**广元市2025年初中学业水平考试暨高中阶段学校招生考试**

**英语**

**说明：1.全卷满分150分，考试时间120分钟。**

**2.本试卷分为第Ⅰ卷（选择题）和第Ⅱ卷（非选择题），共四部分。**

**3.考生必须在答题卡上答题，写在试卷上的答案无效。选择题必须使用2B铅笔填涂答案，非选择题必须使用0.5毫米黑色墨迹签字笔答题。**

**4.考试结束，将答题卡和试卷一并收回。**

**第Ⅰ卷（选择题 100分）**

**第一部分 听力测试（共2节；30分）**

**第一节：（共5小题，每小题1.5分，共7.5分）**

**听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三幅图中选出最佳选项。听每段对话前，你有5秒钟的时间阅读有关小题；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。**

1. What gift will the girl buy for her brother?

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2. How far is it from Sophie’s home to school?

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3 What does the girl need?

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4. Where does Amy want to go this summer vacation?

A.  B.  C. 

5. What are they talking about?

A.  B. 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材以及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ a69kRV2MocjNAx1ODbqMbQ== C. 

**第二节：（共15小题，每小题1.5分，共22.5分）**

**听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。**

**听第6段对话，回答第6至7小题。**

6. How often does Sam go to the sports center?

A. Once a week. B. Twice a week. C. Three times a week.

7. How does Sam go there?

A. On foot. B. By bus. C. By bike.

**听第7段对话，回答第8至10小题。**

8. What’s the matter with Mary?

A. She was ill. B. She was late. C. She didn’t sleep well.

9. What did the girl next door do last night?

A. She held a party. B. She cooked some food. C. She returned home late.

10. When did Mary fall asleep?

A. At midnight. B. At 2o’clock. C. At7o’clock.

**听第8段对话，回答第11至13小题。**

11. Whom did John go to the farm with?

A. His friend. B. His uncle. C. His mother.

12. What did John do there?

A. He fed animals. B. He picked fruits. C. He cooked a meal.

13. What does John think of the trip?

A. Boring. B. Tiring. C. Meaningful.

**听第9段对话，回答第14至16小题。**

14. Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. In a museum. B. At a TV station. C. In a classroom.

15. How do British people greet each other for the first time?

A. Shake hands. B. Kiss each other. C. Take a bow.

16. How does Jenny pronounce the word “weight”?

A. /weɪt/ B. /waɪt/ C. /weɪ/

**听下面一段独白，回答第17至20小题。**

17. What will students perform in the talent show?

A. Magic shows. B. Dance. C. Drama.

18. What are the students supposed to do at the basketball game?

A. Wear school colors. B. Watch the game quietly. C. Bring gifts for the players.

19. When will they have the trip?

A. This Saturday. B. This Tuesday. C. Next Friday.

20. Why does the speaker give the talk?

A. To discuss school culture.

B. To introduce the coming events.

C. To encourage students to support each other.

**第二部分 基础知识运用（共2节；30分）**

**第一节：单项选择（共10小题，每小题1分，共10分）**

**从下列各小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。**

1. —Molly, I left my dictionary at home. Do you have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

—Yes. Here you are.

A. it B. this C. that D. one

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：——莫莉，我把字典忘在家里了。你有一本吗？——是的。给你。

考查代词辨析。it它，指同类同物；this这个；that那个；one一个，指同类不同物。根据“I left my dictionary at home. Do you have”可知此处询问对方是否有一本字典，指同类不同物，用one。故选D。

2. —Is that young lady with straight hair your aunt, Li Ming?

—No, it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be her. She has gone to the Horticultural Exhibition (园艺博览会).

A. mustn’t B. can’t C. can D. must

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：——李明，那位直发的年轻女士是你的阿姨吗？——不，不可能是她。她去园艺博览会了。

考查情态动词。mustn’t禁止；can’t不可能；can能；must一定。根据“She has gone to the Horticultural Exhibition”可知她去园艺博览会了，所以那个人不可能是她，表示否定推测用can’t。故选B。

3. —How are you feeling, Mom?

—A little \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The medicine is working.

A. better B. best C. worse D. worst

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：——妈妈，你感觉怎么样？——稍微好一点。这药起作用了。

考查比较级和形容词辨析。better更好；best最好；worse更差；worst最差。根据“The medicine is working.”可知药起作用了，所以感觉好点了，a little修饰比较级。故选A。

4. —Mike, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ such a loud noise in the room. Your sister is sleeping.

—OK, Dad. I won’t do that again.

A. making B. to make C. don’t make D. make

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——迈克，别在房间里弄出这么大的声音。你妹妹在睡觉。——好的，爸爸。我不会再那样做了。

考查祈使句的否定形式。根据“Your sister is sleeping.”可知妹妹在睡觉，所以不要弄出这么大的声音，故此处用祈使句的否定形式：Don’t+动词原形。故选C。

5. —I am busy preparing for tests these days, and I have to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the chance to go to the concert.

—What a pity! But we can go together next time.

