Feature extraction from texts and images

Solely text/images competitions





Feature extraction from texts and images

Common features + text

Titanic dataset

A1 ▼ survived							
	А	В	С	D	Е	F	
1	survived	pclass	name	sex	age	sibsp	
2	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22	1	
3	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Thayer)	female	38	1	
4	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26	0	
5	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35	1	
6	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35	0	
7	0	3	Moran, Mr. James	male		0	
8	0	1	McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J	male	54	0	
9	0	3	Palsson, Master. Gosta Leonard	male	2	3	
10	1	3	Johnson, Mrs. Oscar W (Elisabeth Vilhelmina Berg)	female	27	0	
11	1	2	Nasser, Mrs. Nicholas (Adele Achem)	female	14	1	
12	1	3	Sandstrom, Miss. Marguerite Rut	female	4	1	
_13	_1	_1	Bonnell, Miss. Elizabeth	female	58	0	

Feature extraction from texts and images

Common features + images/text





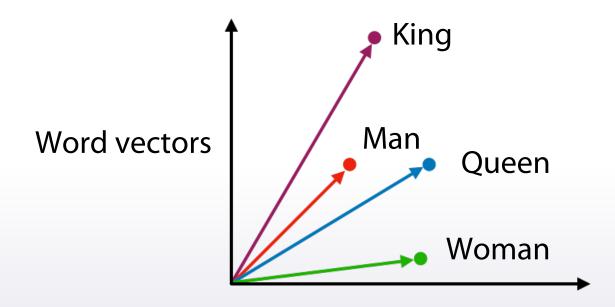
Text -> vector

1. Bag of words:

The dog is on the table



2. Embeddings (~word2vec):



Bag of words

(excited) Hi everyone! I'm so excited about this course!

So excited. SO EXCITED. EXCITED, I AM!

CountVectorizer



hi	every one	ľm	SO	excited	about	this	course
1	1			1			
		1	1	1	1	1	1
		1	2	3			

sklearn.feature_extraction.text.CountVectorizer



Bag of words: TFiDF

Term frequency

```
tf = 1 / x.sum(axis=1) [:,None]
 x = x * tf
```

Bag of words: TFiDF

```
Term frequency

tf = 1 / x.sum(axis=1) [:,None]

x = x * tf

Inverse Document Frequency

idf = np.log(x.shape[0] / (x > 0).sum(0))

x = x * idf
```

Bag of words: TFiDF

```
Term frequency
```

```
tf = 1 / x.sum(axis=1) [:,None]

x = x * tf

Inverse Document Frequency

idf = np.log(x.shape[0] / (x > 0).sum(0))

x = x * idf
```

sklearn.feature_extraction.text.TfidfVectorizer

Bag of words: TF

(excited) Hi everyone! I'm so excited about this course!

So excited. SO EXCITED. EXCITED, I AM!



hi	every one	ľm	SO	excited	about	this	course
0.33	0.33			0.33			
		0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
		0.16	0.33	0.5			

Bag of words: TF+iDF

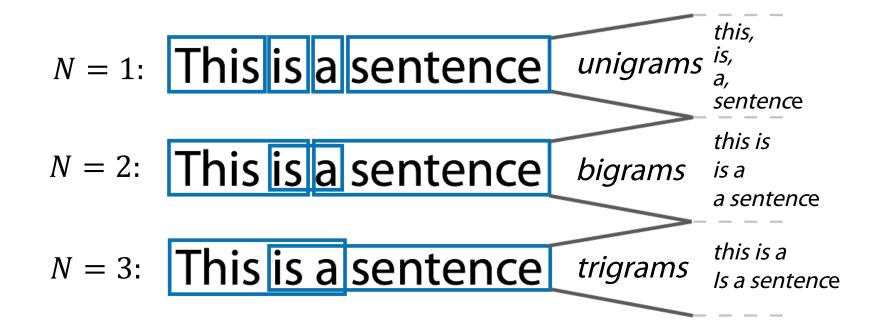
(excited) Hi everyone! I'm so excited about this course!

So excited.
SO EXCITED.
EXCITED, I AM!

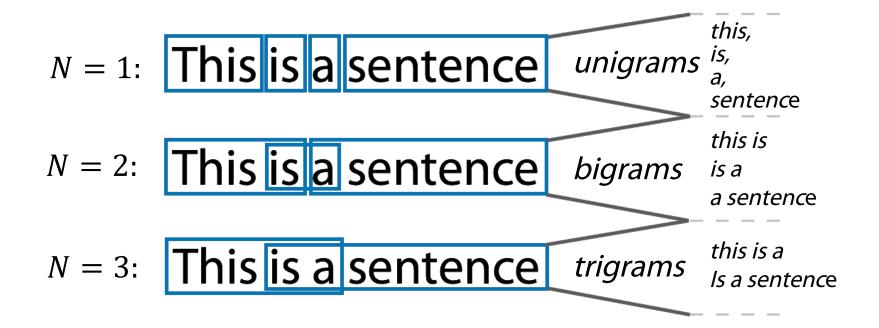


hi	every one	ľm	SO	excited	about	this	course
0.36	0.36			0			
		0.06	0.06	0	0.18	0.18	0.18
		0.06	0.13	0			

N-grams



N-grams



sklearn.feature_extraction.text.CountVectorizer:
Ngram_range, analyzer

Texts preprocessing

- 1. Lowercase
- 2. Lemmatization
- 3. Stemming
- 4. Stopwords

Texts preprocessing: lowercase

Very, very sunny.

Sunny... Sunny!



Very	very	Sunny	sunny
1	1	0	1
0	0	2	0

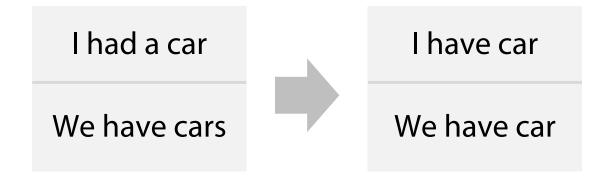
Texts preprocessing: lemmatization and stemming

I had a car

We have cars

We have car

Texts preprocessing: lemmatization and stemming



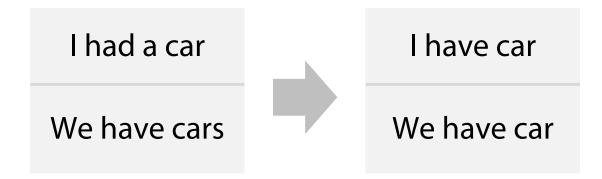
Stemming:

democracy, democratic, and democratization -> democr

Lemmatization:

democracy, democratic, and democratization -> democracy

Texts preprocessing: lemmatization and stemming



Stemming:

democracy, democratic, and democratization -> democr Saw -> s

Lemmatization:

democracy, democratic, and democratization -> democracy Saw -> see or saw (depending on context)

Texts preprocessing: stopwords

Examples:

- 1. Articles or prepositions
- 2. Very common words

Texts preprocessing: stopwords

Examples:

- 1. Articles or prepositions
- 2. Very common words

NLTK, Natural Language Toolkit library for python

```
sklearn.feature_extraction.text.CountVectorizer:
    max_df
```

Conclusion

Pipeline of applying BOW

1. Preprocessing:

Lowercase, stemming, lemmatization, stopwords

2. Bag of words:

Ngrams can help to use local context

3. Postprocessing: TFiDF