**2025年长春市初中学业水平考试**

**英语**

**本试卷包括四道大题，共8页。满分为90分，考试时间为100分钟。考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。**

**注意事项：**

**1. 答题前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上，并将条形码准确粘贴在条形码区域内。**

**2. 答题时，考生务必按照考试要求在答题卡上的指定区域内作答，在草稿纸、试卷上答题无效。**

**一、基础知识（共10分）**

**Ⅰ. 单项选择（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）**

**从每小题所给的四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案。**

1. There \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some flowers in my room. I often water them.

A. is B. are C. was D. were

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意： 我房间里有一些花，我经常给它们浇水。

考查There be句型。根据“some flowers”可知，主语为复数形式，因此be动词应用复数形式；又根据“I often water them.”可知，句子描述的是现在的状态，时态为一般现在时，应用are。故选B。

2. In a DIY club, the more we practice, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we become.

A. the worse B. the worst C. the better D. the best

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：在一个DIY俱乐部，我们练习得越多，我们就会变得越好。

考查比较级。worse更糟；worst最糟；better更好；best最好。根据“the more we practice, …we become.”可知这里是“the+比较级，the+比较级”的结构，排除B、D；根据常识可知，练习越多，就变得更好，应用better，故选C。

3. We often hear “Mind your step.” when we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a high-speed train.

A. put off B. turn off C. get off D. cut off

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：当我们下高铁的时候，经常听见“注意脚下”。

考查动词短语。put off推迟；turn off关闭；get off下来；cut off切断。根据“a high-speed train”可知，只有上下高铁的时候才会听见“注意脚下”，故选C。

4. The water bottle \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be Mr. Liu’s. The name on the bottle isn’t his.

A. must B. may C. mustn’t D. can’t

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：这个水壶不可能是刘先生的。水壶上的名字不是他的。

考查情态动词辨析。must必须；may可能；mustn’t禁止；can’t不可能。根据“The name on the bottle isn’t his.”可知水壶不可能是刘先生的，应用can’t。故选D。

5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ eyes healthy, we students should spend less time on screens.

A. To keep B. Keep C. Keept D. Keeping

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：为了保持眼睛健康，我们学生应该少花时间在屏幕前。

考查非谓语动词。根据“...eyes healthy”可知，学生少花时间在屏幕前是为了保持眼睛健康，此处应用动词不定式作目的状语，表示“为了保持眼睛健康”。故选A。

6. The movie *Ne Zha 2* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with the public since it came out.

A. has been popular B. is popular C. was popular D. will be popular

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意： 电影《哪吒2》自上映以来一直受到公众的欢迎。

考查现在完成时。根据“since it came out”可知，句子描述的是从过去某一时间点开始一直持续到现在的动作或状态，并且有可能继续持续下去，因此需要使用现在完成时态，has been popular表示“一直受欢迎”。故选A。

7. —Helen, your hat is cute. Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

—Thanks. At Huaxing Store.

A. where did you buy it B. where you bought it C. when did you buy it D. when you bought it

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：——海伦，你的帽子很可爱。你能告诉我你在哪里买的吗？——谢谢。在华兴商店买的。

考查宾语从句。根据“Could you tell me…”可知，这是一个宾语从句，宾语从句中语序应为陈述语序，因此可以排除选项A和C。再根据答句“At Huaxing Store.”可知，这里回答的是地点，因此问句应该询问的是地点，而不是时间。故选B。

8. My cousin can cook many dishes, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he is only 10 years old.

A. because B. so C. until D. although

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：我的表弟会做很多道菜，尽管他才10岁。

考查连词辨析。because因为；so所以；until直到；although尽管，虽然。根据“My cousin can cook many dishes, ...he is only 10 years old.”可知，虽然他才10岁，但已经会做很多道菜了，although引导让步状语从句。故选D。

9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Tutu, or you will be late for class. Only two minutes left.

A. Hurry up B. To hurry up C. Hurrying up D. Hurried up

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：快点，图图，否则你上课要迟到了。只剩下2分钟了。

考查祈使句。根据“or you will be late for class”可知这里是祈使句+or…，应用动词原形开头，故选A。

10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ beautiful the poem *Mom Knows Best* is! I want to read it to my mom.

A. What B. What a C. How D. How a

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意： 《妈妈最懂》这首诗多么优美啊！我想把它读给我的妈妈听。

考查感叹句。根据“... beautiful the poem Mom Knows Best is...”可知，句子为感叹句，且中心词为形容词“beautiful”，因此应使用“How + 形容词/副词 + 主语 + 谓语”的结构，How表示“多么”。故选C。

**二、阅读（共50分）**

**Ⅱ. 完形填空（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

**阅读短文，掌握其大意，然后从每小题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。**

Xu Dawei grew up in a village in Shandong. He learned much knowledge through reading. This self-education and growth \_\_\_11\_\_\_ him to his success. He opened a library in 2010 after several years of working.

