## Play with 600519 Data: TimeLine Assignment

Yu-Chieh Jack Ho

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### Outlines

- Problem Formulation
- Feature Generation
- Model Development & Experiments
- Summary
- Future Work

### Problem Formulation

- A regression problem
  - y (Target): nextMidpt
  - Available X: book and trade data
  - Objective: minimizing RMSE
- Approach the goal by
  - Selecting and generating useful features from raw book/trade data
    - Python + pandas + numpy
  - Developing models which extract useful info. from those features
    - Tensorflow + keras

Please refer to data\_proc.ipynb for details

- Data exploring Preprocessing:
  - Data Exploring & cleaning (e.g., check and remove NaN)
  - TimeStamp → DateTime for data splitting
  - Design pipelines which allows frequent feature change
- Normalization:
  - Scaler: MiniMax / Srandard scaler
  - Fit Scaler with only training set

- Price features:
  - Raw features
    - ['Bid1', 'Bid2', 'Bid3', 'Bid4', 'Bid5']
    - ['Ask1', 'Ask2', 'Ask3', 'Ask4', 'Ask5']
    - Midpt
  - Statistical features
    - ['MicroPrice', 'Bid\_Mean', 'Ask\_Mean']
  - Distance features
    - ['Spread1', 'Spread2', 'Spread3', 'Spread4', 'Spread5', 'SpreadMean']
- More targets (possible regularizers in some models, not features)
  - next\_Bid1, next\_Ask1

#### Size features

- Raw features
  - ['Bid1Size', 'Bid2Size', 'Bid3Size', 'Bid4Size', 'Bid5Size', 'Bid\_Total\_Size']
  - ['Ask1Size', 'Ask2Size', 'Ask3Size', 'Ask4Size', 'Ask5Size', 'Ask\_Total\_Size']
- Distribution features: proportion of bid/ask size in each sample
  - ['Bid1SizeProp', 'Bid2SizeProp', 'Bid3SizeProp', 'Bid4SizeProp', 'Bid5SizeProp']
  - ['Ask1SizeProp', 'Ask2SizeProp', 'Ask3SizeProp', 'Ask4SizeProp', 'Ask5SizeProp']
- Ratio features
  - Bid/Ask Ratio
    - ['BidAskRatio1', 'BidAskRatio2', 'BidAskRatio3', 'BidAskRatio4', 'BidAskRatio5', 'BidAskRatioTotal']
  - Queue Imbalance features
    - ['Q\_lmB1', 'Q\_lmB2', 'Q\_lmB3', 'Q\_lmB4', 'Q\_lmB5']

- Feature engineering
  - Moving average of selected features
  - Percentage Change of selected features

### Model Development

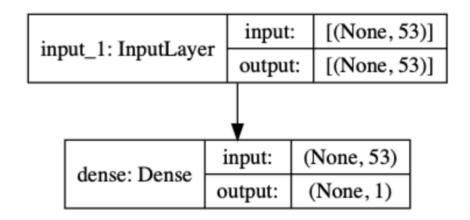
- Baseline model
  - Linear Regression
- DNN model
  - A MLP model which mimic the kernel trick

- 2-winged DNN model
  - A DNN model which extract the info. from size and price features independently

### Experimental Setting

- Callback functions leveraged:
  - ReduceLROnPlateau: Monitored val\_loss and reduce learning rate when the metric has stopped improving
  - EarlyStopping: Monitored val\_loss and stop training when the metric has stopped improving.
  - ModelCheckpoint: Select and save the best model according to the val\_loss during learning
- {'batch\_size': 128, 'epochs': 300, 'optimizer': 'adam', 'loss': mean\_squared\_error}
- Features: 53 features (All features except Moving average and Percentage Change)
- The manual selection of features affect the RMSE slightly, but did not change the related accuracy of models. In the following slides, I will report their performance when training with all features

## Baseline Model



Please refer to baseline\_model.ipynb for details

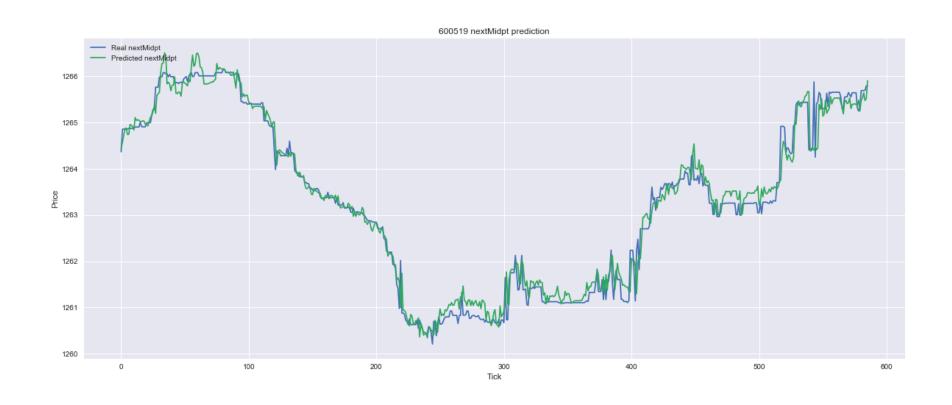
# Baseline model + features without normalization

