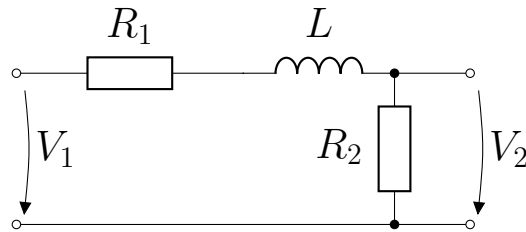
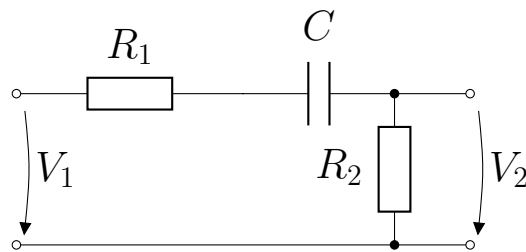


Seminar - 8th week

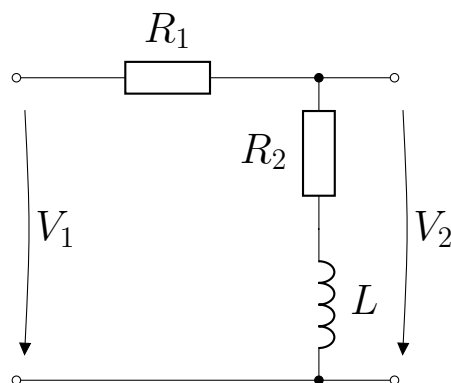
1. For circuit in the figure draw magnitude and phase frequency response (Bode plot) of the voltage transfer function $\mathbf{H} = \frac{V_2}{V_1}$. $R_1 = 9 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_2 = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$, $L = 10 \text{ mH}$.



2. For circuit in the figure draw magnitude and phase frequency response (Bode plot) of the voltage transfer function $\mathbf{H} = \frac{V_2}{V_1}$. $R_1 = 4 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_2 = 6 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C = 2 \mu\text{F}$.

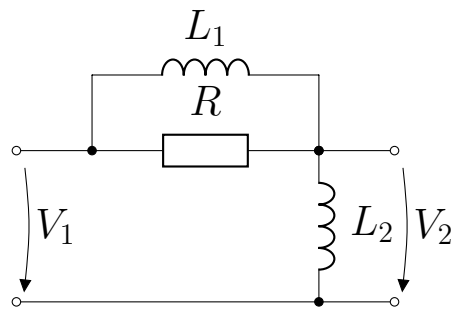


3. For circuit in the figure draw magnitude and phase frequency response (Bode plot) of the voltage transfer function $\mathbf{H} = \frac{V_2}{V_1}$. $R_1 = 9 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_2 = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$, $L = 10 \text{ mH}$.



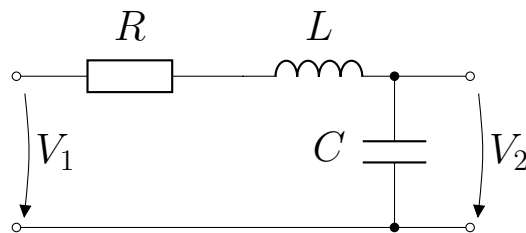
4. For circuit in the figure draw magnitude and phase frequency response (Bode plot) of the voltage transfer function $\mathbf{H} = \frac{V_2}{V_1}$. $R = 2400 \Omega$,

$$L_1 = 0.4 \text{ H}, L_2 = 0.6 \text{ H}.$$

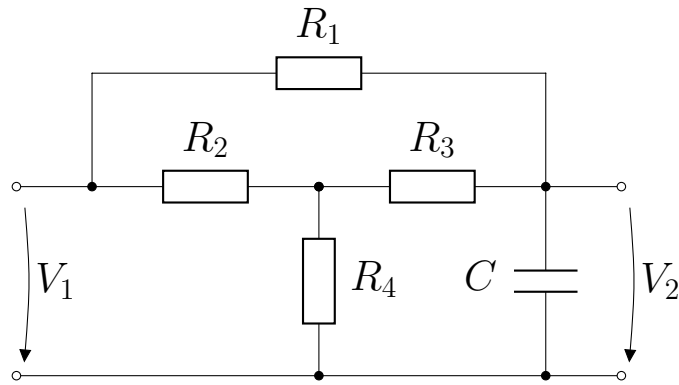


5. For circuit in the figure draw magnitude and phase frequency response (Bode plot) of the voltage transfer function $\mathbf{H} = \frac{V_2}{V_1}$. $L = 0.2 \text{ H}$, $C = 5 \mu\text{F}$,
- $R = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$,
 - $R = 400 \Omega$,
 - $R = 1 \Omega$.

What is a difference between Bode approximation and true frequency response at breaking frequency?



6. For circuit in the figure draw magnitude and phase frequency response (Bode plot) of the voltage transfer function $\mathbf{H} = \frac{V_2}{V_1}$. $R_1 = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_2 = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_3 = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_4 = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C = 1 \mu\text{F}$.
In Microcap, draw waveforms of input and output voltage, if circuit is supplied from three series connected AC sources with frequencies $f_1 = 150 \text{ Hz}$, $f_2 = 1500 \text{ Hz}$, $f_3 = 15 \text{ kHz}$.



7. For circuit in the figure draw in Microcap magnitude and phase frequency response (Bode plot) of the voltage transfer function $\mathbf{H} = \frac{V_2}{V_1}$.

$L_1 = 2.39 \text{ mH}$, $L_2 = 0.796 \text{ mH}$, $C = 33.16 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $R = 8 \text{ }\Omega$.

In Microcap, draw waveforms of input and output voltage, if circuit is supplied from three series connected AC sources with frequencies $f_1 = 800 \text{ Hz}$, $f_2 = 8 \text{ kHz}$, $f_3 = 80 \text{ kHz}$.

In Microcap, draw waveforms of input and output voltage, if circuit is supplied from voltage source of rectangular waveform with period $T = 1.25 \text{ ms}$

