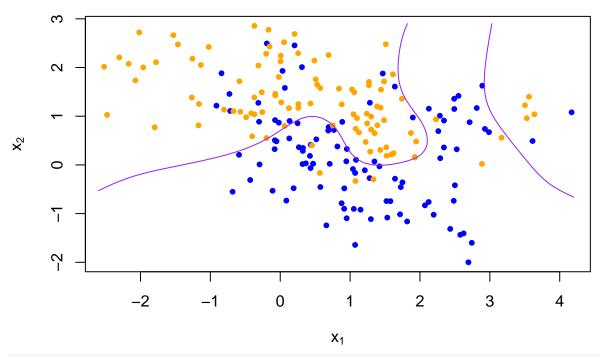
Homework 1

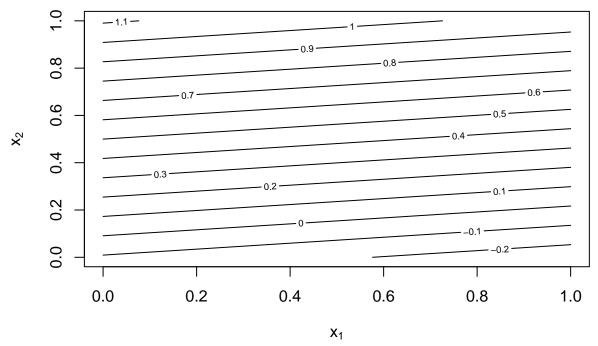
Yue Guo

January 22, 2020

Rewrite code with lm()

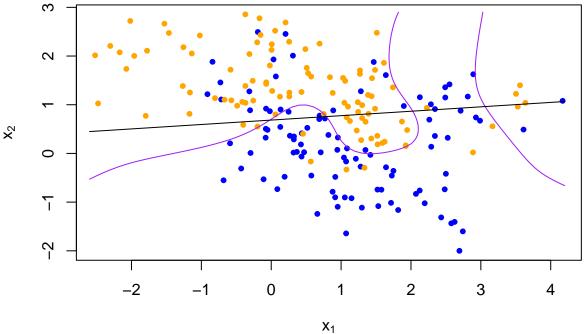
```
library('class')
library('dplyr')
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
## load binary classification example data from author website
## 'ElemStatLearn' package no longer available
load(url('https://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/ElemStatLearn/datasets/ESL.mixture.rda'))
dat <- ESL.mixture</pre>
plot_mix_data <- expression({</pre>
  plot(dat$x[,1], dat$x[,2],
       col=ifelse(dat$y==0, 'blue', 'orange'),
       pch=20,
       xlab=expression(x[1]),
       ylab=expression(x[2]))
  ## draw Bayes (True) classification boundary
  prob <- matrix(dat$prob, length(dat$px1), length(dat$px2))</pre>
  cont <- contourLines(dat$px1, dat$px2, prob, levels=0.5)</pre>
  rslt <- sapply(cont, lines, col='purple')</pre>
})
eval(plot_mix_data)
```



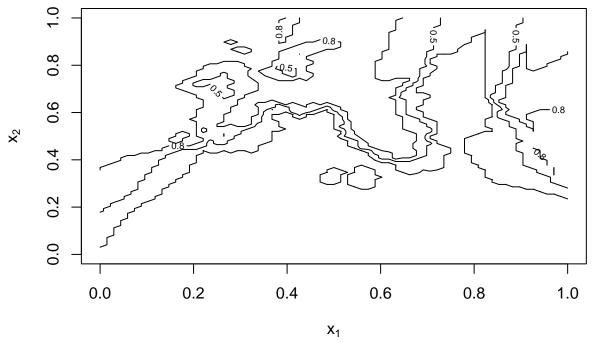


find the contours in 2D space such that lc_pred == 0.5
lc_cont <- contourLines(dat\$px1, dat\$px2, lc_pred, levels=0.5)

plot data and decision surface
eval(plot_mix_data)
sapply(lc_cont, lines)</pre>

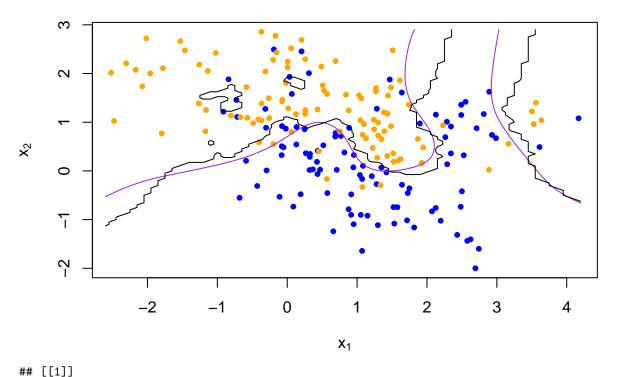


[[1]]
NULL
fit knn classifier
use 5-NN to estimate probability of class assignment