**Evaluation metrics** 

Training Data - MSE: 0.0820, RMSE: 0.2863

Validation Data - MSE: 0.0801, RMSE: 0.2830

A baseline which is **better than expected** 



# Baseline model + features with normalization

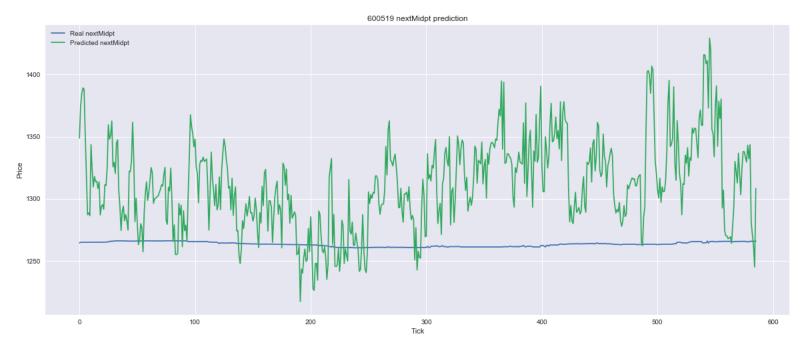
#### • However...

Evaluation metrics

Training Data –

MSE: 274388.6250, RMSE: 523.8212

Validation Data - MSE: 22248.3984, RMSE: 149.1590

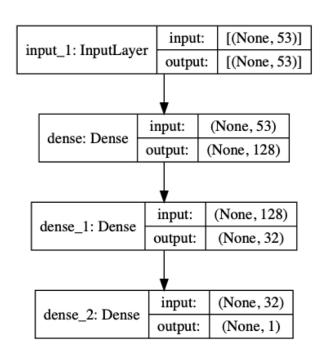


Linear activation
Relu activation (nonlinear)

## DNN Model

The model with has best performance so far

Please refer to dnn\_model.ipynb for details

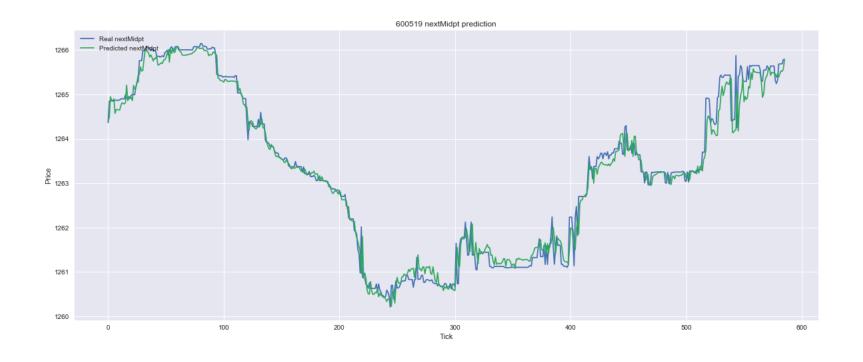


# Linear DNN model + features without normalization

**Evaluation metrics** 

Training Data - MSE: 0.0824, RMSE: 0.2871

Validation Data - MSE: 0.0768, RMSE: 0.2772



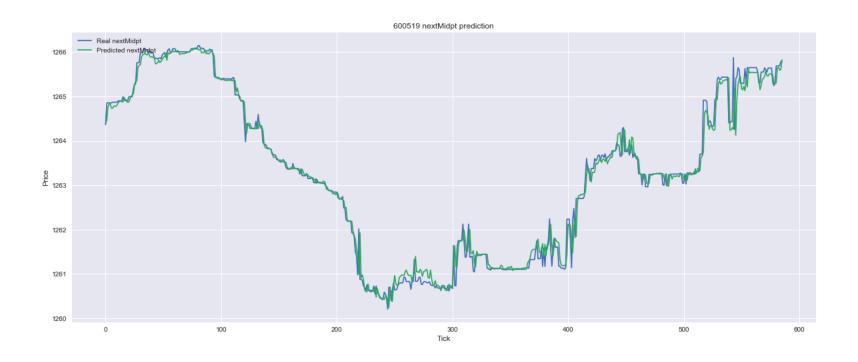
# Linear DNN model + features with normalization

