

# Binary alias analysis using transformers

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# Introduction

- **Binary analysis:**

- Type of machine code review
- Assess content and structure
- No need of source code

- **Alias analysis:**

- used to determine if a storage location may be accessed in more than one way.
- Eg. Two pointers are said to be aliased if they point to the same location.

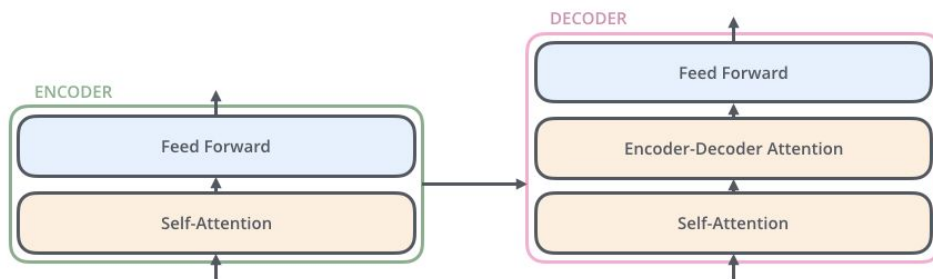
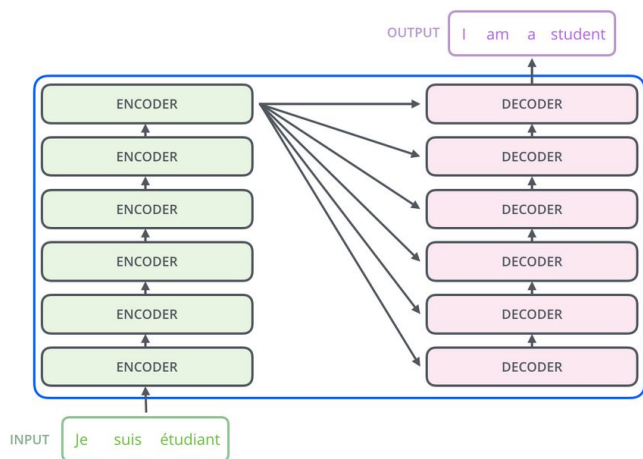
- **Postmortem analysis:**

- Done after a program crash
- **Problem:** incomplete data flow

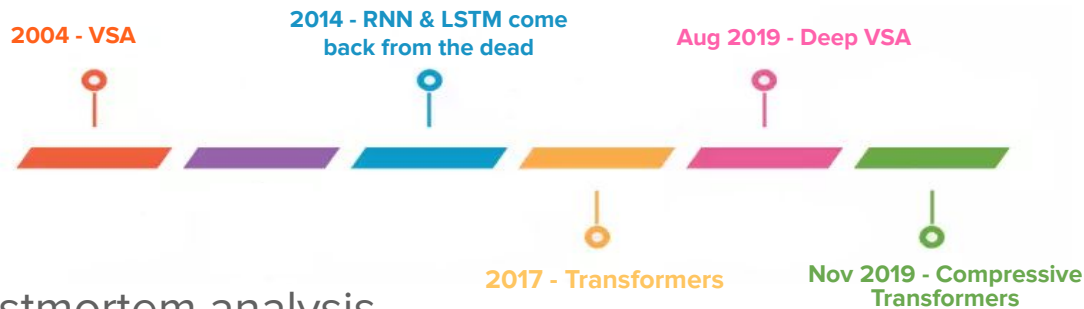
# Introduction - *cont'd*

- **Transformers:**

- Seq2seq deep learning model
- Handle long-term dependencies using self-attention layers
- Can be parallelized



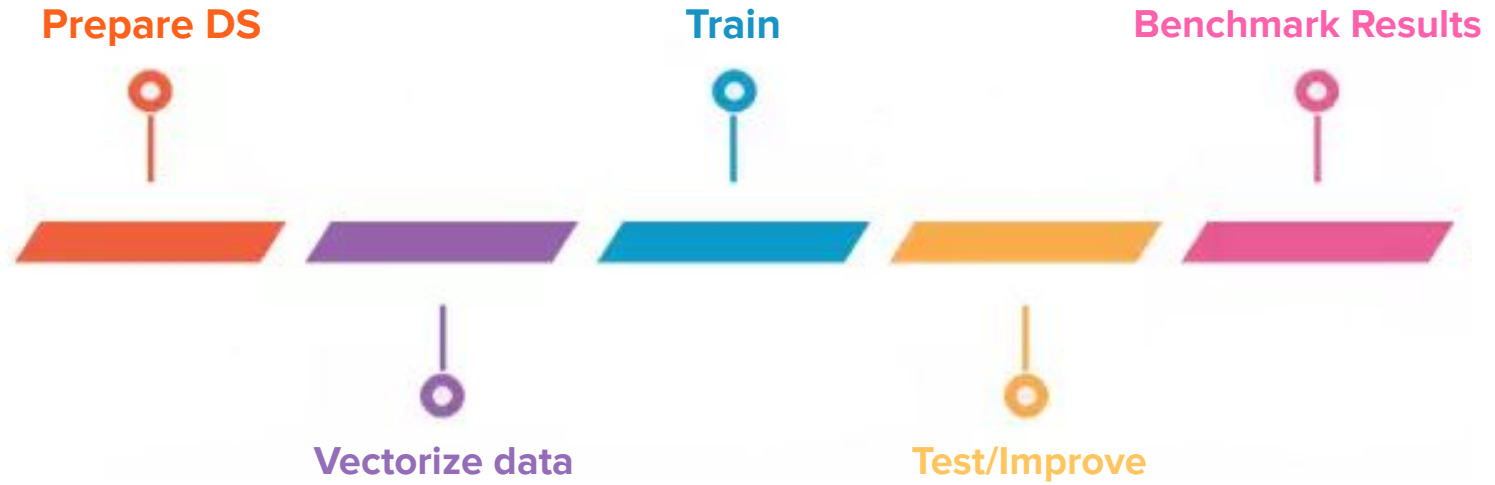
# Motivation



- VSA: not efficient for postmortem analysis
- DeepVSA introduced to fix that problem
  - Uses bidirectional LSTMs to learn which memory region corresponds to each instruction
- Compressive Transformers outperformed previous seq2seq models in many tasks

→ **Goal: improve DeepVSA using Transformers**

# Process



Questions ??

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# Bibliography

## Transformers:

- [How transformers work](#)
- [Compressive transformer vs LSTM](#)
- [Attention is all you need → first paper presenting transformers - 2017](#)
- [Comprehensive guide to Transformers](#)

## DeepVSA:

- [DEEPVSA: Facilitating Value-set Analysis with Deep Learning for Postmortem Program Analysis](#)
- [Presentation](#)
- [Github Project](#)