

# Recap

# Families of ML algorithms

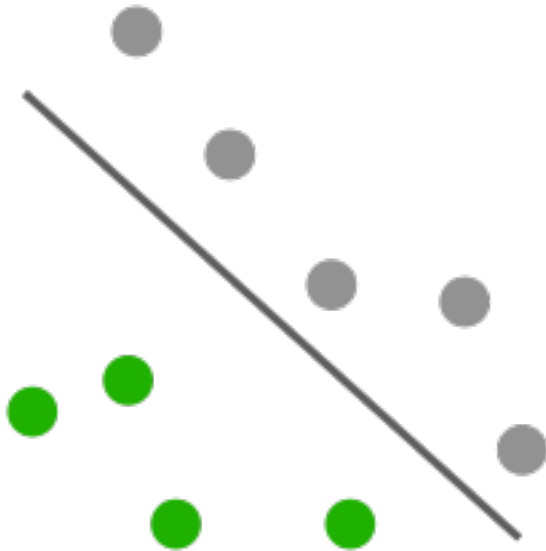
- Linear
- Tree-based
- kNN
- Neural Networks

# Linear model

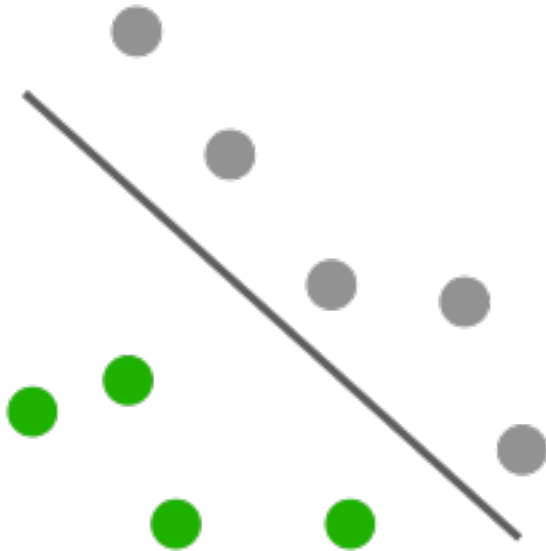
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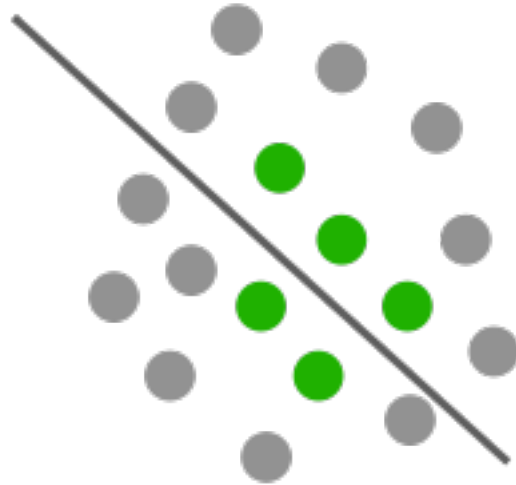
# Linear model



Examples:

- Logistic Regression
- Support Vector Machines

# Linear model



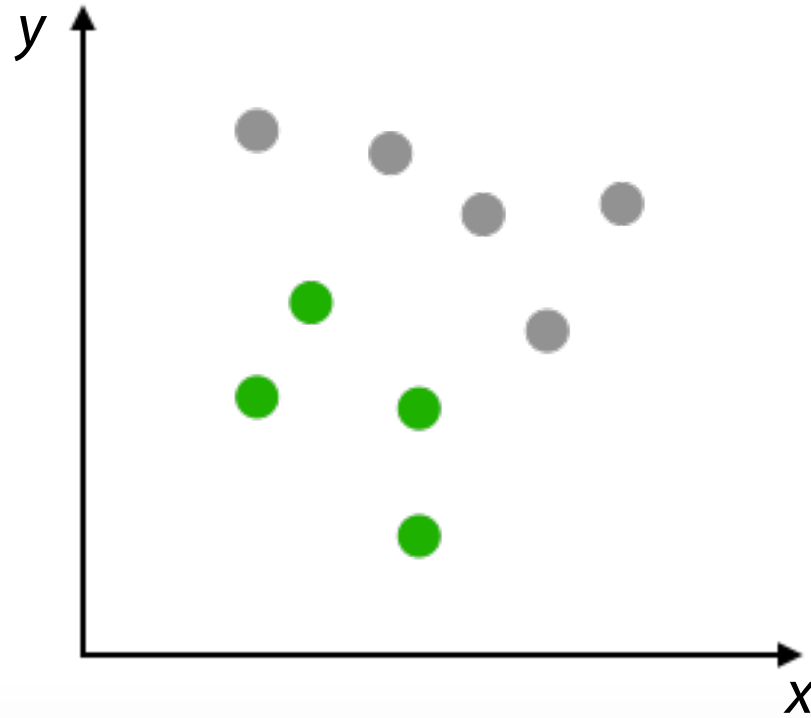
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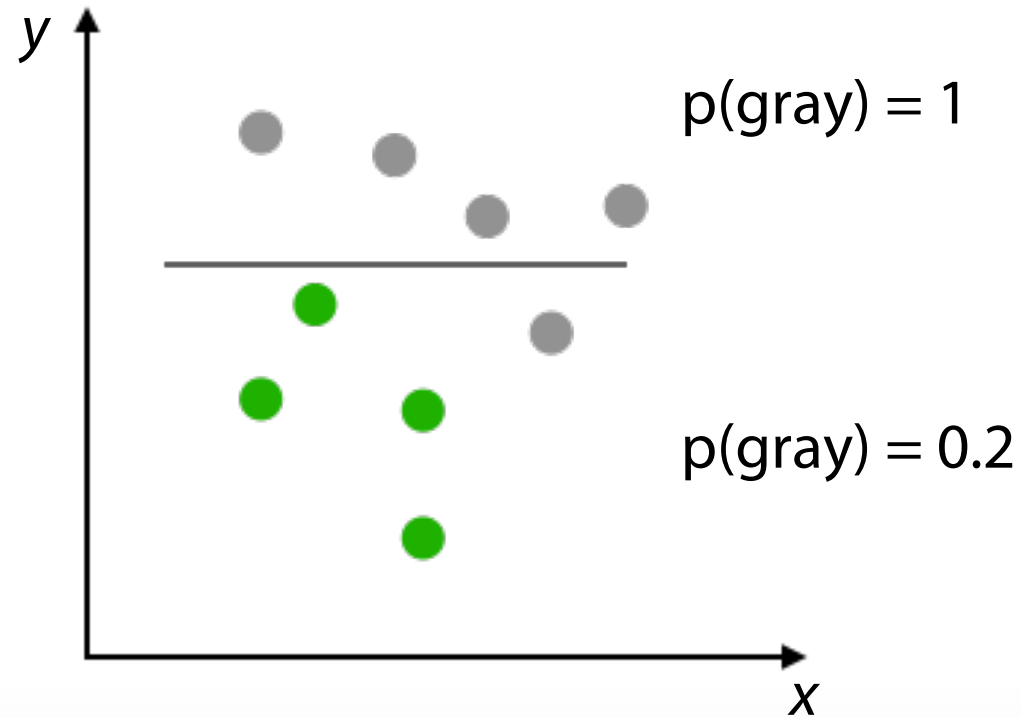


