

(a) Compute  $\mathbb{E}[W_1^2 W_s^2]$  for  $0 \leq s \leq 1$ .

(b) Compute

$$\mathbb{E} \left[ \underbrace{W_1^2}_{\text{wavy}} \int_{s=0}^1 W_s^2 ds \right].$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (a) \quad \mathbb{E}(W_1^2 W_s^2) &= \mathbb{E}[(W_1^2 + W_s^2) - W_s^2] W_s^2 \\
 &= \mathbb{E}[(W_1^2 + W_s^2) W_s^2 - W_s^4] \\
 &= \mathbb{E}[(W_1 - W_s)^2 + 2W_1 W_s] W_s^2 - W_s^4 \\
 &= \mathbb{E}[(W_1 - W_s)^2 W_s^2 + 2W_1 W_s^3 - W_s^4] \\
 &= \mathbb{E}[W_1^2] \mathbb{E}[W_s^2] + \mathbb{E}[2W_1 W_s^3] - \mathbb{E}[W_s^4] \\
 &= (1-s)s + \mathbb{E}[2[(W_1 - W_s) + W_s] W_s^3] - \mathbb{E}[W_s^4] \\
 &= (1-s)s + \mathbb{E}[2[W_s^3(W_1 - W_s) + W_s^4]] - \mathbb{E}[W_s^4] \\
 &= (1-s)s + \mathbb{E}[2W_s^3(W_1 - W_s) + 2\mathbb{E}[W_s^4] - \mathbb{E}[W_s^4]] \\
 &= (1-s)s + 2\mathbb{E}[W_s^3] \mathbb{E}[W_{1-s}] + \mathbb{E}[W_s^4] \\
 &= s - s^2 + 0 + 3s^2 = s + 2s^2 \quad \times
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (b) \quad \mathbb{E}[W_1^2 \int_0^1 W_s^2 ds] &= \mathbb{E}[\int_0^1 W_1^2 W_s^2 ds] \\
 &= \mathbb{E}[\int_0^1 (2s^2 + s) ds] = \mathbb{E}[(\frac{2}{3}s^3 + \frac{1}{2}s^2) \Big|_0^1] \\
 &= \mathbb{E}[\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{2}] = \mathbb{E}[\frac{4+3}{6}] = \frac{7}{6} \quad \times
 \end{aligned}$$

7. Compute

(a)  $\mathbb{E}[(W_{10} - W_7)^2]$ .

(b)  $\mathbb{E}[(W_5 - W_1)^2]$ .

(c)  $\mathbb{E}[(W_{10} - W_7)(W_5 - W_1)]$ .

(d)  $\mathbb{E}[(3\{W_{10} - W_7\} + 4\{W_5 - W_1\})^2]$ .

$$(a) \mathbb{E}[(W_{10} - W_7)^2] = \mathbb{E}[(W_3 - W_0)^2] \\ = \mathbb{E}[W_3^2] = 3$$

$$(b) \mathbb{E}[(W_5 - W_1)^2] = \mathbb{E}[(W_4 - W_0)^2] \\ = \mathbb{E}[W_4^2] = 4$$

$$(c) \mathbb{E}[(W_{10} - W_7)(W_5 - W_1)] \\ = \mathbb{E}[(W_{10} - W_7)] \mathbb{E}[W_5 - W_1] = \mathbb{E}[W_3] \mathbb{E}[W_4] \\ = 0$$

$$(d) \mathbb{E}[(3(W_{10} - W_7) + 4(W_5 - W_1))^2] \\ = \mathbb{E}[9(W_{10} - W_7)^2 + 16(W_5 - W_1)^2 \\ + 24(W_{10} - W_7)(W_5 - W_1)] \\ = 9 \mathbb{E}[(W_{10} - W_7)^2] + 16 \mathbb{E}[(W_5 - W_1)^2] \\ + 24 \mathbb{E}(W_{10} - W_7) \mathbb{E}(W_5 - W_1) \\ = 9 \mathbb{E}[W_3^2] + 16 \mathbb{E}(W_4^2) + 24 \mathbb{E}(W_3) \mathbb{E}(W_4) \\ = 9 \times 3 + 16 \times 4 = 91$$

8. This is a key calculation for *exponential martingales* (useful in *numéraire* calculations). Compute

- (a)  $\mathbb{E}[W_{10} - W_6]$ .
- (b)  $\mathbb{E}[(W_{10} - W_6)^2]$ .
- (c)  $\mathbb{E}[\exp[3(W_{10} - W_6)]]$ .
- (d)

$$\mathbb{E}[\exp[3(W_{10} - W_6) - 18]]$$

$$(a) \mathbb{E}[W_{10} - W_6] = \mathbb{E}[W_4 - W_0] \\ = \mathbb{E}[W_4] = 0$$

$$(b) \mathbb{E}[(W_{10} - W_6)^2] = \mathbb{E}[W_4^2] = 4$$

$$(c) \mathbb{E}[\exp[3(W_{10} - W_6)]] \\ = \mathbb{E}[\exp(3W_{10}) \div \exp(3W_6)] \\ = \mathbb{E}[\exp(3W_{10})] \div \mathbb{E}[\exp(3W_6)]$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \star W_{10} \sim N(0, 10) \quad \star W_6 \sim N(0, 6) \\ & \eta = \frac{W_{10}}{\sqrt{10}} \sim N(0, 1) \quad \eta = \frac{W_6}{\sqrt{6}} \sim N(0, 1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & = \mathbb{E}[\exp(3\sqrt{10}\eta)] \div \mathbb{E}[\exp(3\sqrt{6}\eta)] \\ & = \exp(45) \div \exp(27) = \exp(45 - 27) \\ & = \exp(18) \end{aligned}$$

$$(d) \mathbb{E}(\exp[3(W_{10} - W_6)] - 18) \\ = \mathbb{E}[\exp(3(W_{10} - W_6))] \div \mathbb{E}(\exp(18)) \\ = e^{18} \div e^{18} = 1$$