A. set up B. give up C. cheer up D. fix up

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：——这些天我忙于准备考试，不得不放弃去音乐会的机会。——太可惜了！但我们下次可以一起去。

考查动词短语。set up建立；give up放弃；cheer up（使）高兴起来；fix up修理。根据“I am busy preparing for tests these days, and I have to...the chance to go to the concert.”可知自己忙于考试，所以要放弃去音乐会的机会。故选B。

6. —Which cartoon would you like to watch, *Ne Zha 2* or the *Underworld*, Tina?

—Um..., it’s hard to make a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. promise B. change C. choice D. deal

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——Tina，你想看哪部动画，《哪吒2》还是《Underworld》？——嗯……很难做出选择。

考查名词辨析。promise承诺；change改变；choice选择；deal交易。根据“Which cartoon would you like to watch…”可知，Tina在两部动画之间难以决定，应填入choice。make a choice“做选择”。故选C。

7. My old grandfather is in his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, but he can still do some gardening and look after himself well.

A. nineteen B. ninety C. ninetieth D. nineties

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：我的老爷爷九十多岁了，但他仍然能做些园艺并照顾好自己。

考查年龄表达法。nineteen十九；ninety九十；ninetieth第九十；nineties九十几。表示“某人几十多岁”用“in one’s + 整十基数词的复数形式”。故选D。

8. We should be honest to our friends, because it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to be our traditional value.

A. is considered B. was considered C. considered D. considers

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：我们应该对朋友诚实，因为这被认为是我们的传统价值观。

考查时态和语态。此处是结构be considered to be“被认为是”，此处描述客观事实，用一般现在时，主语是it，be动词用is。故选A。

9. —Amy recently won a prize from the Help Save Our Society. Can you guess \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

—It’s said that she built a house out of rubbish.

A. what did she do B. what she did C. what does she do D. what she does

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：——艾米最近获得了“帮助拯救我们的社会”奖。你能猜猜她做了什么吗？——据说她用垃圾建了一座房子。

考查宾语从句。根据“Can you guess”可知，此处是宾语从句，宾语从句需用陈述句语序（主语+谓语），排除A、C两项（疑问语序）。根据答句“built”可知，此处询问过去的行为，应为一般过去时。故选B。

10. —The Art Festival was a success. It made our school life colorful.

—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. And I’ve become more confident than before.

A All right B. That’s a good idea C. I agree with you D. Take it easy

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——艺术节很成功。它使我们的学校生活丰富多彩。——我同意你的看法。我变得比以前更有信心了。

考查情景交际。All right好吧，表示同意或安慰；That’s a good idea那是个好主意，用于回应建议；I agree with you我同意你的看法，表示赞同对方的观点；Take it easy放轻松。根据上下文可知，第二说话者补充说明艺术节带来的积极影响，需先表达对第一说话者观点的认同。故选C。

**第二节：完形填空（共20小题，每小题1分，共20分）**

**阅读下列短文，从短文后各小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。**

**(A)**

*Tuesday, May 27, 2025*

I was sleeping peacefully last night when I was woken up by someone’s groans (呻吟). I listened, and heard that they were from Sam, a student from Africa. I really planned to \_\_\_\_11\_\_\_\_ sleeping, as I had just fallen asleep, but I couldn’t because Sam groaned louder and louder. It showed he was \_\_\_\_12\_\_\_\_ ill. At that time, Robbie also woke up. We found some \_\_\_\_13\_\_\_\_, and helped Sam sit up to take it. Robbie and I hoped that this would reduce his \_\_\_\_14\_\_\_\_ and get him through the difficult time. If only the morning could come quickly, everything would become easier.

Things went against our wishes. Sam’s \_\_\_\_15\_\_\_\_ developed from bad to worse. We called the emergency services, and in a short time an ambulance (救护车) stopped in front of our gate. Robbie and I helped the medical workers get to the \_\_\_\_16\_\_\_\_.

We helped him go through many checkups. After all kinds of tests, we felt \_\_\_\_17\_\_\_\_ to hear that he just got appendicitis (阑尾炎). Luckily, Sam didn’t need an operation because he was \_\_\_\_18\_\_\_\_ to hospital in time and got timely treatment.

At daybreak, Sam was much better. \_\_\_\_19\_\_\_\_ making sure that he was taken good care of, Robbie and I rushed back to prepare for our classes. We were tired, but felt \_\_\_\_20\_\_\_\_ for having done something good.

11. A. go off B. go on C. take on D. take off

12. A. seriously B. lightly C. naturally D. hardly

13. A. water B. snacks C. medicine D. biscuits

14. A. sleep B. hunger C. sound D. pain

15. A. body B. feeling C. condition D. look

16. A. school B. hospital C. bed D. company

17. A. surprised B. amazed C. relaxed D. disappointed

18. A. rushed B. treated C. pushed D. raised

19. A. After B. Before C. While D. When

20. A. energetic B. curious C. worried D. glad

【答案】11. B 12. A 13. C 14. D 15. C 16. B 17. C 18. A 19. A 20. D

【解析】

【导语】本文讲述了作者和室友Robbie在深夜被非洲学生Sam的呻吟声吵醒后，发现Sam生病了。他们试图通过给Sam吃药来缓解他的痛苦，但Sam的病情却越来越严重。最终，他们拨打了急救电话，将Sam及时送往医院。经过检查，Sam被诊断为阑尾炎，但幸运的是他得到了及时的治疗，病情很快好转。作者和Robbie虽然很累，但为自己帮助了Sam而感到欣慰。

