

# Leadership is language

The Hidden Power of What You Say and What You Don't - L. DAVID MARQUET



## Redwork

Active production  
"Prove"



## Bluework

Thinking / Learning  
"Improve"



"We are all both Redworkers and Blueworkers"

"A real danger to use old thinking in new situations"

A NEW PLAYBOOK

## 1) Control the clock : exiting redwork

Bluework allows us to adapt BUT you have no chance to do bluework if you don't control the clock



Make a pause possible : Invite a pause  
Give the pause a name

Call a pause  
Preplan the next one

"If you are on the team and see something unexpected, it's your responsibility to call a pause"



**Be curious, not compelling**  
Seek first to understand, Then to be understood  
Ask better questions (start with what / how)



"Before I tell you what I think we should do,  
what would you do if I weren't there"

LEADERS SPEAK LAST

Invite dissent rather than drive consensus

Dissent cards



Give information, not instructions'  
From "Park there" to "I see a parking spot there"

"A leader's obligation is to listen to the dissenters"

## 3) Commit

### Commit to Learn, Not (just) Do

Develop hypothesis to test rather than making decisions to execute



Chunk it small  
BUT do it all

### Commit actions, not beliefs

Once the decision is made don't try to convince dissenters



## 4) Complete : the end of Redwork



Celebrate with, NOT For



Focus on behavior, not characteristics



Focus on Journey, Not destination  
Invite people to tell their story

At the beginning of a project : shorter redwork periods  
More frequent bluework periods to bias toward learning and improving

### Celebrate FOR

"Good job" / "I'm so proud of you"  
Transference of the reward to us rather than leaving it with the person

### Celebrate WITH

Use descriptive statements : "I see", "I noticed", "It looks like"

## 5) Improve : completing the cycle

"Employees with the autonomy to decide how to go about solving problems and achieving goals innovate"

### Forward, Not Backward

"What do we want to do differently next time ?"



### Process, not people

"How could this be done better ?"

### Outward, not inward

Focusing on others instead of oneself

"What could we do better serve our customers ?"

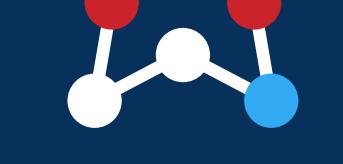
### Achieve excellence, Not avoid errors

## Flatten the power gradient

Amount of social distance between one person and another

## Admit you don't know

Hard to connect with a Know-it-all



## 6) Connect : enabling play

### Be vulnerable

"How is everyone feeling about this ?  
I think I'm moving away from excited toward worried"

### Trust first

What do we want to do differently next time ?

"Changed the way we communicated, changed the culture"

#sharingiscaring

by Yoan THIRION @yot88

# CULTURE IS EVERYTHING

BY TRISTAN WHITE

THE STORY AND SYSTEM OF A START-UP THAT BECAME AUSTRALIA'S BEST PLACE TO WORK

## 1) DISCOVER THE CORE



### CORE PURPOSE

Define yours : Inspiring / Valid in Time / Help to think Expansively / Help you Decide / Truly authentic to your company

"A CORE PURPOSE IS THE REASON AN ORGANISATION EXISTS"

### CORE VALUES (3 TO 5)

- Inspire great behavior
- Make them short, sharp and memorable
- Each value should be an action statement



SHARE CORE VALUE STORIES TO REWARD / RECOGNIZE / REEDUCATE

- MVP Program
- Share stories of team members
  - Living core values
  - Celebrate their successes



## 2) DOCUMENT THE FUTURE

CREATE A TEN-YEAR OBSESSION THAT ACTS AS YOUR NORTH STAR



### PAINTED PICTURES - 3 YEAR GOALS

- Broken down vision
- Make it : clear / specific / possible
- Communicate progress often
- Obsess over it
- Make it fun

"A STRONG CULTURE NEEDS A CLEAR VISION"

## 3) EXECUTE RELENTLESSLY

### HAVE AN ENERGETIC DAILY HUDDLE

- Aligns everyone to the Painted Picture
- 12 minutes / day



### ROBUST RECRUITMENT PROCESS

- Culture fit : examples of lived core values
- Passion for the work
- Passion for the company
- Key skills



"A STRONG CULTURE NEEDS EVERY TEAM MEMBER ALIGNED TO THE SAME VISION AND LIVING THE SAME VALUES."

## 4) SHOW MORE LOVE

### MEMORABLE WELCOME EXPERIENCE

### FACE-TO-FACE COMMUNICATION

### PARTIES & CELEBRATIONS

### GENUINE APPRECIATION / THKS



HAVE INTEREST FOR INFLUENCERS (Not on the payroll : Kids, Friends, Family, ...)



### CULTURE BOOK

Story of your organization



### 19 STEPS

To build a GPTW

"CULTURE IS THE CEO'S RESPONSIBILITY : TOO IMPORTANT TO DELEGATE"

# Technical Agile Coaching

## with the Samman Method

by Emily Bache

A METHOD for people who want to make a difference and improve the way software is built

### Wording



**Samman** : Swedish word for "together"

Describes this coaching method

**Ensemble** : French word for "together"

Describes Mob Programming



### Focus on

Technical practices  
How people write code



### Foundation

Cultivate good relationships

Effective ways to learn from one another

Change behaviours for the long term

### WHY ?

- Build new features with Shorter lead time Higher quality
- Attract skilled developers Avoid drowning in technical debt
- Increase business agility and success

### ON WHAT ?

Incremental / Iterative Development  
Safe refactoring



Better unit tests  
Continuous Integration

### HOW ?

Ensemble working  
Learning Hours



### TIMELINE

10-20 coaching days / Team



### EXPECTED OUTCOMES

1) AWARENESS ON  
Good unit tests  
Continuous Integration  
Refactoring



2) NEXT  
Successfully meet deadlines  
Deliver High Quality Code

### MEASURES



Attitudes  
Deadlines met  
Bugs reduction  
Productivity



Friendly people collaborating  
like musicians

## ENSEMBLE WORKING

"All the brilliant minds working together on the same thing, at the same time, in the same space, and at the same computer - We call it 'Mob Programming' - Woody Zuill

### TYPIST



Has the keyboard and mouse  
Enter the code for the Ensemble



### NAVIGATOR

Speaks for the Ensemble  
Explains what code enter



### COACH

Promote better ways of working  
Spread Knowledge

### TEAM-MEMBERS



Lead the work  
Talk and make the decisions



### FACILITATOR

Remind working agreements  
Help to reflect and improve



### OTHER ROLES

Researcher : Search for the Ensemble  
Archivist : Log choices



### LET THE ENSEMBLE GIVE YOU SUPERPOWERS

Learn as much from the team as they learn from you  
Keep your technical skills sharp & up-to-date  
Continue to write code every day

### KINDNESS, CONSIDERATION AND RESPECT

Treat everyone with kindness, consideration, respect  
Pay attention  
Yes and ...  
Call out bad behavior

### COACHING BEHAVIORS IN THE ENSEMBLE

#### Teach

Breathing space

#### Coach

Retrospect

#### Mentor

Facilitate



Take Short Breaks

Turn up the good

A lot of great sample sessions  
are described in the book

For an organization to succeed in the modern world, it needs to be a learning organization

## LEARNING OUTCOMES AND OBJECTIVES



What really matters :

What happens afterwards ?

Will they be able to apply what they've learnt ?

What is the outcome you're hoping to achieve ?

