

---

# Exciting Internal Gravity Waves, Toy Problem

Mar 23, 2018 Group Meeting

Yubo Su

Mar 23, 2018

# Problem Setup

## Problem Statement

- Eventual objective: simulate IGW breaking in WDs, compute energy/angular momentum dissipation profiles.
- Toy problem: 2D hydrodynamics with driving boundary condition.
- Begin with linear incompressible case, equations:

$$\frac{\partial \rho_1}{\partial t} = 0, \quad (1a)$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{u}_1 = 0, \quad (1b)$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{u}_1}{\partial t} = -\frac{\vec{\nabla} P_1}{\rho_0} + \vec{g}. \quad (1c)$$

- Consider stratified atmosphere  $\rho_0(x, z, t) = \rho_0 e^{-z/H}$ .

# Problem Setup

## Boundary Conditions

- Four variables ( $\rho_1, P_1, u_{1x}, u_{1z}$ ), all first order in equations of motion, four boundary conditions.
- Periodic BCs in  $x$  (2).
- Wavelike solutions  $u_{1z} \propto e^{z/2H} e^{i(k_x x + k_z z - \omega t)}$ ,  $u_{1x}, P_1, \rho_1$  similar up to phase and terms  $\sim \mathcal{O}(H^{-1}) \ll k_z$ .
- Obeys dispersion relation

$$\omega^2 = \frac{N^2 k_x^2}{k_x^2 + k_z^2 + \frac{1}{4H^2}}. \quad (2)$$

- Driven bottom BC:  $u_{1z}(x, 0, t) = A \cos(k_x x + \omega t)$  (1).

# Problem Setup

## Top Boundary Condition

- Top BC can be chosen Dirichlet  $u_{1z}(x, L_z, t) = 0$ , analytically tractable as linear combination of  $\pm k_z$  solutions.
- Driving term will pump energy into the system, without dissipation becomes like driven undamped SHO. In full nonlinear problem not an issue. . .
- More realistically, two solutions: radiative boundary conditions and damping zone.
- We use damping zone, add term  $\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \vec{q} = L \vec{q} - f(z)(\vec{q} - \vec{q}_0)$  where

$$f(z) = \begin{cases} \Gamma \left[ 1 - \frac{(z - L_z)^2}{(z_{damp} - L_z)^2} \right] & z > z_{damp} \\ 0 & z < z_{damp} \end{cases} . \quad (3)$$

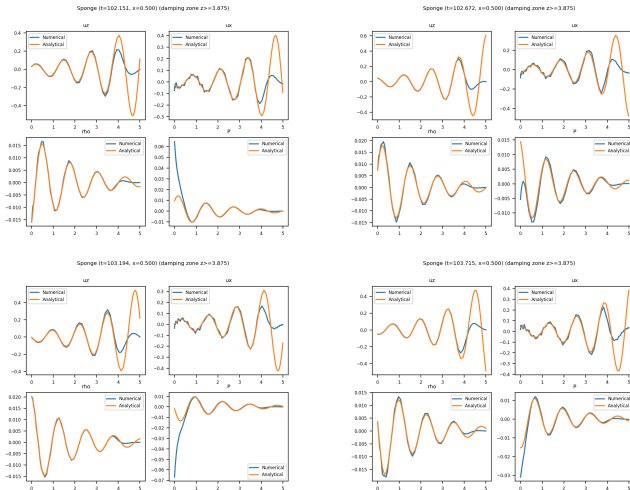
# Results

## Problem Statement Summary

- Linear incompressible 2D hydrodynamics with periodic BCs in  $x$ , driving term at  $z = 0$  and either Dirichlet or reflection-free BCs at  $z = L_z$ .
- Spectral code Dedalus, exponential convergence for shock-free hydrodynamics.

# Results

## Waveform Agreement

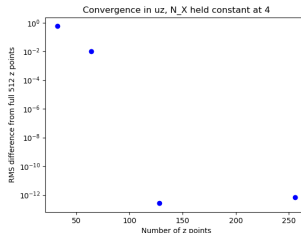
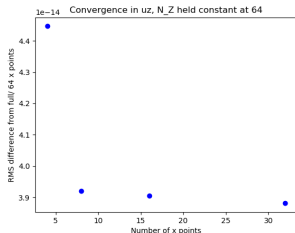


**Figure:** Numerical and analytical solutions agree. Numerics chooses  $v_{gz} > 0$ .

# Results

## Convergence Tests

$$\bullet \text{ } RMS_i = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{x,z,t} \left( u_{1z}^{(i)}(x,z,t) - u_{1z}^{(N)}(x,z,t) \right)^2}}{\sqrt{\sum_{x,z,t} \left( u_{1z}^{(N)}(x,z,t) \right)^2}}$$



**Figure:** Convergences of RMS over grid resolution. Note the exponential convergence in  $z$  to machine precision (since  $x$  is always monochromatic, increasing resolution does little).

- Nonlinear 2D incompressible hydro; does it reproduce the above results in the small-perturbation limit?
- Radiative boundary conditions?