【11题详解】

句意：我本打算继续睡觉，因为我刚睡着，但做不到，因为Sam的呻吟声越来越大。

go off离开；go on继续；take on承担；take off脱下。根据“I was sleeping peacefully...I really planned to...sleeping”可知是打算继续睡觉。故选B。

【12题详解】

句意：这表明他病得很严重

seriously严重地；lightly轻轻地；naturally自然地；hardly几乎不。根据“because Sam groaned louder and louder”可知他的呻吟声越来越大，说明病得很严重。故选A。

【13题详解】

句意：我们找了一些药，帮Sam坐起来吃下去。

water水；snacks小吃；medicine药；biscuits饼干。根据“and helped Sam sit up to take it”以及上文可知，他生病了，所以是给他找一些药吃。故选C。

【14题详解】

句意：Robbie和我希望这能减轻他的痛苦，帮他度过这段艰难的时光。

sleep睡觉；hunger饥饿；sound声音；pain痛苦。根据“Robbie and I hoped that this would reduce his”可知作者他们希望药可以减轻他的痛苦。故选D。

【15题详解】

句意：Sam的情况越来越糟。

body身体；feeling感觉；condition情况；look外貌。根据“developed from bad to worse”可知此处指他的情况越来越糟。故选C。

【16题详解】

句意：Robbie和我帮助医护人员把Sam送到了医院。

school学校；hospital医院；bed床；company公司。根据“Robbie and I helped the medical workers get to the”可知他生病了，所以是把他送到了医院。故选B。

【17题详解】

句意：经过各种检查后，得知他只是得了阑尾炎，我们感到很放松。

surprised惊讶的；amazed惊奇的；relaxed放松的；disappointed失望的。根据“to hear that he just got appendicitis...”可知他只是得了阑尾炎，我们感到放松。故选C。

【18题详解】

句意：幸运是，Sam不需要手术，因为他被及时送往医院并得到了及时的治疗。

rushed冲；treated治疗；pushed推；raised提高。根据“to hospital in time and got timely treatment.”可知他被及时送往医院并得到了及时治疗，rushed符合语境。故选A。

【19题详解】

句意：在确保他得到妥善照顾后，Robbie和我急忙回去准备上课。

After在……之后；Before在……之前；While当；When当。根据“making sure that he was taken good care of, Robbie and I rushed back to prepare for our classes”可知是确保他得到妥善照顾后，Robbie和我急忙回去准备上课。故选A。

【20题详解】

句意：我们虽然很累，但为自己做了好事而感到高兴。

energetic精力充沛的；curious好奇的；worried担心的；glad高兴的。根据“for having done something good.”可知是为自己做了好事而感到高兴。故选D。

**(B)**

While there are many birds that visit our leafy garden, it’s the pair of bullfinches (灰雀) that bring the most excitement. It’s been wonderful to watch how both \_\_\_\_21\_\_\_\_ shoulder the serious duty of caring for their young. Last summer the bullfinch family, parents and two babies, were happily sitting in a tree close to our back window and \_\_\_\_22\_\_\_\_ the late afternoon sunshine.

With \_\_\_\_23\_\_\_\_ sign, clouds appeared, and light rain began to fall. At first the birds seemed to enjoy the rain and moved out along the branch (树枝), shaking their feathers to take advantage of the wet weather. \_\_\_\_24\_\_\_\_, day turned to night within minutes. Dark clouds brought a sudden heavy storm: thunder and lightning, wild winds and rain turned the garden into an \_\_\_\_25\_\_\_\_ place for the little family.

Through the lightning, we watched in \_\_\_\_26\_\_\_\_ as the parents guided their little ones back along the branch until they were all close to the tree trunk (树干), both parents spreading their \_\_\_\_27\_\_\_\_ over their young to protect them from the storm. When the storm \_\_\_\_28\_\_\_\_, the family walked slowly \_\_\_\_29\_\_\_\_ out along the branch and spread their wings to take in the sunshine. When I look up at the pair who continue to visit our garden, I know I’m not just looking at \_\_\_\_30\_\_\_\_ parents, but very wise ones.

21. A. brothers B. babies C. families D. parents

22. A. chatting B. enjoying C. burning D. avoiding

23. A. any B. much C. few D. no

24. A. Besides B. However C. Moreover D. Therefore

25. A. uneasy B. unusual C. unsafe D. unnecessary

26. A. surprise B. doubt C. difficulty D. humor

27. A. tails B. feet C. wings D. hair

28. A. continued B. passed C. developed D. poured

29. A. back B. away C. over D. forward

30. A. lovely B. close C. talented D. caring

【答案】21. D 22. B 23. D 24. B 25. C 26. A 27. C 28. B 29. A 30. D

【解析】

【导语】本文主要讲述了一对灰雀父母在花园中照顾幼鸟的温馨故事。

【21题详解】

句意：看到这对灰雀父母共同肩负起照顾幼崽的重任，真是令人愉悦。

brothers兄弟们；babies婴儿们；families家庭们；parents父母。根据“shoulder the serious duty of caring for their young.”可知是父母照顾幼崽。故选D。