Start with the end in mind



### WHY 1 HOUR EVERY DAY ?

Become more productive and happier

Add up more than compensate the time you spent

### 4C LEARNING MODEL

by Sharon Bowman

Connect : Get people in the right head-space

Concept : Introduce the new skills you want the participants to learn

Concrete : Hands-on exercises to practice

Conclusions : An opportunity for people to consolidate



DIFFERENT TRUMPS SAME

Vary the format

## SAMMAN COACHING ENGAGEMENTS

### MOVEMENT TRUMPS SITTING

Learn more when you're feeling awake

### TALKING TRUMPS LISTENING

Talk reinforces your memory

### IMAGES TRUMP WORDS

Tell stories that bring pictures in mind



### WRITING TRUMPS READING

Force to concentrate

### SHORTER TRUMPS LONGER

10-20 minute chunks

### IDEAS TO IMPROVE

## DESIGN LEARNING EXPERIENCES THAT FIT WITH HOW THE BRAIN WORKS

### IDEAS TO IMPROVE

### IDEAS TO IMPROVE</

# LEADERSHIP STRATEGY and TACTICS

by Jocko Willink

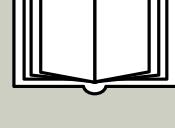
"A good leader has nothing to prove, but everything to prove."

## STRATEGIES



### Detach

Mentally from the problem



### Humility

Always learn



### Leaders tell the TRUTH

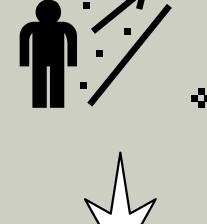


### Control Yourself

Don't overreact



### Earn Influence & RESPECT



### Self Discipline



### No Yes-men

Favor challenging people



### Pride

Drives positive behavior

## SKILLS to be a Good Leader



Simple Communication  
Confidence  
Charisma  
Read People

Acknowledge Strengths/Weaknesses

## The Power of Relationships

basis of all good leadership



## HOW TO SUCCEED AS A NEW LEADER ?

BEHAVIORS

### Take Ownership

Of failures and mistakes



### Get the Job DONE

Of failures and mistakes

### Pass Credit

For success up and down

### Treat People with Respect

Take care of them / will take care of you.

SELF-BEING

### Build

Build trust



### Listen

Ask for advice and heed it

## Don't Act Like you Know Everything

You don't... Ask smart questions

RELATIONSHIPS

### Be Balanced

Extreme actions / opinions  
are not good.



### Work Hard

Work harder than anyone

### Be Decisive

When it is time to make a decision  
make one

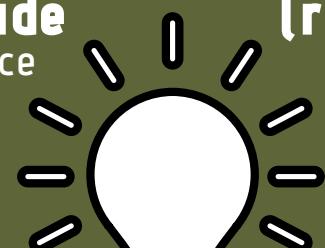


### Be Humble

An honor to be in a  
leadership position

### Have Integrity

Do what you say; say what you do.



### (re)Building Confidence

Fixing negative attitude  
Maybe not at the right place

### Building high-level team players

Put junior in charge

### Teaching Humility

Fix overconfidence

by Yoan THIRION

# SOFTWARE DESIGN X-RAYS

Fix Technical Debt With Behavioral Code Analysis by Adam Tornhill



## Technical Debt

- Explain the need for refactorings
- Communicate technical trade-offs



Apply at all levels (Micro and Macro)  
Interest Rate Is a Function of Time

Bad Code is Technical Debt if you have to  
PAY INTEREST ON IT

## Identify Code with High Interest Rates

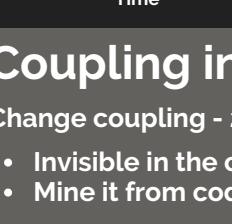
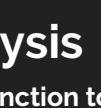
### Prioritize Technical Debt with Hotspots

Complicated code that you have to work with often

- Change frequency of each file
- Lines of code as a simple measure of code complexity



### Hotspot



### Evaluate Hotspots with Complexity Trends

- Complexity : indentation-based complexity
- Language agnostic



### X-Ray analysis

Prioritized list of function to :

- Inspect
- Possibly refactor

### Coupling in Time - A Heuristic for the Concept of Surprise

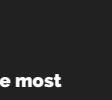
Change coupling - 2 (or more) files change

- Invisible in the code itself
- Mine it from code's history and evolution



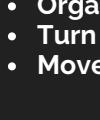
Is and Isn't Temporal Coupling  
(ex : Unit Tests)

Neither good nor bad  
all depends on context



"Change coupling can help us design better software as we uncover expensive change patterns in our code"

## Refactor Congested Code with the Splinter Pattern

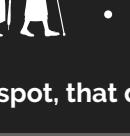


Break a hotspot into smaller parts

- Along its responsibilities
- Maintaining the original API for a transient period

"Parallel Development Is at Conflict with Refactoring"

### How to ?



1. Ensure tests cover the splinter candidate
2. Identify the behaviors inside your hotspot
3. Refactor for proximity
4. Extract a new module for the behavior with the most development activity
5. Delegate to the new module
6. Perform regression tests
7. Select the next behavior to refactor and start over at 4

## Stabilize Code by Age



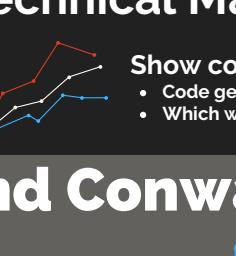
- Promotes long-term memory models of code
- Less cognitive load : less active code
- Prioritizes test suites to shorten lead times

"Always remember that just because some code is a hotspot, that doesn't necessarily mean it's a problem."

## Divide and Conquer with Architectural Hotspots

Identify your architectural boundaries :

Often based on the folder structure of the codebase



Analyze the files in each architectural hotspot

Hotspot analysis on an architectural level :

- Identify the subsystems with the most development effort
- Visualize the complexity trend of a whole architectural component

Fight the Normalization of Deviance

- Each time you accept a risk, the deviations become the new normal
- Complexity trends as WHISTLEBLOWERS

"The more often something is changed the more important it is that the corresponding code is of high quality so all those changes are simple and low risk"

## Communicate with Nontechnical Managers - Data buys trust



% of commits involving top hotspots

- Demonstrate importance of this code
- Support new features and innovations



Show complexity trends

- Code gets worse over time
- Which will slow us down



Coordination bottlenecks

- Add people side to the presentation

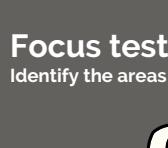
## Rank Code by Diffusion



Calculate a fractal value

- How many different authors have contributed
- How the work is distributed among them

0 : Single author  
1 : the more contributors there are



1 Color per Author

Module 1

30%

Module 2

90%

Module 1 : Many minor contributors

Higher risk for defects



Module 2 : 1 main developer

Reduced risks

"Ranks all the modules in our codebase based on how diffused the development effort is"

## Use Fractal Values to



Prioritize code reviews

Done right - a proven defect-removal



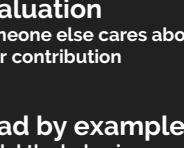
Focus tests

Identify the areas to focus extra tests



Replan suggested features

If high developer congestion



Redesign for increased parallelism

Candidate for splinter refactorings ?



