R Notebook

Code ▼

Hide

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
— Attaching packages —
                                    --- tidyverse 1.3.1 -

√ ggplot2 3.3.5

                    ✓ purrr 0.3.4

✓ tibble 3.1.6

                    ✓ dplyr
                              1.0.7
✓ tidyr 1.1.4

✓ stringr 1.4.0

√ readr
         2.1.1
                    ✓ forcats 0.5.1
 - Conflicts -
                               ---- tidyverse_conflicts() ---
x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
x dplyr::lag()
                masks stats::lag()
```

Hide

```
sqrt(VarBeta)
```

```
[,1]
[1,] 2.549638
```

```
#Using bootstrap 49
Results <- mat.or.vec(49, 2) #since we only have one coefficient to estimate
set.seed(99713)
for (i in 1:49){
  sam <- sample(1:length(Mind2$wage), length(Mind2$wage), rep = TRUE) #rep = TRUE</pre>
to give weight to random index
  boot <- Mind2[sam,] #randomly select observations</pre>
  X <- boot %>%
    select(age) %>%
   mutate(intercept = 1) %>%
    as.matrix()
  Beta <- solve(t(X) %*% X) %*% t(X) %*% boot$wage
  Results[i,] <- Beta</pre>
}
Results <- as.data.frame(Results)</pre>
lapply(Results, mean) #beta age: -178.5496, beta intercept: 21975.63 Note that V1
is the age coefficient and V2 is the intercept
```

```
$V1
[1] -178.5496
$V2
[1] 21975.63
```

Hide

```
lapply(Results, sd) #age sd: 5.249532, intercept sd: 291.9666
```

```
$V1
[1] 5.249532
$V2
[1] 291.9666
```

Hide

```
#Using bootstrap 499

Results2 <- mat.or.vec(499, 2)

for (i in 1:499){
    sam <- sample(1:length(Mind2$wage), length(Mind2$wage), rep = TRUE)
    boot <- Mind2[sam,]
    X <- boot %>%
        select(age) %>%
        mutate(intercept = 1) %>%
        as.matrix()
    Beta <- solve(t(X) %*% X) %*% t(X) %*% boot$wage
    Results2[i,] <- Beta
}
Results2 <- as.data.frame(Results2)
lapply(Results2, mean) # beta age: -180.5353, beta intercept: 22095.49. Note that
V1 is the age coefficient and V2 is the intercept</pre>
```

```
$V1
[1] -180.5353
$V2
[1] 22095.49
```

```
lapply(Results2, sd) #age sd: 5.328217, intercept sd: 301.4035
```

```
$V1
[1] 5.328217
$V2
[1] 301.4035
```

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#Using bootstrap gives me a higher standard error.
#While the coefficient (estimated by mean in bootstrap) is nearly the same,
#the result of doing 499 times is closer to matrix form solution than doing 49 times

```
#Exercise 2
dind = list.files(pattern="datind")
for (i in 1:length(dind)) assign(dind[i], read_csv(dind[i]))
```

```
New names:
* `` -> ...1
Warning: One or more parsing issues, see `problems()` for details
```

```
Rows: 22144 Columns: 10

— Column specification

Delimiter: ","

chr (2): empstat, gender

dbl (8): ...1, idind, idmen, year, respondent, profession, age, wage

i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.

i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
New names:
* `` -> ...1
```

```
Rows: 24241 Columns: 10

— Column specification

Delimiter: ","

chr (3): empstat, profession, gender

dbl (7): ...1, idind, idmen, year, respondent, age, wage

i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.

i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
Rows: 24698 Columns: 10

— Column specification

Delimiter: ","

chr (2): empstat, gender

dbl (8): ...1, idind, idmen, year, respondent, profession, age, wage

i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.

i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
New names:
* `` -> ...1
```

```
Rows: 26484 Columns: 10

— Column specification

Delimiter: ","

chr (2): empstat, gender

dbl (8): ...1, idind, idmen, year, respondent, profession, age, wage

i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.

