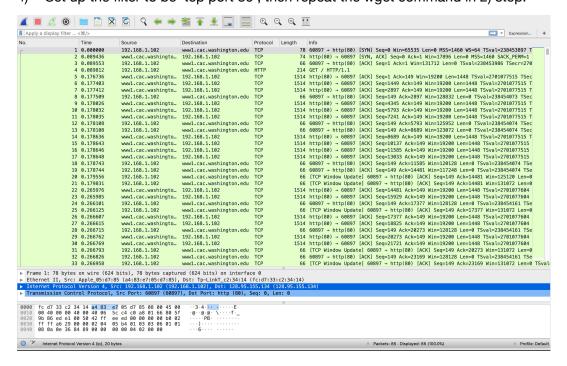
Step 1. Capture a trace

- 1) Find a URL, I am using this one, http://www.washington.edu
- 2) Fetch the URL with wget command.

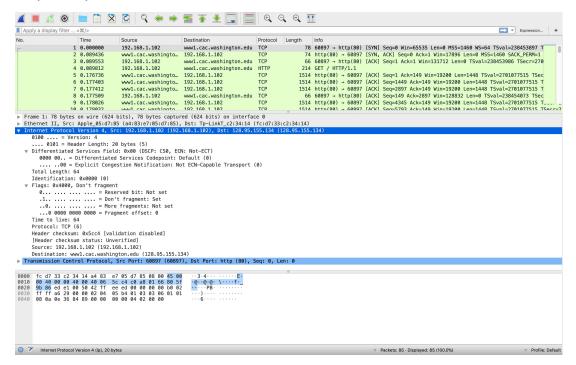
3) Trace the route using traceroute command

```
traceroute -I www.washington.edu
traceroute: Warning: www.washington.edu has multiple addresses; using 128.95.155.197
traceroute to www.washington.edu (128.95.155.197), 64 hops max, 72 byte packets
    192.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1) 2.587 ms 3.928 ms 3.123 ms
    142.254.157.109 (142.254.157.109) 17.702 ms 12.604 ms 12.046 ms
    po62.bcwdohct02h.midwest.rr.com (24.164.114.45) 29.448 ms 31.894 ms 21.883 ms
    24.33.100.22 (24.33.100.22) 14.715 ms 12.308 ms 12.623 ms
 4
    bel4.clevohek02r.midwest.rr.com (65.29.1.98) 17.854 ms 15.734 ms 15.356 ms be25.clevohek01r.midwest.rr.com (65.29.1.32) 15.083 ms 14.674 ms 19.582 ms ge-3-3-0.cr0.sjc10.tbone.rr.com (66.109.6.12) 23.020 ms 26.485 ms 29.166 ms
    66.109.3.24 (66.109.3.24) 30.131 ms 42.687 ms 27.328 ms
    66.109.5.117 (66.109.5.117) 21.246 ms * *
107.14.16.82 (107.14.16.82) 48.203 ms 20.634 ms 19.899 ms
 9
10
    * * *
12
13
14
    * * *
15
    et-4-3-0.817.rtsw.seat.net.internet2.edu (198.71.47.5) 85.348 ms 93.289 ms 84.065 ms
    198.71.47.6 (198.71.47.6) 85.896 ms 85.646 ms 86.179 ms
16
    et-7-0-0--4010.uwcr-atg-1.infra.washington.edu (209.124.188.135) 85.731 ms 84.328 ms 86.510 ms
17
18
19
    ae3--836.uwar-uwtc-1.infra.washington.edu (128.95.155.195) 98.625 ms 98.110 ms 91.593 ms
20
    www3.cac.washington.edu (128.95.155.197) 92.213 ms 94.229 ms 88.893 ms
```

4) Set up the filter to be 'tcp port 80', then repeat the wget command in 2) step.