Introduce areas of responsibility

introduce teams aligned with the structure of the code

## Use Social Data

### Fight motivation losses in Teams

Evaluation

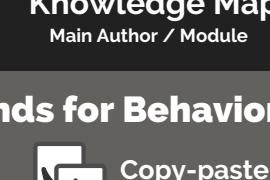
Someone else cares about your contribution



### Visibility

- Recognize contributions
- Present knowledge maps

Small Groups



### Guide On and Off-boarding

Identify the Experts

Find out who to communicate with

Measure Future Knowledge Loss

React to Knowledge Loss

Focus to maintain knowledge



Data

Minimum amount of data



Incorrect author info

Need a minimum amount of data



Copy-paste repositories

Fails to migrate its history



Misused squash commits

When applied to work committed by several individuals

# SUCCEEDING WITH OKRS IN AGILE

BY ALLAN KELLY <https://www.allankellyassociates.co.uk/>



## OBJECTIVES



AVOID BOXING YOURSELF  
INTO A SPECIFIC APPROACH OR SOLUTION



RETOOL THE DELIVERY PIPELINE TO FACILITATE CONTINUOUS DELIVERY



MAKE THE VALUE THAT BRINGS OBVIOUS  
SO THAT...

INCREASE ROI BY REDUCING TIME TO MARKET WITH  
A NEW DELIVERY PIPELINE AND CONTINUOUS DELIVERY PRACTICES

## KEY RESULTS



FIGHT AGAINST DOMINOS

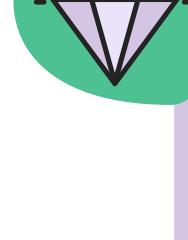
DON'T ACCEPT DEPENDENCIES

SMALLER GOALS THAT BUILD TOWARDS THE OBJECTIVE



EACH ONE MUST DELIVER VALUE

ALL ABOUT DELIVERING OUTCOMES THAT ADD VALUE



## KEY RESULTS TRICKS



### EXPERIMENTS

SAFER FOR THE TEAM TO TAKE ON RISK

SUCCESS = DOING THE EXPERIMENT ITSELF AND ABSORBING THE LEARNING

### USE SURVEY

MAKE CHANGES TO PEOPLE  
TEST IT WITH SURVEY

TAKE SURVEY



### TIME-BOXES

EXPERIMENT SOMETHING FOR N WEEKS



### HYPOTHESIS-DRIVEN DEVELOPMENT

WE BELIEVE <THIS CAPABILITY>  
WILL RESULT IN <THIS OUTCOME>  
WE WILL HAVE CONFIDENCE TO PROCEED WHEN <WE SEE A MEASURABLE SIGNAL>

"if you aren't failing, you aren't trying"

## WHY ?

FILL A NEED AT THE MID-TERM  
PLANNING LEVEL



LATER  
LOOK MONTHS / YEARS INTO THE FUTURE



SOON : OKRS  
LOOK TO THE NEXT FEW MONTHS

NOW : SPRINT PLANNING  
FEW WEEKS INTO THE FUTURE

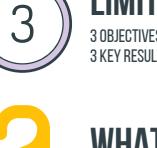


CREATE FOCUS  
TELLS YOU WHEN TO STOP



## TRUE NORTH

GUIDE AND FIGHT TO STAY ON COURSE  
DON'T STICK BLINDLY TO OKRS AS THE WORLD AROUND CHANGES



- EASIER TO COMMUNICATE WHAT A TEAM IS DOING
- A MEANS OF COMMUNICATING STATUS AND PROGRESS
- SUCCESS MOTIVATES CONTINUATION

OKRS ENHANCE COMMUNICATION

## HOW TO ?

OBJECTIVE VALUE >  $\Sigma$  (KEY RESULTS VALUES)



### BOTTOM UP

DON'T IMPOSE OKRS FROM ABOVE  
TEAM RESPONSIBLE FOR SETTING THEIR OWN OKRS AND DELIVERING THEM



### LIMIT THEIR NUMBER

3 OBJECTIVES  
3 KEY RESULTS PER OBJECTIVE



### LEADERS

BUILD PSYCHOLOGICAL SAFETY / MAKE FAILURE AN OPTION  
MAKE COMPLETELY CLEAR WHAT THE PRIORITIES ARE



### DECIDE WHAT YOU WANT : OBJECTIVE



SET A SERIES OF ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA : KEY RESULTS  
EACH KEY RESULT SHOULD BE MEASURABLE

### GET ON AND DEVELOP



DON'T CONSIDER YOURSELF DONE UNTIL

YOU CAN PASS THE TESTS

YOU MEET THE OBJECTIVES

"As with agile, you need to find your own way to OKRs [...] be prepared to experiment."

## OKRS AND BACKLOG

### BACKLOG FIRST

SUCCESS : BURN DOWN THE BACKLOG  
OKRS : ONE OF SEVERAL INPUTS



### OKRS FIRST

SUCCESS : DELIVER OKRS  
OKRS ARE EVERYTHING

## TIMELINE

SET OKRS A FEW WEEKS BEFORE NEXT QUARTER  
2 OR 3 SHOULD BE FINE



REVIEW AT THE END OF EACH QUARTER

## CULTURE

"if you aren't failing, you aren't trying"

### DELIVERY CULTURE

VALUE DELIVERY (WORKING PRODUCTS USED BY CUSTOMERS)

NOT HOURS WORKED, NOT PARTIALLY DONE WORK



DON'T LINK REMUNERATION TO OKR OUTCOMES



### SUPPORTIVE CULTURE

PSYCHOLOGICAL SAFETY

FAILURES WILL HAPPEN



IF MONEY ATTACHED

- PEOPLE FEEL COMPELLED TO CHASE 100% SUCCESS
- EASIEST WAY = REDUCE THE TARGET

#SHARINGISCARING

# TEAM TOPOLOGIES

by Matthew Skelton and Manuel Pais

TEAM AS THE MEANS OF DELIVERY



Team assignments  
First draft of the architecture



Inverse Conway manoeuvre  
Organize teams to match the architecture you want

- Not all communication / collaboration is good
- Restrict communication between teams
- Focus communication between specific teams

"Disbanding high-performing teams is worse than vandalism: it is corporate psychopathy."

— Allan Kelly, Project Myopia

## TEAM FIRST-THINKING

S-9

Dunbar's number

Seven-to-nine MAX  
> Trust will break down



Use Small, Long-Lived Teams

As the Standard  
Autonomous



Owns the Software

"Continuity of care"  
No shared ownership

Minimize Team Cognitive Load

Total amount of mental effort used in the working memory  
Use good boundaries



Embrace Diversity

Produce more creative solutions

Reward the Whole Team

Not individuals

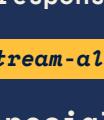


## TEAM TOPOLOGIES THAT WORK FOR FAST FLOW

STREAM-ALIGNED TEAM

Team aligned to a single  
valuable business  
stream of work

Product or service



User Journey



Primary type in an  
organization  
(80/90 %)

- Work on the full spectrum of delivery
- Requires clarity of purpose and responsibility

Set of features

User Journey

User Persona

Help stream-aligned teams acquire  
missing capabilities

HIRE SPECIALIST



Composed of specialists

In a given technical or product domain



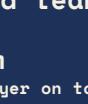
Collaborative nature

Focus on stream-aligned teams problems first  
Not the solutions per se

"Do not exist to fix problems that arise from poor practices, prioritization choices, or code quality within stream-aligned teams."



Reduce cognitive load of  
stream-aligned teams that needs to  
use the complicated subsystem



Responsible for building / maintaining

A part of the system

That depends heavily on specialist knowledge

Examples : Video processing codec, Mathematical model, Real-time trade, Reconciliation algorithm, Face-recognition, ...

"Prioritizes and delivers upcoming work [...] respecting the needs of the stream-aligned teams that use the complicated subsystem."

PLATFORM TEAM

Provide internal services to reduce  
cognitive load of stream-aligned teams



Treat services as products

Reliable / Usable

Fit for purpose

Thick platform

Combination of several inner platform teams

Providing a myriad of services

Thin platform



Could simply be a layer on top of  
a vendor-provided solution



Provision new server instance

Provide tools for access management

"A digital platform is a foundation of self-service APIs, tools, services, knowledge and support which are arranged as a compelling internal product."