The library is different from \_\_\_12\_\_\_ ones. It doesn’t set the time when the books should be \_\_\_13\_\_\_. A reader can take one book every two weeks. The reader is \_\_\_14\_\_\_ to pass it on to someone else when he finishes reading. Xu often shares his book lists online. If readers cannot find those books in their local libraries, he will mail the books to them for free as \_\_\_15\_\_\_ as possible.

Sitting in a small *hutong* in Dongcheng district, Beijing, the library is just seven square meters in size. It \_\_\_16\_\_\_ thousands of books about different subjects.

The library was moved because of money problems. The \_\_\_17\_\_\_ of the library has changed three times. However, the library is still \_\_\_18\_\_\_ now.

“It might be the \_\_\_19\_\_\_ library in the world,” said Xu. “But in another sense, it’s also the biggest because the books keep \_\_\_\_20\_\_\_\_. I don’t even know where some of them have ended up.”

Xu recalled the \_\_\_\_21\_\_\_\_ of one reader who borrowed an English book on Chinese garden history. Later, the reader \_\_\_\_22\_\_\_\_ passed it to a neighbor, who took it to Germany. “Just imagine it: that book started out from a small *hutong*, and \_\_\_\_23\_\_\_\_ all the way to Europe. The \_\_\_\_24\_\_\_\_ cannot be seen, yet powerful,” Xu said.

It’s the most \_\_\_\_25\_\_\_\_ thing Xu has done for the society. He will pass the library on and it can keep reading from disappearing to some degree.

11. A. questioned B. led C. watched D. excused

12. A. traditional B. useful C. noisy D. tidy

13 A. sold B. written C. returned D. checked

14. A. chosen B. encouraged C. warned D. protected

15. A. high B. soon C. luckily D. badly

16. A. coats B. grades C. tapes D. houses

17. A. address B. shape C. name D. member

18. A. strict B. alive C. simple D. quiet

19. A. strongest B. smallest C. oldest D. safest

20. A. copying B. shining C. repeating D. moving

21. A. joke B. class C. story D. birthday

22. A. naturally B. suddenly C. nervously D. coldly

23. A. traveled B. met C. relaxed D. pulled

24. A. language B. prize C. reason D. journey

25. A. honest B. comfortable C. meaningful D. peaceful

【答案】11. B 12. A 13. C 14. B 15. B 16. D 17. A 18. B 19. B 20. D 21. C 22. A 23. A 24. D 25. C

【解析】

【导语】本文讲述了徐大伟通过自学成长，并在工作多年后于2010年开办了一家与众不同的图书馆。

【11题详解】

句意：这种自我教育和成长引领他走向成功。

questioned询问；led引领；watched观看；excused原谅。根据“to his success”可知，是自我教育和成长引领他走向成功，led...to...表示“引领……走向……”。故选B。

【12题详解】

句意：这个图书馆和传统的图书馆不一样。  
traditional传统的；useful有用的；noisy吵闹的；tidy整洁的。根据后文描述“It doesn’t set the time when the books should be...A reader can take one book every two weeks.”可知，这个图书馆没有设定还书时间，读者每两周可以借一本书，这种模式和传统图书馆不同，traditional“传统的”符合语境。故选A。

【13题详解】

句意：它没有设定书籍应该归还的时间。  
sold卖；written写；returned归还；checked检查。根据后文“A reader can take one book every two weeks.”可知，读者每两周可以借一本书，说明图书馆没有设定还书时间。故选C。

【14题详解】

句意：读者读完书后被鼓励把书传给其他人。  
chosen选择；encouraged鼓励；warned警告；protected保护。根据“pass it on to someone else”可知，是鼓励读者把书传给其他人，encouraged“鼓励”符合语境。故选B。

【15题详解】

句意：如果读者在当地图书馆找不到那些书，他会尽快免费把书寄给他们。  
high高的；soon很快；luckily幸运地；badly糟糕地。根据“he will mail the books to them for free”可知，是尽快免费把书寄给读者，as soon as possible表示“尽快”。故选B。

【16题详解】

句意：它容纳了成千上万本关于不同学科的书籍。  
coats外套；grades年级；tapes磁带；houses容纳，存放。根据“thousands of books”可知，此处指图书馆容纳了成千上万本书，houses“容纳”符合语境。故选D。

【17题详解】

句意：图书馆的地址已经改变了三次。  
address地址；shape形状；name名字；member成员。根据前文“The library was moved because of money problems.”可知，图书馆因为资金问题搬了家，所以此处指图书馆的地址改变了三次。故选A。

【18题详解】

句意：然而，图书馆现在仍然存在。  
strict严格的；alive存在的；simple简单的；quiet安静的。根据“However”可知，前后句意转折，虽然图书馆搬了三次家，但现在仍然存在，alive“存在的”符合语境。故选B。