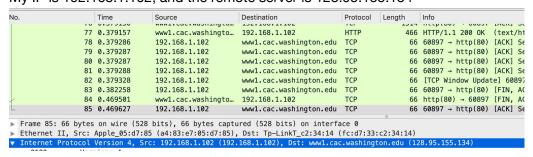


Step 2. Inspect the Trace

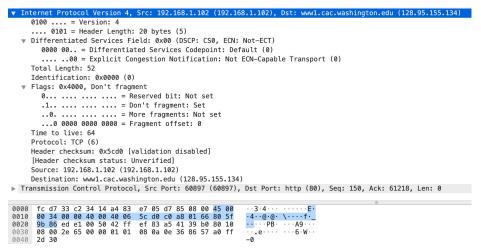


Step 3. IP Packet Structure

1. What are the IP addresses of your computer and the remote server? My IP is 192.168.1.102, and the remote server is 128.95.155.134



2. Does the Total Length field include the IP header plus IP payload, or just the IP payload? The Total Length field include IP header plus IP payload, as we could see that the current Total Length is 52, which is the sum of the Header Length 20 and payload length 32.



```
▼ Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.102 (192.168.1.102), Dst: www1.cac.washington.edu (128.95.155.134)
   0100 ... = Version: 4
... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)

▼ Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
0000 00.. = Differentiated Services Codepoint: Default (0)
           .... ..00 = Explicit Congestion Notification: Not ECN-Capable Transport (0)
       Total Length: 52
       Identification: 0x0000 (0)
    ▼ Flags: 0x4000, Don't fragment
           0... .... = Reserved bit: Not set
           .1.. .... = Don't fragment: Set
          ..0. .... = More fragments: Not set ...0 0000 0000 0000 = Fragment offset: 0
       Time to live: 64
       Protocol: TCP (6)
       Header checksum: 0x5cd0 [validation disabled]
       [Header checksum status: Unverified]
       Source: 192.168.1.102 (192.168.1.102)
   Destination: www1.cac.washington.edu (128.95.155.134)
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 60897 (60897), Dst Port: http (80), Seq: 150, Ack: 61218, Len: 0
0000 fc d7 33 c2 34 14 a4 83 e7 05 d7 85 08 00 45 00 0010 00 34 00 00 40 00 40 06 5c d0 c0 a8 01 66 80 5f 0020 9b 86 ed e1 00 50 42 ff ef 83 a5 41 39 b0 80 10 0030 08 00 2e 65 00 00 01 01 08 0a 0e 36 86 57 a0 ff 0040 2d 30
```

3. How does the value of the Identification field change or stay the same for different packets? For instance, does it hold the same value for all packets in a TCP connection or does it differ for each packet? Is it the same in both directions? Can you see any pattern if the value does change?

Every packet has a different value, and it increase with each ICMP request. We could see that it increase by 1 when new request comes.

Wildin Hell Te	quoot oomoo.			
4	4 0.003017	19Z • 100 • 1 • 10Z	www.rcac.wasning.com.edu	пиг
	5 0.176736	www1.cac.washington.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP
	6 0.177403	www1.cac.washington.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP
	7 0.177412	www1.cac.washington.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP
	8 0.177509	192.168.1.102	www1.cac.washington.edu	TCP
	9 0.178026	www1.cac.washington.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP
	10 0 178037	www1 cac washington edu	102 168 1 102	TCP
<pre>Frame 5: 1514 bytes on wire (12112 bits), 1514 bytes captured (12112 bits) on interface 0 Ethernet II, Src: Tp-LinkT_c2:34:14 (fc:d7:33:c2:34:14), Dst: Apple_05:d7:85 (a4:83:e7:05:d7:85) Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: www1.cac.washington.edu (128.95.155.134), Dst: 192.168.1.102 (0100 = Version: 4 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5) Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT) 0000 00 = Differentiated Services Codepoint: Default (0)00 = Explicit Congestion Notification: Not ECN-Capable Transport (0) Total Length: 1500 Identification: 0x6685 (26245)</pre>				
	6 0.177403	www1.cac.washington.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP
	7 0.177412	www1.cac.washington.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP
	8 0.177509	192.168.1.102	www1.cac.washington.edu	TCP
	9 0.178026	www1.cac.washington.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP
	10 0 178032	www1 cac washington edu	192 168 1 102	TCP
▶ Ethernet II, ▼ Internet Pro 0100 0101 ▼ Different	, Src: Tp-LinkT_c2:34 otocol Version 4, Src = Version: 4 . = Header Length: 20 diated Services Field	<pre>l12 bits), 1514 bytes capture l:14 (fc:d7:33:c2:34:14), Dst c: www1.cac.washington.edu (1 bytes (5) : 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-E Services Codepoint: Default</pre>	: Apple_05:d7:85 (a4:83:e7:09:28.95.155.134), Dst: 192.168.	5:d7:85)
Total Len		stion Notification: Not ECN-C		

4. What is the initial value of the TTL field for packets sent from your computer? Is it the maximum possible value, or some lower value?

