

The file `dma_w.c` describes how data is transferred from processing system to

FPGA. The basic idea of how to control DMA can be found at

Lauri's blog (<http://lauri.xn--vsandi-pxa.com/hdl/zynq/xilinx-dma.html>)

The `dma_write_simple()` method will transfer the data from physical address handle to





FPGA. The datasheet of DMA can be found at

http://www.xilinx.com/support/documentation/ip_documentation/axi_dma/v7_1/pg021_axi_dma.pdf

`dma_init` does necessary initialization of dma controller. When allocating a memory in kernel, use `dma_alloc-coherent()` as this file does. Don't use `kmalloc()`, since it will cache data between virtual address and physical address. `dma_exit` does necessary clean up. `dma_write_simple` transfers data from physical address handle and of length `buff_len` to FPGA.

The file is compiled together with `arq.c` and `eth2dma.c` to form the module of transmitter. Below is picture that shows the transmitter's C files together with a Makefile.

My Computer > Local Disk (E:) > 450 > Linux > New folder > finalworks > eth2dma_arq

Name	Date modified	Type	Size
 arq	8/10/2016 2:58 AM	C File	5 KB
 dma_w	8/10/2016 2:58 AM	C File	15 KB
 eth2dma	8/10/2016 3:02 AM	C File	9 KB
 Makefile	8/9/2016 6:23 PM	File	1 KB