## Convert Common Team Types to the Fundamental Team Topologies

"Most organizations would see major gains in effectiveness by mapping each of their teams to one of the four fundamental topologies [...] to adopt the purpose and behavior patterns of that topology..."



Infrastructure Teams



PLATFORM TEAM



Tooling Teams

Or

ENABLING TEAM

PLATFORM TEAM



Component Teams



PLATFORM TEAM

Or other



Architecture

Part time

Split with FRACTURE PLANES

Software boundaries

Natural Seam

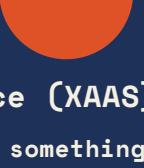
Allowing the system to be split easily



User Personas

Technology

Change Cadence



Regulatory Compliance

Team Location

Risk

Performance Isolation

Business Domain Bounded Context

## EVOLVING TEAM INTERACTIONS FOR INNOVATION AND RAPID DELIVERY

3 INTERACTION MODES

"Well-Defined Interactions Are Key to Effective Teams"

Interaction patterns per topology



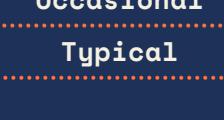
Collaboration

2 teams work together  
On a shared goal  
During discovery of new technology or approaches



X as-a-Service (XAAS)

1 team consumes something  
Provided by another team  
Such as an API, a tool, or a full software product



Facilitating

1 team facilitates another team  
Learning / adopting new approach  
(usually an enabling team)

STREAM-ALIGNED TEAM

ENABLING TEAM

COMPLICATED SUBSYSTEM TEAM

PLATFORM TEAM

Typical

Occasional

Occasional

Occasional

Typical

Typical

Typical

Occasional

Typical

## EVOLUTIONARY PATTERNS



Collaboration



X as-a-Service



X as-a-Service



Collaboration



Facilitating



No Interaction

Teams should ask

What kind of interaction should we have with this other team ?

Should we be collaborating closely with the other team?

Should we be expecting or providing a service?

Or should we be expecting or providing facilitation?



How to get started ?

1. Start with the Team

2. Identify Suitable Streams of Change

3. Identify a Thinnest Viable Platform (services needed)

4. Identify Capability Gaps (Team Coaching, Mentoring,...)

5. Share and Practice Different Interaction Modes

Explain Principles behind New Ways of Working

IN ADDITION

Healthy organizational culture

Supports professional development of individuals and teams

Safe to speak

Learn continuously



Good engineering practices

Test-first development

Focus on continuous delivery / operability

Pairing / mobbing for code review ...

Healthy funding / financial practices

Avoiding the pernicious effects of a CapEx/OpEx

Avoiding project-driven deadlines and large-batch budgeting

Allocating training budgets to teams or groups rather than individuals



Clarity of business vision

With horizons at human-relevant timescales

Clear reasoning behind the priorities

ayot88

#sharingiscaring

BY YOAN THIRION

ayot88

# Refactoring at Scale



By Maude Lemaire

## Refactoring

Restructure existing code  
WITHOUT changing its external behavior



## At Scale

- One that affects a substantial surface area of your systems
- Involves typically large codebases

## Benefits

- Increase developer productivity
- Greater ease identifying bugs



## Risks

- Serious Regressions
- Unearthing Dormant Bugs
- Scope Creep



## Shift in Product Requirements

## Performance issues

## Using a new Technology



## Code Complexity Hinders Development

Small Scope

## For Fun or Out of Boredom

Because You Happened to Be Passing By



## When You Don't Have Time

To Make Code More Extendable

When NOT ?

## PLANNING

## MEASURE OUR STARTING STATE



### Measure Code Complexity

- Halstead metrics
- Cyclomatic Complexity
- NPath Complexity



### Test Coverage Metrics

- Quantitatively : proportion of code under test
- Qualitatively : suitable test quality has been attained



### Documentation

- Formal : everything you most likely think of as documentation
- Informal : Chat / email transcripts, Bug Tracking system, ...



### Version Control

- Commit messages : keywords for given code
- Commits in Agg : change frequencies, authorship



### Reputation

- Low-effort means of collecting reputation data
- Interview fellow developers



### Build a Complete Picture

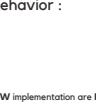
Pick one metric from every category

## DRAFT A PLAN



### Define your end state

Outline all starting metrics and target end metrics



### Map the shortest distance

- Open a blank document technique
- OR Gather a few coworkers



### Identify Strategic Intermediate Milestones

- 1) Does this step feel attainable in a reasonable period?
- 2) Is this step valuable on its own?
- 3) If something comes up, could we stop at this step and pick it back up easily later?



### Dark Mode / Light Mode

Compare pre-refactor and post-refactor behavior :

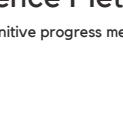
- Both implementations are called
- The results are compared

Light

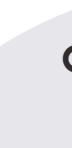
The results from the OLD implementation are RETURNED

The results from the NEW implementation are RETURNED

### Choose a Rollout Strategy



- Put in place an abstraction
- Enable dark mode
  - Monitor any differences between the 2 result sets
  - Track down and fix any potential bugs in the new implementation
- Enabling dark mode to broader groups of users
  - Continue logging any differences in the result sets
  - Opt groups of users into light mode
    - Until everyone is successfully processing results from the new implementation
    - Disable execution of both code paths
    - Remove the old logic



### Clean Up Artifacts

- Feature Flags
- Dead Code
- Comments (TODOS)



### Reference Metrics

Include definitive progress metrics



### Share your plan

- Provide Transparency
- Gather perspective to strengthen it

"No refactor is complete unless all remaining transitional artifacts are properly cleaned up"

## GET BUY-IN

### Always remember



Aren't Coding

See the Risk

Are Evaluated Differently

Need to Coordinate

Managers

Using Conversational Devices

### Persuade Them

(some techniques)



Rely on Evidence

Play Hardball

## 2 Ways to Enlist Someone



### Active Contributor

- Heavily involved from day one
- Actively contributing to the effort by writing code
- Consulted for input on the execution plan



### Subject matter experts (SMEs)

- Agreed to be available to talk through solutions with you
- Answer questions
- Can do some code review

### Matchmaking

Match each expertise with one or more people



"To execute on a large refactoring effort successfully, we need our own Ocean's 11 [...]

a team just the right size with just the right skills"

## EXECUTION

### Stand-Ups

Everyone aligned at regular intervals

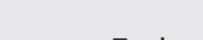


### Weekly Syncs

- 1st part : accomplishments
- 2nd part : discuss any important topics

### Retrospectives

Reflect on the latest iteration cycle



### Within Your Team

### When Kicking Off

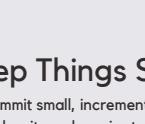
#### Single Source of Truth

Choose a platform to collect all documentation

#### Set Expectations

Draft a communication plan

### During Project Execution



#### Announce Progress

#### Execution Plan

Living Version

### Outside Your Team

### COMMUNICATION

"Policy of no laptops and minimal phone usage during meetings"

## PROGRAM PRODUCTIVELY

### Prototype



### Early and often

Help move faster

### Know your solution won't be perfect

Not spend too much time perfecting the details

### Be willing to throw code away



### Keep Things Small

- Commit small, incremental changes
- Makes it much easier to author great code

### Test, Test, Test

- Confirm everything has remained unaffected
- Or pinpoint the precise moment at which the behavior diverged

### Asking the "Stupid" Question

- Prioritize clarity
- Over maintaining an illusion of omniscience

## MAKE THE REFACTOR STICK

### Foster Adoption through education

#### Active

Planning / leading workshops

#### TUTORIAL

- Step-by-step tutorials
- Online courses, ...