**Evaluation metrics** 

Training Data - MSE: 0.0644, RMSE: 0.2538

Validation Data - MSE: 0.0628, RMSE: 0.2507

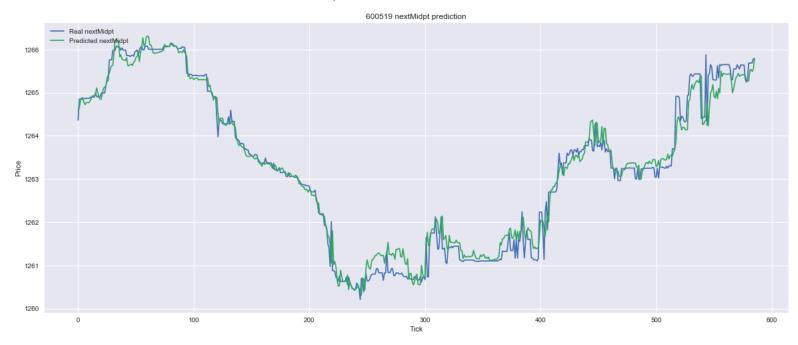
**Best Performance so far** 



# Nonlinear DNN model + features without normalization

**Evaluation metrics** 

Training Data - MSE: 0.0792, RMSE: 0.2814 Validation Data - MSE: 0.0787, RMSE: 0.2805

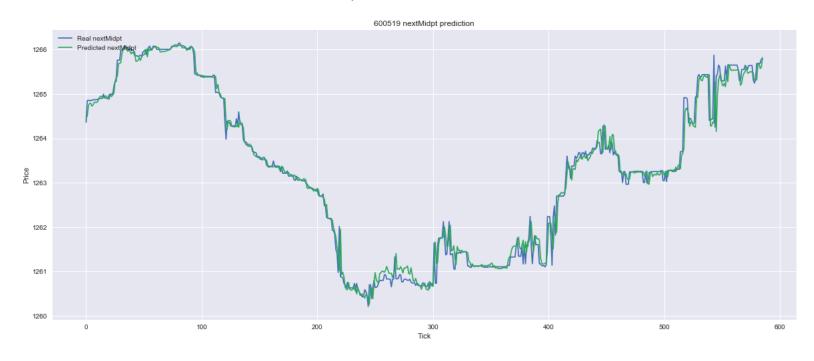


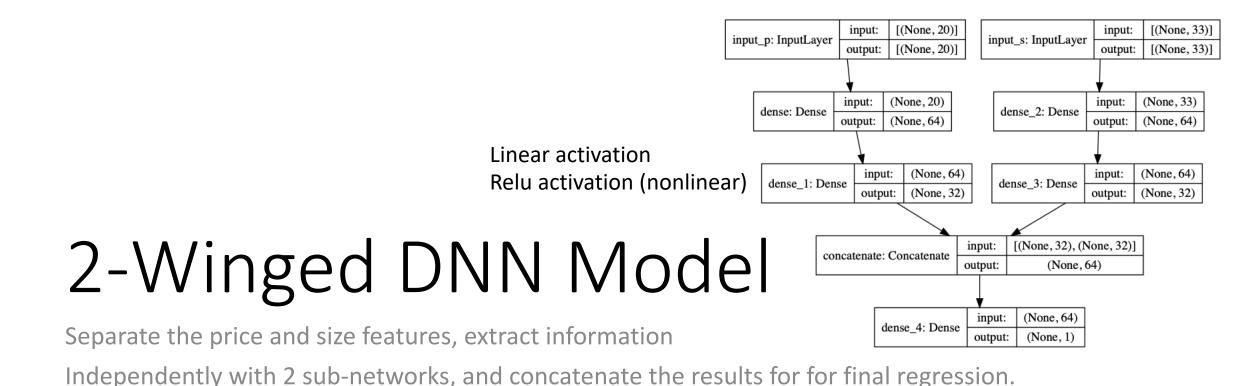
# Nonlinear DNN model + features with normalization

**Evaluation metrics** 

Training Data - MSE: 0.0653, RMSE: 0.2556

Validation Data - MSE: 0.0635, RMSE: 0.2520





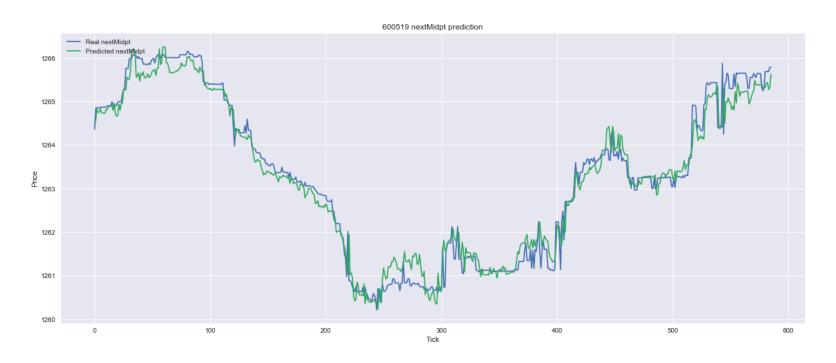
Please refer to 2w\_dnn\_model.ipynb for details

