Template Method Pattern

Example

Coffee recipe:

- boil some water
- brew coffee in the water
- pour coffee in cup
- add sugar and milk

Tea recipe:

- boil some water
- steep tea in the water
- Remove tea from water
- Pour cup of tea
- Add sugar, milk or lemon



```
public class Coffee {

public void makeRecipe() {
    boilWater();
    brewCoffeeGrinds();
    pourInCup();
    addSugarAndMilk();
}

public void boilWater() {
    System.out.println( "Boiling water" );
}
public void brewCoffeeGrinds() {
    System.out.println( "Brewing the coffee" );
}
public void pourInCup() {
    System.out.println( "Pouring into cup" );
}
public void addSugarAndMilk() {
    System.out.println( "Adding sugar, milk" );
}
}
```

```
public class Tea {

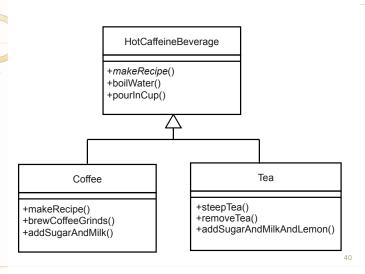
public void makeRecipe() {
    boilWater();
    steepTea();
    removeTea();
    pourInCup();
    addSugarMilkLemon();
}

public void boilWater() {
    System.out.println( "Boiling water" );
}

public void steepTeaBag() {
    System.out.println( "Steeping the tea" );
}

public void removeTea() {
    System.out.println( "Remove Tea" );
}

public void pourInCup() {
    System.out.println( "Pouring into cup" );
}
```



Similar Algorithms

General recipe:

- · boil some water
- · use the water to extract coffee or tea
- · pour resulting beverage into a cup
- add appropriate condiments to the beverage

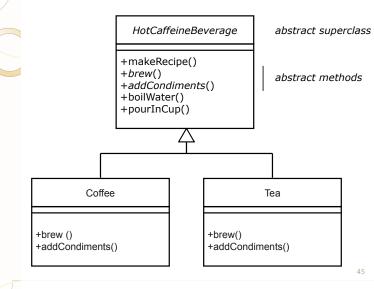
Similar Algorithms

```
// in Coffee class

public void
makeRecipe() {
    boilWater();
    brewCoffeeGrinds();
    pourInCup();
    addSugarAndMilk();
}

    public void
    makeRecipe() {
        boilWater();
        boilWater();
        steepTeaBag();
        RemoveTeaBag();
        pourInCup();
        addSugarMilkLemon();
}
```

template method



Why Template Method?

Before:

Coffee and Tea have the algorithm

near duplicated code in Coffee and Tea

changing the algorithm requires opening the subclasses and making multiple changes

After:

HotCaffeineBeverage has the algorithm

reduces duplication and enhances reuse

algorithm is found in one place, so changes to it are localized

Why Template Method?

Before:

original structure requires more work to add a new subclass (need to provide the whole algorithm again)

After:

new structure provides a framework to add a new subclass (need to provide just the distinctive parts of the algorithm)

Template Method Pattern

Design intent:

"define the skeleton of an algorithm in a method, deferring some steps to subclasses"

Consequences

Results:

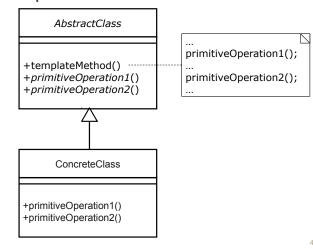
inverted control

 superclass method calling subclass method

"Hollywood principle"

• "Don't call us, we'll call you."

Template Method Structure



"Hooks"

Idea:

methods in the superclass which provide default behavior that the subclasses *may* override

often hook methods do nothing by default

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"Hooks"

Exercise

Problem:
 page object to be printed
 customize for different header and footer
 common body text
 optional watermark

public class DraftPage extends Page {
 ...
 // print the page header
 public void printHeader() {
 ...
 }
 // print the page footer
 public void printFooter() {
 ...
 }
 public void printWatermark() {
 // print a DRAFT watermark
 ...
 }
}

Factory Method Pattern

Attempt 1

```
// general pizza ordering method
public Pizza orderPizza() {
    Pizza pizza = new Pizza();

    pizza.bake();
    pizza.cut();
    pizza.box();

    return pizza;
```

for flexibility, would like to use the superclass name here, but it is abstract

Dealing with new

```
// limited, what if new pizza types?
PepperoniPizza pizza = new PepperoniPizza();

// code to bake, cut, box PepperoniPizza
...

// or have subclasses of a Pizza abstract superclass
if (pizzaType.equals( "pepperoni" ) {
    Pizza pizza = new PepperoniPizza();
} else if (pizzaType.equals( "veggie" ) {
    Pizza pizza = new VeggiePizza();
}

// code to bake, cut, box Pizza
...

Should depend upon abstractions,
```

Should depend upon abstractions, not directly upon concrete classes.

