

## Tutorial 2 - Q3

Monday, September 22, 2025 10:14 AM

**Question 3** Consider the AR(2) process  $Y_t = \alpha_1 Y_{t-1} + \alpha_2 Y_{t-2} + Z_t$ . Determine  $\rho_1$  and  $\rho_2$  in terms of  $\alpha_1$  and  $\alpha_2$  and vice-versa.

We have the following AR(2) process

$$Y_t = \alpha_1 Y_{t-1} + \alpha_2 Y_{t-2} + Z_t$$

where  $Z_t$  is white noise.

From the notes, we have  $\rho(\pm 1) = \frac{\alpha_1}{1 - \alpha_2}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{and } \rho(\pm 2) &= \alpha_1 \rho(\pm 1) + \alpha_2 \rho(0) \\ &= \frac{\alpha_1^2}{1 - \alpha_2} + \alpha_2 \end{aligned}$$

Let's start with  $\rho(\pm 1) = \rho_1$

$$\rho_1(1 - \alpha_2) = \alpha_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha_1 = \rho_1(1 - \alpha_2)$$

Note we still have  $\alpha_2$  contained within  $\alpha_1$ .

Now we have  $\rho(\pm 2) = \rho_2$ .

$$\rho_2 = \frac{(\rho_1(1 - \alpha_2))^2}{1 - \alpha_2} + \alpha_2$$

$$\rho_2 = \frac{\rho_1^2 (1 - \alpha_2)^2}{1 - \alpha_2} + \alpha_2$$

$$\rho_2 = \rho_1^2 (1 - \alpha_2) + \alpha_2$$

$$\rho_2 = \rho_1^2 - \rho_1^2 \alpha_2 + \alpha_2$$

$$\rho_2 = \rho_1^2 + \alpha_2(1 - \rho_1^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha_2 = \frac{\rho_2 - \rho_1^2}{1 - \rho_1^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha_2 = \frac{r_2 - r_1}{1 - p_1^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha_1 &= p_1 \left( 1 - \left( \frac{p_2 - p_1^2}{1 - p_1^2} \right) \right) \\ &= p_1 \left( \frac{(1 - p_1^2) - (p_2 - p_1^2)}{1 - p_1^2} \right) \\ &= p_1 \left( \frac{1 - p_2}{1 - p_1^2} \right) \\ &= \frac{p_1 (1 - p_2)}{1 - p_1^2} \end{aligned}$$