



CSE202 - DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

Week 9 - Amortization & Balance

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EXERCISE 1

From the lecture we have that $T(m, n, r) = T(F, C) \leq T(F_+, C_+) + T(F_-, C_-) + m_+ + n$ and we have $T(F, C) \leq m + 2n \log^* r$, where $\log^* n$ is defined as the number of iterations of \log_2 before reaching ≤ 1 .

From page 50 slides we can have the bound for the high forest gives

$$T(F_+, C_+) \leq m_+ + \frac{n}{2^{s-1}} \log^* r$$

Therefore we can have the bound condition

$$T(F, C) \leq T(F_-, C_-) + 2m_+ + n + 2\frac{n}{2^s} \log^* r$$

Also, we have the condition for m that $m_+ := m - m_-$

$$\begin{aligned} T(F, C) &\leq T(F_-, C_-) + 2m - 2m_- + n + 2\frac{n}{2^s} \log^* r \\ T(F, C) - 2m &\leq T(F_-, C_-) - 2m_- + n + 2\frac{n}{2^s} \log^* r \end{aligned}$$

We can choose $s = \lceil \log_2 \log^* r \rceil$ in order to have $2\frac{n}{2^s} \log^* r = 2\frac{2}{\lceil \log^* r \rceil} \log^* r \leq 2n$, therefore we got

$$T(F, C) - 2m \leq T(F_-, C_-) - 2m_- + 3n$$

where by the definition of F_- we got the rank of the nodes in this forest at most $\leq s = \lceil \log_2 \log^* r \rceil$. By iterating $T(F_-, C_-)$ on $\log^* \log^* r$ times we got

$$\begin{aligned} T(F, C) &\leq 2m + 2n \log^* \log^* r - m_- + 3n \\ &= O(m \log^* \log^* n) \end{aligned}$$

In order to make $\log^* \log^* n = 3$, which we got $\log^* n = 16$. Then we need to compute the function $f : x \rightarrow 2^x$ from $x = 1$ for 16 times. We assume this number is k which is really huge for computation. We can use a **Python** function to compute it.

log_Interaction.py

```
import math

def _log(x, base):
    return (int)(math.log(x) / math.log(base))

def recursiveLogStar(n, b):
    if (n > 1.0):
        return 1.0 + recursiveLogStar(_log(n, b), b)
    else:
        return 0

print(recursiveLogStar(1000000**1000000, 2)) # The output is 5.0
```

Since from the computation of the **Python** program, for 1000000^{100000} this huge number we got 5.0, so in order to get 16 the number n is tremendous. So we just assume k is the number such that $\log^* k = 16$ and make $n = k + 1$ in order to make the output larger than 3.