【22题详解】

句意：去年夏天，灰雀一家——父母和两只幼崽——愉快地坐在靠近我们后窗的一棵树上，享受着傍晚的阳光。

chatting聊天；enjoying享受；burning燃烧；avoiding避免。根据“the late afternoon sunshine.”可知是坐在树上享受傍晚的阳光。故选B。

【23题详解】

句意：毫无征兆地，乌云出现了，开始下起了小雨。

any任何；much许多；few很少；no没有。根据“clouds appeared, and light rain began to fall. At first the birds seemed to enjoy the rain”可知在享受阳光的时候，突然下起了雨，所以是没有征兆就开始下雨。故选D。

【24题详解】

句意：然而，几分钟后，白天变成了黑夜。

Besides此外；However然而；Moreover而且；Therefore因此。此处和前文是转折关系，用however连接。故选B。

【25题详解】

句意：乌云带来了突然的暴风雨；雷声、闪电、狂风和大雨使花园变成了一个对这个小家庭来说不安全的地方。

uneasy不安的；unusual不寻常的；unsafe不安全的；unnecessary不必要的。根据“thunder and lightning, wild winds and rain turned the garden into an...place”可知雷声、闪电、狂风和大雨使花园变得不安全。故选C。

【26题详解】

句意：透过闪电，我们惊讶地看着父母带着它们的幼崽沿着树枝往回走，直到它们都靠近树干，父母都展开翅膀保护它们的幼崽免受暴风雨的侵袭。

surprise惊讶；doubt怀疑；difficulty困难；humor幽默。根据“the parents guided their little ones back along the branch until they were all close to the tree trunk”可知看到灰雀父母带着它们的幼崽沿着树枝往回走，并张开翅膀保护幼崽，作者感到很惊讶。故选A。

【27题详解】

句意：透过闪电，我们惊讶地看着父母带着它们的幼崽沿着树枝往回走，直到它们都靠近树干，父母都展开翅膀保护它们的幼崽免受暴风雨的侵袭。

tails尾巴；feet脚；wings翅膀；hair头发。根据“over their young to protect them from the storm.”可知是展开翅膀保护它们的幼崽免受暴风雨的侵袭。故选C。

【28题详解】

句意：当暴风雨过去后，一家人沿着树枝慢慢地走回去，展开翅膀享受阳光。

continued继续；passed通过；developed发展；poured倾倒。根据“out along the branch and spread their wings to take in the sunshine.”可知暴风雨过去之后，它们出来享受阳光。故选B。

【29题详解】

句意：当暴风雨过去后，一家人沿着树枝慢慢地走回去，展开翅膀享受阳光。

back后面；away离开；over在上方；forward向前。根据“walk slowly...out along the branch”可知是沿着树枝回去，继续享受阳光。故选A。

【30题详解】

句意：当我抬头看着继续光顾我们花园的那对灰雀时，我知道我看到的不仅仅是关爱的父母，而是非常明智的父母。

lovely可爱的；close接近的；talented有才能的；caring关心他人的。根据上文内容可知，这对灰雀父母在暴风雨中照顾自己的幼崽，所以它们是关爱孩子的父母。故选D。

**第三部分 阅读理解（共2节；40分）**

**第一节：（共15小题，每小题2分，共30分）**

**阅读下列短文，从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。**

**(A)**



|  |
| --- |
| *Oxford Dictionary*  *subscribe: to pay an amount of money in order to receive or use sth*. 定期订购或订阅  *voucher: a printed piece of paper that can be used instead of money to pay for sth*.代金券 |

31. Who is the magazine for?

A. Parents. B. Children. C. Teachers. D. Scientists.

32. Which of the following isn’t shown in the ad text?

A. Food. B. Facts. C. Jokes. D. Animals.

33. How often is the magazine published?

A. Once a month. B. Once a year. C. Once a season. D. Once a week.

34. How much will you pay for 6 months?

A. £36.99. B. £29.99. C. £26.99. D. £53.99.

35. What free gift is offered to a 12-month order?

A. *What on earth*! with 10% off.

B. Ten pounds’ worth of a book voucher.

C. Ten pounds’ worth of another *What on earth*!

D. Twenty pounds’ worth of Britannica’s Listified!

【答案】31. B 32. A 33. A 34. C 35. D

【解析】

【导语】本文是一本杂志的相关信息。

【31题详解】

细节理解题。根据“*What on Earth!* Magazine is the fun, fascinating and fact-filled way for children to fall in love with reading and learning”可知这本杂志是给孩子们的。故选B。

【32题详解】

细节理解题。根据“*What on Earth!* Magazine is the fun, fascinating and fact-filled way”“All their favourite topics—animals...”以及“Quizzes, puzzles, games, jokes...”可知广告展示了事实、笑话和动物。故选A。

【33题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Delivered addressed to your child every month”可知是每个月出版一次。故选A。

【34题详解】

细节理解题。根据“6 months £26.99”可知订购6个月的杂志，需要支付26.99英镑。故选C。

【35题详解】

细节理解题。根据“12 months...FREE Britannica’s Listified! worth £20”可知如果订购12个月的杂志，可以得到价值20英镑的大英百科全书列表。故选D。

**(B)**



Victor Hugo once said, “Laughter is the sun that drives winter from the human face.” Up to now, nobody has been able to create laughter like Charlie Chaplin (1889—1977). He brightened the lives of millions through two world wars and the hard years in between.

