

High Quality Image Reconstruction from RAW and JPEG Image Pair

ICCV 2011 submission

Paper ID: 1309

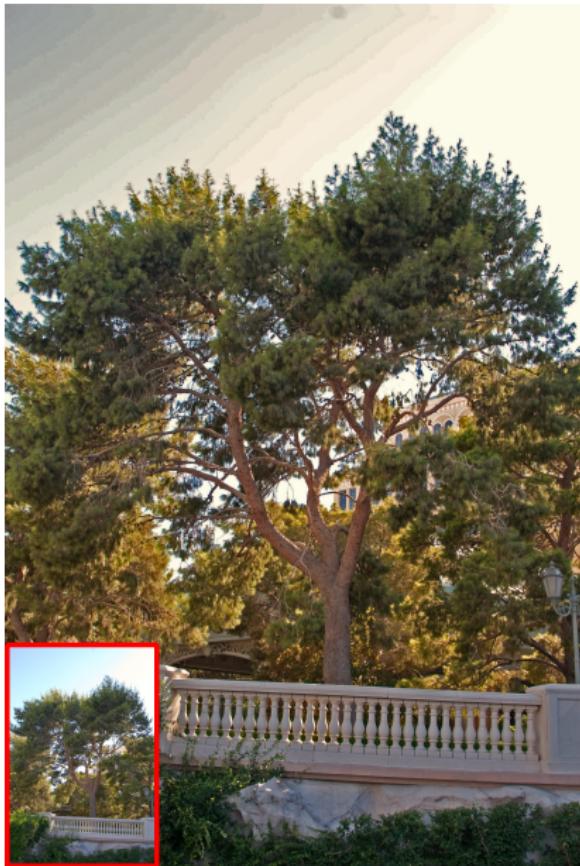
Example 1: Evaluation in Synthetic Case

1. Image Capture Mode: full-res RAW + full-res JPEG
2. Input Images: sRAW($1/4 \times$)* + full-res JPEG

Note: we downsample the full-res RAW to sRAW($1/4 \times$), which has $1/4$ of the image side in the full-res RAW. In this case, we adjust highlights and white-balance in the JPEG image. Some quantization artifacts are amplified in highlight sky regions.

3. Calculate PSNR for results by different methods

Input sRAW(1/4×)(red) and full-res JPEG image pair



Result by global tone-mapping



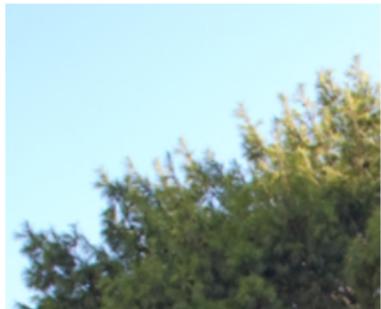
Result by our approach



Ground Truth



Close-up comparisons



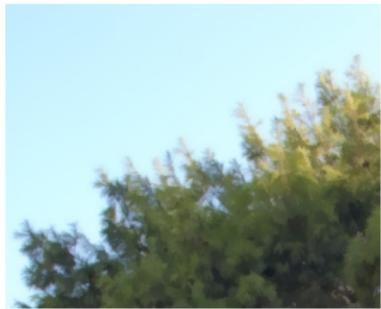
bicubic
PSNR = 26.8 dB



global tone-mapping
PSNR = 24.8 dB



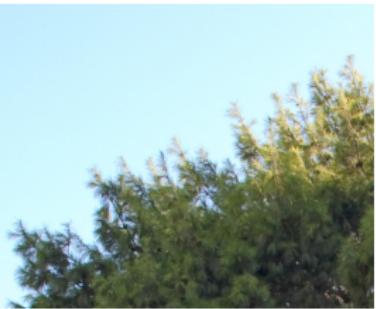
our approach
PSNR = 41.4 dB



joint-bilateral upsampling
 $(\sigma_d = 0.5, \sigma_s = 0.07)$
PSNR = 27.8 dB



joint-bilateral upsampling
 $(\sigma_d = 1.0, \sigma_s = 0.2)$
PSNR = 25.9 dB



ground truth

Example 2: Comparison in Real Case

1. Image Capture Mode: sRAW($1/2\times$) + full-res JPEG
2. Input Images: sRAW($1/4\times$)* + full-res JPEG

Note: we downsample the sRAW($1/2\times$) to sRAW($1/4\times$), which has 1/2 of the image side in the sRAW($1/2\times$) or has 1/2 of the image side in the full-res RAW.