# Tree-based: Decision Tree, Random Forest, GBDT

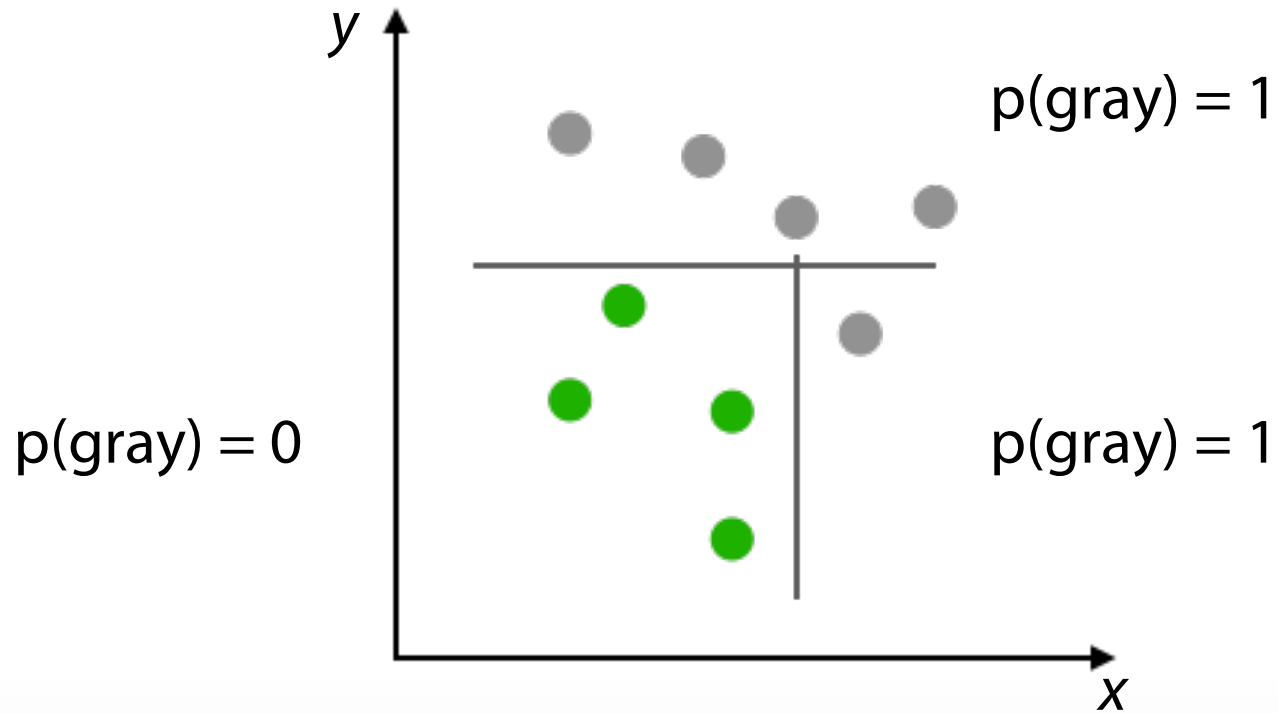
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