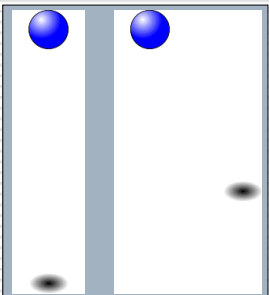


Introduction to Computer Animation

Module Coordinator: John McQuillan
E-mail: john.mcquillan@uws.ac.uk

Lecture 2

Last Week...



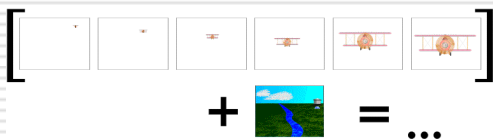
Animation Techniques 1

- Basic principles still the same
- Frame-by-frame

Terminology

- Keyframes
- Tweening
- Cel

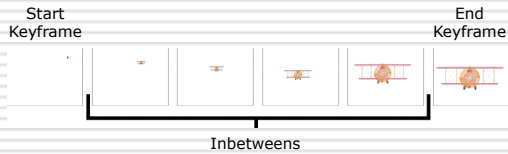
Cels



Complete



Keyframes & Inbetweening



Computer Animation

- ☐ Similar to traditional methods
 - Frame-by-frame
 - Keyframes
 - Tweening
 - Cel = Layer
 - Ink = RGB pixel values
- ☐ Timeline

Advantages of using a computer

- ☐ Fast tweening
- ☐ Consistent colours
- ☐ Consistent lighting
- ☐ Accurate layout

Two Dimensions

- ☐ Flat
- ☐ Up-Down, Left-Right
- ☐ Uses perspective for depth

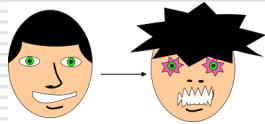
Three Dimensions

- ☐ Up-Down, Left-Right, Backwards-Forwards
- ☐ Computer deals with perspective (big advantage)
- ☐ Stop motion
- ☐ Stereoscopic

Tweening and Morphing

- ☐ The computer takes the pain out of tweening but sometimes requires strict supervision...

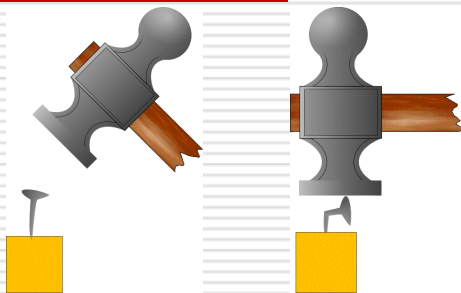
Going from one image to another



Getting the Computer to Tween

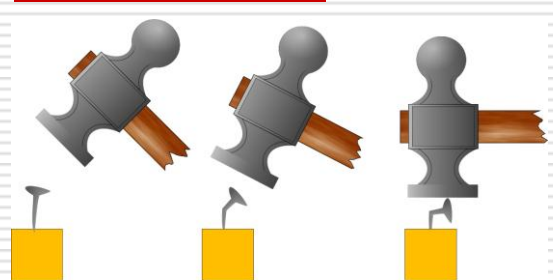


Classic Example!



Start Keyframe

End Keyframe



WRONG!

Incorrect Tween



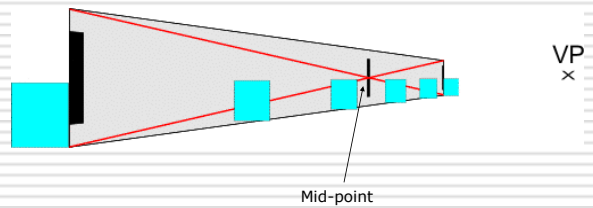
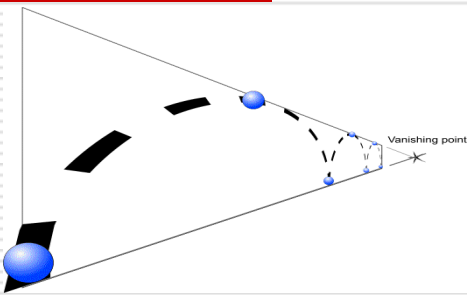
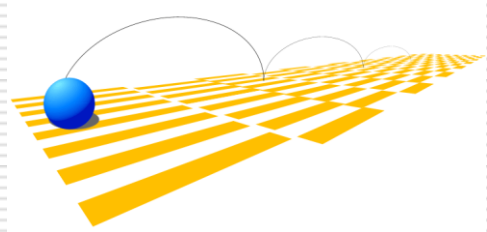
Correct Tween



Perspective

- ❑ In 2D animation we are reliant on rules of perspective to achieve depth
- ❑ Some 2D packages do perspective scaling for us: Toon Boom Studio, US Animations, etc...
- ❑ Others don't: Flash, Xara X

Perspective 2



Done in 3D:

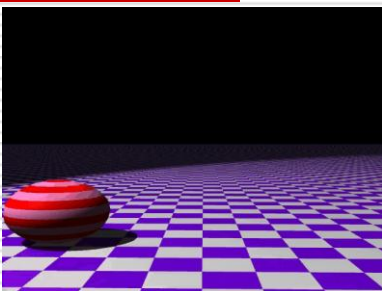


Image File Formats

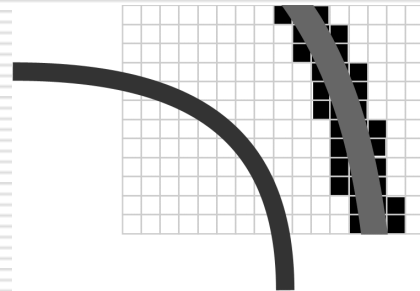
Vectors & Bitmaps

Vectors & Bitmaps

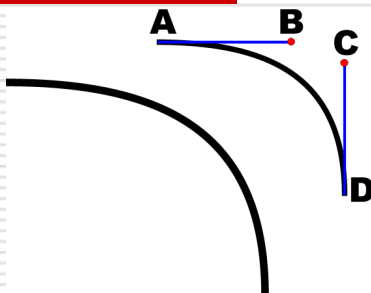
Image formats

- Raster (also called 'Bitmapped')
 - Grid of numbers – pixel colour values
- Vector
 - Mathematically defined, plotted points, lines and colour values

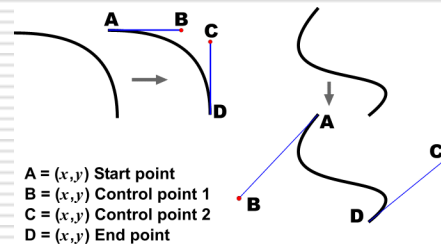
Bitmap grid



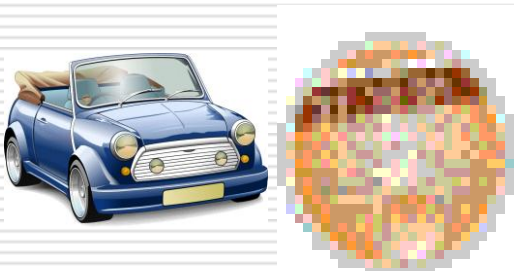
Vector Definition



Bézier Curves



Bitmap



Vector



Image File Formats

- ❑ .tiff, .bmp, .wmf, .psd, .tga, .pcx, etc...
 - ❑ On the Web...
 - Joint Photographics Experts Group
 - ❑ .jpg, .jpe, .jpeg
 - Graphics Interchange Format
 - ❑ .gif
 - Portable Network Graphics
 - ❑ .png
-

JPEG

- ❑ Graphics with millions of colours!
 - ❑ Compressed
 - 100 levels of compression
 - 'Lossy' at higher levels
 - ❑ Good for
 - Photographic images
 - High quality, high colour art work
-

GIF

- ❑ Graphics with less than 256 colours.
 - ❑ Compressed
 - One level of compression
 - 'Lossless'
 - ❑ Good for:
 - Limited transparency and animation
 - Images with large areas of 'flat' colour
-

PNG

- ❑ Good for everything!
 - ❑ ...But not animation!
-

Vector formats online



Flash!

- ❑ Adobe Flash
 - Small, animation, scaleable.
 - Easy to create
 - ❑ Scaleable Vector Graphics (SVG)
 - New W3C standard
 - Object based, animated, programmable.
-

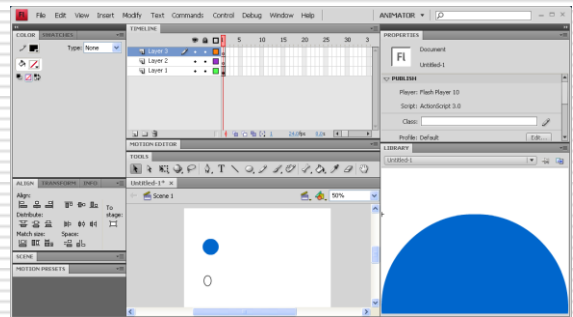
Advantages/Disadvantages

- ❑ Vectors
 - Small size – quick download
 - Scaleable
 - Can be interactive and animated
 - Not so good for photographic detail
 - ❑ Bitmaps
 - Tend to be large
 - Compressing them can lose data
 - Good for photographic images
-

Adobe Flash

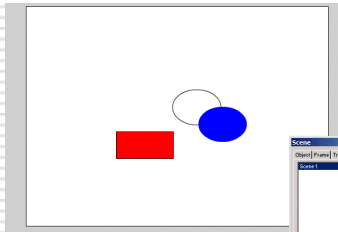
- ❑ Web multimedia authoring environment
- ❑ Vector based (small file size)
- ❑ Powerful animation tools
- ❑ Not so powerful drawing tools
- ❑ Easy to create interactions
- ❑ Comes with a scripting language
 - ActionScript

Interface



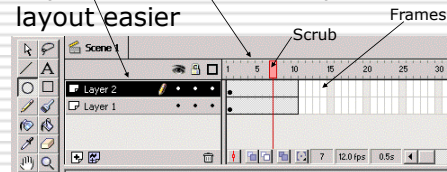
Stage

- ❑ The stage allows the layout of objects spatially



Timeline & Layers

- ❑ Uses a timeline to layout objects temporally
- ❑ Layers make scene composition and layout easier



Tools

- ❑ Conventional drawing tools
 - not particularly great!
 - Can export drawings from Xara in a compatible format



Lab 2

- ❑ Material on Blackboard
- ❑ More complex animation using Flash
 - Introduction to tweening