【19题详解】

句意：它可能是世界上最小的图书馆。  
strongest最强壮的；smallest最小的；oldest最老的；safest最安全的。根据后文“it’s also the biggest”以及“sitting in a small hutong in Dongcheng district, Beijing, the library is just seven square meters in size.”可知，这个图书馆只有七平方米，所以可能是世界上最小的图书馆。故选B。

【20题详解】

句意：但在另一种意义上，它也是最大的，因为书籍一直在流动。  
copying复制；shining闪耀；repeating重复；moving移动，流动。根据后文“I don’t even know where some of them have ended up.”可知，徐大伟甚至不知道一些书最终去了哪里，说明书籍一直在流动，moving“移动”符合语境。故选D。

【21题详解】

句意：徐大伟回忆起一位借了一本关于中国园林历史的英文书的读者的故事。  
joke玩笑；class班级；story故事；birthday生日。根据后文描述读者借书后传给邻居，邻居又把书带到德国的事情可知，此处指徐大伟回忆起一个读者的故事。故选C。

【22题详解】

句意：后来，这位读者自然地把书传给了一个邻居，邻居把书带到了德国。  
naturally自然地；suddenly突然地；nervously紧张地；coldly冷漠地。根据“passed it to a neighbor”可知，读者读完书后自然地把书传给了邻居，naturally“自然地”符合语境。故选A。

【23题详解】

句意：想象一下：那本书从小胡同出发，一路旅行到欧洲。  
traveled旅行；met遇见；relaxed放松；pulled拉。根据“all the way to Europe”可知，书从中国传到了欧洲，说明书进行了一次旅行。故选A。

【24题详解】

句意：这段旅程看不见，但却很有力量。  
language语言；prize奖品；reason原因；journey旅程。根据前文“that book started out from a small hutong, and...all the way to Europe.”可知，此处指书的旅程。故选D。

【25题详解】

句意：这是徐大伟为社会做的最有意义的事情。  
honest诚实的；comfortable舒服的；meaningful有意义的；peaceful和平的。根据后文“He will pass the library on and it can keep reading from disappearing to some degree.”可知，徐大伟认为他会把图书馆传承下去，在一定程度上防止阅读消失，说明他认为自己做的事情很有意义，meaningful“有意义的”符合语境。故选C。

**Ⅲ. 阅读理解（共30小题；满分35分）**

**（A）**

The community plays an important role in improving people’s life. A week ago, Sun Community did a survey by talking on the phone. They’ve known about a growing need for students’ free time activities. Now, they put a notice on their website.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材以及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ ZhHt81R59qPNAx1ODbqMbQ==  **NOTICE**  In order to make students’ free time life more colorful, our community has set up four activities for the students aged from 6 to 18. All the activities are free. If you want to have lunch here, you need to pay 15 *yuan* for each meal.  Activity Time   |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |  | 8:00—9:30 | 10:00—11:30 | 13:00—14:30 | 15:00—16:30 | | Saturday& Sunday | Creative Thinking  (Public Classroom) | Sports  (Sports Center) | Volunteering  (Sun Square) | Amusement  (Public Hall) |   **Arriving Here:** Bus 628 or Bus 816 to Central Station  (Then a 5-minute walk to Sun Community Building)  **Call:** 495-3639  **Welcome to join us!** |

根据短文和图示内容，选择最佳答案。

26. Sun Community found out the needs of students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. by watching news B. by teaching a lesson

C. by talking on the phone D. by asking door to door

27. Students can take part in the activities with their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. 20-year-old sister B. 43-year-old father

C. 4-year-old brother D. 15-year-old classmate

28. Students can train their creative thinking in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Public Classroom B. Sports Center C. Sun Square D. Public Hall

29. The sports activity begins at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. 8:00 B. 10:00 C. 13:00 D. 15:00

30. The text tells you that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the four activities can add color to students’ free time life

B. students need to pay 15 *yuan* if they take part in the activities

C. students should go to the community building every weekend

D. students can take Bus 816 for 5 minutes to get to Sun Community Building

【答案】26. C 27. D 28. A 29. B 30. A

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了太阳社区为了丰富6至18岁学生的课余生活，设立了四项免费活动。

【26题详解】

细节理解题。根据“A week ago, Sun Community did a survey by talking on the phone. They’ve known about a growing need for students’ free time activities.”可知，太阳社区通过电话交谈了解了学生们对课余活动的需求。故选C。

【27题详解】

细节理解题。根据“our community has set up four activities for the students aged from 6 to 18.”可知，这些活动是面向6至18岁学生的。因此，只有15岁的同学符合年龄要求。故选D。

【28题详解】

细节理解题。根据活动安排表，Creative Thinking“创造性思维”活动在Public Classroom“公共教室”进行。故选A。

【29题详解】

细节理解题。根据活动安排表，Sports“体育活动”的时间是10:00-11:30。故选B。

【30题详解】

细节理解题。根据“In order to make students’ free time life more colorful, our community has set up four activities for the students aged from 6 to 18.”以及后文对活动的详细介绍，可以推断出这四个活动可以丰富学生的课余生活。故选A。

**（B）**

Not long ago, a photo of the football players in my college showed up on my phone as a “memory”, which was kept through the digital memory (数字记忆). I was surprised to see the photo at first and sweet memories flashed into my mind.