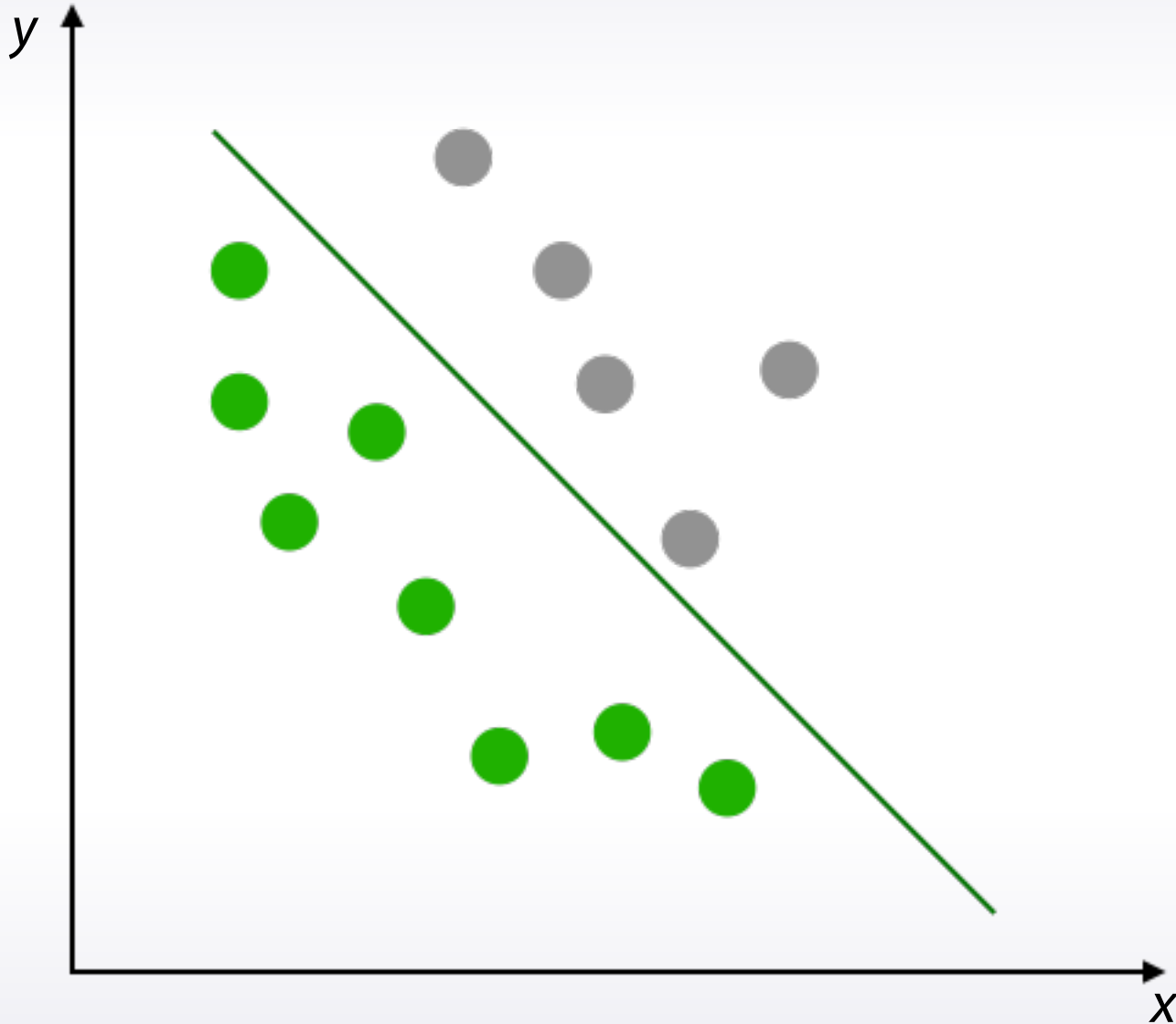
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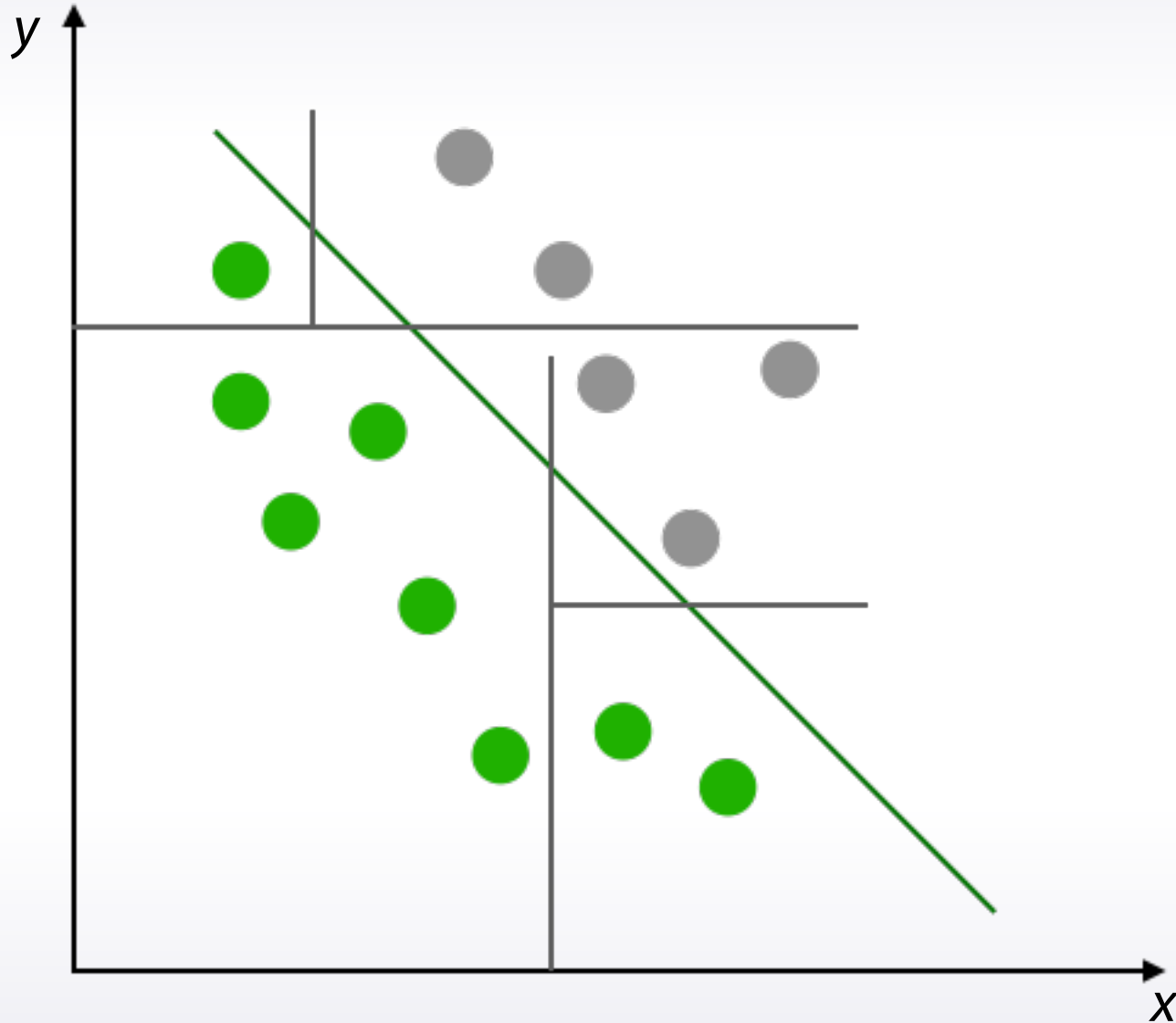