#### Passive

### Integrate Improvement into the Culture



### To maintain a healthy codebase

- Continuous small refactoring
- Incrementally improve areas of the codebase

### Hold design reviews

- Early in the feature development process

### Encourage design conversations

### Case Studies @Slack

- Redundant Database Schemas
- Migrating to a New Database



# La liberté du commandement

L'esprit d'équipage

Vice Amiral LOÏC FINAZ



- Mener des hommes au combat pour porter la mort
- Peut conduire à la recevoir

Commander

Diriger une entreprise



Partager une vision, Mobiliser l'intelligence

Structurer l'organisation



Préserver le patrimoine

Faire réfléchir et grandir



Générer de la valeur / innover

Manager



Commander 1 bâtiment de guerre  
c'est aussi

Diriger 1 entreprise (manager)

Piliers de notre sagesse et de notre performance

Susciter l'initiative et accepter l'échec



AUTONOMIE ET SOLIDARITÉ

"Rassurez-vous, je suis là; si vous échouez, je corrigerai le tir; je suis là pour cela."

Des fonctions différentes, une même responsabilité



Fédérer Faire évoluer S'épanouir

FONCTIONS ET RESPONSABILITÉ

"La fonction fait l'homme tout autant que l'homme peut faire la fonction."

Hiérarchie importante pour prendre des décisions au combat



Intelligence collective pour trouver les solutions

Vis-à-vis de Soi-même (exemplarité) Ceux qui leur sont confiés

Culture participative très forte

Sans exigence 1 chef n'obtiendra / réussira rien



Sans bienveillance il détruira tout

HIÉRARCHIE ET PARTICIPATION

"Le système hiérarchique n'érigé pas la confiance, il utilise celle que fédère les chefs grâce à leur culture participative."

EXIGENCE ET BIENVEILLANCE

"[...] commander, diriger, est l'une des plus belles façons de servir ceux qui nous sont confiés."

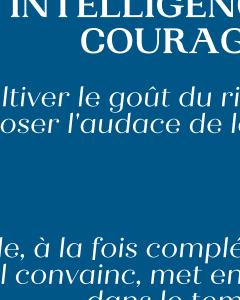
Le chef doit être une énergie : met en mouvement, convainc, fait durer, vivre et gagner



- La culture permet
  - De s'élever
  - De s'enrichir
  - De s'armer pour les luttes de l'existence

Besoin d'une cohérence entre ces 2 qualités

- Chef très intelligent et peu courageux, incapable de :
  - Décider
  - Agir



- Chef courageux et crétin :
  - Un maniaque
  - Ou 1 fou

INTELLIGENCE ET COURAGE

"[...] il faut cultiver le goût du risque et la capacité de l'assumer, oser l'audace de la solution originale."

C'est par la parole que l'action du dirigeant existe



"Par la parole, à la fois complément et expression de son énergie, il convainc, met en mouvement et s'inscrit dans le temps."

- Parole du chef adressée directement :
  - Suscite espoir et enthousiasme
  - Apaise les craintes
  - Remonte le moral (dans la crise ou la défaite)



PAROLE ET TEMPS

Apprenons à ne pas laisser de traces dans ce monde

Qui n'en vaillent pas la peine

"Rien n'irrigue plus les bonnes pratiques du management que les exigences du commandement."

QUE NOS PAS DEVIENNENT SILLAGES



Porter nos regards sur l'horizon

QUE NOS MAINS SACHENT ÉDIFIER



Ne bâtir que du beau et de l'utile

AYONS TOUJOURS NOTRE REGARD SUR NOTRE LIGNE DE FOI



"Faites de vos équipes, de vos services, un équipage"

Par Yoan THIRION

@yot88



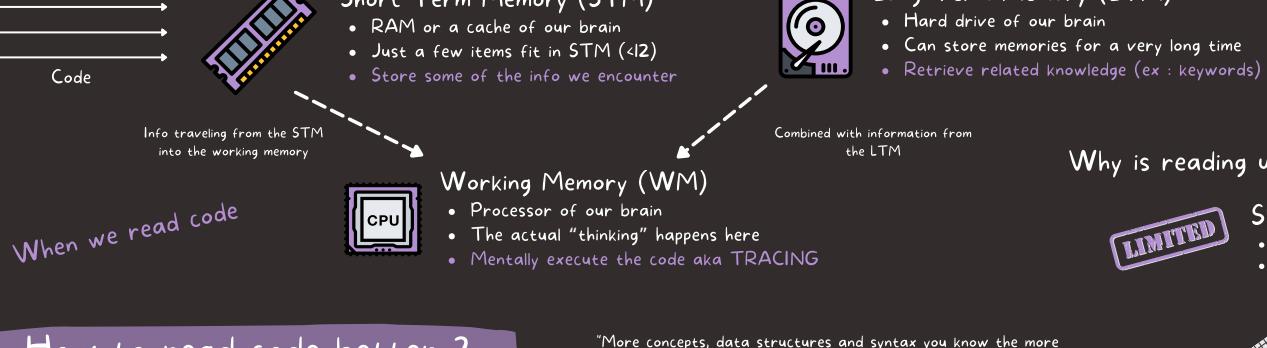
# THE PROGRAMMER'S BRAIN

by Felienne Hermans

60%



of our time



Why is reading unfamiliar code hard?

LIMITED

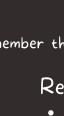
Short term memory

- Time : 30 seconds
- Size : 7 +/- 2 things

## How to read code better ?

### Learn programming syntax

Use Flashcards  
• Front : prompt  
• Back : corresponding knowledge



Remember syntax longer  
• Retrieval : trying to remember something  
• Elaboration : connecting new knowledge to existing memories

Read / Hide / Write code exercises

### How to not forget things ?

Spaced repetition  
• Practice regularly  
• Best way to prevent forgetting



Revisit your Flashcards

- Once a month
- Each repetition strengthens your memory

DON'T FORGET

After 2 days, just 25% of the knowledge remains in our LTM

### Read complex code easier

Reduce cognitive load

Refactoring code  
Ex : replace unfamiliar language constructs



Dependency graph  
• Circle variables  
• Draw lines between occurrences

Cognitive load  
• Capacity of our Working Memory

• Capacity : 2 to 6 "things"

State table  
• Focuses on the values of variables

• 1 column / variable

• 1 line / step in the code

"Our ability to learn a natural language can be a predictor of your ability to learn to program."

Roles of variables  
(Sajaniemi's framework)

- Fixed value : value does not change after initialization
- Stepper : variable stepping through a list of values
- Flag : has happened or is the case
- Walker : traverses a data structure (search index)
- Most-recent holder : holds the latest value encountered
- Most-wanted holder : holds the best value found so far

- Gatherer : collects data and aggregates it
- Container : holds multiple elements
- Follower : keep track of a previous value
- Organizer : transformed variable
- Temporary : used only briefly

"Understanding what types of information variables hold is key to being able to reason about and make changes to code."

"Many similarities between reading code and reading natural language"

### Activating

Actively thinking about code elements help our WM to find relevant information stored in the LTM

### Monitoring

- Keep track of what we are reading and our understanding
- Ex : ticking the lines

### Inferring

Inferring the meaning of variable names



### Determining importance

Identify which parts of the code are likely to have the most influence on the program's execution



### Visualizing

List all operations in which variables are involved (dependency graph, state table,...)

