

國立中興大學

110 學年度

碩士班考試入學招生

試 題

學系：資訊科學與工程學系

乙組

科目名稱：基礎數學 B

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本科目試題共 3 頁

1. Which of the following is a subspace of  $R^2$ ? (3%)

- (A)  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{bmatrix} \in R^2 : u_1 u_2 = 0 \right\}$
- (B)  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{bmatrix} \in R^2 : 2u_1 - 5u_2 = 0 \right\}$ .
- (C)  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{bmatrix} \in R^2 : u_1 > 0 \right\}$ .
- (D)  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{bmatrix} \in R^2 : u_1^2 + u_2^2 \leq 1 \right\}$ .

2. Which of the following statements is False? (3%)

- (A) If  $x$  is orthogonal to  $y$  and  $y$  is orthogonal to  $z$ , then  $x$  is orthogonal to  $z$ .
- (B) For any matrix  $A$ ,  $(\text{Null} A)^\perp = \text{Row } A$ .
- (C) For any subspace  $W$  of  $R^n$ , the only vector in both  $W$  and  $W^\perp$  is  $0$ .
- (D) If  $P$  is a matrix such that  $P^T = P^{-1}$ , then  $P$  is an orthogonal matrix.

3. Which of the following statements is True about linear transformation? (3%)

- (A) If  $T: R^2 \rightarrow R^3$  is linear, then its standard matrix has size  $2 \times 3$ .
- (B) If  $T$  is a linear transformation, then  $T(0) = 0$ .
- (C) If  $f$  is a function and  $f(u) = f(v)$ , then  $u = v$ .
- (D) A function is onto if its range equals its domain.

4. Which of the following statements about symmetric matrix is False? (3%)

- (A) Every real symmetric matrix is diagonalizable.
- (B) If  $A$  is a symmetric matrix, then  $A = A^T$ .
- (C) If  $A$  is symmetric, then distinct eigenvectors are orthogonal to each other.
- (D) If  $A$  is an  $n \times n$  matrix and  $A$  is diagonalizable, then  $A$  must have  $n$  distinct eigenvalues.

5. Which of the following statements about linear equation systems is False? (3%)

- (A) The rank of a matrix equals to the number of pivot columns in the matrix.
- (B) If the reduced echelon form of  $[A|b]$  contains a zero row, then  $Ax = b$  must have infinitely many solutions.
- (C) If the equation  $Ax = b$  is inconsistent, then the rank of  $[A|b]$  is greater than the rank of  $A$ .
- (D) If  $R$  is an  $n \times n$  matrix in reduced row echelon form that has rank  $n$ , then  $R = I_n$ .

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6. Consider the following linear equation systems, express these equations as the matrix form  $A\mathbf{x}=\mathbf{b}$ . Then find the solution of the vector  $\mathbf{x}$ . (5%)

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 1 \\ x_1 + 3x_2 + 6x_3 = 3 \\ 2x_1 + 6x_2 + 13x_3 = 5 \end{cases} \quad \text{find } \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

7. Find the basis of the vector space  $V = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^3 : v_1 - 2v_2 + 3v_3 = 0 \right\}$  (5%)

8. Given the following linear transformation  $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 + 3x_3 \\ x_2 + x_3 \\ x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 \end{bmatrix}$ .

- (a) Find the standard matrix  $A$  of this linear transformation  $T$ . (5%)
- (b) Please find the null space of the column space of  $A$ . (5%)

9. Let a matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  find  $A^{20}$ . (5%). (Hint: Diagonalize  $A$  first.)

10. Given the following three data points  $(x_i, y_i)$ ,  $i=1$  to 3, find the least square error approximation line  $\hat{y}_i = ax_i + b$  by projection matrix approach that fits them: (1,2), (3,4), (1,5).

- Hint 1: For data points  $(x_i, y_i)$ 's,  $\hat{\mathbf{y}} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{y}_1 \\ \hat{y}_2 \\ \hat{y}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & 1 \\ x_2 & 1 \\ x_3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} \triangleq C\mathbf{v}$ .

- Hint2: The projection matrix  $P$  is defined as  $\hat{\mathbf{y}} = P\mathbf{y} = P \cdot \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix}$

- (a) Find the parameter  $a, b$  for the least square error approximation line, where  $\hat{y}_i = ax_i + b$  (5%)
- (b) Find the projection matrix  $P$  (5%)



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11. Define a sequence  $s_0, s_1, s_2, \dots$  as follows:  $s_0 = 0, s_1 = 4, s_n = 6s_{n-1} - 5s_{n-2}$  for all integers  $k \geq 2$ .  
(a) What are the third and fourth terms of this sequence? (4%)  
(b) Prove if  $s_n = 5^n - 1$ ? (6%)
12. Explain how to achieve the Kruskal's algorithm. Given a planar graph  $G$ , what is the output of  $G$  after performing the Kruskal's algorithm? (10%)
13. Prove that  $(2n-1) + (2n-3) + \dots + 3 = n^2 - 1$ . (5%)
14. Let  $G$  be an undirected graph containing two subgraphs  $G_1$  and  $G_2$ .  $\lambda$  is the number of colors for graph coloring. If  $G = G_1 \cup G_2$  and  $G_1 \cap G_2 = K_n$ , where  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ . Prove the polynomial function  $P(G, \lambda)$  as follows: (5%)
- $$P(G, \lambda) = \frac{P(G_1, \lambda) \cdot P(G_2, \lambda)}{\lambda^n}$$
15. Simplify the expression  $\overline{wx} + \overline{xz} + (y + \overline{z})$ , where  $w, x, y$ , and  $z$  are Boolean variables. (5%)
16. Prove every subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic. (5%)
17. Place the following sets  $\{3, 6, 7, 8\}, \{1, 3, 4, 7\}, \{2, 3, 4, 7\}, \{1, 3, 5, 6\}, \{4, 6, 7, 8\}$ , and  $\{2, 3, 5, 6\}$  in the lexicographic order. (5%)
18. Prove both  $b_n = 2^n$ , and  $b_n = n \cdot 2^n$  are the solutions for the second order recurrence relation  $b_n = 4b_{n-1} - 4b_{n-2}$  for  $n \geq 2$ . (5%)