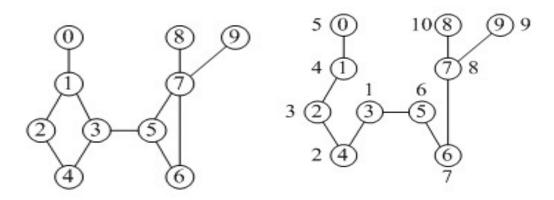
國立嘉義大學 112 學年度 資訊工程學系碩士班招生考試試題

科目: 資料結構 (共五題,共100分)

- 1. Draw binary search trees of height 2 and 6, respectively, on the set of keys {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7}. (20%)
- 2. Every file added to IPFS (InterPlanetary File System, 星際檔案系統) is given a unique address derived from a hash value of the file's content.
 - a. What is a hash function? (10%)
 - b. What is a one-way hash function used mostly for generating digital signatures? (10%)
- 3. Write the postfix and prefix forms of "(A+B)*C+D/(E+A*C)+F". (10%)
- 4. The following figure shown in right-hand side is a depth first spanning tree DFS(3), which the source vertex is the vertex 3, for the following left connected graph G, and the numbers outside the vertices are depth first number (dfn) of the vertex.



- a. Write out the low values of each vertex for the depth first spanning tree with root = 3 based on the equation
 - $low(u) = min\{dfn(u), min\{low(w)|w \text{ is a child of } u\}, min\{dfn(w)|(u, w) \text{ is a back edge}\}\}. (10\%)$
- b. Give the rule to determine whether a vertex is an articulation point or not in a graph. (5%)
- c. Show the articulation points of the graph G. (5%)
- d. Is G a biconnected graph? (5%)
- 5. KMP algorithm is a rapid method to perform pattern matching operation. First, we need to define a failure function for a pattern. The following definition is used to determine the failure function:

$$f(j) = \text{largest } i < j \text{ such that } p = p_0 p_1 \dots p_i = p_{j-i} p_{j-i+2} \dots p_j \text{ if such an } i > = 0 \text{ exists}$$
 otherwise

a. Suppose that we have a pattern shown below, to give the failure function of the pattern for each character. (15%)

a b a b a b a b

b. Suppose that the lengths of the string and pattern are **m** and **n**. Give the time complexity of performing the KMP algorithm to accomplish a pattern matching. (10%)