Goal of the code: what is the code trying to achieve?  
Most important lines of code  
Most relevant domain concepts  
Most relevant programming constructs  
...

### Summarizing

- Write a summary of code in natural language
- Help us gain a deeper understanding of what's happening in that code

## Write better code

Search...

Avoid



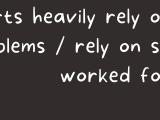
Abbreviation  
Check Hofmeister research



Snake Case -> use camel Case  
camelCase leads to higher accuracy

Clear names help our LTM

LTM searches for related informations



Methods that say more than they do  
Identifiers whose name says that they contain less than what the entity contains  
Identifiers whose name says the opposite than the entity contains

## LTM can store different types of memory

### Memories

Procedural / Implicit  
• How to do something  
• ex : How to run a bike

Bicycle icon representing procedural memory.

Declarative / Explicit  
• Memories we are explicitly aware of  
• Facts we can remember

Document icon representing declarative memory.

"Experts heavily rely on episodic memory when solving problems / rely on solutions that have previously worked for similar problems."

### Episodic

• Memories of experience  
• ex : meeting our wife / husband

### Semantic

• Memories for meanings / concepts / facts  
• ex :  $10 \times 10 = 100$



## Getting better at solving complex problems

### Automation

create implicit memories

"Set some time aside every day to practice and continue until you can consistently perform the tasks without any effort"



Deliberate practice to improve skills  
• Repeat a lot  
• It frees up cognitive load for larger problems  
• ex : deliberately type 100 for loops when struggling with it



Deliberate practice : requires focused attention and is conducted with the specific goal of improving performance.

20 % of developers time on interrupts

## Better handle interruptions

### Prepare for it



Help your "Prospective memory"

- Put TODO comments in the part of the code
- Remind you to complete / improve part of the code

Worked examples : something like a recipe which describes in detail the steps that are needed to solve the problem.



15' to start editing code after an interruption



Label subgoals

- Write down small steps of a problem
- Use mind maps for example



Domain learning



Exploring code

## On-boarding process

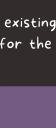
Typical



dev throws information

Newcomer

High cognitive load



Explain only relevant informations



Comprehension

Understand aspects of the code

ex : summarize a specific method in natural language

Exploration



• Browse the codebase  
• Get a general sense of the codebase

Transcription



• Give the newcomer a clear plan

• Implement it

Searching  
ex : find a class that implements a certain interface



Limit tasks to ONE programming activity

Incrementation

- Add a feature to an existing class
- Creation of the plan for the feature.

Support the LTM of the newcomer



Start with it : read code together



# Unit Testing

Principles, Practices, and Patterns



by Vladimir Khorikov

## Goal of Unit testing



### Project without tests

- Quickly slows down
- Hard to make any progress



### Fight entropy

- Constant cleaning and refactoring
- Tests act as a safety net

## What makes a successful test suite?



- Integrated into the development cycle
- Targets most important parts of the code base
- Provides maximum value
  - With minimum maintenance costs

A tool that provides insurance against a vast majority of regressions

## Not all tests are created equal



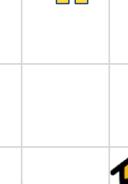
Bad tests : raise false alarms



- Unit tests are vulnerable to bugs
- Require maintenance

### Tests are code too

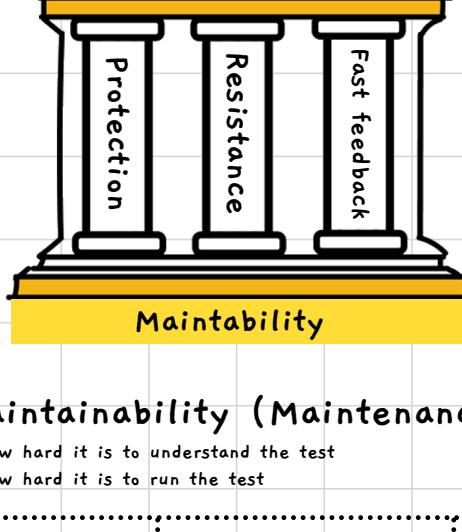
View them as part of your code base that aims at solving a particular problem: ensuring the application's correctness



### Automated test that :

- Verifies a small piece of code (also known as a unit)
- Does it quickly
- And does it in an isolated manner.

## What is a Unit Test ?



### Protection against regressions

- A regression = a software bug
- The larger the code base → the more exposure to potential bugs
- Tests should reveal those regressions

### Resistance to refactoring

The degree to which a test can sustain a refactoring of the underlying application code without turning red (failing)

### Fast feedback

The more of them you can :

- Have in the suite
- Run them → shorten the feedback loop

## Anatomy

### Test class name

Class-container for a cohesive set of tests

### Name of the test

- Don't follow a rigid naming policy
- Describe the scenario to a non-programmer
- Use sentences

### Arrange / Given

Bring the system under test (SUT) + dependencies to a desired state

### Act / When

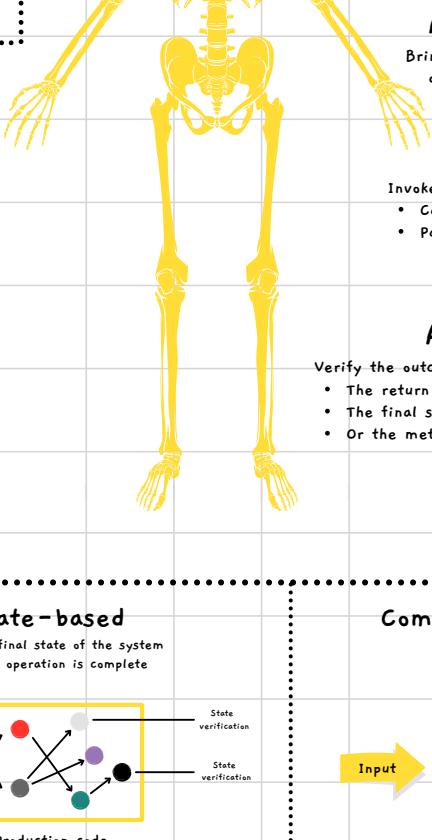
Invoke the behavior :

- Call method / function on the SUT
- Pass the prepared dependencies

### Assert / Then

Verify the outcome :

- The return value
- The final state of the SUT and its collaborators
- Or the methods the SUT called on collaborators



### Test doubles

Help to emulate and examine out-coming interactions

#### Mock

SMTP server

System Under Test

Send email

Get Data

Stub

Help to emulate and examine in-coming interactions

### Output-based

- Feed an input to the system under test (SUT)
- Check the output it produces

Assumes there are no side effects and the only result of the SUT is the value it returns to the caller → functional

Both school use it

### State-based

Verify the final state of the system after an operation is complete

"State" can refer to the state of :

- The SUT itself
- One of its collaborators
- Or an out-of-process dependency (db / fs)

### Communication-based

Verify that the SUT calls its collaborators correctly

Tests substitute collaborators with mocks

London preference

3 Styles of tests

Resistance to refactoring

Maintainability costs

Both school use it

Resistance to refactoring

Maintainability costs

Unit test this gives the best return on investment

Complexity

Defined by the number of decision-making (cyclomatic complexity for example)

Domain significance

How significant the code is for the problem domain of your project

Domain model Algorithms

Overcomplicated code

Ex : fat controllers

- Don't delegate complex work anywhere
- Do everything themselves

Trivial Code

- Parameter less constructors
- One-line properties

Controllers

- No complex or business critical
- Coordinates the work of other components

Refactor it by splitting into :

- Algorithms
- Controllers

Integration Tests

@yot88

#sharingiscaring

by Yoan THIRION

# HOW TO AVOID A CLIMATE DISASTER BY BILL GATES

## Why zero ?

**51**

Billion Tons  
of greenhouse gases to the atmosphere per year

We are here today

**0**

"near net zero"

What we need to aim for



Trouble getting clean water  
Twice as many people

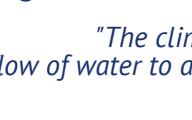


Corn production go down twice as much

2-degree rise wouldn't be 33 percent worse than 1.5. Could be 100 percent worse



Mosquitoes will start living in new places  
Malaria



Heatstroke  
Because of humidity



1°C increase since preindustrial times

Mid-century : between 1.5°C and 3°C

End of century : between 4°C and 8°C

By 2100 could be **FIVE** times as deadly than COVID 19

*"The climate is like a bathtub that's slowly filling up with water.  
Even if we slow the flow of water to a trickle, the tub will eventually fill up and water will come spilling out onto the floor."*

## Give a sense of how much is a lot / a little



How much of the 51 are we talking about ?