i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

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```
Mind3 <- do.call("rbind", list(datind2005.csv, datind2006.csv, datind2007.csv, dat
ind2008.csv, datind2009.csv,
                               datind2010.csv, datind2011.csv, datind2012.csv, dati
nd2013.csv, datind2014.csv, datind2015.csv,
                               datind2016.csv, datind2017.csv, datind2018.csv))
#2.1
Mind4 <- Mind3 %>%
  mutate(ag = case when(age >= 18 \& age <= 25 ~ 1,
         age >= 26 \& age <= 30 ~ 2,
         age >= 31 \& age <= 35 ~ 3,
         age >= 36 \& age <= 40 ~ 4,
         age >= 41 \& age <= 45 ~ 5,
         age >= 46 \& age <= 50 ~ 6,
         age >= 51 \& age <= 55 ~ 7,
         age >= 56 \& age <= 60 ~ 8,
         age > 60 \sim 9,
         age < 18 \sim 0)
```

```
for (i in 0:9){
posiwage <- Mind4 %>%
  filter(wage != 0) %>%
  filter(ag == i)

plot<- ggplot(posiwage, aes(x = as.factor(year), y = wage, color = as.factor(year))) +
  geom_boxplot() + scale_y_continuous(name="wage", limits=c(0, 50000))
ggsave(paste("age_group_", i, ".pdf", sep = ""))
plot
}</pre>
```

```
Saving 7 x 7 in image
Warning: Removed 3 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
Saving 7 x 7 in image
Warning: Removed 116 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
Saving 7 x 7 in image
Warning: Removed 206 rows containing non-finite values (stat boxplot).
Saving 7 x 7 in image
Warning: Removed 791 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
Saving 7 x 7 in image
Warning: Removed 1333 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
Saving 7 x 7 in image
Warning: Removed 2072 rows containing non-finite values (stat boxplot).
Saving 7 x 7 in image
Warning: Removed 2214 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
Saving 7 x 7 in image
Warning: Removed 2109 rows containing non-finite values (stat boxplot).
Saving 7 x 7 in image
Warning: Removed 1748 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
Saving 7 x 7 in image
Warning: Removed 867 rows containing non-finite values (stat boxplot).
```

```
#clear NA
Mind5 <- Mind3[!is.na(Mind3$age) & !is.na(Mind3$wage) & !is.na(Mind3$year),]

#using lm
reg1 <- lm(wage ~ age + as.factor(year), data = Mind5)
summary(reg1)$coefficients</pre>
```

```
Estimate Std. Error
                                                           Pr(>|t|)
                                               t value
                    20675.05832 174.535606 118.4575389 0.000000e+00
(Intercept)
                     -186.87927
                                  2.001569 -93.3663738 0.000000e+00
age
                       21.93723 206.900079
                                             0.1060281 9.155601e-01
as.factor(year)2006
                      294.80257 204.758678
                                             1.4397562 1.499375e-01
as.factor(year)2007
                    1425.19060 205.327803
                                             6.9410502 3.900078e-12
as.factor(year)2008
as.factor(year)2009
                     1720.36049 205.075379
                                             8.3889178 4.927979e-17
                    1869.52505 203.141747
                                             9.2030569 3.501191e-20
as.factor(year)2010
                                            10.4726690 1.165692e-25
as.factor(year)2011
                     2116.01760 202.051417
as.factor(year)2012 2601.22748 199.589059
                                            13.0329162 8.153676e-39
as.factor(year)2013 2478.84340 203.356713
                                            12.1896315 3.598927e-34
                     2749.67501 202.408468
                                            13.5847825 5.078509e-42
as.factor(year)2014
as.factor(year)2015
                     3120.96921 202.710060
                                            15.3962226 1.822024e-53
as.factor(year)2016
                     3410.11335 202.643067
                                            16.8281768 1.626422e-63
as.factor(year)2017
                     3479.03189 204.645439
                                            17.0002904 8.785992e-65
                     3636.15153 205.928835 17.6573210 9.724886e-70
as.factor(year)2018
```

Hide

