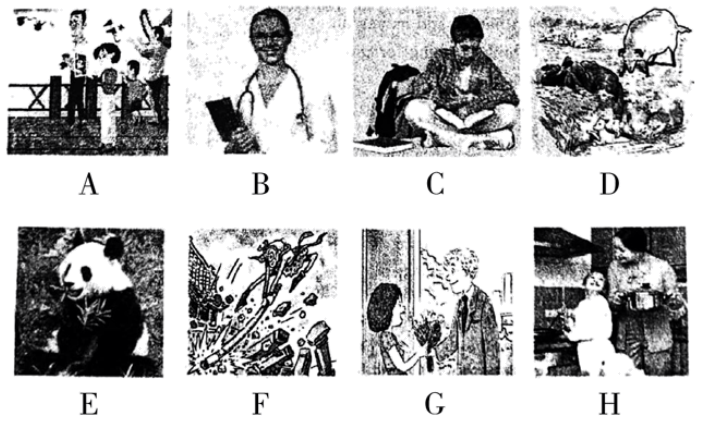
**2025年山东省枣庄市初中学业水平考试·英语**

**全卷总分：120分 考试时间：120分钟**

**一、听力选择（1~15小题，每小题1分，共15分）**

**（一）根据你听到的内容，选出相应的图片，完成1~5小题。**



1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**（二）根据你听到的内容，判断下列句子是否符合你听到的对话内容，符合的用“T”表示，不符合的用“F”表示。**

6. Robert has an unusual hobby.

7. Robert’s hobby started when he saw a man using a burning rope to perform on the beach.

8. Robert learned to use fire to perform at the beginning.

9. Robert moved his burning rope without hurting himself.

10. Robert got some money from his hobby.

**（三）你会听到五个人谈论关于他们喜欢的食物和饮料。从A到E 的餐馆名中，为每个说话 者选择适合每个人的餐馆的字母。每个字母只用一遍。**

11. Speaker 1 A. Noodle Restaurant

12. Speaker 2 B. Beijing Taste Restaurant

13. Speaker 3 C. Hot Taste and Rice Restaurant

14. Speaker 4 D. Hamburger Restaurant

15. Speaker 5 E. Vegetable Restaurant

**二、完形填空（16~25小题，每小题1分，共10分）**

阅读下面短文，从各题所给的四个选项(ABCD)中，选出最佳选项。

At the age of 13, I received a letter from my parents. The letter \_\_\_\_1\_\_\_\_ my school life.

It was the end of the first term at my new school. I got a very \_\_\_\_2\_\_\_\_ score in the final exam. It was the worst score that I had ever had. And it felt like everyone in the class laughed \_\_\_\_3\_\_\_\_ me. I felt so \_\_\_\_4\_\_\_\_ that I lost my hope.

One day, \_\_\_\_5\_\_\_\_ I arrived home, my parents noticed my problem and asked me what had happened. I told them the truth. Instead of being angry with me, they said nothing. The next morning, when I \_\_\_\_6\_\_\_\_, I found there was a letter on my desk. It was from my parents. In the letter, they told me, “Everyone in the world wants to win, \_\_\_\_7\_\_\_\_ none of them can always win, so it’s important for you to learn from failure and don’t lose your hope. We believe you can succeed one day.” Suddenly, I felt warm in my heart. The \_\_\_\_8\_\_\_\_ cheered me up. After I thought about my failure \_\_\_\_9\_\_\_\_, I found out the reasons and made a plan. By doing so, I learned a lot and became more and more confident.

From my experience, I learned that to be confident is the best way to solve difficulties.

Believe in \_\_\_\_10\_\_\_\_, and I will win. I’ll remember this forever.

