Customer Churn Prediction for Proactive Measures

Customer churn is the percentage of customers that stopped using a company's product or service during a certain time frame, the current value 26.54%

Purpose

It is more expensive to find a new customer than to prevent an existing customer from leaving

Data is acquired from Kaggle: Fairly clean data without duplicates and missing values

Exploratory Data Analysis:

Seaborn and MatPlotLib are used extensively for visualization

Selection of Features

Customer Churn is chosen as the target variable

Independent Variables as follows:

Tenure

PhoneService

MultipleLines

InternetService

OnlineSecurity

OnlineBackup

DeviceProtection

TechSupport

StreamingTV

StreamingMovies

Contract

PaperlessBilling

PaymentMethod

MonthlyCharges

TotalCharges

Modeling:
Algorithms for analysis
Decision Tree Classifier
Logistic Regression

SVC (Support Vector Classifier)
Random Forest Classifier

Evaluation Metrics.....

 $confusion_matrix: (\ TruePositive — \ FalsePositive)$

(FalseNegative-TrueNegative)

classification_report-Metrics

roc_auc_score, roc_curve-Metric (Area Under the ROC curve)

Summary

	precision	recall	f1-score	AUC
Decision Tree	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.6621
Logistic Regression	0.79	0.80	0.79	0.7090
SVM	0.78	0.79	0.77	0.6677
Random Forest	0.76	0.78	0.76	0.6649
AdaBoost	0.91	0.72	0.80	0.7572

AdaBoost is the winner (After UpSampling)

Recommendations:

As the churn is higher in the initial period, it is recommended, the Telecom company pay attention

to those new customers, giving good customer support and tech service, give discounts and all

possible perks to make them longterm loyal customers