Input sRAW(1/4×)(red) and full-res JPEG image pair



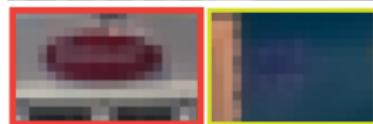
Result by global tone-mapping



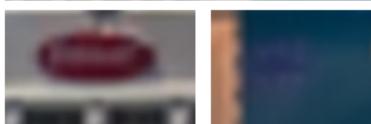
Result by our approach



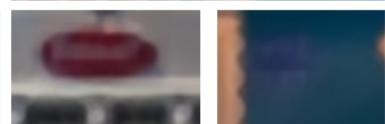
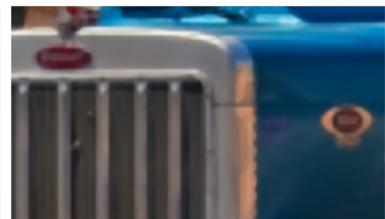
Close-up comparisons with other methods



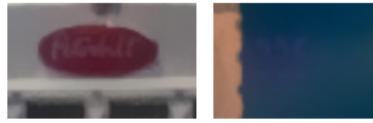
nearest neighboring (X4)



bicubic (X4)



edge-profile based method



joint-bilateral upsampling
($\sigma_d = 0.5, \sigma_s = 0.07$)