1. A. took B. broke C. changed D. stopped

2. A. good B. bad C. easy D. small

3. A. in B. on C. to D. at

4. A. sad B. lucky C. happy D. bored

5. A. if B. before C. when D. since

6. A. put up B. got up C. looked up D. stood up

7. A. but B. or C. so D. though

8. A. grade B. gift C. letter D. book

9. A. quickly B. finally C. slowly D. carefully

10. A. myself B. yourself C. ourselves D. themselves

【答案】1. C 2. B 3. D 4. A 5. C 6. B 7. A 8. C 9. D 10. A

【解析】

【导语】本文讲述了作者13岁时在新学校第一学期期末考试中取得了非常糟糕的成绩，感到非常沮丧。父母通过一封信鼓励作者从失败中学习，不要失去希望。这封信让作者重拾信心，通过反思失败原因并制定计划，最终变得更加自信。

【1题详解】

句意：这封信改变了我的学校生活。

took拿走；broke打破；changed改变；stopped停止。根据下文的介绍以及“The…cheered me up”可知，这封信改变了作者的生活，故选C。

【2题详解】

句意：我在期末考试中取得了非常糟糕的成绩。

good好的；bad糟糕的；easy容易的；small小的。根据“It was the worst score”可知，取得了糟糕的成绩，故选B。

【3题详解】

句意：那种感觉就像是班里的每一个人都在嘲笑我。

in……里；on在……上；to向；at对。laugh at“嘲笑”，固定搭配，故选D。

【4题详解】

句意：我感到如此悲伤以至于失去了希望。

sad悲伤的；lucky幸运的；happy开心的；bored无聊的。根据“I lost my hope”可知，糟糕的成绩让作者感到悲伤，以至于失去了希望，故选A。

【5题详解】

句意：有一天，当我回到家时，我的父母察觉到了我的问题，并问我发生了什么事。

if如果；before在……之前；when当……时；since自从。根据“I arrived home, my parents noticed my problem and asked me what had happened. ”可知，当作者到家时，父母察觉了问题，故选C。

【6题详解】

句意：第二天早上，当我起床时，发现桌上有封信。

put up张贴；got up起床；looked up查阅；stood up站起来。根据“The next morning”可知，此处指早上起床时，故选B。

【7题详解】

句意：世界上每个人都想赢，但没有人能总是赢。

but但是；or或者；so所以；though虽然。“Everyone in the world wants to win”与“none of them can always win”是转折关系，故选A。

【8题详解】

句意：这封信让我振作起来。

grade成绩；gift礼物；letter信；book书。根据“I found there was a letter on my desk.”可知，信里的内容让作者振作起来，故选C。

【9题详解】

句意：在仔细思考了自己的失败之后，我找到了原因并制定了计划。

quickly快速地；finally最终；slowly缓慢地；carefully仔细地。根据“thought about my failure”可知，仔细了失败的原因，故选D。

【10题详解】

句意：相信自己，我就会赢。

myself我自己；yourself你自己；ourselves我们自己；themselves他们自己。根据“I will win”可知，此处是对自己的鼓励，主语是I，反身代词用myself，故选A。

**三、阅读理解（26~40小题，每小题2分，共30分）**

**阅读下面两篇短文，从各题所给的四个选项(AB C D)中，选出最佳选项。**

From an early age, I began to like Chinese culture a lot. When there was a chance to study in Beijing as an exchange student, I took it at once. In my first 24 hours in Beijing, I felt very nervous. I didn’t see one foreigner. But on my first day of school, I was greeted by many foreign faces. The students came from all over the world. I would be in a class with Chelsea from Norway and Charlie from my motherland — the UK.

None of us had studied Chinese before, but our language skills improved quickly. By the end of the first month, we could all make simple sentences. Some of these sentences, though, were quite funny. We often sent our language teacher Sophie into wild laughter. We had a happy time together.

The first month was very tiring. There were so many new things to learn. Thankfully, our school organized many events for students. We talked a lot about cultural differences and our future plans. It was a great chance for us to practice speaking Chinese.

In October, my Chinese friend Zhen Hua showed me around the city. He took me to some of his favorite restaurants. Chinese table manners were very different from those in the West. Eating Chinese food was like an adventure, and it became my favorite part about living in Beijing.

