LIGN 110 Section 25202 Week 9

Yuan Chai 11/30/2020

This week

- Questions on lecture materials, quizzes, homework, final project?
- Time to finish recording the speakers; start transcribing the recording, and write the paper
- Quiz Week 9 due on Dec. 3, Thursday
- Final paper due on Dec. 11, Friday at 5pm
- Evaluate your professors and TAs! Your feedback is much appreciated!

This week: phonetic categories & speech perception

- Big questions:
- How are sounds represented in listener's mind?
- How do language exposure influences listener's perception of speech sounds?
- How do people perceive non-native contrasts?
- What cues (acoustic, visual, tactile) do listeners use when perceiving sounds?

This week: phonetic categories & speech perception

Terms:

- <u>Discrimination</u>: the ability to perceive that two sounds are different
- <u>Identification</u>: the ability to assign different labels to two different sounds
- <u>Categorical perception</u>: Perceiving invariance for within-category tokens in a domain that can vary continuously
 - Heightened discrimination acrosscategory
 - Reduced discrimination within-category

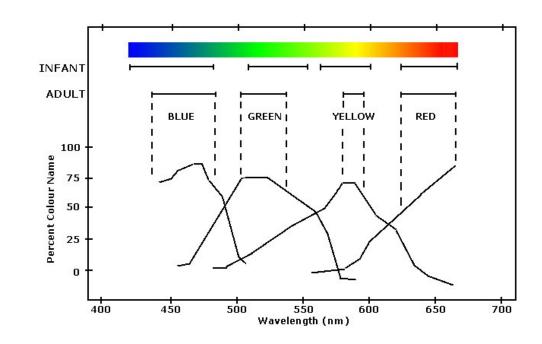


Image source: http://web.uvic.ca/~lalonde/psyc335/notes/lecture04.html

Experiment:

There are 3 questions. Each question contains two words.

They are either the same or the different words.

If they are the **same**, write down **"S"**; If they are **different**, write down **"D"**.





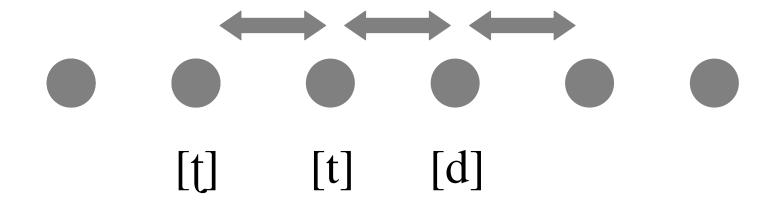
- 1. D tal "beat" thal "plate"
- 2. D dal "lentil" dal "branch"
- 3. D tal "beat" tal "postpone"

- Children Speech Perception Model
- Native Language Magnet (Kuhl et al., 1992; 2008): Phase One: Universal listener (New-born infants)

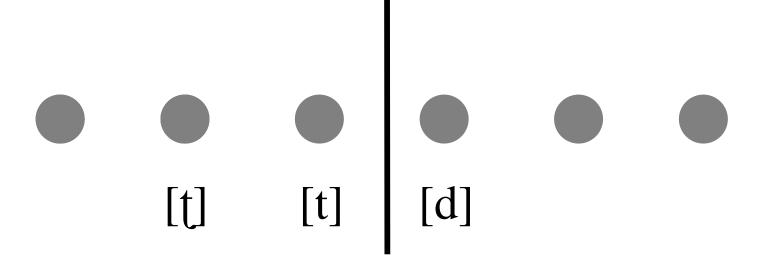
Phase Two: Warping based on statistical learning (6-8 months)

Phase Three: Native categories established (11-12 months)

