

The file `dma_r.c` describes how data is transferred from FPGA to processing system. The basic idea of how to control DMA can be found at Lauri's blog (<http://lauri.xn--vsandi-pxa.com/hdl/zynq/xilinx-dma.html>)





The `dma_receive()` method will transfer the data from FPGA to physical address handle2

The datasheet of DMA can be found at

http://www.xilinx.com/support/documentation/ip_documentation/axi_dma/v7_1/pg021_axi_dma.pdf

The file `operations_dma_fops` and its associated functions `dma_read`, `dma_write`, `dma_open`, `dma_release` does not play any role in this file. They are only for compiling purpose and may be removed from this file. `dma_init` does necessary initialization of dma controller. When allocating a memory in kernel, use `dma_alloc-coherent()` as this file does. Don't use `kmalloc()`, since it will cache data between virtual addr and physical addr. `dma_exit` does necessary clean up. `dma_receive` is the function to receive data. When `to_eth` is equal to 1, we receive data from FPGA, and use `sendskb()` to send the data to Ethernet. When `to_eth` is equal to 0, we do nothing.

The file is compiled together with `ackmod.c` and `dma2eth.c` to form the module of receiver. Below is picture that shows the receiver's C files together with a Makefile.

Computer > Local Disk (E:) > 450 > Linux > New folder > finalworks > rxack_deferred_int				
Name	Date modified	Type	Size	
 <code>ackmod</code>	8/10/2016 11:59 AM	C File	9 KB	
 <code>dma_r</code>	8/7/2016 8:33 PM	C File	12 KB	
 <code>dma2eth</code>	8/10/2016 11:58 AM	C File	3 KB	
 <code>Makefile</code>	8/6/2016 5:48 PM	File	1 KB	