My six-month stay in China made me excited. I want to visit China again to look for more adventures.

11. According to the passage, why did the writer go to Beijing?

A. To see more foreigners in Beijing.

B. To visit a good Chinese friend in Beijing.

C. To eat delicious Chinese food in Beijing.

D. To study in Beijing as an exchange student.

12. Which country is the writer from?

A. America. B. England. C. China. D. Norway.

13. Which of the following shows the change of the writer’s feelings during her stay in China?

A. happy→nervous→bored→excited B. tired→excited→nervous→happy

C nervous→happy→tired→excited D. happy→bored→excited→nervous

【答案】11. D 12. B 13. C

【解析】

【导语】本文讲述了作者作为交换生在北京的学习和生活经历。

【11题详解】

细节理解题。根据“When there was a chance to study in Beijing as an exchange student, I took it at once.”可知，作者是作为交换生去北京学习的。故选D。

【12题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Charlie from my motherland — the UK.”可知，作者的祖国是英国，故选B。

【13题详解】

细节理解题。根据“In my first 24 hours in Beijing, I felt very nervous.”可知，起初是紧张的→根据 “We had a happy time together.”可知，后来是快乐的→ 根据“The first month was very tiring.”可知，第一个月感到疲惫→根据“My six-month stay in China made me excited.”可知，最终是兴奋的，故选C。

What’s the hottest social activity this spring? For many young people in China, it’s going foraging with friends.

Going foraging is like a treasure hunt. It is a simple activity with a lot of fun! It does not need expensive tools. With just a pair of scissors, a basket and some bags, you can have fun in nature. You look around in places like forest and lakes to find different kinds of plants that you can eat.

Going foraging is a new way for young people to connect with nature. They can spend many relaxing hours walking around in the wild. “Being in nature takes my stress away and I feel full of energy again,” said Lin Shan, a student from Beijing. To avoid eating “dangerous” plants, they have to do some research on different kinds of plants before foraging. This way, they know more about plants.

Young people also get connected with others by foraging. On the online lifestyle sharing platform, the topic “digging wild vegetables” has over 200 million views. Over 890,000 users share their own “wild vegetable maps” with others. Young people from Beijing, Shanghai and Hangzhou even team up for group adventures.

What’s more, working hard to get plants makes them feel happy and sweet. They can also have fresh and healthy food for dinner at home!

“Going foraging for wild vegetables may be dangerous,” said Shi Jun, a plant biology expert in China. “But for many, the real value of this activity is the joy it brings and the deep connection with nature.”

14. What does the underlined part “going foraging” in paragraph 1 mean?

A. Searching for wild vegetables and digging them.

B. Looking for lakes and forest and protecting them.

C. Hunting for treasures in the wild and keeping them.

D. Enjoying yourself in nature and having a rest.

15. What does the writer think of going foraging?

A. He/ She doesn’t care about it. B. He/ She thinks it dangerous.

C. He/ She likes it. D. He/ She hates it.

16. What’s the best title for this passage?

A. The Advantages of Going Foraging B. Different Ways of Going Foraging

C. Rules to Follow while Going Foraging D. Eat Healthily by Going Foraging

【答案】14. A 15. C 16. A

【解析】

【导语】本文介绍了今年春天在中国年轻人中流行的“采野菜”社交活动。

【14题详解】

词义猜测题。根据“You look around in places like forest and lakes to find different kinds of plants that you can eat.”可知，“going foraging”指寻找可食用野生植物。故选A。

【15题详解】

观点态度题。根据“Going foraging is a new way for young people to connect with nature.”及“Young people also get connected with others by foraging. ”“What’s more, working hard to get plants makes them feel happy and sweet.”可判断，作者对这个活动体现积极态度，由此可知他/她喜欢这项活动，故选C。

【16题详解】

最佳标题题。根据“What’s the hottest social activity this spring? For many young people in China, it’s going foraging with friends.”以及三到五段的首句可知，主要介绍采野菜这项活动的好处，故选A。

阅读下面短文，然后判断短文后面各小题，正确的答案涂“T”，错误的答案涂“F”.