In the photo, the players from the football team hugged together in excitement after they won the game. At that time, I took a photo of them with my phone. **It** recorded the friendship and the happiness. Then, I fell into the habit of taking photos of everything. More and more photos filled my phone so I almost forgot this photo. Thanks to the digital memory, I could enjoy the happy time again.

People needed to make an effort to record things in the past. But now we can do something like that easily through the digital memory. We put what we want to remember into our smartphones. Most of the photos that I have kept on my phones— and in the cloud now— bring happy memories back to me.

However, not all the digital memories are happy. Some are sad. When I see the photos of my lost pet, I am worried. Because they make me recall something I want to forget. Usually, digital memories are sent to me non-stop and without any human-like feelings. That drives me crazy.

It’s hard to say clearly when the digital memory started madly. These digital memories, whether happy or sad, break into our lives. In my job as a reporter, I have spent the past five years taking different photos. They will always be there, whatever.

根据短文内容，选择最佳答案。

31. How did the writer feel when he saw the photo at first?

A. Excited. B. Afraid. C. Bored. D. Surprised.

32. What does the underlined word “**It**” in Paragraph 2 refer to (指代)?

A. The college. B. The photo taken by the writer.

C. The football team. D. The game held long ago.

33. How do people record things easily now?

A. By using smartphones. B. By valuing time.

C. By creating memories with feelings. D. By developing good habits.

34. Why does the writer mention his lost pet?

A. To hide some sadness in his life.

B. To help people run away from the past.

C. To show his dislike of some digital memories.

D. To explain the digital memory is very easy to use.

35. Which of the following is RIGHT?

A. The photos on phones record the past for people.

B. The players in the football team liked taking photos.

C. People today have to remember lots of happy times.

D. The digital memory started when the writer became a reporter.

【答案】31. D 32. B 33. A 34. C 35. A

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要讨论了数字记忆对人们生活的影响。

【31题详解】

细节理解题。根据“I was surprised to see the photo at first and sweet memories flashed into my mind.”可知，作者最初看到照片时感到惊讶。故选D。

【32题详解】

词句猜测题。根据“At that time, I took a photo of them with my phone. It recorded the friendship and the happiness.”可知，当时，我用手机给他们拍了一张照片。这张照片记录下了他们的友谊以及那份快乐。“It”指代的是作者用手机拍摄的那张照片，因为它记录了友谊和幸福。故选B。

【33题详解】

细节理解题。根据“But now we can do something like that easily through the digital memory. We put what we want to remember into our smartphones.”可知，现在人们通过智能手机轻松记录事物。故选A。

【34题详解】

推理判断题。根据“However, not all the digital memories are happy. Some are sad...When I see the photos of my lost pet, I am worried. Because they make me recall something I want to forget.”可知，作者提到失去的宠物是为了说明一些数字记忆会带来不愉快的回忆，从而表达他对这类数字记忆的不喜欢。故选C。

【35题详解】

推理判断题。根据“Most of the photos that I have kept on my phones— and in the cloud now— bring happy memories back to me.”可知，手机上的照片为人们记录了过去，无论是快乐还是悲伤的回忆。故选A。

**（C）**

①You may wonder how you can find beauty in the place you’ve known so well. People usually think only by going to places far away can they feel that. In fact, what you need to do is to explore (探索) with fresh eyes.

②Imagining yourself as a guide is a good way. Where will you suggest visitors go if they come to Changchun? You can find some good places by answering it. A good **option** is a museum of cars, where you can learn about the history of the car industry, and know the development of different brands of cars.

③To find changes in your city, you can look up some information online. You may find Beijing West Street, which is a new cultural landmark in Changchun. It has become a hot topic. It used to be a common street. The buildings there have been rebuilt. Many drama festivals, street art shows and fairs of cultural products are held. The minute you arrive, you will be shocked by a rush of fresh energy in the busy air.

④Going somewhere in person and watching, you will get something unexpected. When you visit Jingyue National Forest Park, nature seems the only thing to enjoy. But surprisingly, you’ll also find so many people doing different outdoor activities, like walking, riding and camping. The beautiful scenes of human and nature will be printed in your mind, inspiring you to try something fantastic in no time.

⑤Exploring your city in a different light, you can know more about its history, culture and development. You will fall in love with where you live hundreds of times with a pair of admiring eyes.