# Linear 2W-DNN model + features without normalization

**Evaluation metrics** 

Training Data - MSE: 0.1054, RMSE: 0.3247

Validation Data - MSE: 0.0999, RMSE: 0.3161

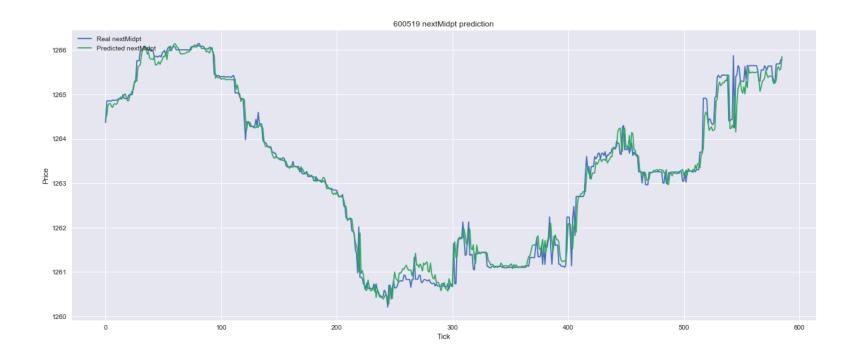


# Linear 2W-DNN model + features with normalization

**Evaluation metrics** 

Training Data - MSE: 0.0675, RMSE: 0.2598

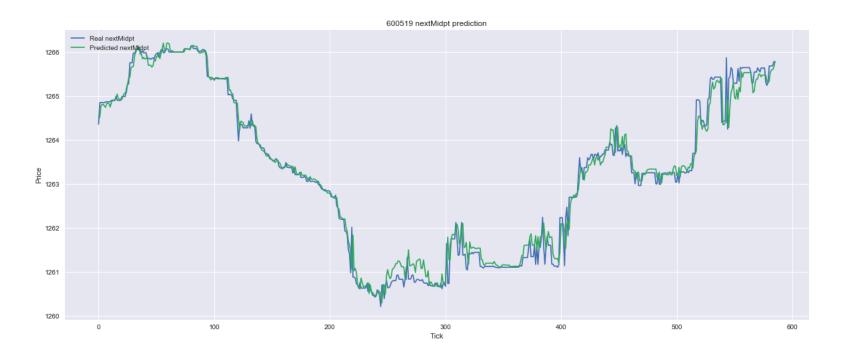
Validation Data - MSE: 0.0664, RMSE: 0.2578



# Nonlinear 2W-DNN model + features without normalization

**Evaluation metrics** 

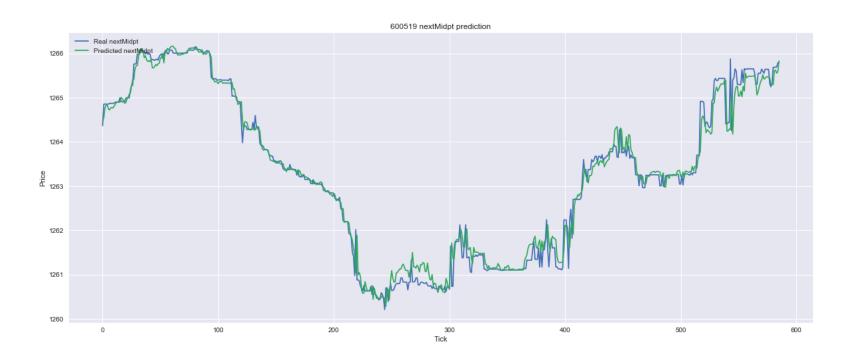
Training Data - MSE: 0.0711, RMSE: 0.2667 Validation Data - MSE: 0.0696, RMSE: 0.2638



# Nonlinear 2W-DNN model + features with normalization

**Evaluation metrics** 

Training Data - MSE: 0.0727, RMSE: 0.2696 Validation Data - MSE: 0.0683, RMSE: 0.2613



### Summary

- The linear DNN model gave the best performance so far
  - MSE: 0.0628, RMSE: 0.2507 on validation set.

• The performance of 2W-DNN gave similar performance (but did not surpass) with more training epochs (e.g., 1000)

• The performance maybe slightly improved by carefully hyperparameters tuning and feature selection.

### Future Work

- It would be interesting to explore more features, targets and model structures
  - Features
    - Features from trade data
    - Indicators
  - Targets
    - Signals
  - Models
    - Attention model for time-series analysis

• Looking forward to sharing and learning with you!