This term, students and teachers in some junior high schools have seen some changes. These changes happened because AI tools stepped into classes.

By using AI to make personalized (个性化的) exercises and exams, teachers are able to help each student in different ways.

When students finish a unit, teachers can pick up different questions online offered by AI. It helps create a set of exercises for the unit. Doing this can make students learn knowledge better. “We don’t need to carry all the heavy exercise books anymore,” said 14-year-old Sophia.

After students complete the exercise questions, teachers use the AI tool to check their answers. It will provide data and graphics (图表) to help teachers understand both the performance of the whole class and each student’s progress. “Our teacher no longer explains all the questions one by one. Instead, she looks at the common mistakes and provides one-on-one help for every one of us,” said 15-year-old Emily.

Also, depending on their performance in past exams, students can get personalized exercises or homework made by AI. So students can spend less time on what they have already known and have more time to study what they don’t know.

“I used to have a notebook where I wrote down my mistakes so that I could study them,” said 16-year-old Jennifer. “But now, AI does it for me.”

17. AI tools are mainly used to make one-on-one exams for students.

18. With the help of AI tools, students don’t need any exercise books.

19. Students can make better use of their time by using AI tools.

20. Sophia, Emily and Jennifer all think AI is good for their studies.

【答案】17. F 18. F 19. T 20. T

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文，主要讲述了AI工具进入初中课堂后带来的变化，包括个性化练习和考试、减轻学生负担、提高学习效率等。

【17题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第二段“By using AI to make personalized exercises and exams…”可知，AI工具用于制作个性化练习和考试，而非“一对一考试”。原文未提及“one-on-one exams”这一概念。故填F。

【18题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第三段“We don’t need to carry all the heavy exercise books anymore…”可知，学生不再需要携带大量练习册，但并未说明完全不需要任何练习册。故填F。

【19题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第五段“So students can spend less time on what they have already known…”可知，AI工具帮助学生减少重复学习已掌握知识的时间，从而更高效地学习。故填T。

【20题详解】

细节理解题。根据“We don’t need to carry all the heavy exercise books anymore”可知，Sophia提到不再需要携带沉重的练习册；根据“Our teacher no longer explains all the questions one by one. Instead…”可知，Emily提到老师能针对性讲解错误；根据“…But now, AI does it for me.”可知，Jennifer提到AI替代了手动整理错题。三人均从不同角度肯定了AI的作用，认为AI对她们的学习有好处。故填T。

**七选五**

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出能填入各小题横线上的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Nowadays, more and more families choose road trips for their vacation. For one thing, a road trip allows you to see many places in one trip. For another, you can design your own trip according to what your family want to do and see. A great road trip can bring a great joy. \_\_\_\_21\_\_\_\_

First, you and your family have to work out the time. \_\_\_\_22\_\_\_\_ A shared free time will help you make sure everyone enjoys the trip. Once you’ve made sure, add the trip date to your calendars.

\_\_\_\_23\_\_\_\_ You can choose a place where your family members have always wanted to visit. Just be sure to choose a location (地点) that gives you time to get there and back, and enjoy your visit. You should also leave enough time to make stops, enjoy meals and explore the places.

Then, you can map out your trip. You can use online maps. \_\_\_\_24\_\_\_\_ They can also offer you some advice on nearby sights, popular local restaurants as well as shopping malls. Make sure there’s extra time to stop at places you see from the car.

Last, have your car filled with water, snacks and first aid things. \_\_\_\_25\_\_\_\_ For example, you can take some activity books or board games. With an iPad, you can enjoy a good movie with your family during the trip.

With all the things above done, now you can hit the road and enjoy your wonderful journey!