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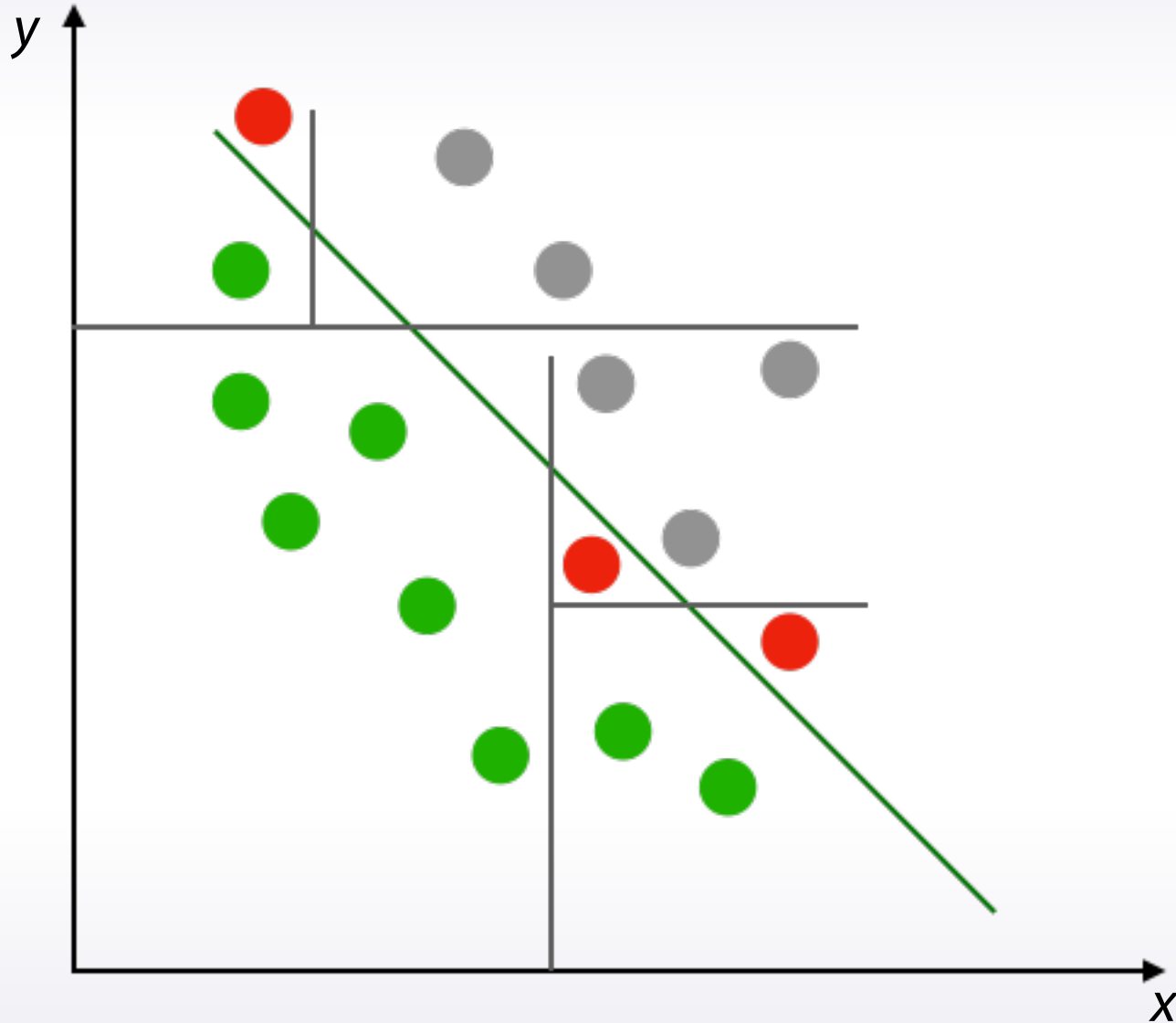
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# Tree-based methods