根据短文内容，选择最佳答案。

36. How can people feel beauty in the place they’ve known well?

A. By driving a car. B. By imagining the future.

C. By drawing pictures. D. By learning about it with fresh eyes.

37. What does the underlined word “**option**” in Paragraph 2 mean?

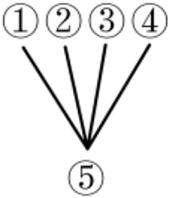
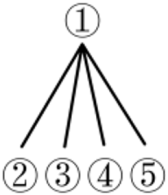
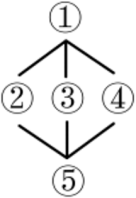
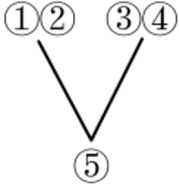
A. Rule. B. Business. C. Choice. D. Sign.

38. Where can people get the information about street art shows?

A. In the park. B. On the Internet. C. In the museum. D. On the radio.

39. Which is the right structure (结构) of the passage?

(①=Paragraph 1 ②=Paragraph 2, ... )

A.  B.  C.  D. 

40. What is probably the best title (标题) for this passage?

A. Finding Beauty Around. B. Walking in Changes.

C. Going Deep into Nature. D. Turning Old Street New.

【答案】36. D 37. C 38. B 39. C 40. A

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要探讨了如何通过新的视角重新发现身边熟悉地方的美

【36题详解】

细节理解题。根据“In fact, what you need to do is to explore (探索) with fresh eyes.”可知，人们需要用新鲜的眼光去了解熟悉的地方才能感受到美。故选D。

【37题详解】

词句猜测题。根据“Where will you suggest visitors go if they come to Changchun? You can find some good places by answering it. A good option is a museum of cars...”可知，作者建议以导游的身份思考推荐游客去的地方，汽车博物馆是一个好的选择，因此“option”意为“选择”。故选C。

【38题详解】

细节理解题。根据“To find changes in your city, you can look up some information online...Many drama festivals, street art shows and fairs of cultural products are held.”可知，人们可以在网上获取关于街头艺术表演的信息。故选B。

【39题详解】

篇章结构题。文章第一段提出主题——用新的视角发现身边的美；第二至四段分别通过想象、查找信息和亲身经历三个具体方法展开论述；第五段总结全文，强调通过不同视角探索城市能让人更加热爱生活的地方。选项C与文章结构相符。故选C。

40题详解】

最佳标题题。文章围绕“如何发现身边熟悉地方的美”展开，强调通过探索和新的视角感受城市之美。选项A“Finding Beauty Around”（发现身边的美）最能概括文章主旨。故选A。

**（D）**

A large number of studies point out the advantages of expressive writing. It is a method of helping people get out of worries by writing them down on paper. Some people took part in a six-week program of expressive writing in Duke University. The result showed that they improved their ability to feel better from worries.

Tom, a middle school student, seldom talks to others. But he usually keeps diaries. He once wrote, “I fought with my best friend because we held different opinions on the movie. I just couldn’t control my feeling of anger at that time. I felt very upset and didn’t speak the whole day. Well, after ‘talking’ to you, I feel much better now.” Writing down the true thoughts became a useful tool to help Tom get out of the anger.

The power of the pen can also be seen on Nancy. She has a pen friend in a different country. They write letters to each other every month. By sharing daily life and even some secrets, they both become less stressed. The letters they have kept for years see their growing up.

Today, most written communication is electronic. When something is written by hand—at work or at home—the relationship around is made warmer. This method can be taken as a chance to get more smiles from someone.

In modern life, people are busy and sometimes worried. Expressive writing is a good helper. It can help people understand and manage feelings. The key is to start at once.

根据短文内容，判断句子正（T）、误（F）。

41. Expressive writing is a method of making programs in universities.

42. Tom lost control of himself and fought with his best friend.

43. Nancy writes letters to her pen friend from a different country.

44. Electronic communication gets the relationship around warmer.

45. People can deal with worries through expressive writing.

【答案】41. F 42. T

43. T 44. F

45. T

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章通过举例讲述了表达性写作的好处。

【41题详解】

细节理解题。根据“A large number of studies point out the advantages of expressive writing. It is a method of helping people get out of worries by writing them down on paper.”可知，表达性写作是一种通过将忧虑写在纸上来帮助人们摆脱忧虑的方法，而不是在大学里制作项目的方法。因此，该句表述错误。故选F。

【42题详解】

细节理解题。根据“I fought with my best friend because we held different opinions on the movie. I just couldn’t control my feeling of anger at that time.”可知，Tom因为对电影的不同看法而和最好的朋友打架，他无法控制自己的愤怒情绪。因此，该句表述正确。故选T。