A. Next, you need to decide where to go.

B. You can follow the maps without thinking.

C. Discuss when you can take a trip and for how long.

D. However, a successful one takes some careful planning.

E. Besides, the more places you choose, the better your road trip can be.

F. Let them know the places you want to visit and they’ll plan lines for your trip.

G. Also think about what to have with you to kill time and have fun on the way.

【答案】21. D 22. C 23. A 24. F 25. G

【解析】

【导语】本文详细介绍了如何规划一次成功的自驾游。

【21题详解】

根据“A great road trip can bring a great joy.”可知，此处需要转折说明成功自驾游需要准备，D选项“然而，一次成功的自驾游需要周密的计划”符合，故选D。

【22题详解】

根据“First, you and your family have to work out the time.”可知，此处需要具体说明如何安排时间，C选项“讨论什么时候可以出行以及出行多长时间”符合，故选C。

【23题详解】

根据“You can choose a place where your family members have always wanted to visit.”可知，此处需要引出目的地选择的话题，A选项“接下来，你需要决定去哪里”符合，故选A。

【24题详解】

根据“You can use online maps.”可知，此处需要说明如何使用在线地图，F选项“让它们知道你想去的地方，它们会为你规划路线”符合，故选F。

【25题详解】

根据“have your car filled with water, snacks and first aid things.”可知，此处需要补充其他需要准备的物品，G选项“同时考虑带些什么来打发时间并在路上娱乐”符合，故选G。

**四、听力填空（41~45小题，每小题2分，共10分）**

听下面一段短文，请根据所听内容完成下面的填空。每空填一词。把答案写在答题卡41~45小题的横线上。

41. …it also helps people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their worries.

42. …They need to be half a size \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than your usual size.…

43. …it’s best to have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. A climber with experience...

44. …Rock climbing is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for people of different ages.…

45. …This will let future climbers enjoy a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ environment.

**五、单词填空（46~55小题，每小题1分，共10分）**

用方框中词的适当形式填空，把答案写在答题卡各小题的横线上。

|  |
| --- |
| a learn interest tradition be start ours after practice do |

Zhang Hanliang is a martial arts (武术) teacher who comes from Tianshui Normal University in Gansu, China. She and her team have been making some \_\_\_\_26\_\_\_\_ Chinese martial arts videos these years and these videos \_\_\_\_27\_\_\_\_ popular online.

“Many Internet users at home and abroad enjoy \_\_\_\_28\_\_\_\_ online videos. I hope more people will be \_\_\_\_29\_\_\_\_ in Chinese martial arts.” said Zhang.

Zhang \_\_\_\_30\_\_\_\_ martial arts for over 20 years. Her love for martial arts comes from her family. Not only is her father a great kung fu teacher, but also her grandfather \_\_\_\_31\_\_\_\_ well in kung fu.

“I \_\_\_\_32\_\_\_\_ to practice martial arts at the age of seven. All the children in my family can learn martial arts at home from a young age,” said Zhang. \_\_\_\_33\_\_\_\_ a few years of practice, she went to a sports school in Gansu \_\_\_\_34\_\_\_\_ more about martial arts.

Now she is \_\_\_\_35\_\_\_\_ great martial arts master in China. And she often goes to other countries to teach martial arts. “Martial arts can be a bridge for cultural exchanges between China and other countries. I hope more and more people from abroad can know and love martial arts.” said Zhang.