```
#the age coefficient is -186.87927

#using matrix
X <- Mind5%>%
    select(age, year)%>%
    mutate(intercept = 1) %>%
    as.matrix()

solve(t(X) %*% X) %*% t(X) %*% Mind5$wage #age coefficient: -186.8827
```

```
[,1]
age -186.8827
year 290.9967
intercept -562591.9400
```

```
#using plm
install.packages("plm")
```

```
trying URL 'https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/macosx/big-sur-arm64/contrib/4.1/plm_2.4-3.tgz'

Content type 'application/x-gzip' length 2137849 bytes (2.0 MB)

========downloaded 2.0 MB
```

The downloaded binary packages are in /var/folders/3z/2_2kvxs57q38w9ppyslh0thm0000gn/T//RtmpBjMdLN/downloaded_packag es

Hide

```
library(plm)
```

```
Attaching package: 'plm'

The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':

between, lag, lead
```

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```
reg2 <- plm(wage ~ age, data = Mind5, model = "within", index = "year")
summary(reg2) #-186.8793</pre>
```

```
Oneway (individual) effect Within Model
Call:
plm(formula = wage ~ age, data = Mind5, model = "within", index = "year")
Unbalanced Panel: n = 14, T = 18767-22742, N = 289769
Residuals:
    Min. 1st Ou.
                     Median 3rd Ou.
                                            Max.
-21321.1 -11464.5
                     -7266.0
                               8496.3 1738140.9
Coefficients:
    Estimate Std. Error t-value Pr(>|t|)
                2.0016 -93.366 < 2.2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Total Sum of Squares: 1.2219e+14
Residual Sum of Squares: 1.1862e+14
               0.029206
R-Squared:
Adj. R-Squared: 0.02916
F-statistic: 8717.28 on 1 and 289754 DF, p-value: < 2.22e-16
```

```
#Compare this to model without time fixed effect
compare <- lm(wage ~ age, data = Mind5)
summary(compare)$coefficients #age coefficient is -182.4896</pre>
```

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 22559.2993 104.318126 216.25484 0
age -182.4896 1.999791 -91.25433 0
```

```
initial value 14810.237786
final value 14810.237786
converged
initial value 14810.237786
```

initial value 14810.237786 final value 14810.237786 converged initial value 144620.765593 final value 144620.765593 converged initial value 14810.237786 final value 14810.237786 converged initial value 144620.765593 final value 144620.765593 converged initial value 63652.420253 final value 14810.237786 converged initial value 14810.237786 final value 14810.237786 converged initial value 144620.765593 final value 144620.765593 converged

Hide

results3 <- format(results3, scientific = F) #By this I turn the scientific notati
on to full numbers
results3 <- as.data.frame(results3)</pre>

results3[which(results3\$V3 == min(results3\$V3)),] #Find rows (estimation) that h
ave the minimum negative loglikelihood

	V1 <chr></chr>	V2 <chr></chr>	V3 <chr></chr>		
28	1.043910803	0.006931463	3555.890576527		
1 row					

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```
# This time, I get the estimated intercept: 1.042158817, estimated age coefficient
: 0.00697, with the minimizing value 3555.8917
# Notes that the number of the coefficient can not be interpreted directly in prob
it model.
# We can only say age has a positive effect on market participation without contro
lling other factors.
```

#3.4
wage <- df\$wage
age <- df\$age
empstat <- as.numeric(df\$empstat)

wage<- wage[which(!is.na(wage))] #clear out NA
age <- age[which (!is.na(wage))]
empstat <- empstat[which(!is.na(wage))]

length(wage) #check if I have the same dimension</pre>

[1] 11522

Hide

length(age)

[1] 11522

Hide

length(empstat)