Attempt 2

Attempt 3

```
// general pizza ordering method
public Pizza orderPizza( String pizzaType ) {
    Pizza pizza;

    if (pizzaType.equals( "pepperoni" ) {
            Pizza pizza = new PepperoniPizza();
        } else if (pizzaType.equals( "veggie" ) {
                Pizza pizza = new VeggiePizza();
        }

        pizza.bake();
        pizza.cut();
        pizza.box();

        return pizza;
}
```

Attempt 3 with Changes

```
// general pizza ordering method
      public Pizza orderPizza( String pizzaType ) {
          Pizza pizza;
          if (pizzaType.equals( "pepperoni" ) {
tends to
               Pizza pizza = new PepperoniPizza();
change
           } else if (pizzaType.equals( "veggie" ) {
               Pizza pizza = new VeggiePizza();
           } else if (pizzaType.equals( "hawaiian" ) {
               Pizza pizza = new HawaiianPizza();
          pizza.bake();
tends to
          pizza.cut();
stay the
          pizza.box();
same
          return pizza;
```

Simple Factory Approach

```
// separate factory class to create a Pizza
public class SimplePizzaFactory {
    public Pizza createPizza( String pizzaType ) {
        Pizza pizza = null;

        if (pizzaType.equals( "pepperoni" ) {
                  Pizza pizza = new PepperoniPizza();
        } else if (pizzaType.equals( "veggie" ) {
                 Pizza pizza = new VeggiePizza();
        }

        return pizza;
    }
}
```

Using a Factory Object

```
public class PizzaStore {
    private SimplePizzaFactory factory;

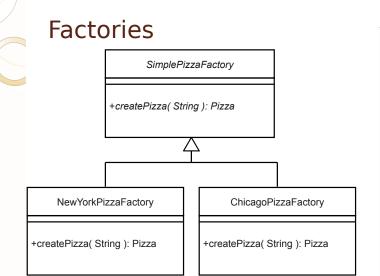
public PizzaStore( SimplePizzaFactory factory ) {
        this.factory = factory;
    }

public Pizza orderPizza( String pizzaType ) {
        Pizza pizza;

        pizza = factory.createPizza( pizzaType );

        pizza.bake();
        pizza.cut();
        pizza.box();

        return pizza;
    }
}
```



Using Factories

```
PizzaStore newYorkStore = new PizzaStore(
   new NewYorkPizzaFactory()
newYorkStore.order( "veggie" );
PizzaStore chicagoStore = new PizzaStore(
   new ChicagoPizzaFactory()
chicagoStore.order( "veggie" );
```

Factory Method Approach

public abstract class PizzaStore {

```
public Pizza orderPizza( String pizzaType ) {
                 Pizza pizza;
keep
                 pizza = createPizza( pizzaType );
orderPizza
general
and
                 pizza.cut();
decoupled
                 pizza.box();
from specific
                 return pizza;
pizza types
             // defer to subclass to instantiate
             // Pizza of the appropriate type
             public abstract Pizza createPizza(
                                                             factory
                 String pizzaType );
                                                             method
```

PizzaStore +orderPizza(String) +createPizza(String): Pizza ChicagoStylePizzaStore NewYorkStylePizzaStore +createPizza(String): Pizza +createPizza(String): Pizza

Factory Method Approach

Factory Method Pattern

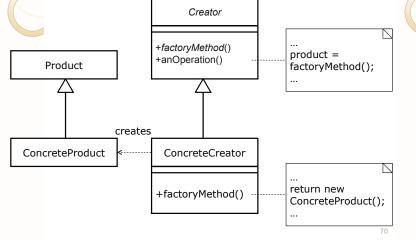
Design intent:

"define an interface for creating an object, but lets subclasses decide which actual class to instantiate"

abstract Product factoryMethod(String type);

decouple client code in the superclass from the object creation code in the subclass

Factory Method Structure



Exercise

Problem:

designing a framework

Application and Document superclasses

an actual application would subclass these

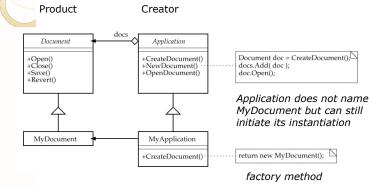
- add MyApplication and MyDocument subclasses
- but do not change the code of the superclasses

write a general NewDocument method in Application that ultimately instantiates a MyDocument

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Example Structure



also known as Virtual Constructor