

[1] 98.71491

tt3[1,1]/(tt3[1,1]+tt3[1,2])*100

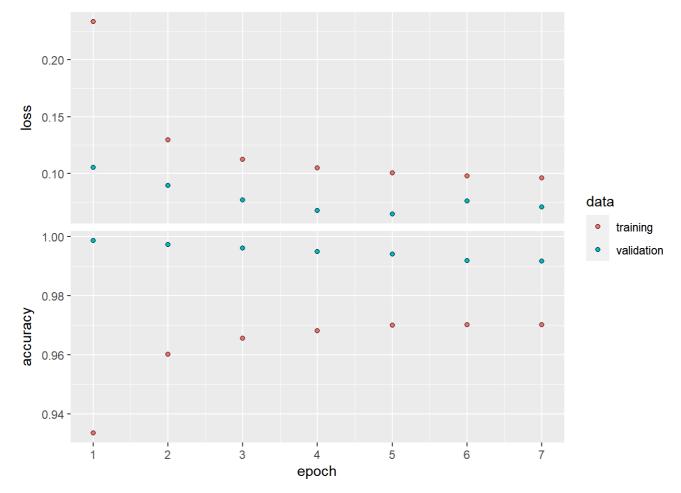
[1] 98.74083

tt3[2,2]/(tt3[2,1]+tt3[2,2])*100

[1] 83.67347

```
# i : number of epoch
# i : number of batchs for one epoch
for (i in epochs) {
  # FNN MODEL FITTING
  model1 <- keras_model_sequential() %>%
    layer_dense(units = 1, activation = "sigmoid", input_shape = c(29))
          layer_dense(units = 1, activation = "sigmoid")
  model1 %>% compile(
    optimizer = "rmsprop",
    loss = "binary_crossentropy",
    metrics = c("accuracy")
  )
  # Insert VAE part here if needed
  if(vae_flag == 1){
    history = vae %>% fit(
      as.matrix(df), as.matrix(df[,1]),
      shuffle = TRUE,
      epochs = vae_ep,
      batch_size = vae_batch_size,
      validation_data = list(as.matrix(df_test), as.matrix(df_test[,1])),
     verbose = 0
   )
  }
  # whole train and test data preparation
  library(dplyr)
  temp0 <- predict(vae1, as.matrix(df))</pre>
  temp <- predict(vae, as.matrix(df))</pre>
  temp1 <- as.data.frame(cbind(c(1), temp0[temp<=quantile(temp, sel_pr_up) & temp>=quantile(tem
p, sel_pr_dw),]))
  names(temp1) = names(dfTR0)
  samp_ind = sample(1:nrow(temp), size = round(nrow(temp)*sel_rate))
  temp1 <- temp1[samp_ind,]</pre>
  temp2 <- dfTR0 %>% sample_frac(nrow(temp1)/nrow(dfTR0), replace = TRUE)
  train_df <-rbind(temp2, dfTR0, overDF1, temp1)</pre>
  train_df <- train_df[sample(1:nrow(train_df)),]</pre>
  # print(i)
  ## ---- Fitting ------
 history2 <- model1 %>% fit(
    as.matrix(train_df[,-1]), as.matrix(train_df[,1]),
    shuffle = TRUE,
    epochs = fnn_ep, batch_size = fnn_batch_size,
```

```
validation_data = list(as.matrix(dfTS[,-1]), as.matrix(dfTS[,1]))
    , verbose = 0
  print("FNN")
 print(history2)
 # plot(history2)
 print("VAE")
  if(vae_flag == 1){
    print(history)}
  #plot(history)
 print(j)
}
##
## 다음의 패키지를 부착합니다: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
##
## [1] "FNN"
## Trained on 1,000,788 samples (batch_size=160, epochs=7)
## Final epoch (plot to see history):
##
          loss: 0.09596
##
      accuracy: 0.9702
##
      val_loss: 0.07053
## val_accuracy: 0.9917
## [1] "VAE"
## [1] 1
if(vae_flag == 1){
 plot(history)
}
plot(history2)
```



```
temp3 <- predict(vae, as.matrix(dfTS))
confusionMatrix(temp3>=0.5, dfTS[,1]) -> tt
tt
```

```
## TRUE
## 0 56863
## 1 98
```

```
(tt[1,1]+tt[2,2])/(sum(tt))*100
```

numeric(0)

```
tt[1,1]/(tt[1,1]+tt[1,2])*100
```

numeric(0)

```
tt[2,2]/(tt[2,1]+tt[2,2])*100
```

```
## numeric(0)
```

```
temp3 <- predict(model1, as.matrix(dfTS[,-1]))
confusionMatrix(temp3>=0.5, dfTS[,1]) -> tt3
tt3
```

```
## FALSE TRUE
## 0 56405 458
## 1 16 82
```

(tt3[1,1]+tt3[2,2])/(sum(tt3))*100

[1] 99.16785

accuracy for case 0

tt3[1,1]/(tt3[1,1]+tt3[1,2])*100

[1] 99.19456

accuracy for case 1

tt3[2,2]/(tt3[2,1]+tt3[2,2])*100

[1] 83.67347