【答案】26. traditional

27. are 28. our

29. interested

30 has practiced

31 does 32. started

33. After 34. to learn

35. a

【解析】

【导语】本文介绍了来自甘肃天水师范学院的武术教师张含亮及其团队制作传统武术视频的故事。

【26题详解】

句意：她和团队这些年一直在制作一些传统中国武术视频，这些视频在网上很受欢迎。此空修饰名词短语“Chinese martial arts videos”，备选词tradition的形容词traditional“传统的”符合，故填traditional。

【27题详解】

句意：她和团队这些年一直在制作一些传统中国武术视频，这些视频在网上很受欢迎。and后面是一个主系表的结构，空处缺少be动词，介绍的是现在很受欢迎，用一般现在时，主语是复数形式，be动词用are，故填are。

【28题详解】

句意：国内外众多网民都喜爱我们的网络视频。此空修饰名词短语online videos，备选词ours的形容词性物主代词our“我们的”符合，故填our。

【29题详解】

句意：我希望更多人会对中国武术感兴趣。根据“be… in Chinese martial arts”及备选词可知，此处用be interested in表示“对……感兴趣”，故填interested。

【30题详解】

句意：张含亮练习武术已超过20年。根据“martial arts for over 20 years”及备选词可知，介绍的是练了多久的武术，practice“练习”，for+一段时间要与现在完成时连用，主语是第三人称单数形式，助动词用has，故填has practiced。

【31题详解】

句意：她的父亲不仅是一位出色的功夫老师，而且她的祖父在功夫方面也很有造诣。do well in“擅长”，根据is可知，此句是一般现在时，主语是单数形式，动词用三单，故填does。

【32题详解】

句意：我七岁开始练习武术。根据“practice martial arts at the age of seven”可知，七岁时开始练习武术，start to do sth“开始做某事”，根据“at the age of seven”可知，此句是一般过去时，动词用过去式，故填started。

【33题详解】

句意：经过几年的练习之后，她前往甘肃的一所体育学校，去更深入地学习武术。根据“a few years of practice, she went to a sports school”可知，练习了几年之后去一所学校进行深入学习，after“在……之后”，故填After。

【34题详解】

句意：经过几年的练习之后，她前往甘肃的一所体育学校，去更深入地学习武术。根据“went to a sports school in Gansu … more about martial arts.”可知，去学校是为了更深入地学习，learn“学习”，动词不定式表目的，故填to learn。

【35题详解】

句意：现在她是中国一位伟大的武术大师。此处表示泛指，且great是以辅音音素开头的，冠词用a，故填a。

**六、整理笔记（56~60小题，每小题2分，共10分）**

阅读下面短文，根据短文内容和任务描述，在答题卡的每个题目下面填写相应内容。

Last December 22, my parents and I arrived in Iceland for a holiday. This country only gets about five hours of sunshine every day in December. The sun doesn’t rise until about an hour before noon and sets at around 4 p.m.. The next morning, when we left for our glacier (冰川) hike at 8 a. m., it was very dark. It felt like we were travelling at night.

Before the hike, our guide asked us to put on hats that can protect our heads and special shoes. This way, we wouldn’t fall or get hurt easily while walking on the ice. Our guide led us on our climb up the glacier and on our visit to a huge ice cave. The cave was so cool!

Around 1 a. m. on December 25, we were all in a deep sleep when the hotel front desk woke us up with an alarm call. We put on our warm clothing, ran downstairs and saw the northern lights! The green, purple, red and yellow lights made up many amazing patterns. It was like these lights were dancing in the sky. After more than half an hour, the lights stopped. We went back to bed, but I was still excited!

During the next few days, we visited many other places in Iceland. After finishing our week-long trip, we came back home. This tour was so wonderful!

36. The country where the writer’s family went for a holiday（1个词）:

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

37. The number of hours when the country gets sunshine every day in December（不超过3个词）：

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

38. The things that the writer’s family put on before the hike（两条且每条不超过6个词）：

①\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

②\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

39. The things that the writer’s family saw on December 25（不超过3个词）:

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

40. List two ways to protect yourself while hiking（两条且不能选自本文，每条不超过8个词）：

①\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

②\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

【答案】36. Iceland

37. About five hours

38. ①. hats that can protect their heads ②. special shoes

39. The northern lights

40. ①. Bring enough water and food. ②. Tell someone your hiking plan.