[1] 11522

```
ProLike2 <- function(cf, age, wage, empstat){
    XB = cf[1] + cf[2]*age + cf[3]*wage
    Prob = pnorm(XB)
    Prob[Prob>0.999999] = 0.999999
    Prob[Prob<0.000001] = 0.000001
    p1 = log(Prob)  #represent the log prob of (y=1)
    p0 = log(1-Prob) #represent the log prob of (y=0)
    like = empstat * p1 + (1-empstat) * p0
    #By this method, if empstat = 1, then only the first term will be computed; othe
rwise, the second term will be computed
    return( -sum(like) ) #return negative for us to do maximization via minimizing t
he negative version
}</pre>
```

```
initial value 127061.252927
final value 127061.252927
converged
initial value 144399.717422
final value 144399.717422
converged
initial value 126827.903975
final value 14782.606749
converged
initial value 14782.606749
final value 14782.606749
converged
initial value 144399.717422
final value 144399.717422
converged
initial value 32093.440225
final value 32093.440225
converged
initial value 14782.606749
```

converged initial value 14782.606749 final value 14782.606749 converged initial value 31922.067914 final value 31913.842120 converged initial value 127157.961494 final value 127157.961494 converged initial value 127088.884144 final value 127088.883946 converged initial value 31931.657569 final value 14782.606749 converged initial value 32026.060531 final value 14782.606749 converged initial value 14782.606749 final value 14782.606749 converged initial value 14782.606749 final value 14782.606749 converged initial value 126453.376090 final value 126453.371099 converged initial value 144399.717422 final value 144399.717422

converged

Hide

results4 <- format(results4, scientific = F) #By this I turn the scientific notati
on to full numbers
results4 <- as.data.frame(results4)</pre>

results4[which(results4\$V4 == min(results4\$V4)),] #The age coefficient is 0.006 815962, and the wage coefficient is 2.475465594

V1 <chr></chr>	V2 <chr></chr>	V3 <chr></chr>	V4 <chr></chr>			
65 1.039405928	0.006849504	3.880669144	13268.748016375			
1 row						

```
M5$empstat[ M5$empstat == "Employed" ] = 1 #make dummies for empstat
M5$empstat[ M5$empstat == "Unemployed" ] = 0

testM5 <- M5 %>%
   mutate(dum = 1) %>%
   pivot_wider(names_from = year, values_from = dum, values_fill = 0) #make year du
mmies

M6 <- testM5 %>%
   select(-"2005") # I drop 2005 to avoid perfect collinearity

age <- M6$age
empstat <- as.numeric(M6$empstat)

which(is.na(age)) #no NA</pre>
```

integer(0)

Hide

```
which(is.na(empstat)) #no NA
```

integer(0)

```
y6 <- M6$\cdot 2006\cdot y7 <- M6$\cdot 2007\cdot y8 <- M6$\cdot 2008\cdot y9 <- M6$\cdot 2009\cdot y10 <- M6$\cdot 2010\cdot y11 <- M6$\cdot 2011\cdot y12 <- M6$\cdot 2012\cdot y13 <- M6$\cdot 2013\cdot y14 <- M6$\cdot 2014\cdot y15 <- M6$\cdot 2015\cdot y15 <- M6$\cdot y15 <- M6$\cdot
```

V1 <chr></chr>	V2 <chr></chr>	V3 <chr></chr>	V4 <chr></chr>	V5 <chr></chr>	V6 <chr></chr>
0.328461891	2.474851978	-0.767911980	1.804368717	2.589942357	-2.083
-1.243938420	-2.823932411	1.535937560	-3.413695816	-0.019049845	-0.166
-3.326585572	3.904477472	-1.710655231	0.614059984	0.052283155	3.9303
3.465169827	-4.990437631	0.477357784	2.294885302	4.728192699	-2.120
-2.130663081	-2.927745029	0.142864361	-0.045133978	2.146985824	2.8820