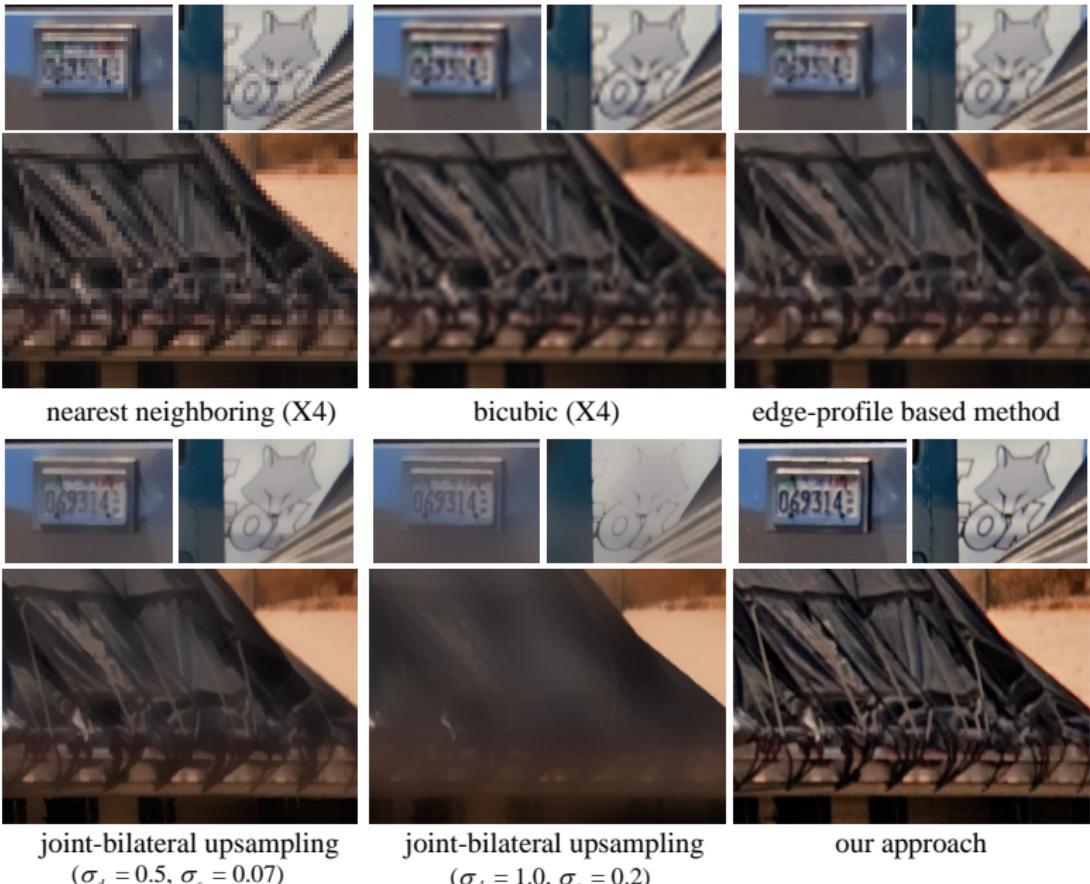


joint-bilateral upsampling
($\sigma_d = 1.0, \sigma_s = 0.2$)



our approach

Close-up comparisons with other methods



Example 3: Application in Monochrome Style

1. Image Capture Mode: sRAW($1/2\times$) + full-res JPEG,
Monochrome Picture Style

Note: In this style, the acquired JPEG is Monochrome color, however, the sRAW still maintains all color information. The setting of Monochrome style is saved in the head of RAW file.

2. Input Images: sRAW($1/8\times$)* + full-res JPEG

Note: we downsample the sRAW($1/2\times$) to sRAW($1/8\times$), which has 1/4 of the image side in the sRAW($1/2\times$) or has 1/4 of the image side in the full-res RAW.

3. Total File Size of sRAW+JPEG (Percentage of Original RAW):
 $17.3\%(8\% + 9.3\%)$ for flat images
 $28.4\%(12\% + 16.4\%)$ for textured images

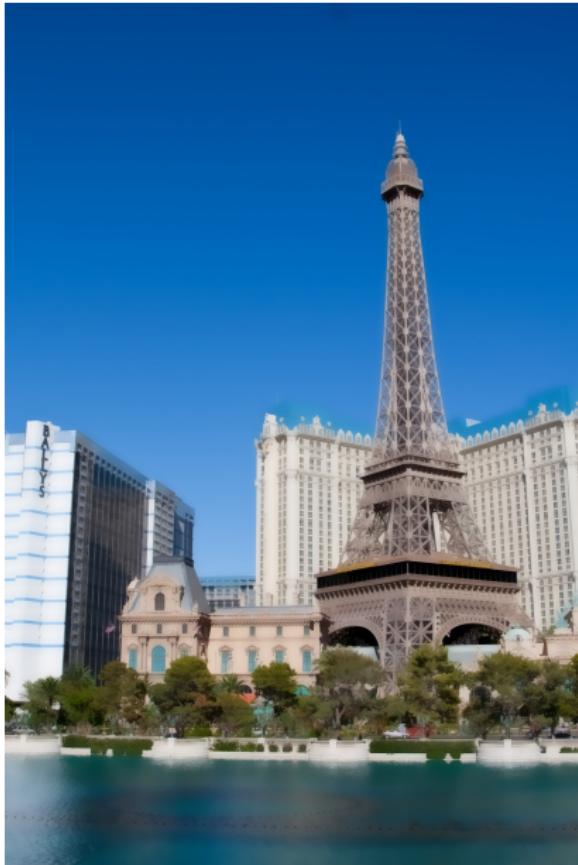
Input sRAW(1/8×)(red) and full-res JPEG image pair



Result by global tone-mapping



Result by joint-bilateral upsampling ($\sigma_d = 0.5, \sigma_s = 0.1$)



Result by our approach



Input sRAW(1/8×)(red) and full-res JPEG image pair



Result by global tone-mapping



Result by joint-bilateral upsampling ($\sigma_d = 0.5, \sigma_s = 0.1$)



Result by our approach



Thank you!