【解析】

【导语】本文讲述了作者一家去年12月22日去冰岛度假的经历。

【36题详解】

根据“Last December 22, my parents and I arrived in Iceland for a holiday.”可知，去年12月22日，作者和家人去了冰岛，故填Iceland。

【37题详解】

根据“This country only gets about five hours of sunshine every day in December.”可知，在十二月，这个国家每天的日照时间仅有约五个小时，故填About five hours。

【38题详解】

根据“Before the hike, our guide asked us to put on hats that can protect our heads and special shoes.”可知，要戴上保护头的帽子和穿上特殊的鞋，故填hats that can protect their heads；special shoes。

【39题详解】

根据“We put on our warm clothing, ran downstairs and saw the northern lights!”可知，看到了北极光，故填The northern lights。

【40题详解】

开放性题，答案合理即可。参考答案为Bring enough water and food.；Tell someone your hiking plan.

**七、短语填空（61~65小题，每小题2分，共10分）**

用方框中短语的适当形式填空。

|  |
| --- |
| ask for give up deal with because of each other |

Hi, Teng Fei!

How time flies! Up to now, we have known \_\_\_\_41\_\_\_\_ for three years. Although I don’t express my thanks to you, I have kept them in my heart for a long time.

I have changed a lot in the past three years \_\_\_\_42\_\_\_\_ your help. At first, I wasn’t good at long-distance running. I didn’t know how to \_\_\_\_43\_\_\_\_ this problem. I was so worried that I wanted to \_\_\_\_44\_\_\_\_. However, you offered to help me. From then on, I ran round and round with you on the playground every afternoon. After running day by day, I improved quickly on long-distance running. Whenever I had math problems, I \_\_\_\_45\_\_\_\_ help. You helped me solve them and I got better grades in math.

I would not have made such great progress without your help. Many thanks to you.

Yours,

Fu Xing

【答案】41. each other

42. because of

43. deal with

44. give up

45. asked for

【解析】

【导语】本文是一封感谢信，主要讲述了作者在腾飞的帮助下取得的进步和成长。

【41题详解】

句意：到目前为止，我们已经互相认识三年了。动词known后缺少宾语，结合备选词，此处指“互相”认识三年了。each other“互相，彼此”。故填each other。

【42题详解】

句意：在过去的三年里，由于你的帮助，我改变了很多。根据“I have changed a lot...your help”及备选词可知，空后表示改变的原因，需要用短语“because of”连接。故填because of。

【43题详解】

句意：我不知道如何处理这个问题。根据“...problem”及备选词可知，此处指处理问题，deal with“处理”，动词短语。“疑问词how+动词不定式”作动词know的宾语，故deal用其原形。故填deal with。

【44题详解】

句意：我太担心了，以至于想放弃。根据“I was so worried that I wanted to…”及备选词可知，因为太担心，所以想要放弃。give up“放弃”，动词短语。want to do sth.“想要做某事”，give用其原形。故填give up。

【45题详解】

句意：每当我遇到数学问题时，我都会寻求帮助。根据“ You helped me solve them”可知，此处是指寻求帮助，固定搭配ask for help“寻求帮助”。根据“had”可知，时态是一般过去时，ask用其过去式。故填asked for。

**八、大意总结（共10分）**

46. 阅读下面短文，根据问题提示，尽可能用自己的话写出大意总结。词数不少于60，不多于80。把答案写在答题卡上相应位置。

Guilin has long been known for its amazing natural beauty, but its stone carving relics (石刻遗迹) are also a must-see.

Guilin stone carving began in the Eastern Jin Dynasty, developed quickly in the Tang Dynasty, reached its peak in the Song Dynasty and shone in the Ming and Qing dynasties. There are more than 2,000 stone carvings in Guilin, including about 1,500 cliff carvings (摩崖石刻) and nearly 600 cliff statues (摩崖造像). These stone statues are placed in more than 30 famous mountain caves in Guilin. Among the beautiful mountains and rivers, the forest of stone carving relics makes Guilin seem like a huge museum.