Not that Charlie’s own life was easy. He was born to a poor family. Charlie learnt to sing and dance as soon as he could speak and walk. Every member of the family performed to help make money. By his teens, Charlie had, through his humor, become one of the most popular child actors in England.

Later, Chaplin began making silent films, where the story was told only through body language and movements. Usually, Chaplin appeared in these films as the Little Tramp, a poor man with a moustache (胡须), large trousers, worn-out shoes, and a round hat. He walked around stiffly (僵硬的) with a walking stick. Even though the Little Tramp was considered a failure in life, he always tried to turn his sadness into joy like Chaplin.

In the film *The Kid* (1921), the Little Tramp brings up an abandoned (遗弃的) child as his own. While the film has many funny moments, it also has times of great sadness. As Chaplin said, it was “a picture with a smile, and perhaps a tear”. Similarly, in *The Gold Rush* (1925), with nothing to eat, the Little Tramp treats one boot (靴子) as something delicious and makes you believe that this is one of the best meals he has ever tasted.

Chaplin once said, “My pain may be the reason for somebody’s laugh. But my laugh must never be the reason for somebody’s pain.” He is loved and remembered as a great actor who encouraged people during dark times.

36. Why are Hugo’s words mentioned in the first paragraph?

A. To explain the “humor”. B. To introduce the topic (话题).

C. To make readers think deeply. D. To show the influence of laughter.

37. What made Chaplin learn to perform at such an early age?

A. He was popular enough.

B. He was talented in performing.

C. He had to make money for his family.

D. It was common for everyone at that time.

38. What do we know about the Little Tramp?

A. He was a poor man in real life.

B. He had similar experiences with Chaplin.

C. He always told jokes to make people laugh.

D. He showed his humor through his body language.

39. What do *The Kid* and *The Gold Rush* have in common?

A. They are rich in funny conversations.

B. Their main characters have nothing to eat.

C. They show a picture with a smile and a tear.

D. Their main characters have an unhappy childhood.

40. What did Chaplin want to express in the last paragraph?

A. He was in pain. B. People laughed at him.

C. People encouraged him. D. He just brought joy to people.

【答案】36. B 37. C 38. D 39. C 40. D

【解析】

【导语】本文主要讲述了查理·卓别林通过他的表演给人们带来快乐。

【36题详解】

推理判断题。根据“Victor Hugo once said, ‘Laughter is the sun that drives winter from the human face.’ Up to now, nobody has been able to create laughter like Charlie Chaplin (1889–1977). He brightened the lives of millions through two world wars and the hard years in between.”可知第一段引用了维克多·雨果关于笑声的话，然后提到查理·卓别林，他非常擅长创造笑声，所以引用雨果的话是为了引出文章的主题——查理·卓别林如何通过幽默给人们带来快乐。故选B。

【37题详解】

细节理解题。根据“He was born to a poor family...Every member of the family performed to help make money.”可知因为他的家庭很穷，他必须为家庭赚钱。故选C。

【38题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Later, Chaplin began making silent films, where the story was told only through body language and movements....”可知小流浪汉在无声电影中通过肢体语言展现了他的幽默。故选D。

【39题详解】

推理判断题。根据“While the film has many funny moments, it also has times of great sadness. As Chaplin said, it was ‘a picture with a smile, and perhaps a tear’. Similarly, in *The Gold Rush* (1925), with nothing to eat, the Little Tramp treats one boot (靴子) as something delicious and makes you believe that this is one of the best meals he has ever tasted.”可知《孩子》有很多有趣的时刻，但是也有悲伤的时刻，正如卓别林所说，这是一张“带着微笑，也许还有泪水的照片”，相似地，在《淘金热》中，小流浪汉没有东西吃，他把一只靴子当作美味的东西，让你相信这是他吃过的最好的一顿饭，可见这两部电影都有幽默和悲伤的元素，即它们都展示了一张带着微笑和泪水的照片。故选C。

【40题详解】

推理判断题。根据“My pain may be the reason for somebody’s laugh. But my laugh must never be the reason for somebody’s pain”可知他说他的痛苦可能是别人笑的原因，但他的笑声绝不能成为别人痛苦的原因，可见他只是想给人们带来快乐。故选D。

**(C)**



DeepSeek-R1, a new AI model (模型) developed by the Chinese company DeepSeek, has rocked the AI industry around the world. Open to the public on Jan. 20, it quickly beat OpenAI’s ChatGPT and topped the Apple’s App Store by Jan. 27.

According to DeepSeek, in tasks like math and natural language reasoning, the performance of this model matches that of the leading models from big companies like OpenAI. But it’s much cheaper and uses much less computing power. The report on its earlier V3 model showed that DeepSeek is the least expensive among *large language models*. It costs about 5.57 million US dollars (about 40.58 million *yuan*) to make it.