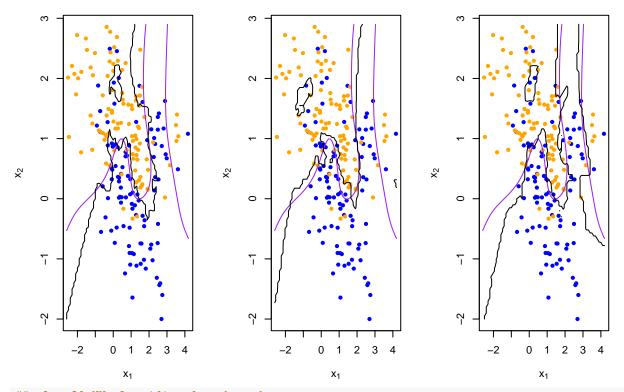
```
## find the contours in 2D space such that knn_pred == 0.5
knn_cont <- contourLines(dat$px1, dat$px2, knn_pred, levels=0.5)

## plot data and decision surface
eval(plot_mix_data)
sapply(knn_cont, lines)</pre>
```



```
## NULL
## [[2]]
## NULL
##
## [[3]]
## NULL
##
## [[4]]
## NULL
##
## [[5]]
## NULL
\hbox{\it \#\# do bootstrap to get a sense of variance in decision surface}\\
resample <- function(dat) {</pre>
  idx <- sample(1:length(dat$y), replace = T)</pre>
  dat$y <- dat$y[idx]</pre>
  dat$x <- dat$x[idx,]</pre>
  return(dat)
}
## plot linear classifier for three bootstraps
par(mfrow=c(1,3))
for(b in 1:3) {
  datb <- resample(dat)</pre>
  ## fit model to mixture data and make predictions
  lc_beta <- fit_lc(datb$y, datb$x)</pre>
  lc_pred <- predict_lc(datb$xnew, lc_beta)</pre>
  ## reshape predictions as a matrix
  lc_pred <- matrix(lc_pred, length(datb$px1), length(datb$px2))</pre>
```

```
## find the contours in 2D space such that lc_pred == 0.5
  lc_cont <- contourLines(datb$px1, datb$px2, lc_pred, levels=0.5)</pre>
  ## plot data and decision surface
  eval(plot_mix_data)
  sapply(lc_cont, lines)
}
×2
                                ×2
                                                                ×2
    0
                                    0
                                                                     0
    ī
                                    ī
                                                                     ī
    7
                                    7
                                                                    7
                                                    2 3
                                                                               0
         -2
               0
                1
                    2
                      3
                                         -2
                                               0
                                                  1
                                                                                 1
                                                                                     2 3
                                                                                 X<sub>1</sub>
                                                 x_1
## plot 5-NN classifier for three bootstraps
par(mfrow=c(1,3))
for(b in 1:3) {
  datb <- resample(dat)</pre>
  knn_fit <- knn(train=datb$x, test=datb$xnew, cl=datb$y, k=5, prob=TRUE)</pre>
  knn_pred <- attr(knn_fit, 'prob')</pre>
  knn_pred <- ifelse(knn_fit == 1, knn_pred, 1-knn_pred)</pre>
  ## reshape predictions as a matrix
  knn_pred <- matrix(knn_pred, length(datb$px1), length(datb$px2))</pre>
  ## find the contours in 2D space such that knn_pred == 0.5
  knn_cont <- contourLines(datb$px1, datb$px2, knn_pred, levels=0.5)</pre>
  ## plot data and decision surface
  eval(plot_mix_data)
  sapply(knn_cont, lines)
}
```



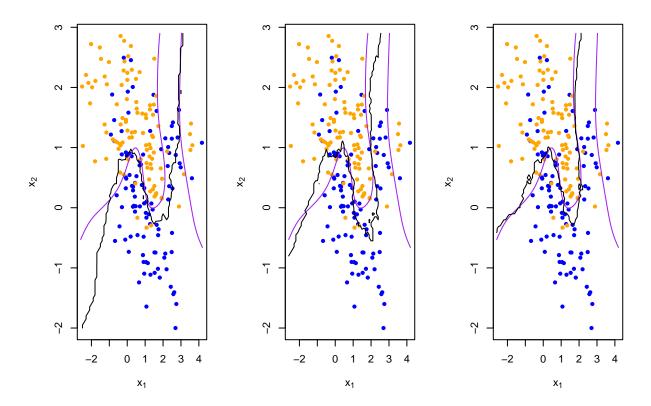
```
## plot 20-NN classifier for three bootstraps
par(mfrow=c(1,3))
for(b in 1:3) {
    datb <- resample(dat)

    knn_fit <- knn(train=datb$x, test=datb$xnew, cl=datb$y, k=20, prob=TRUE)
    knn_pred <- attr(knn_fit, 'prob')
    knn_pred <- ifelse(knn_fit == 1, knn_pred, 1-knn_pred)

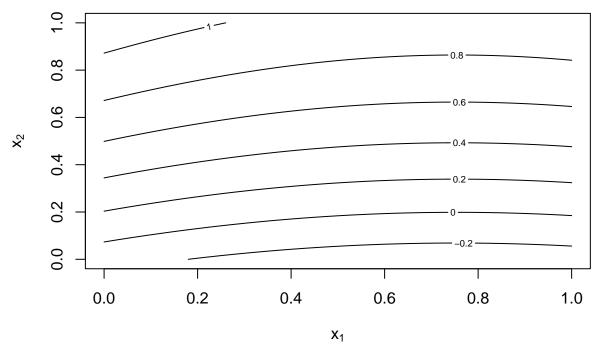
## reshape predictions as a matrix
    knn_pred <- matrix(knn_pred, length(datb$px1), length(datb$px2))

## find the contours in 2D space such that knn_pred == 0.5
    knn_cont <- contourLines(datb$px1, datb$px2, knn_pred, levels=0.5)

## plot data and decision surface
    eval(plot_mix_data)
    sapply(knn_cont, lines)
}</pre>
```