The initial TTL field for packets sent from my computer is 64.

It is a lower value, because we know that the TTL field is of 8 bit long, so its maximum could be 255.

```
| No. | Time | Source | Destination | Protocol | Length | Info |
```

5. How can you tell from looking at a packet that it has not been fragmented? Most often IP packets in normal operation are not fragmented. But the receiver must have a way to be sure. Hint: you may need to read your text to confirm a guess.

The 2 bytes flags has the fragmented or not information, the receiver could check if the Don't fragment bit is set, and further check the value Fragment offset to be sure whether a packet is fragmented or not

```
5 0.1/6/36
                                 wwwl.cac.washington.edu
                                                                192.168.1.102
                                                                                        ICP
                                                                                                      1514 http
                  0.177403
                                 www1.cac.washington.edu
                                                                192,168,1,102
                                                                                                      1514 http
                   0.177412
                                                               192.168.1.102
                                                                                                      1514 http
                                 www1.cac.washington.edu
                                                                                         TCP
                                                               www1.cac.washington.edu
                8 0.177509
                                 192.168.1.102
                                                                                        TCP
                                                                                                        66 6089
                9 0.178026
                                 www1.cac.washington.edu
                                                               192,168,1,102
                                                                                        TCP
                                                                                                      1514 http
                                                               192 168 1 102
                10 0 178032
                                 www1 cac washington edu
                                                                                                      1514 http
Frame 6: 1514 bytes on wire (12112 bits), 1514 bytes captured (12112 bits) on interface 0
Ethernet II, Src: Tp-LinkT c2:34:14 (fc:d7:33:c2:34:14), Dst: Apple 05:d7:85 (a4:83:e7:05:d7:85)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: www1.cac.washington.edu (128.95.155.134), Dst: 192.168.1.102 (192.168.1.102)
   0100 .... = Version: 4
     .. 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
 ▼ Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
     0000 00.. = Differentiated Services Codepoint: Default (0)
      .... ..00 = Explicit Congestion Notification: Not ECN-Capable Transport (0)
   Total Length: 1500
   Identification: 0x6686 (26246)
 ▼ Flags: 0x4000, Don't frag
     0... .... .... = Reserved bit: Not set
     .1.. .... = Don't fragment: Set
      ..0. .... = More fragments: Not set
      ...0 0000 0000 0000 = Fragment offset: 0
```

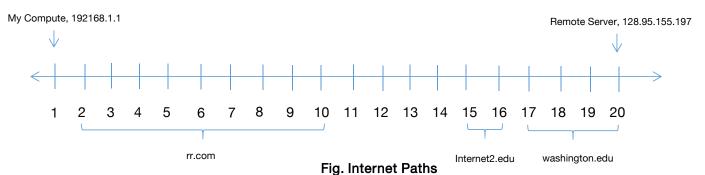
6. What is the length of the IP Header and how is this encoded in the header length field? Hint: notice that only 4 bits are used for this field, as the version takes up the other 4 bits of the byte. You may guess and check your text.

IP Header is 20 bytes long. It is encoded with the IP version into one single bytes, with upper 4 bits stands for the IP version and lower 4 bits stands for the header length.