Behind the lower cost is the introduction of a new idea in R1’s training. Different from traditional methods such as CoT (思维链) and SFT (监督微调), DeepSeek uses RL (强化学习) as the main training method. While CoT depends on step-by-step reasoning and SFT on huge amounts of data (数据), R1 allows developing reasoning skills in a natural way, making it better suited for difficult and changing tasks.

The AI industry’s development has long depended on making computing power bigger. “By increasing the data quality and improving the model structure, DeepSeek may change the AI field,” pointed out the US bank Morgan Stanley. “Bigger is no longer always smarter,” said the bank.

What’s more, DeepSeek-R1 is open-source. Everyone is free to the model’s code (代码) and makes changes to suit their own needs. “We won’t choose closed-source,” said Liang Wenfeng, the founder of DeepSeek. He **highlights** the importance of sharing knowledge, building a healthy field and helping the progress of technology. “That is the power of open research,” Meta’s chief AI scientist Yann LeCun agreed.

41. What is the great advantage of DeepSeek-R1?

A. It’s totally new. B. It’s at the top of App Store list.

C. It’s much cheaper than other models. D. It’s developed by a Chinese company.

42. How does the writer develop paragraph 3?

A. By listing numbers. B. By comparing.

C. By giving examples. D. By giving reasons.

43. How will DeepSeek change the AI field according to the bank Morgan Stanley?

A. By making computing power bigger.

B. By developing reasoning skills in a natural way.

C. By sharing knowledge and building a healthy field.

D. By increasing the data quality and improving the model structure.

44. What does the underlined word “highlights” in the last paragraph mean?

A. 强调 B. 标记 C. 亮点 D. 挑染

45. Which would be the best title for the passage?

A. OpenAI: A Competitor of DeepSeek

B. DeepSeek-R1: Rocking the AI World

C. DeepSeek: Changing the Way We Think

D. AI Model: A Great Change to the World

【答案】41. C 42. B 43. D 44. A 45. B

【解析】

【导语】本文主要介绍了DeepSeek公司开发的AI模型DeepSeek-R1，它震撼了人工智能领域。

【41题详解】

细节理解题。根据“But it’s much cheaper and uses much less computing power”可知它比其他模型便宜得多。故选C。

【42题详解】

推理判断题。根据“Different from traditional methods such as CoT (思维链) and SFT...While CoT depends on step-by-step reasoning and SFT on huge amounts of data (数据), R1 allowed developing reasoning skills in a natural way”可知第三段通过比较CoT、SFT和RL的不同来说明DeepSeek-R1的优势。故选B。

【43题详解】

细节理解题。根据“By increasing the data quality and improving the model structure, DeepSeek may change the AI field”可知通过提高数据质量和改进模型结构，DeepSeek可能会改变人工智能领域。故选D。

【44题详解】

词义猜测题。根据“He highlights the importance of sharing knowledge, building a healthy field and helping the progress of technology”可知是他强调分享知识、建设健康领域和帮助技术进步的重要性，故此处划线部分意为“强调”。故选A。

【45题详解】

最佳标题题。根据“DeepSeek-Rl, a new AI model (模型) developed by the Chinese company DeepSeek, has rocked the AI industry around the world”以及文章内容可知，本文主要介绍了DeepSeek公司开发的AI模型DeepSeek-R1，它震撼了人工智能领域，选项B“DeepSeek-R1：震撼人工智能世界”为标题最合适。故选B。

**第二节：（共5小题，每小题2分，共10分）**

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

**Microplastics in Water—a Wake-up Call for All of Us**

Today researchers announced that they have found tiny pieces of plastic—microplastics (微塑料) in water from around the world. These pieces are so small that they are unseen to the naked eye (裸眼) and are very difficult to clean from the water. \_\_\_\_46\_\_\_\_

Even worse, the plastic has also been found in drinking water across the world, which makes people worried. \_\_\_\_47\_\_\_\_ Scientists do not know what level of harm this will do to us in the future.

\_\_\_\_48\_\_\_\_ For example, they’re from washing and drying clothing and from cleaning products, such as toothpaste and face washes. Microplastics are even found in the air outside and at our homes.

Almost every country across the world agrees that we cannot continue using so much plastic in our lives. \_\_\_\_49\_\_\_\_ We also need to introduce new duties and other means to encourage companies to choose environment-friendly things and recyclable packaging (包装) for their products.