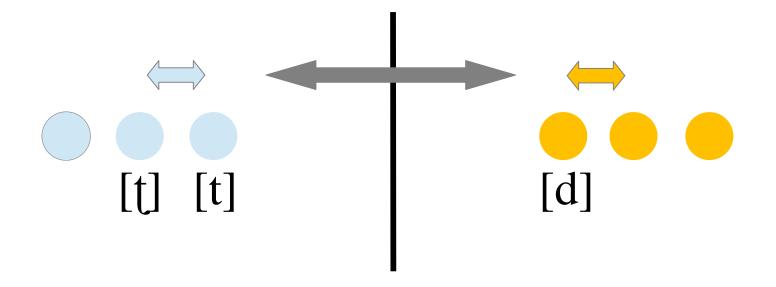
Phase 1: Universal listener



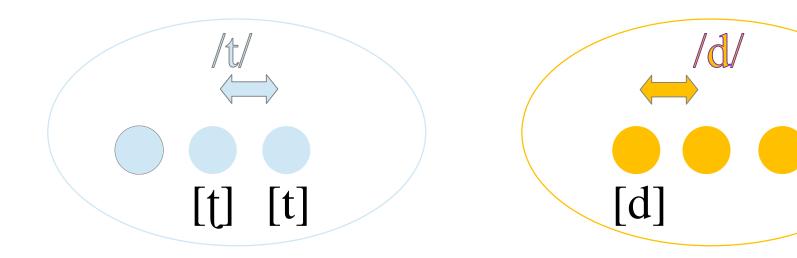
Phase 2: Warping



Phase 2: Warping



Phase 3: Category established



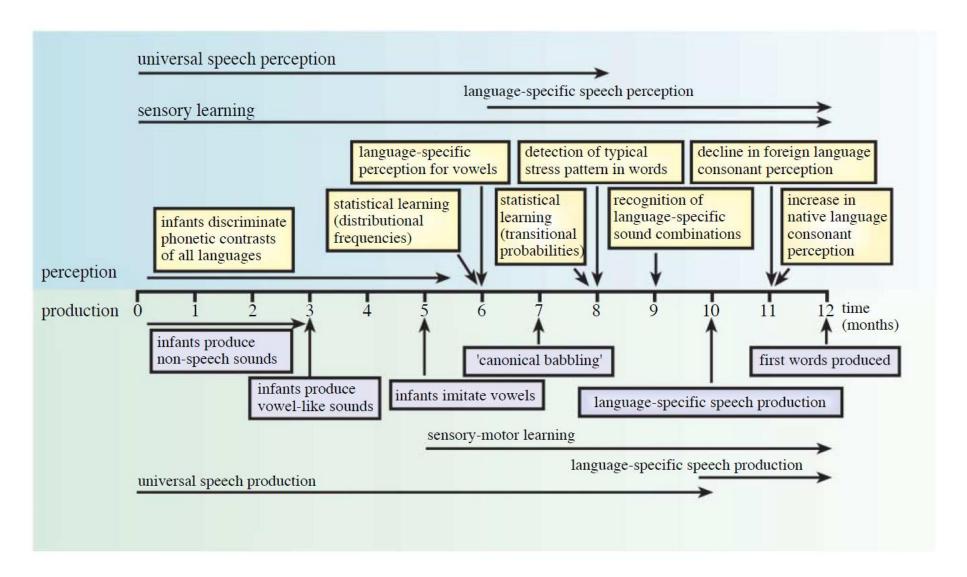


Figure 1 in Kuhl, P. K., Conboy, B. T., Coffey-Corina, S., Padden, D., Rivera-Gaxiola, M., & Nelson, T. (2008). Phonetic learning as a pathway to language: new data and native language magnet theory expanded (NLM-e). *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences*, *363*(1493), 979-1000.

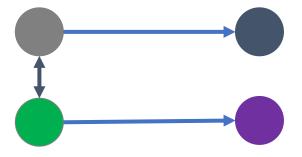
- Perceptual assimilation model (PAM) (Best, 1991)
- Listeners assimilate non-native sounds into native phonetic categories;
- Whether two non-native sounds can be well-discriminated is determined by whether the non-native sounds are assimilated into two different categories or the same.
- Assimilation:

Language A Language B

Sound 1 Sound 2



Predicting discrimination by assimilation:
Foreign Language Native Language



(TC)

• Perceptual assimilation model (PAM) (Best, 1991)

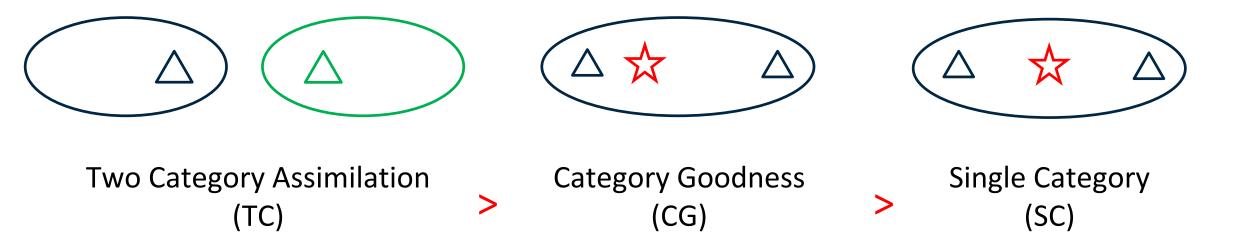


Best, C. T. (1991). The Emergence of Native-Language Phonological Influences in Infants: A Perceptual Assimilation Model. *Haskins Laboratories Status Report on Speech Research*, *107–108*(July-Dec), 1–30.

(CG)

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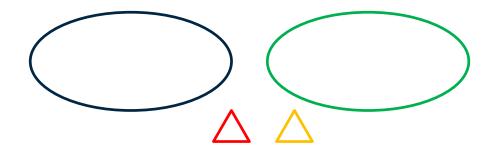


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Uncategorized vs. Categorized (UC)



Uncategorized vs. Uncategorized (UU)

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Experiment designs

- Identification: Listen to a sound and select/transcribe which sound you hear
- Discrimination: Listening to two/multiple sounds and determine whether the sounds are different or the same
 - AX task: Whether A and X are the same or different sound?
 - AXB task: Whether X is the same sound as A or B?
- Tools for designing experiments:
 - Offline: psycopy (https://www.psychopy.org/)
 - Online:
 - Amazon mechanic turk (https://www.mturk.com/); Testable (https://www.testable.org/); TELLab (http://lab.tellab.org/); Survey Monkey (https://www.surveymonkey.com/); Qualtrics (https://www.qualtrics.com/)

Experiment designs

• Identification and discrimination tasks demonstration:

• http://splab.net/APD/U100/index-e.html