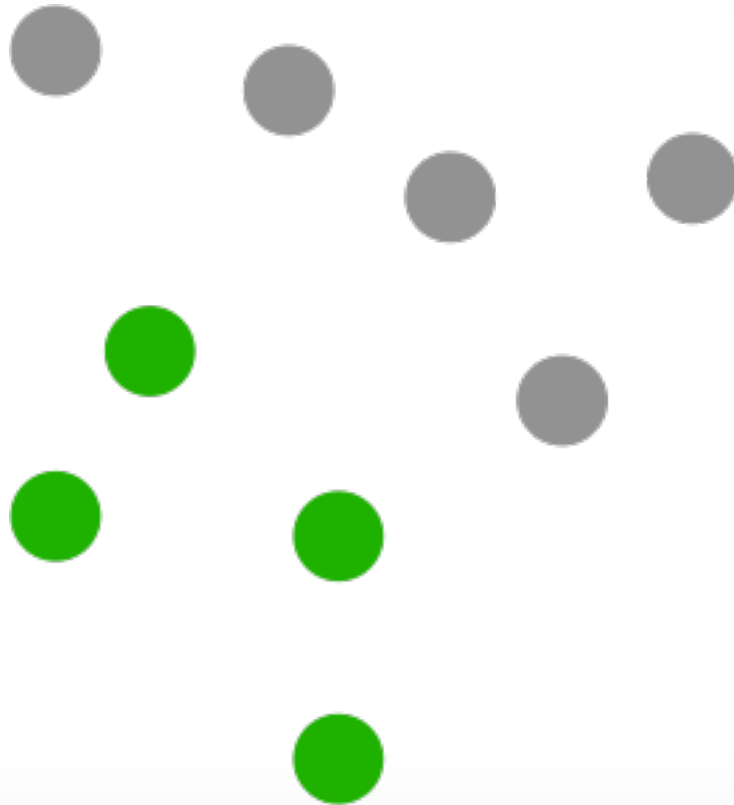


Microsoft / LightGBM

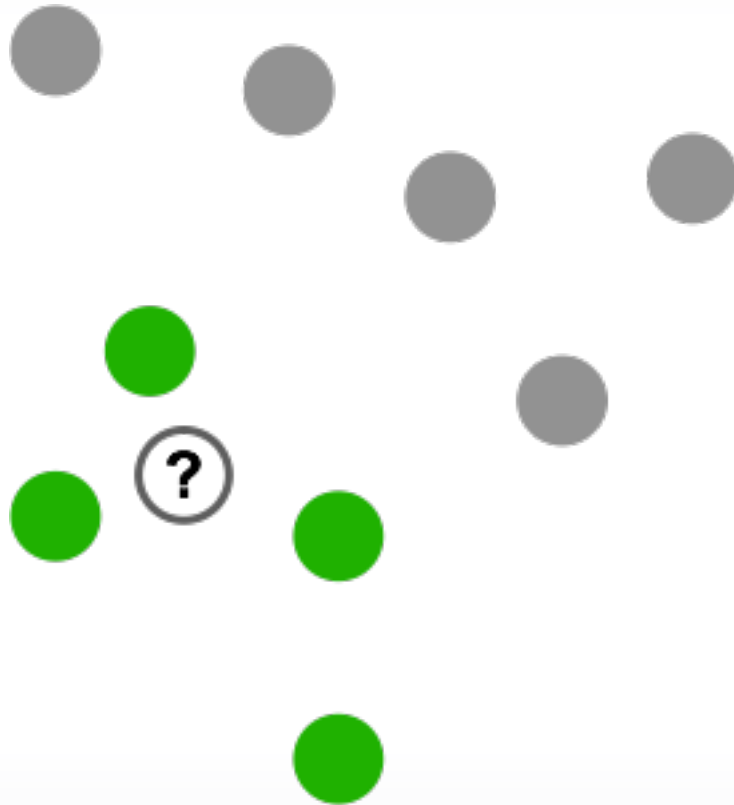


# kNN-based methods