We need to take personal responsibility, too. We all may have the freedom to choose how we spend our money and what kinds of business and products we support. Let’s work together to protect our environment, both now and for the future. \_\_\_\_50\_\_\_\_

A. Remember: Reduce—Reuse—Recycle.

B. This means that we are drinking plastic every day.

C. Microplastics come in a number of different ways.

D. When in the water, they are eaten by fish and other animals.

E. We need to find a solution to cleaning microplastics from our oceans.

【答案】46. D 47. B 48. C 49. E 50. A

【解析】

【导语】本文主要介绍了全球水体中发现的微塑料污染是一个警示，呼吁各国采取措施减少塑料使用，并鼓励企业和个人承担环保责任，以保护环境和人类健康。

【46题详解】

根据“These pieces are so small that they are unseen to the naked eye (裸眼) and are very difficult to clean from the water”可知这些碎片太小，肉眼看不见，很难从水中清除，选项D“当它们在水中时，会被鱼和其他动物吃掉”符合语境。故选D。

【47题详解】

根据“the plastic has also been found in drinking water across the world”可知世界各地的饮用水中也发现了这种塑料，选项B“这意味着我们每天都在喝塑料”符合语境。故选B。

【48题详解】

根据“For example, they’re from washing and drying clothing and from cleaning products...Microplastics are even found in the air outside and at our homes.”可知微塑料来自洗涤和烘干衣物以及牙膏和洗面奶等清洁产品，它们甚至存在于室外和家中的空气中，所以微塑料的来源有很多不同的方式，选项C“微塑料的来源有很多不同的方式”符合语境。故选C。

【49题详解】

根据“Almost every country across the world agrees that we cannot continue using so much plastic in our lives”以及“We also need to introduce new duties and other means to encourage companies to choose environment-friendly things and recyclable packaging (包装) for their products.”可知我们不能在生活中继续使用这么多塑料，要想办法清除微塑料，选项E“我们需要找到一种解决方案来清除海洋中的微塑料”符合语境。故选E。

【50题详解】

根据“Let’s work together to protect our environment, both now and for the future”可知此处是结语，选项A“记住：减少——再利用——再循环”符合语境。故选A。

**第Ⅱ卷（非选择题 共50分）**

**第四部分 写（共3节；50分）**

**第一节：语法填空（共10小题，每小题1.5分，共15分）**

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入一个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Beijing Central Axis (中轴线) was listed as China’s 59th World Heritage Site (世界遗产) on July 27th, 2024. This news brought worldwide attention \_\_\_\_51\_\_\_\_ the ancient building groups.

The Beijing Central Axis is about 7.8 kilometers from north to south and runs through the heart of Beijing. It has 15 key heritage parts, \_\_\_\_52\_\_\_\_ (include) famous landmarks like the Forbidden City, Tian’anmen Square, and the Drum Tower. These structures not only show the outstanding skills of ancient Chinese people \_\_\_\_53\_\_\_\_ carry the country’s long-standing culture and philosophy (哲学) of city-building.

The idea of the Central Axis dates back to about 221 BC. Over the \_\_\_\_54\_\_\_\_ (century), it has been improved during different dynasties \_\_\_\_55\_\_\_\_ (great). For example, during the Ming and Qing dynasties, more buildings \_\_\_\_56\_\_\_\_ (add) along the axis, which made it more complete and beautiful.

It is of great importance for us to protect the Beijing Central Axis. The Chinese government \_\_\_\_57\_\_\_\_ (carry) out many projects to keep these historical sites so far. Local people also take part in the protection activities, such as \_\_\_\_58\_\_\_\_ (be) a volunteer to clean up the areas around these heritage sites.

It serves as \_\_\_\_59\_\_\_\_ bridge, helping people from different cultures understand China’s rich history and traditional values. Without doubt, more and more tourists will come \_\_\_\_60\_\_\_\_ (visit) the Beijing Central Axis.

【答案】51. to 52. including

53. but 54. centuries

55. greatly

56. were added

57. has carried

58. being 59. a

60. to visit

【解析】

【导语】本文主要介绍了北京中轴线的相关信息。

【51题详解】

句意：这一消息引起了全世界对这些古老建筑群的关注。bring attention to“注意到”，故填to。

【52题详解】

句意：它有15个关键的遗产部分，包括著名的地标如故宫、天安门广场和鼓楼。句中有谓语动词，此处表示“包括”用介词including。故填including。

【53题详解】

句意：这些建筑不仅展示了古代中国人民的卓越技艺，还承载了国家悠久的城市建设文化和哲学。此处是结构not only...but (also)“不但……而且”。故填but。

【54题详解】

句意：几个世纪以来，它在不同朝代得到了极大的改善。根据“during different dynasties”可知是几个世纪，名词用复数centuries“世纪”。故填centuries。

【55题详解】

句意：几个世纪以来，它在不同朝代得到了极大的改善。此处修饰动词improved用副词greatly“极大地”。故填greatly。

【56题详解】

句意：例如，在明清两代，沿着中轴线增加了更多的建筑，使其更加完整和美丽。主语more buildings和动词add之间是被动关系，根据“during the Ming and Qing dynasties”可知此处用一般过去时的被动语态，be动词用were。故填were added。

【57题详解】

句意：中国政府已经开展了许多项目来保护这些历史遗址。根据“so far”可知句子用现在完成时，主语是The Chinese government，助动词用has，carry的过去分词是carried。故填has carried。

【58题详解】

句意：当地居民也参与了保护活动，例如作为志愿者清理这些遗产地周围的区域。介词as后加动名词。故填being。

【59题详解】

句意：它充当一座桥梁，帮助来自不同文化背景的人们了解中国丰富的历史和传统价值观。此处泛指“一座桥梁”，bridge以辅音音素开头，用不定冠词a。故填a。

【60题详解】

句意：毫无疑问，越来越多的游客将前来参观北京中轴线。come to do sth.“来做某事”。故填to visit。

**第二节：信息提取（共5小题，每小题2分，共10分）**

阅读下面短文，根据短文内容，在下面的表格中填入与文章意思最符合的单词，每空填一词。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| I’m Patrick McCarthy, but you can call me Pat. This is the space where I can help you with your daily life problems, one-on-one. Go ahead and ask away! | 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材以及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ a69kRV2MocjNAx1ODbqMbQ== |

学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材以及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ a69kRV2MocjNAx1ODbqMbQ==Dear Pat,

I often feel nervous when teachers call on students to answer questions. What’s worse, when they call on me, my mind goes completely empty. I feel so afraid and shy. What should I do?

