## Real Analysis 9/11 Note

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Chapter 1. Measure theory

measure: length, area, volume

 $E \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ , v(E) = n-dim volume excepted properties:

- (1)  $v(E) \ge 0$
- $(2) E_1 \subset E_2 \subset \mathbb{R}^n \implies v(E_1) \le v(E_2)$
- (3)  $E_1 \cap E_2 = \emptyset \Rightarrow v(E_1 \cup E_2) = v(E_1) + v(E_2)$

$$((3) + (4) \Rightarrow (2) : v(E_2 = E_1 \cup (E_2 \setminus E_1)) = v(E_1) + v(E_2 \setminus E_1) \ge v(E_1))$$

## 1. Rectangles:

n-dim closed rectangle  $R = [a_1, b_1] \times \cdots \times [a_n, b_n] = \{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid a_i \leq x_i \leq b_i, i = 1, \dots, n \}$ cube  $Q = [a_1, b_1] \times \cdots \times [a_n, b_n], \ b_1 - a_1 = \cdots = b_n - a_n$ 

Def:

$$vol(R) = |R| = (b_1 - a_1) \times \cdots \times (b_n - a_n) \quad (|Q| = (b_1 - a_1)^n)$$

Question: open rectangle  $H = (a_1, b_1) \times \cdots \times (a_n, b_n)$ , how about vol(H)?

Ans: We should have

$$|R| = \operatorname{vol}(H) \le |\bar{H}|,$$
  
 $\bar{H} = [a_1, b_1] \times \cdots \times [a_n, b_n] = \operatorname{closure}(H)$   
 $\epsilon \to 0^+ : |\bar{H}| \le \operatorname{vol}(H) = |R|$ 

HW (deadline: 9/23):

Prove the uniqueness part of Theorem 1.3 in Stein.