## Production Process within Game Development

## **Pre-Production**

- The stage where everything else is done before the code is written, art produced or sound recorded.
- A good pre-production can increase the chance of the game selling and speed up the actual production.
  - o Try be unique and make it interesting
  - o Take time to develop the idea.
    - Know your limits
    - Be realistic
  - o Understand the term "Game Development."
    - "The art of designing content, background and rules of a game in a way the players would enjoy."
  - A well designed game doesn't need good graphics to be fun, but if vice versa, can't say the same.
- Write everything in documents
  - o A pitch needs to be written.
    - A short summary of the game to say why the game is good and why it would sell.
  - o If a pitch is accepted, a concept will need to be written afterwards.
    - A concept document is a more detailed pitch. All information about the game is there.
  - o If concept is accepted, the most important document is to be written, called the "Game Design Document". What is looks like:
    - Table of Contents
      - Title of Chapter
        - o SubTitle
          - Maybe a SubSubTitle Text
        - Another SubTitle
          - Maybe a SubSubTitle Text "
  - Now there is a "Technical Design Document". It's like a game design document but has all the technical stuff.
    - It covers:
    - "List projected system requirements and dependencies.
    - Write an overview of how objects/functions/data interact.
    - List all the classes/structures/variables, and what they contain.
    - Specify coding conventions such as variable naming and commenting.
    - List all the technologies the game uses, and how the game benefits from them."
- Work in a team?

## **Production**

- There are many areas in the production
  - o Game Design
    - Designing the content and rules of a game.
  - Programming
  - o Level Creation
  - Art Production
  - o Audio Production
  - Testing
    - Alpha testing
      - o Key gameplay and assets are partially finished.
      - o Game is playable and contains all major features.
      - Code freeze
        - New code is no longer added and bugs are being corrected.
    - Beta testing
      - o Complete version of the game and only bugs are fixed.
  - o Code release
    - Bugs are all fixed and ready to be shipped for console manufacturer review.
  - Gold master
    - Software release cycle and can be delivered to the customer.

## Post- Production

- Programmers wait for a period to get as many bug reports as they can.
- Once obtained enough feedback, the programmers start working on a patch.
  - o Fixes most of the bugs reported.
  - o Patches will be automatic or downloadable over the internet.