*Jason*

学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材以及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ a69kRV2MocjNAx1ODbqMbQ==Hi Jason,

I completely understand you. I also fight with nervousness when speaking in front of others. Public speaking makes almost everyone nervous, but the good news is that you can get used to it.

First, try to stay calm. Even if you are called on, take a deep breath and give yourself a moment to think. What helps me the most is focusing on the first thing I want to say and letting my thoughts start from there.

Second, prepare yourself. Pay attention in class and review important points before classes. It may also help to write down a few key ideas. I don’t like forgetting things I want to say, so it’s OK to have a list of important points in front of me.

Finally, don’t be afraid to make mistakes. Teachers understand that students get nervous, and classmates are usually thinking about themselves.

See speaking in front of others as a chance, for you can share your ideas and get improved. Be patient with yourself, and you’ll get better over time.

*Pat*

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Jason’s question | I will get \_\_\_\_61\_\_\_\_ when I am asked to answer questions. | | |
| Pat’s answer | To show his \_\_\_\_62\_\_\_\_ | ◆I also fight with nervousness.  ◆Public speaking makes almost everyone nervous.  ◆You can get used to it. | |
| To give suggestions | Try to stay calm. | ◆Breathe \_\_\_\_63\_\_\_\_.  ◆Give yourself a moment to think. |
| Get \_\_\_\_64\_\_\_\_. | ◆Pay attention in class.  ◆Review important points.  ◆Write down a few key ideas. |
| Don’t be afraid. | ◆Teachers understand it.  ◆Classmates are thinking about themselves. |
| To give encouragement | ◆It’s a good \_\_\_\_65\_\_\_\_ to speak in class.  ◆Be patient with yourself. | |

【答案】61. nervous

62 understanding

63. deeply 64. prepared

65. chance

【解析】

【导语】本文是Jason向Pat求助，因为他在回答问题时感到紧张和害怕，Pat通过分享自己的经历，表达了对Jason的理解，并给出了具体的建议。

【61题详解】

根据“I often feel nervous when teachers call on students to answer questions.”可知当他被要求回答问题时，他感到紧张。故填nervous。

【62题详解】

根据“I completely understand you”可知他表达了自己对Jason的理解，形容词性物主代词his后加名词understanding“理解”。故填understanding。

【63题详解】

根据“Even if you are called on, take a deep breath and give yourself a moment to think.”可知要深呼吸，修饰动词用副词deeply。故填deeply。

【64题详解】

根据“Second, prepare yourself.”可知要准备好，即get prepared。故填prepared。

【65题详解】

根据“See speaking in front of others as a chance”可知把在别人面前讲话看作是一种机会。故填chance。

**第三节：书面表达（共25分）**

66. “细微处见光芒”。生活中总有一些事对你产生了影响，促使你成长。你校微信公众号以“That Made a Difference to Me”为题征稿，请联系自己亲身经历的一件事写一篇英语短文，向公众号编辑部投稿。

写作要点：

1.简要描述事情经过；

2.事情对你的影响。

写作要求：

1.短文须包含以上要点，不得出现真实姓名和校名；

2.语言流畅，层次清晰，书写规范，卷面整洁；

3.词数80词左右，文章标题已给出，不计入总词数。

That Made a Difference to Me

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

【答案】例文

That Made a Difference to Me

Last year, I had a really hard time learning English. I couldn’t remember new words and often felt very upset. One day, my English teacher, Mr. Li, noticed my problem. He came up to me and said, “Don’t worry. Learning a language takes time. Why don’t you try making flashcards to help you remember the words?” I followed his advice and started making flashcards. To my surprise, it really worked! I began to remember more words and my grades improved.

This experience taught me that asking for help is not a weakness. It also showed me that sometimes, a small change can make a big difference. Now, I am not afraid to ask for help when I need it, and I have become more confident in my studies.

【解析】

【详解】[总体分析]

①题材：本文是一篇材料作文；

②时态：时态为一般过去时；

③提示：根据提示内容介绍自己经历的一件让你成长的事情，适当增加细节，突出写作重点。

[写作步骤]

第一步，简要描述事情经过；

第二步，介绍事情对你的影响。

[亮点词汇]

①to my surprise令我惊讶的是

②ask for help求助

③make a big difference有大影响

[高分句型]

①This experience taught me that asking for help is not a weakness. (that引导的宾语从句)

②Now, I am not afraid to ask for help when I need it, and I have become more confident in my studies. (when引导的时间状语从句，and连接的并列句)