【43题详解】

细节理解题。根据“She has a pen friend in a different country. They write letters to each other every month.”可知，Nancy有一个在不同国家的笔友，他们每个月都给对方写信。因此，该句表述正确。故选T。

【44题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Today, most written communication is electronic. When something is written by hand—at work or at home—the relationship around is made warmer.”可知，当用手写东西时，周围的关系会变得更温暖，而不是电子通信使周围的关系变得更温暖。因此，该句表述错误。故选F。

【45题详解】

细节理解题。根据“In modern life, people are busy and sometimes worried. Expressive writing is a good helper. It can help people understand and manage feelings.”可知，在现代生活中，人们很忙，有时很担心，表达性写作是一个很好的辅助工具，它可以帮助人们理解和管理情感。因此，人们可以通过表达性写作来处理忧虑。该句表述正确。故选T。

**（E）**

Animals use senses to find food and stay out of danger. People use them to find out what is happening with their bodies and in the world around them. You probably know about the five basic senses: hearing, seeing, smell, touch and taste. \_\_\_\_46\_\_\_\_

**Pain Sense**

Pain might be regarded as part of the sense of touch. Actually, it isn’t. People and other animals can feel pain even when nothing is touching them. \_\_\_\_47\_\_\_\_ It can also warm people to stop or change what they are doing before they get hurt.

**Temperature Sense**

People can sense the changes in temperature. In winter, many old people move from the cold place to the warm place. The same thing happens to animals. \_\_\_\_48\_\_\_\_ So they have the habit of winter sleep.

**Time Sense**

Scientists think humans have the best sense of time. But probably other animals sense it, too. For example, dogs will wait at the door at a certain time. \_\_\_\_49\_\_\_\_

**Using Sounds to “See”**

Some animals can “see” the things around them in the dark. \_\_\_\_50\_\_\_\_ By making sounds and listening to echoes (回声), some whales and birds have this unusual sense.

In a word, many other senses are also being studied besides the senses above. As you explore the world, think about the other senses that animals, including you, use every day.

阅读短文，把A～E五个句子填入文中空缺处，使短文内容完整。

A How do they find where things are?

B. Snakes have the ability to “feel” heat.

C. Here are some senses you may not know.

D. It helps people realize that they have been hurt.

E. They seem to know their owners will come back home.

【答案】46. C 47. D 48. B 49. E 50. A

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了动物和人类拥有的一些其他不为人知的感官。

【46题详解】

根据“You probably know about the five basic senses: hearing, seeing, smell, touch and taste.”可知，此处表达除了这五种基本感官外还有其他感官。选项C“以下是一些你可能不知道的感官”与之相符。故选C。

【47题详解】

根据“Pain might be regarded as part of the sense of touch. Actually, it isn’t. People and other animals can feel pain even when nothing is touching them.”可知，此处描述疼痛感的作用。选项D“它帮助人们意识到自己受伤了”与之相符。故选D。

【48题详解】

根据“People can sense the changes in temperature. In winter, many old people move from the cold place to the warm place. The same thing happens to animals.”可知，此处描述动物对温度的感知。选项B“蛇有‘感受’热量的能力”与之相符。故选B。

【49题详解】

根据“Scientists think humans have the best sense of time. But probably other animals sense it, too. For example, dogs will wait at the door at a certain time.”可知，此处描述动物对时间的感知。选项E“它们似乎知道主人会回家”与之相符。故选E。

【50题详解】

根据“Some animals can ‘see’ the things around them in the dark.”可知，此处描述动物如何在黑暗中“看”东西。选项A“它们如何找到东西的位置？”与之相符。故选A。

**（F）**

You can smell it before you see it. The sweet smell of sugar, eggs and cream fills the air. Once it is made to perfection, the inside is soft and the outside is crispy. A shiny and golden surface catches the eye.

This, as you may have guessed, is the delicious egg tart (蛋挞). It’s the famous dessert of Wong’s cafe, one of the most popular places to eat in Macao. The sweet dessert is made fresh every day by the cafe’s owner Margaret Wong.

Few people know egg tarts better than Wong. After all, she created this dessert together with her husband Stow. Some people say Margaret’s egg tarts are special, because they taste neither Western nor Chinese. According to Wong, that is exactly the point.

It all started when Wong and Stow opened their first cake house. Someone asked Stow to make some cream cakes. The first plate of cakes came out burnt and wrong, and Stow wanted to throw them away. But Wong said, “Hold on a minute. They can still be eaten. Don’t waste food.” The couple let people try them for free. Unexpectedly, the customers loved them. They have ordered more and more egg tarts from then on. More than thirty years flies. The method of making Margaret’s egg tarts remains the same.

Whenever people talk about Macao, they mention egg tarts. Every day, hundreds of tourists and locals line up at Wong’s cafe. “Sometimes people walk in and say ‘Can I just have one egg tart?’ And I have to tell them, ‘Not even a small piece is left.’” Wong says with a smile.