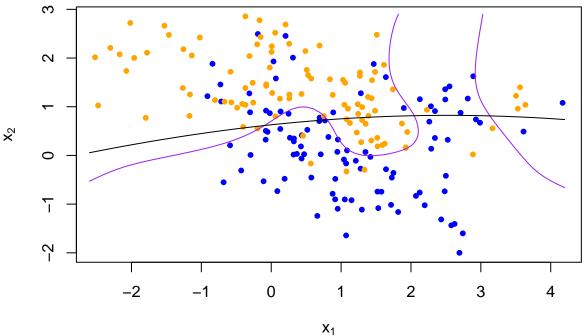


Use squared x to fit the data



```
## find the contours in 2D space such that lc_pred == 0.5
lc_cont_new <- contourLines(dat$px1, dat$px2, lc_pred_new, levels=0.5)

## plot data and decision surface
eval(plot_mix_data)
sapply(lc_cont_new, lines)</pre>
```



```
## NULL
## do bootstrap to get a sense of variance in decision surface
resample <- function(dat) {</pre>
```

[[1]]

```
idx <- sample(1:length(dat$y), replace = T)</pre>
  dat$y <- dat$y[idx]</pre>
  dat$x <- dat$x[idx,]</pre>
  return(dat)
}
## plot linear classifier for three bootstraps
par(mfrow=c(1,3))
for(b in 1:3) {
  datb <- resample(dat)</pre>
  ## fit model to mixture data and make predictions
  lc_beta_new <- fit_lc(datb$y, datb$x)</pre>
  lc_pred_new <- predict_lc(datb$xnew, lc_beta_new)</pre>
  ## reshape predictions as a matrix
  lc_pred_new <- matrix(lc_pred_new, length(datb$px1), length(datb$px2))</pre>
  ## find the contours in 2D space such that lc_pred == 0.5
  lc_cont_new <- contourLines(datb$px1, datb$px2, lc_pred_new, levels=0.5)</pre>
  ## plot data and decision surface
  eval(plot_mix_data)
  sapply(lc_cont_new, lines)
}
\mathbf{x}^{5}
                                   \overset{\mathsf{x}}{\mathsf{x}}
                                                                     \mathbf{x}^{5}
    0
                                       0
                                                                         0
    ī
                                       ī
                                                                         T
                                                                         7
                                       7
                                                        2 3
                0
                  1
                     2 3 4
                                            -2
                                                  0 1
                                                                                     0
                                                                                        1
                                                                                           2 3
                                                     x_1
                                                                                       x_1
summary(lc_beta)
##
```

```
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ x + 1)
```

```
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
## -0.9583 -0.3402 -0.0153 0.4196 0.6529
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.30163
                          0.04887
                                    6.172 3.78e-09 ***
## x1
               0.01385
                          0.02735
                                    0.506
                                             0.613
## x2
               0.26439
                          0.03530
                                    7.489 2.27e-12 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.4369 on 197 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2478, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2401
## F-statistic: 32.45 on 2 and 197 DF, p-value: 6.605e-13
summary(lc_beta_new)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y \sim I(x^2) + I(x) + 1)
## Residuals:
       Min
                     Median
                 1Q
                                   3Q
## -1.00315 -0.30975 0.03934 0.29636 0.81909
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 0.333297
                          0.046421
                                     7.180 1.43e-11 ***
## I(x^2)1
                          0.010940 -0.550
              -0.006013
                                              0.583
## I(x^2)2
              -0.021391
                          0.023777 -0.900
                                              0.369
## I(x)1
              -0.034306
                                              0.277
                          0.031453 -1.091
## I(x)2
               0.319418
                          0.043225
                                    7.390 4.21e-12 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.3921 on 195 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4003, Adjusted R-squared: 0.388
## F-statistic: 32.55 on 4 and 195 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

From the result we can see that the variance of the fit model which has squared x has smaller bias and larger variance