# Prompt to Prompt

Image Editing with Cross-Attention Control

Yuanzhi Zhu

## Content

- Motivation & Recap
- Prompt-to-Prompt
- Extensions

#### **Motivation**

#### Text-2-image editing is sensitive to text prompts

text influence the high level semantic only



photo of a cat riding a bike



photo of a cat on a bike

#### A spatial mask to localize the edit

- hard to draw and
- ignoring the original structure & content









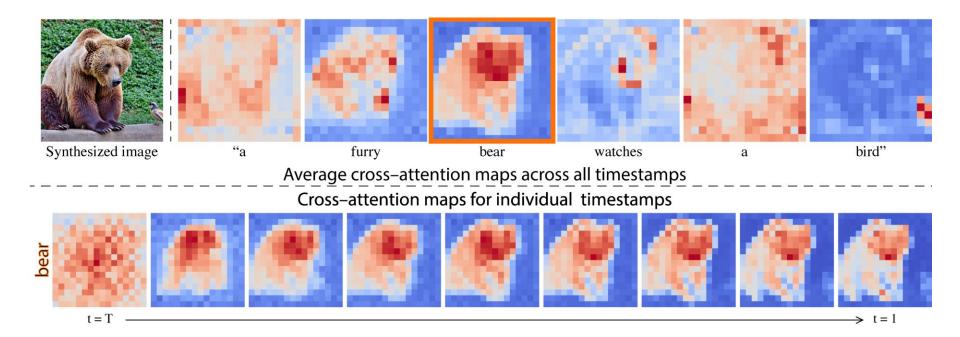
Inpainting Example

Mask Prompt: girl with red hair

#### Toward Mask-free Text-2-Image Editing ©

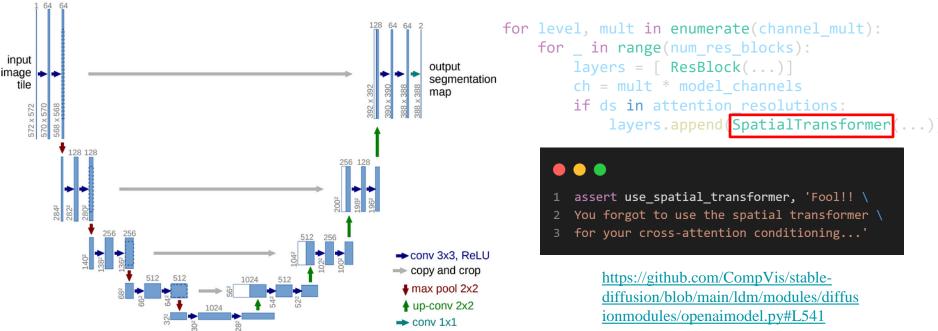
#### Prompt-to-Prompt

**Key Observation**: spatial information in the cross-attention maps



#### **Model Architecture & Location of Cross Attention**

unet\_config:
 target: ldm.modules.diffusionmodules.openaimodel.UNetModel



Attentions in stable diffusion

from ldm.modules.attention import SpatialTransformer

# context.shape = b n token dim

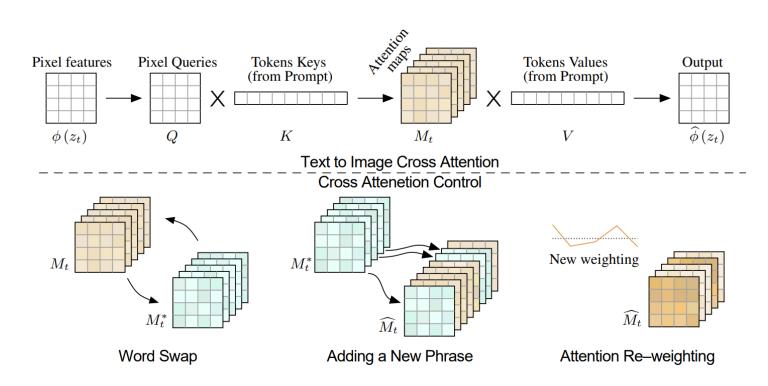
inner dim

# Content

- Motivation & Recap
- Prompt-to-Prompt
- Extensions

$$M = \operatorname{Softmax}\left(\frac{QK^T}{\sqrt{d}}\right)$$

we can inject the attention maps M that were obtained from the generation with the original prompt P, into a second generation with the modified prompt  $P^*$ 



```
Algorithm 1: Prompt-to-Prompt image editing
                                                                                                                                               Word Swap
                                                                                                                                                Edit(M_t, M_t^*, t) := \begin{cases} M_t^* & \text{if } t < \tau \\ M_t & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}
1 Input: A source prompt \mathcal{P}, a target prompt \mathcal{P}^*, and a random seed s.
2 Optional for local editing: w and w^*, words in \mathcal{P} and \mathcal{P}^*, specifying the editing region.
3 Output: A source image x_{src} and an edited image x_{dst}.
4 z_T \sim N(0, I) a unit Gaussian random variable with random seed s;
z_T^* \leftarrow z_T;
                                                                                                                                              Adding a New Phrase
6 for t = T, T - 1, \dots, 1 do
                                                                                                                                  (Edit(M_t, M_t^*, t))_{i,j} := \begin{cases} (M_t^*)_{i,j} & \text{if } A(j) = None \\ (M_t)_{i,A(j)} & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}
7 | z_{t-1}, M_t \leftarrow DM(z_t, \mathcal{P}, t, s);
      M_t^* \leftarrow DM(z_t^*, \mathcal{P}^*, t, s);
       \widehat{M}_t \leftarrow Edit(M_t, M_t^*, t);
                                                                                                                                                      i :pixel value; i :text token
       z_{t-1}^* \leftarrow DM(z_t^*, \mathcal{P}^*, t, s) \{ M \leftarrow \widehat{M}_t \};
       if local then
                                                                                                                                               Attention Re–weighting
         \alpha \leftarrow B(\overline{M}_{t,w}) \cup B(\overline{M}_{t,w^*}^*);