Convert numbers into a percentage of the annual total of 51 billion tons

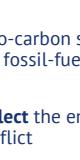


What's your plan for Cement ?

- A shorthand reminder that emissions come from 5 different activities
- We need solutions in all of them

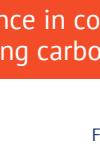


How much power are we talking about ?



How much space do you need ?

- How much space will be required to produce that much energy
  - Wind : 1-2 Watts per square meter
  - Fossil Fuels : 500-10,000 Watts per Square Meter



The difference between the 2 prices : GREEN PREMIUMS

It can be negative : green can be cheaper

*"We need the premiums to be so low that everyone will be able to decarbonize."*

## Green Premiums

Difference in cost between a product that involves emitting carbon and an alternative that doesn't

## 5 types of activity

**27 %**

### How We Plug In

- Electricity : A cheap source of energy always available
- Getting all the world's electricity from clean source won't be easy

Fossil fuels account for **two-thirds** of all electricity worldwide



### Store electricity

Batteries

- Hard to improve on them
- Can improve by a factor of 3 but not by a factor of 50

Pumped hydro

- When electricity is cheap : pump water up a hill into a reservoir
- When demand goes up : let the water flow back down the hill

Thermal storage

- When electricity is cheap use it to heat up some material

### Make Carbon-free electricity

Offshore wind

- Putting wind turbines in an ocean or other body of water

Geothermal

- Deep underground : hot rocks that can be used to generate electricity
  - Amount of energy we get per square meter is quite low

**16 %**

### How we get around

Bigest cause of emissions in the United States



Do less of it  
Walking / biking / car-pooling



Use fewer carbon-intensive materials  
in making-cars

### 4 ways to cut down on emissions from transportation

Use fuels more efficiently



Switch to electric vehicles  
alternative fuels

**31 %**

### How we make things

Use tons of steel, cement, glass, plastic

**96**

Millions tons of cement produced every year in America

Bring the premium down



- Public policies to create demand for clean products
- Create incentives to buy zero-carbon cement / steel

**19 %**

### How we grow things

70% agriculture / 30% deforestation

**40% more people**

- We'll need more than 40% more food too
- As people get richer, they eat more calories

**Food thrown away**

- 20% : Europe, Industrialized parts of Asia, Sub-Saharan Africa
- 40% in the US

**We can cut down on meat eating**

- while still enjoying the taste of meat :
  - Plant based meat
  - Artificial meats
  - Cell based meat

**7 %**

### How we keep cool and stay warm

Heating / cooling / refrigeration

**16 %**

### Global population is headed toward **10 billion** people by 2100



*The cruel injustice is that even though the world's poor are doing essentially nothing to cause climate change, they're going to suffer the most from it*

## A plan for getting to Zero

Science tells us that in order to avoid a climate catastrophe, rich countries should reach **net-zero emissions by 2050**

Electrofuels

Hydrogen produced without emitting carbon

Nuclear fusion

Zero-carbon plastics

Grid-scale electricity storage

Zero-carbon steel

Underground electricity transmission

Drought and flood-tolerant food crops

Advanced biofuels

Geothermal energy

Zero-carbon fertilizer

Plant and cell-based meat

Thermal storage

Quintuple clean energy / climate-related R&D over the next decade

Make bigger bets on high-risk R&D projects



Match R&D with our greatest needs

Work with the industry from the beginning

### Technologies needed

Carbon capture Direct air / point capture

Plant and cell-based meat

Zero-carbon fertilizer

Advanced biofuels

Geothermal energy

Zero-carbon cement

Plant and cell-based meat

Thermal storage

Grid-scale electricity storage

Underground electricity transmission

Advanced biofuels

Zero-carbon cement

Plant and cell-based meat

Thermal storage

Advanced biofuels

Zero-carbon cement

Plant and cell-based meat

Thermal storage

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Thermal storage

Advanced biofuels

Zero-carbon cement

Plant and cell-based meat

Thermal storage

Advanced biofuels

Zero-carbon cement

Plant and cell-based meat



# THE SOFTWARE CRAFTSMAN

BY SANDRO MANCUSO

## WHAT ?

NOT A RELIGION

NOT A METHOD

WORKING CODE = THE MINIMUM FOR A PROFESSIONAL

GOOD SENIOR DEVELOPER CODE

80'S

NOW

NOBODY UNDERSTANDS THE CODE

CLEAN  
HUMAN READABLE  
DOMAIN LANGUAGE

"CRAFTSMANSHIP OVER CRAP" - ROBERT C. MARTIN

## IDEOLOGY

LOWER THE COST OF QUALITY

### WHAT MODERN DEVELOPERS DO

- DEVELOP
- TEST
- ANALYZE
- MAKE TECHNICAL CHOICES
- HELP CLIENT
- RECRUIT
- ...



AGILITY

HOW TO BUILD THE RIGHT THING

FOCUS ON THE PROCESS CUSTOMER CENTRIC

DOES NOT MAKE DEVELOPERS BETTER

CRAFTSMANSHIP

HOW TO BUILD THE THING RIGHT

## WHAT ?

## BE PROUD TO BE A DEVELOPER

DEVELOPMENT IS A CRAFT

LEARNING FROM OTHERS

OWN YOUR CAREER VS "PETER'S PRINCIPLE"

FAILURE



A LONG JOURNEY TO MASTERY



SUCCESS

CARING ABOUT WHAT THEY DO

RESPONSIBILITY / PROFESSIONALISM / PRAGMATISM / PRIDE

SUCCESS

ADVANCEMENT

## MANIFESTO FOR SOFTWARE CRAFTSMANSHIP - 2008

### 1 NOT ONLY WORKING SOFTWARE, BUT ALSO WELL-CRAFTED SOFTWARE

WELL-CRAFTED = HIGH QUALITY CODE



"CODE QUALITY IS NOT A GUARANTEE OF SUCCESS  
BUT CAN BE THE MAIN CAUSE OF FAILURE"

- AUTOMATED TESTS
- BUSINESS LANGUAGE IN THE CODE
- SIMPLE DESIGN



### 2 NOT ONLY RESPONDING TO CHANGE, BUT ALSO STEADILY ADDING VALUE

CONSTANTLY IMPROVE YOUR CODE



- TESTABLE
- EXTENDABLE
- REFACTOR

BOY SCOUT RULE

"ALWAYS LEAVE THE CAMPGROUND CLEANER THAN YOU FOUND IT."