3.697835195	-2.202647955	1.814118272	-3.461450033	0.178605549	-1.359
1.320234439	2.376328625	3.773558084	-0.538405254	4.025591908	4.5139
4.911462129	2.788506269	1.149548327	-2.842433378	4.844786581	2.3526
8.008054254	548.071784350	-4.807237920	3.186886045	-0.776417582	4.9895
3.365450751	-2.361009391	4.184954616	2.784596051	-2.674448476	4.8016
1-10 of 100 rows	1-6 of 13 columns	Previo	us 1 2 3	4 5 6 10	Next

Hide

Tvalue > 1.96

[1] TRUE

21 1.120026111	V1 <chr></chr>	V2 <chr></chr>	V3 <chr></chr>	V4 <chr></chr>	V5 <chr></chr>	V6 <chr></chr>	V7 <chr></chr>
	21 1.120026111	0.025313596	0.031771019	0.157492273	0.212685190	0.045560425	0.0375

1 row | 1-8 of 13 columns

Hide

Tvalue > 1.96 #TRUE, it is significance under 95%CI

[1] TRUE

```
# ====== Linear ========
LnLike <- function(cf, age, y6, y7, y8, y9, y10, y11, y12, y13, y14, y15, empstat)
  XB = cf[1] + cf[2]*age + cf[3]*y6 + cf[4] *y7 + cf[5]*y8 + cf[6]*y9 +
    cf[7]*y10 + cf[8]*y11 + cf[9]*y12 + cf[10]*y13 + cf[11]*y14 + cf[12]*y15
  Prob = XB
  Prob[Prob>0.999999] = 0.999999
 Prob[Prob<0.000001] = 0.000001
  # Note that I did force the probability to be between [0,1], but Prob = XB can
be inherently bigger than 1 or smaller than 0
  p1 = log(Prob)
 p0 = log(1-Prob)
  like = empstat * p1 + (1-empstat) * p0
  return( -sum(like) )
}
time <- 100
results7 <- mat.or.vec(time, 12+1)
for (i in 1:time) {
  searchv = runif(12, -5, 5) #random starting search value
  result = optim(searchv, fn = LnLike, method = "BFGS",
                  control = list(trace = 6, maxit = 3000),
                  age = age, y6 = y6, y7 = y7, y8 = y8, y9 = y9, y10 = y10,
                  y11 = y11, y12 = y12, y13 = y13, y14 = y14, y15 = y15,
                  empstat = empstat)
  results7[i,] = c(result$par, result$value)
}
```

```
initial value 183608.250662
final value 183608.250662
converged
initial value 183608.250662
final value 183608.250662
converged
initial value 1593563.894109
final value 1593563.894109
converged
initial value 1593563.894109
final value 1593563.894109
converged
initial value 1593563.894109
final value 1593563.894109
converged
initial value 183608.250662
```

converged initial value 183608.250662 final value 183608.250662 converged initial value 1593563.894109 final value 1593563.894109 converged initial value 1593563.894109 final value 1593563.894109 converged initial value 183608.250662 final value 183608.250662 converged initial value 1593563.894109 final value 1593563.894109 converged initial value 183608.250662 final value 183608.250662 converged initial value 1593563.894109 final value 1593563.894109 converged initial value 183608.250662 final value 183608.250662 converged

Hide

```
results7 <- format(results7, scientific = F)
results7 <- as.data.frame(results7)</pre>
```

results7[which(results7\$V13 == min(results7\$V13)),]

	V1 <chr></chr>	V2 <chr></chr>	V3 <chr></chr>	V4 <chr></chr>	V5 <chr></chr>	V6 <chr></chr>
1	1.11468968	1.27951165	1.37091177	-4.34164052	0.31826173	-0.95300552
2	0.76827936	4.55536990	-1.97953293	-2.18581304	-3.01391464	3.85060381
6	-3.48389898	0.77382353	-0.25364508	-2.29617071	-2.81977456	-2.65077414