Ancient stone carvings are valuable treasures because they show the rich history and artistic achievements of our culture. There are many different things carved on the stones, such as old stories, important events from the past, famous people, and beautiful natural scenes. Tourists can use their own experience and knowledge to understand them, communicate with the ancient people and feel the beauty of our culture.

John Smith, a tourist from the USA, said, “After I travelled to many different cities around China, what touches me most is Guilin stone carving. The beautiful scenery and colorful Chinese culture it shows are amazing. I want more people to know about Guilin stone carving and enjoy its beauty.”

1. When did Guilin stone carving begin?

2. What kinds of stone carvings are there in Guilin?

3. Why are ancient stone carvings valuable treasures?

4. What can you see on the ancient Guilin stone carvings?

5. What does John Smith think of Guilin stone carving?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

【答案】例文

Guilin is famous for its natural beauty and stone carvings, which began in the Eastern Jin Dynasty and peaked in the Song Dynasty. It has over 2,000 carvings, including cliff carvings and statues. These relics reflect history, art, and culture, featuring stories, events, and nature. A tourist, John Smith, praised their beauty and cultural significance. Guilin’s stone carvings are like an open-air museum, offering a deep connection to ancient China.

【解析】

【详解】[总体分析]

①题材：本文是一篇小作文；

②时态：时态为“一般过去时和一般现在时”；

③提示：要求根据短文内容介绍桂林石刻的起源、种类、文化意义等内容，注意逻辑清晰，表述完整。

[写作步骤]

第一步，介绍桂林石刻开始的时间及种类；

第二步，介绍桂林石刻的内容及意义；

第三步，介绍John Smith对桂林石刻的评价。

[亮点词汇]

①be famous for因……著名

②be like像

③significance意义

[高分句型]

Guilin is famous for its natural beauty and stone carvings, which began in the Eastern Jin Dynasty and peaked in the Song Dynasty. (which引导非限制性定语从句)

**九、书面表达（共15分）**

47. 假如你是来自和谐中学的李华，你在网上看到了英国学生Henry的交友帖，想和他交朋友，促进英语交流和学习。请完成一份交友回帖。

提示信息如下：

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 提示信息 | 参考词汇和句型 |
| 基本信息  （姓名、年龄、学校、外貌、性格） | come/ be from  tall/ short  heavy/ thin  outgoing/ quiet... |
| 兴趣和爱好 | I learn... by...  I like…because...  I prefer... that...  …times a week/ usually… |
| 交友意愿 | Would you like...? |

要求：

（1）短文须包括以上表格中的全部提示信息，词汇和句型仅供参考；

（2）文中不得出现真实的校名、人名等相关信息；

（3）开头已给出，不计入总词数。词数80~100。

Hello, Henry! My name is Li Hua.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

【答案】例文

Hello, Henry! My name is Li Hua. I’m 15 years old and come from Harmony Middle School in China. I’m tall and thin with short black hair. I’m usually quiet but friendly, and I enjoy making new friends.

I love learning English by watching movies and listening to music. I also like playing basketball because it keeps me healthy. I usually play basketball twice a week with my classmates. Besides, I prefer books that teach me about different cultures.

Would you like to be my pen pal? We can share our hobbies and help each other improve in English. I’m excited to learn more about your life in the UK!

Looking forward to your reply!

【解析】

【详解】[总体分析]

①题材：本文是一篇材料作文；

②时态：时态为“一般现在时”；

③提示：写作要点已给出，考生应注意不要遗漏，适当增加细节完整表述内容。

[写作步骤]

第一步，介绍自己的基本信息；

第二步，介绍自己的兴趣和爱好；

第三步，表达自己的交友意愿。

[亮点词汇]

①enjoy doing sth喜欢做某事

②twice a week一周两次

③would like to do sth想要做某事

④look forward to期待

[高分句型]

①I love learning English by watching movies and listening to music.（动名词作宾语）

②I also like playing basketball because it keeps me healthy（because引导原因状语从句）