3. (b)

XRotate 
$$(\frac{\pi}{2})$$
:  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = A$ 

translate  $(1,0,0)$ :  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = B$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = C$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = C$$

$$T = C \cdot B \cdot A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T \cdot \begin{bmatrix} as \\ 2i0 \\ 30 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -b \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{Hence} \quad (as, 2, 3) \Rightarrow (3, -6, 2)$$

$$T \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3is \\ 7 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -14 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{Honce} \quad (1, 3is, 7) \Rightarrow (4, -14, 2)$$

$$T \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 2i0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{Honce} \quad (2, 0, 1) \Rightarrow (6, -2, 2)$$