根据短文内容，回答下列问题。

51. What part of egg tarts catches the eye?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

52. How often does Wong make egg tarts in Wong’s cafe?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

53. Why do some people say Margaret’s egg tarts are special?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

54. What did Stow want to do with the first burnt cakes?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

55. How long does the method of making Margaret’s egg tarts remain?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

【答案】51. A shiny and golden surface.

52 Every day.

53. Because they taste neither Western nor Chinese.

54. He wanted to throw them away.

55. More than thirty years.

【解析】

【导语】本文主要是介绍澳门Margaret蛋挞的故事。

【51题详解】

根据“A shiny and golden surface catches the eye.”可知，蛋挞闪亮金黄的外表吸引人的眼球，故填A shiny and golden surface.

【52题详解】

根据“The sweet dessert is made fresh every day by the cafe’s owner Margaret Wong.”可知，Wong每天制作蛋挞，故填Every day.

【53题详解】

根据“Some people say Margaret’s egg tarts are special, because they taste neither Western nor Chinese.”可知，因为它们既不具西式风味，也不含中式特色，故填Because they taste neither Western nor Chinese.

【54题详解】

根据“The first plate of cakes came out burnt and wrong, and Stow wanted to throw them away.”可知，Stow想把它们扔掉，故填He wanted to throw them away.

【55题详解】

根据“More than thirty years flies. The method of making Margaret’s egg tarts remains the same.”可知，蛋挞的制作方式保持了超过三十年，故填More than thirty years.

**三、语言运用（共10分）**

**Ⅳ. 短文填空（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）**

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

China is a country of etiquette (礼仪). I’m working here as a foreign teacher and I’m leaving soon. I \_\_\_\_56\_\_\_\_ (real) have a deep understanding of Chinese culture and society.

Everything was new to me when I first arrived \_\_\_\_57\_\_\_\_ China. As for seats at the table, Chinese people have their own culture. Once, I \_\_\_\_58\_\_\_\_ (invite) to a big dinner at a restaurant. Before the dinner, someone showed me to take the seat \_\_\_\_59\_\_\_\_ was ready for the most important person. It faced the door.

I found another \_\_\_\_60\_\_\_\_ (interest) thing. Chinese people like giving gifts in pairs. Last month, I \_\_\_\_61\_\_\_\_ (have) a party with three friends in my home. They each brought two gifts. I couldn’t wait to open them, \_\_\_\_62\_\_\_\_ one of my friends reminded me not to do that right away. He thought it was \_\_\_\_63\_\_\_\_ (polite) to open gifts in front of the givers.

These are amazing \_\_\_\_64\_\_\_\_ (day) of cultural experiences. I believe my stay in China will not be \_\_\_\_65\_\_\_\_ last time. I expect to come to China again.

【答案】56. really

57. in 58. was invited

59. that##which

60. interesting

61. had 62. but##yet

63. impolite

64. days 65. the

【解析】

【导语】本文讲述了一位在中国工作的外教即将离开中国，在离开前分享了自己对中国文化和社会的深刻理解。

【56题详解】

句意：我是一名外教，即将离开中国，我真的对中国文化和社会有了深刻的理解。根据“I….have a deep understanding of Chinese culture and society.”和提示词可知，此处表达“真的对中国文化和社会有了深刻的理解”，really“真正地”符合句意。故填really。

【57题详解】

句意：当我第一次来到中国时，一切对我来说都是新的。根据“Everything was new to me when I first arrived … China.”可知，此处表达“来到中国”，arrive in+大地点。故填in。

【58题详解】

句意：有一次，我被邀请到一家餐馆吃一顿丰盛的晚餐。根据“Once, I …to a big dinner at a restaurant.”和提示词可知，此处表达“我被邀请”，应该用被动语态，且根据“Once”可知，应该用一般过去时的被动语态，主语是I，be动词用was。故填was invited。

【59题详解】

句意：晚饭前，有人让我坐在为最重要的人准备的座位上。根据“Before the dinner, someone showed me to take the seat … was ready for the most important person.”可知，此处是定语从句，先行词是seat，指物，在从句中作主语，关系词用that或which。故填that/which。

【60题详解】

句意：我发现了另一件有趣的事。根据“I found another…thing.”和提示词可知，此处表达“另一件有趣的事”，interesting“有趣的”，形容词修饰名词thing。故填interesting。

【61题详解】

句意：上个月，我和三个朋友在家里举行了一个聚会。根据“Last month, I…a party with three friends in my home.”和提示词可知，此处表达“举行了一个聚会”，根据“Last month”可知，应该用一般过去时，have的过去式是had。故填had。

【62题详解】

句意：我迫不及待地想打开它们，但我的一个朋友提醒我不要马上打开。根据“I couldn’t wait to open them,…one of my friends reminded me not to do that right away.”可知，前后句是转折关系，but“但是”或yet“然而”符合句意。故填but/yet。