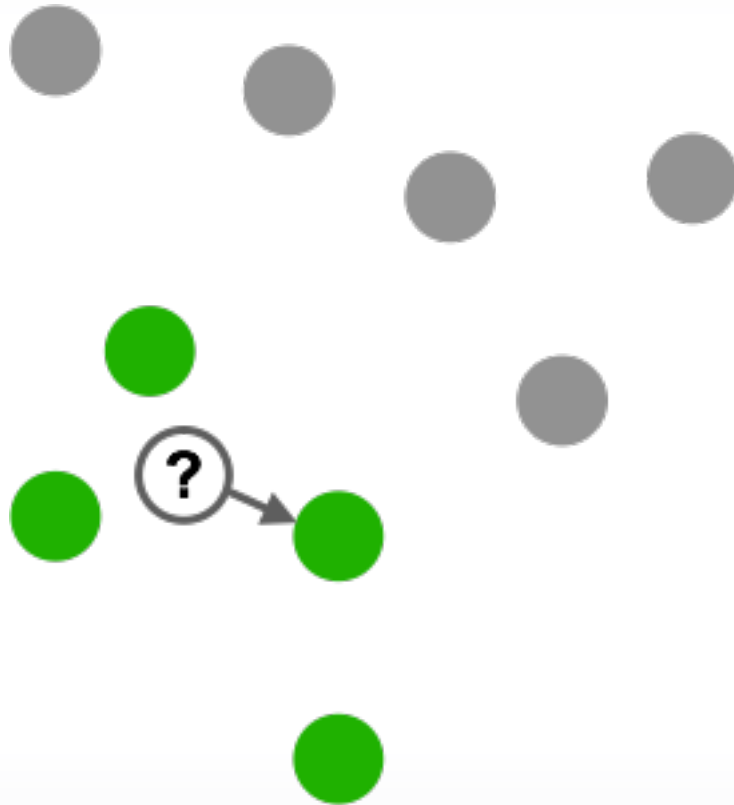
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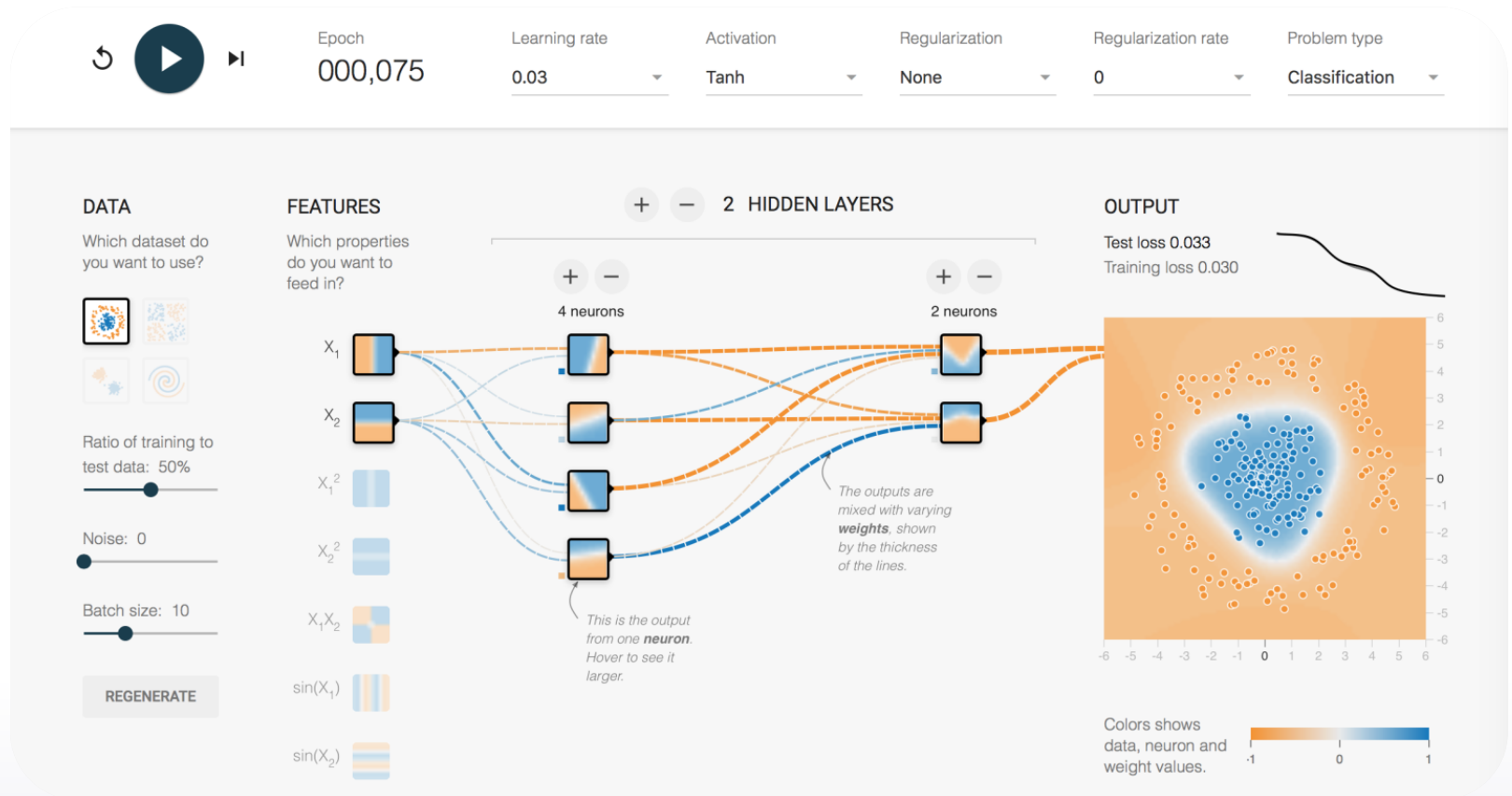
# kNN-based methods