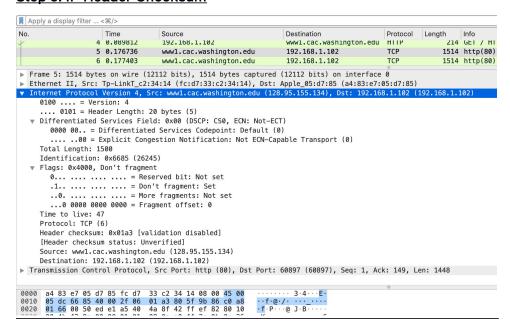
```
6 0.177403
                                   www1.cac.washington.edu
                                                                   192.168.1.102
                                                                                            TCP
                                                                                                          1514 http
                     0.177412
                                   www1.cac.washington.edu
                                                                   192.168.1.102
                                                                                            TCP
                                                                                                          1514
                                                                                                               http
                   8 0.177509
                                   192, 168, 1, 102
                                                                                            TCP
                                                                                                            66 6089
                                                                   www1.cac.washington.edu
                   9 0.178026
                                   www1.cac.washington.edu
                                                                   192.168.1.102
                                                                                            TCP
                                                                                                          1514 http
                  10 0 178037
                                   www1 cac washington edu
                                                                   102 168 1 102
                                                                                            TCP
                                                                                                          1514 htt
  Frame 6: 1514 bytes on wire (12112 bits), 1514 bytes captured (12112 bits) on interface 0
 Ethernet II, Src: Tp-LinkT_c2:34:14 (fc:d7:33:c2:34:14), Dst: Apple_05:d7:85 (a4:83:e7:05:d7:85)
▼ Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: www1.cac.washington.edu (128.95.155.134), Dst: 192.168.1.102 (192.168.1.102)
     0100 .... = Version: 4
     .... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
```

Step 4: Internet Paths

```
traceroute -I www.washington.edu
traceroute: Warning: www.washington.edu has multiple addresses; using 128.95.155.197
traceroute to www.washington.edu (128.95.155.197), 64 hops max, 72 byte packets
    192.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1) 2.587 ms 3.928 ms 3.123 ms
1
    142.254.157.109 \ (142.254.157.109) \ 17.702 \ \text{ms} \ 12.604 \ \text{ms} \ 12.046 \ \text{ms}
    po62.bcwdohct02h.midwest.rr.com (24.164.114.45) 29.448 ms 31.894 ms 21.883 ms
    24.33.100.22 (24.33.100.22) 14.715 ms 12.308 ms 12.623 ms
    be14.clevohek02r.midwest.rr.com (65.29.1.98) 17.854 ms 15.734 ms 15.356 ms
5
   be25.clevohek01r.midwest.rr.com (65.29.1.32) 15.083 ms 14.674 ms 19.582 ms
    ge-3-3-0.cr0.sjc10.tbone.rr.com (66.109.6.12) 23.020 ms 26.485 ms 29.166 ms
    66.109.3.24 (66.109.3.24) 30.131 ms 42.687 ms 27.328 ms
8
   66.109.5.117 (66.109.5.117) 21.246 ms * *
107.14.16.82 (107.14.16.82) 48.203 ms 20.634 ms 19.899 ms
10
12
    * * *
13
    * * *
14
   et-4-3-0.817.rtsw.seat.net.internet2.edu (198.71.47.5) 85.348 ms 93.289 ms 84.065 ms 198.71.47.6 (198.71.47.6) 85.896 ms 85.646 ms 86.179 ms
15
16
    et-7-0-0--4010.uwcr-atg-1.infra.washington.edu (209.124.188.135) 85.731 ms 84.328 ms 86.510 ms
18
    * * *
    ae3--836.uwar-uwtc-1.infra.washington.edu (128.95.155.195) 98.625 ms 98.110 ms 91.593 ms
19
    www3.cac.washington.edu (128.95.155.197) 92.213 ms 94.229 ms 88.893 ms
```



Step 5: IP Header Checksum



As we could see, the IP header in hexadecimal format is 4500 05dc 6685 4000 2f06 01a3 805f 9b86 c0a8 0166

Word meaning:

4500 -> IP version and Header Length (45) + Differentiated Service Field (00) 05dc -> Total Length

```
6685 -> Identification
```

4000 -> Fragment Flags

2f06 -> Time to live (2f) + Protocol (06)

01a3 -> Header Checksum

805f -> Source IP (upper part)

9b86 -> Source IP (lower part)

c0a8 -> Destination IP (upper part)

0166 -> Destination IP (lower part)

We could do the following calculation:

4500 + 05dc = 4ADC

4ADC + 6685 = B161

B161 + 4000 = F161

F161 + 2f06 = 12067

12067 + 01a3 = 1220A

1220A + 805f = 1A269

1A269 + 9b86 = 23DEF

23DEF + c0a8 = 2FE97

2FE97 + 0166 = 2FFFD

FFFD + 2 = FFFF

The sum is 0xffff, which means the sum is correct.