        z_{t-1}^* \leftarrow (1-\alpha) \odot z_{t-1} + \alpha \odot z_{t-1}^*;
                                                                                                                                           (Edit(M_t, M_t^*, t))_{i,j} := \begin{cases} c \cdot (M_t)_{i,j} & \text{if } j = j^* \\ (M_t)_{i,j} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}
15 end
16 Return (z_0, z_0^*)
```

#### How to implement?

https://github.com/google/prompt-to-prompt/blob/main/ptp\_utils.py#L173

```
### prompt to prompt setup
controller = setup attention controller(attention control type, prompts,
                 cross_replace_steps=cross_replace_steps, self_replace_steps=self replace steps,
                 LocalBlend pair=LocalBlend pair,
                 Reweightwords=Reweightwords, Reweightscales=Reweightscales,
                 sampling steps=steps, tokenizer=model.cond stage model.tokenizer)
ptp utils.register attention control(model, controller)
def register_recr(net_, count, place in unet):
   ## modify the forward function of the cross attention module
    if net . class . name == 'CrossAttention':
        net .forward = ca forward(net , place in unet)
       return count + 1
```

```
### forward method of controller
def forward(self, attn, is cross: bool, place in unet: str):
    super(AttentionControlEdit, self).forward(attn, is cross, place in unet)
    if is cross or (self.num self replace[0] <= self.cur step < self.num self replace[1]):</pre>
        h = attn.shape[0] // (self.batch size)
        attn = attn.reshape(self.batch size, h, *attn.shape[1:])
        attn base, attn repalce = attn[0], attn[1:]
        if is cross:
            alpha words = self.cross replace alpha[self.cur step]
            attn repalce new = self.replace_cross_attention(attn_base, attn_repalce) * alpha_words \
                                            + (1 - alpha words) * attn repalce
            attn[1:] = attn repalce new
        else:
            attn[1:] = self.replace_self_attention(attn_base, attn repalce)
        attn = attn.reshape(self.batch size * h, *attn.shape[2:])
    return attn
```

#### How to implement?

https://github.com/google/prompt-to-prompt/blob/main/ptp\_utils.py#L74

```
img, pred_x0 = self.p_sample_ddim(...)
### apply local_blend to img
if controller:
    img = controller.step_callback(img)
```

```
class LocalBlend:
       def __call__(self, x_t, attention_store):
           k = 1
           maps = attention store["down cross"][2:4] + attention_store["up_cross"][:3]
           maps = [item.reshape(self.alpha layers.shape[0], -1, 1, 16, 16, MAX NUM WORDS) for item in maps]
           maps = torch.cat(maps, dim=1)
           maps = (maps * self.alpha layers).sum(-1).mean(1)
           mask = nnf.max_pool2d(maps, (k * 2 + 1, k * 2 + 1), (1, 1), padding=(k, k))
           mask = nnf.interpolate(mask, size=(x t.shape[2:]))
           mask = mask / mask.max(2, keepdims=True)[0].max(3, keepdims=True)[0]
           mask = mask.gt(self.threshold)
           mask = (mask[:1] + mask[1:]).float()
           x t = x t[:1] + mask * (x t - x t[:1]) # x t[1:] = mask * x t[1:] + (1-mask) * x t[:1]
           return x t
14
```

a small girl with blue shirt sitting in front of a mirror, red hair

girl, red hair

a cat(lion) with a hat is lying on a beach chair.