# kNN-based methods



# Neural Networks



Tensorflow Playground, <http://playground.tensorflow.org>

# Neural Networks



*dmlc*  
***mxnet***

P Y T  R C H

Lasagne

# No Free Lunch Theorem



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“Here is no method which **outperforms all others**  
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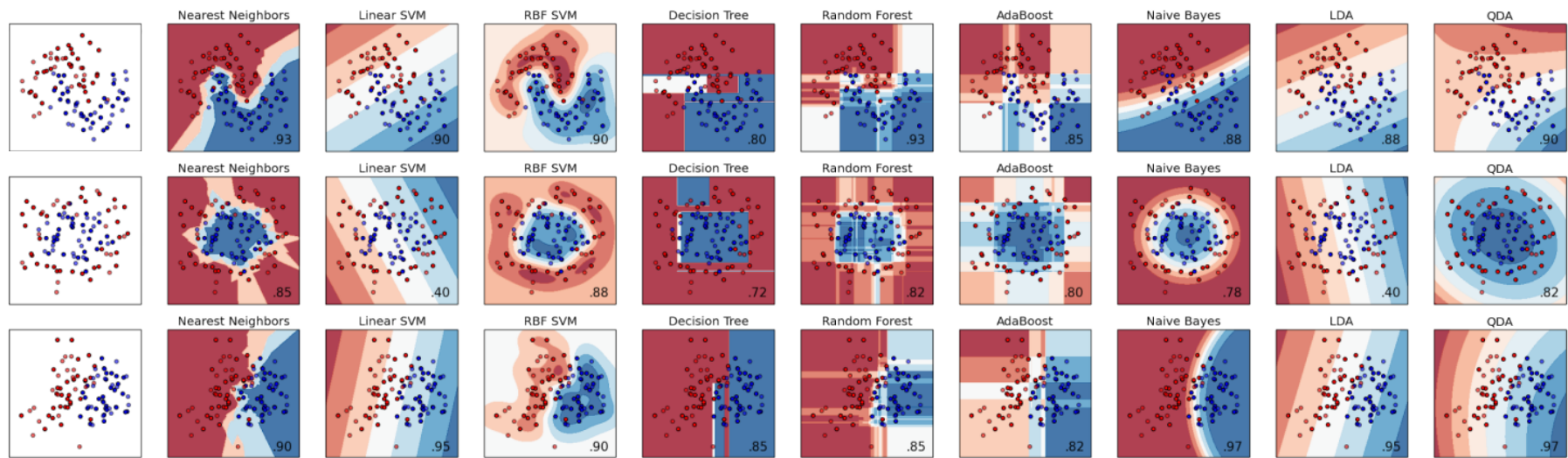
# No Free Lunch Theorem

“Here is no method which **outperforms all others**  
**for all tasks**”

or

“For every method **we can construct a task**  
for which **this particular method will not be the**  
**best**”

# Decision surfaces



Classifier comparison, [http://scikit-learn.org/stable/auto\\_examples/classification/plot\\_classifier\\_comparison.html](http://scikit-learn.org/stable/auto_examples/classification/plot_classifier_comparison.html)

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The most powerful methods are  
**Gradient Boosted Decision Trees** and **Neural Networks**.  
But you shouldn't underestimate the others