### 3 NOT ONLY INDIVIDUALS AND INTERACTIONS, BUT ALSO A COMMUNITY OF PROFESSIONALS

SHARE / MENTOR



- KNOWLEDGE
- IDEAS
- SUCCESSES AND FAILURES

CRAFTSMEN WANT TO WORK WITH  
PASSIONATES & INSPIRING PROFESSIONALS  
A.K.A OTHER CRAFTSMEN

### 4 NOT ONLY CUSTOMER COLLABORATION, BUT ALSO PRODUCTIVE PARTNERSHIPS

WE ARE NOT FACTORY WORKERS



- MUST HELP OUR CLIENTS
- MUST SAY NO FOR CLIENTS GOOD

SOME CLIENTS ARE NOT READY :

VERY DIFFICULT ENVIRONMENT FOR CRAFTSMEN

REDUCE THE GAP BETWEEN THE AGILE METHODOLOGIES AND THE TECHNICAL WORLD

## ATTITUDE

## PRACTICE THROUGH



CODE KATAS

OPEN SOURCE PROJECTS

PAIR/MOB PROGRAMMING

DISCOVERY

MOTIVATION

EXTRINSIC  
SOMEONE WANTS YOU TO DO IT

"MAKE THIS PROJECT SUCCESSFULLY  
AND YOU GET A BONUS"

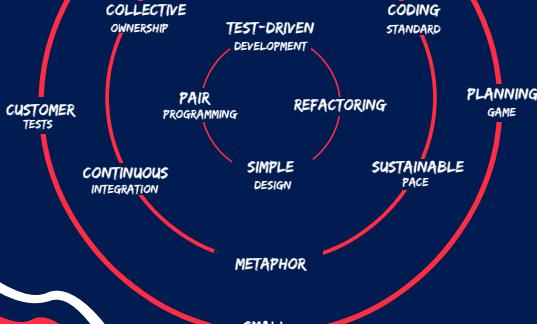
"I REALLY WANT TO WORK ON  
THIS PROJECT"

"DO THIS PROJECT OR  
YOU ARE FIRED"

"I REALLY DON'T WANT TO WORK  
ON THIS PROJECT"

## PRACTICES

EXTREME PROGRAMMING



## CONTINUOUS LEARNING



INJECT PASSION

CREATE A CULTURE OF IMPROVEMENT

IMPROVE



CREATE A CULTURE OF SHARING

BROWN BAGS

BOOK CLUB

LIGHTNING TALKS

COMMUNITIES OF PRACTICE

HOW TO...

LEAN COFFEES

CODE REVIEWS



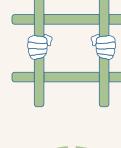
# UNE VIE SUR NOTRE PLANÈTE

David Attenborough



## Déclin accéléré de la biodiversité

Véritable tragédie de notre temps



## Nous sommes tous coupables

- "Ce n'est pas notre faute"
- Nous sommes nés dans un monde humain qui n'est pas durable

Continuer

De vivre notre existence heureuse en ignorant la catastrophe à nos portes



Changer



Nous devons faire 1 choix

## MON TÉMOIGNAGE



	en milliards	en Parties Par Million de Molécules d'air	monde sauvage subsistant	Observations
1937	2,3	280	66%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>L'agriculture a changé notre rapport entre l'humanité et la nature.</li><li>Apprivoisement d'une partie du monde sauvage.</li></ul>
1954	2,7	310	64%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Émission Zoo Quest</li><li>Nature sauvage florissait.</li><li>Personne n'avait conscience des problèmes qui se posaient déjà.</li></ul>
1960	3	315	62%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Comprendre le fonctionnement global de l'écosystème du Serengeti.</li><li>Histoire d'interdépendance / écologie.</li></ul>
1989	5,1	353	49%	Le monde compte trois trillions d'arbres de moins qu'à début de la civilisation humaine.
1997	5,9	360	46%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>L'humanité avait éliminé 90% des gros poissons dans tous les océans.</li><li>Prétez les poissons au sommet de la chaîne trophique</li></ul>
2011	7	391	39%	Température moyenne de 0,8°C plus chaude qu'en 1926
2020	7,8	415	35%	Notre impact est vraiment mondial...

“ Nous avons remplacé le monde sauvage par un monde apprivoisé. Nous considérons la Terre comme NOTRE planète, gouvernée par l'humanité, pour l'humanité. ”

## CE QUI NOUS ATTEND



### Monde du vivant en passe de s'effondrer

a déjà commencé à s'effondrer

Dégénération de la couche d'ozone

Changement climatique

Acidification des océans

Pollution atmosphérique

5 Limites planétaires dépassées

Pollution chimique

Erosion de la biodiversité

Changement d'utilisation des sols

Usage d'engrais

Consommation d'eau

2030

- 75% de la surface de la forêt amazonienne
- Pôle Nord : été libre de glace



2040

- Pergélisol fondu : 1400 GT de carbone stocké
- Glissements de terrains / inondations gigantesques



2050

- Acidité très élevé des océans
- Commencement de la fin pour la pêche

2080

- Engrais : sols stériles et épuisés
- Déclin des espèces d'insectes
- Affecter les 3/4 de nos cultures

“ Pour lui rendre sa stabilité, nous devons restaurer sa biodiversité. Nous devons réensauvager le monde ! ”

Migrations forcées

de populations



+0.9 m

du niveau de la mer



+4°C

Température de la Terre

2100



1/4

de l'humanité vivra > 29°C

Fin de la stabilité de l'Holocène  
(notre jardin d'Eden)

6ème extinction massive

## UNE VISION POUR L'AVENIR



Monde limité

rien ne peut grandir indéfiniment

### Dépasser la croissance



Nous avons tout pris au vivant

sans songer aux dégâts

Construire 1 modèle économique durable

3 P



Croissance verte

Sans impact négatif sur l'environnement



- Abandon du PIB comme critère principal du succès
- 3 P au complet
- Déplacer les priorités de son pays tout entier

“ Si notre principal critère pour juger nos actions est la renaissance du monde naturel nous ne pourrons manquer de prendre les bonnes décisions ”

### Passer à l'énergie propre



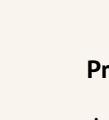
Budget carbone

montant réduit de carbone pouvant être rejeté

Mettre fin à notre dépendance aux combustibles fossiles

Elever le prix des émissions au niveau mondial

Taxe carbone



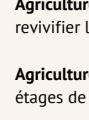
Accélérerait la révolution durable dont nous avons besoin

“ Créer des zones interdites à la pêche Permet aux poissons de devenir plus vieux et plus gros ”



Pêche durable à long terme

1/3 des océans en zones sans pêches suffirait



Favoriser la pêche durable

Les entreprises la pratiquant

“ Réensauvager les mers Ex : Cabo Pulmo ”

“ Occupier moins d'espace ”

Une grande partie dépourvue de bétail



Culture du soja pour nourrir le bétail

80% de la terre agricole

consacrés à la production de viande / lait



Viandes propres cultures cellulaires

Protéines alternatives

Remédier au gaspillage alimentaire

Produire + en cultivant moins de terre

Agriculture régénératrice revivifier les sols

Agriculture verticale étages de différentes plantes



“ Réensauvager les terres ”

“ Planifier pic démographique Entre 9,4 et 12,7 Mds d'humains (en 2100) ”

“ Vers une vie plus harmonieuse ”

“ Notre plus grande chance ”

“ De l'Holocène à l'Anthropocène Ere des êtres humains ”

“ Nous devons nous sauver nous-mêmes ”

“ Vivre de nouveau en harmonie avec notre environnement naturel ”

“ #sharingiscaring ”

“ by Yoan THIRION @yot88 ”

# Code That Fits in Your Head

By Mark Seemann