photo of a cat riding a bike(car)

original







w/o ptp









w/ ptp



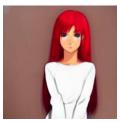






photo of a cat on a bike(car)

0.5/0.5

0.8/0.2

cross\_replace\_steps
self\_replace\_steps

0.8/0.3

0.8/0.4

0.8/0.5













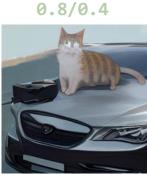












w/o LocalBlend

#### **Conclusions**

#### **Pros:**

- √ Training free
- √ Mask free
- √ Flexible

#### Cons:

- × Precise control
- **x** Stable hyper-parameter
- × Natural language instruction!

## Content

Motivation & Recap

- Prompt-to-Prompt
- Extensions

#### Directed Diffusion: Direct Control of Object Placement through Attention Guidance

Prompt: A painting of a tiger, on the wall in the living room [, in the upper left of the image]











Prompt: A dog sitting next to a mirror





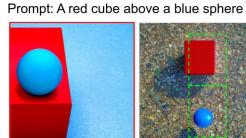












SD DD(1st Q)

DD(2nd Q)

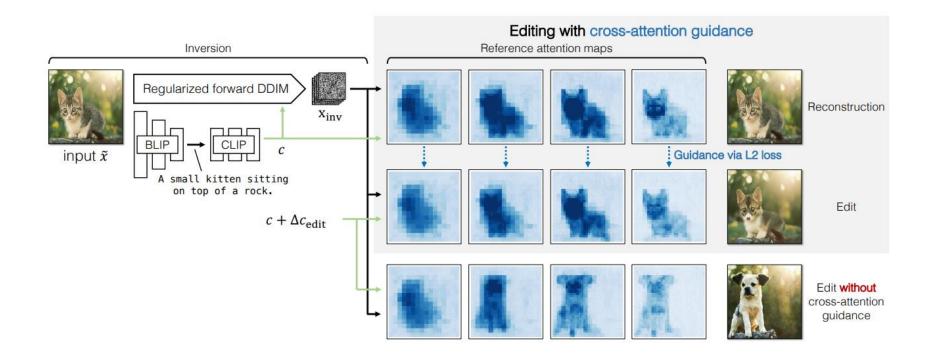
DD(3rd Q)

DD(4th Q)

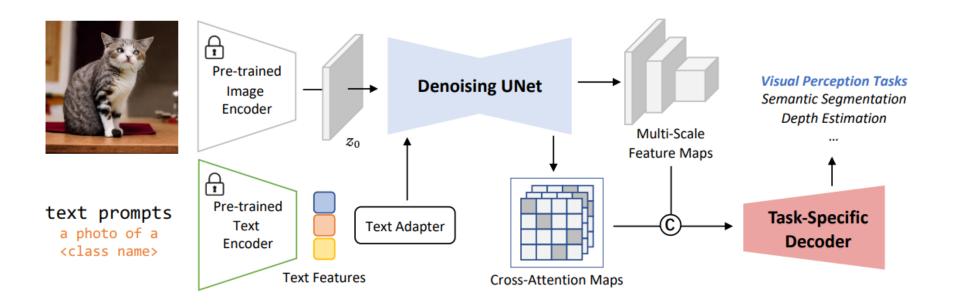
SD

DD

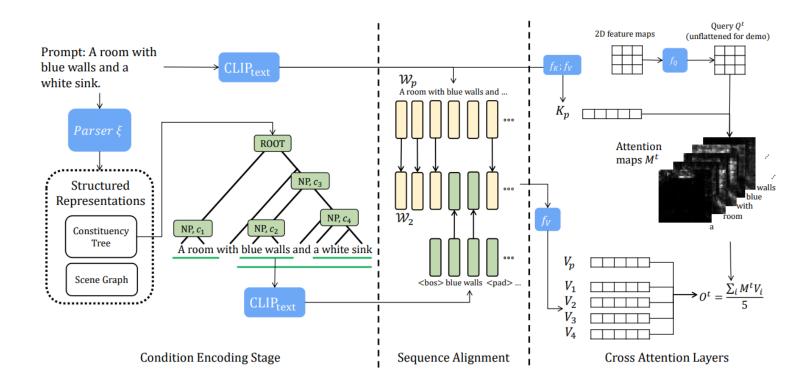
# Zero-shot Image-to-Image Translation



### Unleashing Text-to-Image Diffusion Models for Visual Perception



#### Training-Free Structured Diffusion Guidance for Compositional Text-to-Image Synthesis



#### Attend-and-Excite: Attention-Based Semantic Guidance for Text-to-Image Diffusion Models