【63题详解】

句意：他认为在送礼者面前打开礼物是不礼貌的。根据“He thought it was…to open gifts in front of the givers.”和提示词可知，此处表达“在送礼者面前打开礼物是不礼貌的”，impolite“不礼貌的”符合句意。故填impolite。

【64题详解】

句意：这些是令人惊叹的文化体验日。根据“These are amazing…of cultural experiences.”和提示词可知，此处表达“文化体验日”，day“天”，可数名词，根据“These are”可知，应该用复数形式。故填days。

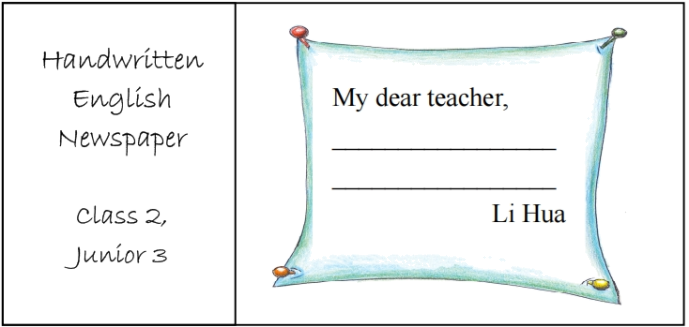
【65题详解】

句意：我相信我在中国的停留不会是最后一次。根据“I believe my stay in China will not be … last time.”可知，此处表达“不会是最后一次”，last前面应该加定冠词the。故填the。

**四、书面表达（共20分）**

**Ⅴ. （A）（满分5分）**

66. 假如你是李华，你们班正在制作最后一期英语手抄报，其中一个栏目为“Words Given to My Teacher”。请你用英文完成其中的一份留言，写出某位老师对你的影响并表达祝福。不少于40词。



\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

【答案】例文：

My dear teacher,

Your patience and kindness have deeply inspired me. When I struggled with English, you always encouraged me to keep trying and helped me practice speaking. Thanks to you, I’ve grown more confident and improved a lot.

Wishing you good health and happiness forever. May your days be filled with joy and success!

Li Hua

【解析】

【详解】[总体分析]

①题材：本文是一篇小作文。

②时态：时态以“现在完成时”和“一般现在时”为主。

③提示：写作要点已明确给出，需围绕“老师的影响”和“祝福”展开，可适当补充细节增强感染力。

[写作步骤]

第一步，表明写作意图。直接点明对老师的感激之情，引出下文具体事例。

第二步，具体阐述写作内容。说明老师的影响以及我的个人成长。

第三步，书写结语。表达对老师健康、幸福和成功的真挚祝福，情感升华。

[亮点词汇]

①deeply inspired深受鼓舞

②struggled with与……作斗争

③encouraged me to keep trying鼓励我坚持

④grown more confident变得更自信

⑤filled with joy and success充满喜悦与成功

[高分句型]

①When I struggled with English, you always encouraged me to keep trying and helped me practice speaking. (When引导的时间状语从句)

**（B）（满分15分）**

67. 世界经典名著中有许多永不言弃的故事。请你结合生活实际，用英文写一篇不少于80词的短文，向某英文报社投稿。

要求：

（1）讲述你或他人一个永不言弃的事；

（2）表达你的感悟；

（3）可适当增加细节，行文连贯；

（4）文中不得出现考生的真实姓名和校名。

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【答案】例文：

Never Give Up

Last year, I signed up for my first race, dreaming of finishing like a hero in *Forrest Gump*. However, after two weeks of training, my legs ached so badly that I wanted to quit. “Every champion was once a beginner who refused to stop,” my coach said when he saw me limping. His words made me think: If I give up now, I’ll never know what I could achieve.

I adjusted my plan—running shorter distances daily and stretching carefully. Gradually, my stamina improved. On race day, though tired, I crossed the finish line with a smile. Like Santiago in *The Alchemist*, who kept pursuing his dream despite obstacles, I learned that perseverance turns “impossible” into “I’m possible.”

【解析】

【详解】[总体分析]

①题材：本文是一篇材料作文。

②时态：时态主要为“一般过去时”。

③提示：写作要点已给出，考生应注意要点齐全，可适当补充。

[写作步骤]

第一步，表明写作意图。引出自己参加比赛的初衷和梦想。

第二步，具体阐述写作内容。从“训练的困难、教练的鼓励、自己的调整以及比赛的结果”几个方面详细描述了整个过程。

第三步，书写结语。表达了自己从这次经历中学到的道理。

[亮点词汇]

①dream of梦想

②ache疼痛

③adjust调整

④stamina耐力

⑤perseverance力

[高分句型]

①However, after two weeks of training, my legs ached so badly that I wanted to quit. (so…that…引导的结果状语从句)