9	2.63522930	4.01696836	-4.90187781	0.38507133	-2.97030635	-4.74124418
14	-3.17104172	1.89144611	3.14392670	3.47678480	-3.29191688	-4.14932820
19	1.81601888	4.30128571	-3.02068016	0.79384470	3.29295399	-2.37529039
21	-1.26312901	4.31874610	-3.91388761	-4.27326023	1.37278161	-4.69478592
22	-4.38616076	1.82814226	4.91262506	-0.10939945	3.56308153	-3.19284005
23	140.49305508	8855.31830583	-2.68378733	-3.50614744	10.30327383	-3.20001794
24	-3.77451309	4.82216000	1.57069871	-3.95470109	2.61762258	0.80649350
1-10 of 49 rows 1-8 of 13 columns Pre					1 2 3	4 5 Next

Hide

```
LnRes <- t (results7[ which(results7$V13 == min(results7$V13)), ] )
LnRes <- as.vector(as.numeric(LnRes))
LnRes <- LnRes[-length(LnRes)]

# the estimate intercept is 1.971644518, and the estimated age coefficient is 0.10
5708194
#This means an age older is associated with 0.105 proportionate increase in employ ment probability

#Unfortunately, because I always produce zero hessian matrix in optim(), I could n ot report the standard error and the significance level</pre>
```

Hide

```
initial value 183608.250662
iter 1 value 183608.250662
final value 183608.250662
converged
```

Hide

result\$hessian

```
[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7] [,8] [,9] [,10] [,11] [,12]
                                                      0
 [1,]
 [2,]
            0
                   0
                          0
                                 0
                                        0
                                               0
                                                      0
                                                             0
                                                                    0
                                                                            0
                                                                                     0
                                                                                             0
                          0
                                 0
                                                      0
                                                                                     0
 [3,]
            0
                   0
                                        0
                                               0
                                                             0
                                                                    0
                                                                            0
                                                                                             0
                   0
                          0
                                 0
                                        0
                                               0
                                                      0
                                                             0
                                                                    0
                                                                                     0
                                                                                             0
 [4,]
            0
                                                                            0
            0
                   0
                          n
                                 0
                                        0
                                               0
                                                      n
                                                             0
                                                                    0
                                                                            0
                                                                                     0
                                                                                             0
 [5,]
 [6,]
                   0
                          0
                                 0
                                        0
                                               0
                                                      0
                                                             0
                                                                    0
                                                                            0
                                                                                     0
                                                                                             0
                   0
                          0
                                 0
                                        0
                                               0
                                                      0
                                                             0
                                                                    0
                                                                            0
                                                                                     0
                                                                                             0
 [7,]
 [8,]
                          0
                                 0
                                        0
                                                      0
            0
                   0
                                                             0
                                                                    0
                                                                            0
                                                                                             0
 [9,]
            0
                   0
                          0
                                 0
                                        0
                                               0
                                                      0
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[12,]
            0
```

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```
# 5.1
Intercept <- rep(1, length(age))
Xmat <- cbind(Intercept, age, y6, y7, y8, y9, y10, y11, y12, y13, y14, y15)
dim(Xmat)</pre>
```

```
[1] 128636 12
```

Hide

```
# ====== Probit =======

predictPro <- Xmat %*% ProRes # X matrix times beta
marginalPro <- mean( dnorm(predictPro)) * ProRes
marginalPro #note that the first is intercept, the second is coefficient of age</pre>
```

```
[1] 0.133160220 0.002192848 0.003056893 0.014360892 0.019539431 0.004733422 0.003894717 0.009831213 0.001832989 -0.007060174 [11] -0.005882981 -0.009450188
```

```
# ====== Logit =======

predictLog <- Xmat %*% LogitRes
#how to uncover marginal effect of logit function?

pdf <- exp(predictLog)/(1 + exp(predictLog))
marginalLog <- mean(pdf)* LogitRes #is this still cdf? Then, what is its pdf?
marginalLog</pre>
```

```
[1] 1.00428816 0.02269781 0.02848796 0.14121780 0.19070736 0.04085244 0.03 369867 0.09071787 0.01073038 -0.07631406 -0.06395258 [12] -0.09985407
```

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mean(dlogis(predictLog)) * LogitRes #this is closer, but not entirely the same

```
[1] 0.102898611 0.002325601 0.002918855 0.014469070 0.019539732 0.004185710 0.003452741 0.009294885 0.001099426 -0.007819081 [11] -0.006552533 -0.010230973
```

```
#Failed attempt with probit boot
#for (i in 1:49){
# sam <- sample(1:nrow(Fullmat), nrow(Fullmat), rep = TRUE) #rep = TRUE to give w</pre>
eight to random index
  boot <- Fullmat[sam,]</pre>
  age <- boot$age
  empstat <- as.numeric(boot$empstat)</pre>
  y6 <- boot$y6
  y7 <- boot$y7
  y8 <- boot$y8
  y9 <- boot$y9
  y10 <- boot$y10
  y11 <- boot$y11
#
  y12 <- boot$y12
  y13 <- boot$y13
  y14 <- boot$y14
# y15 <- boot$y15
  #here I complete the data process
  time <- 50 #here I only do 50 times
  resBpro <- mat.or.vec(time, 12+1)</pre>
   for (j in 1:time) {
     searchv = runif(12, -5, 5) #random starting search value
#
     result = optim(searchy, fn = ProLike3, method = "BFGS",
#
                     control = list(trace = 6, maxit = 1000),
#
#
                     age = age, y6 = y6, y7 = y7, y8 = y8, y9 = y9, y10 = y10,
#
                     y11 = y11, y12 = y12, y13 = y13, y14 = y14, y15 = y15,
#
                     empstat = empstat)
#
     resBpro[j,] = c(result$par, result$value)
#
   }
```

```
#
   resBpro <- format(resBpro, scientific = F)</pre>
#
   resBpro <- as.data.frame(resBpro)</pre>
#
  resBpro <- resBpro[ which(resBpro$V13 == min(resBpro$V13)), ]
  resBpro <- as.numeric( as.vector(t(resBpro)) )</pre>
  resBpro <- resBpro[-length(resBpro)]</pre>
  Intercept <- rep(1, length(age))</pre>
  Xmat <- cbind(Intercept, age, y6, y7, y8, y9, y10, y11, y12, y13, y14, y15)</pre>
  #Error in Xmat %*% resBpro : non-conformable arguments
  predictPro_b <- Xmat %*% as.matrix(resBpro)</pre>
  marginalPro_b <- mean( dnorm(predictPro_b)) * resBpro</pre>
  bootmarg[i,] <- marginalPro_b</pre>
#
  }
```

Hide

```
apply(Bmix, MARGIN = 1, sd)
```

```
[1] 0.0062172292 0.0001160997 0.2099995629 0.0036329970 0.1994521134 0.0040779691 0.1286183428 0.1122085614 0.0040960827 0.7712256396 [11] 0.0041474878 0.0032604732
```

```
trytimes <- 1:4
LogBootRes <- sapply(trytimes, logtry)</pre>
LogBootRes2 <- sapply(trytimes, logtry)</pre>
LogBootRes3 <- sapply(trytimes, logtry)</pre>
LogBootRes4 <- sapply(trytimes, logtry)</pre>
LogBootRes5 <- sapply(trytimes, logtry)</pre>
Bmix2 <- do.call("cbind", list(LogBootRes, LogBootRes2, LogBootRes3, LogBootRes4,</pre>
LogBootRes5))
apply(Bmix2, MARGIN = 1, mean)
apply(Bmix2, MARGIN = 1, sd)
#Standard error of intercept: 4.809159e-03
#age: 9.572158e-05
#2006: 4.641618e-03
#2007: 5.000660e-03
#2008: 4.366556e-03
#2009: 4.576084e-03
#2010: 4.747205e-03
#2011: 3.896287e-03
#2012: 3.459685e-03
#2013: 455618e-03
#2014:3.790857e-03
#2015:281763e-03
```