Project Checkpoint 1

ALU

Logistics

- Due: Wednesday, September 15, 2021 by 11:59:59PM
- Late policy can be found on the course syllabus

Introduction

Design and simulate an ALU using Verilog. You must support:

- a **non-RCA** adder with support for addition & subtraction
- bitwise AND, OR without the built in &, &&, |, and || operators
- 32-bit barrel shifter with SLL and SRA without the <<, <<, >>, and >>> operators

We will post clarifications, updates, etc. on Sakai if necessary. Please monitor the announcements there.

Module Interface

Designs which do not adhere to the following specification will incur significant penalties.

```
Your module must use the following interface (n.b. It is the template provided to you in alu.v):
```

```
module alu(data_operandA, data_operandB, ctrl_ALUopcode,
ctrl_shiftamt, data_result, isNotEqual, isLessThan, overflow);
input [31:0] data_operandA, data_operandB;
input [4:0] ctrl_ALUopcode, ctrl_shiftamt;
output [31:0] data_result;
output isNotEqual, isLessThan, overflow;
endmodule
```

Each operation should be associated with the following ALU opcodes:

Operation	ALU Opcode	Description	
ADD	00000	Performs data_operandA + data_operandB	
SUBTRACT	00001	Performs data_operandA - data_operandB	
AND	00010	Performs (bitwise) data_operandA & data_operandB	
OR	00011	Performs (bitwise) data_operandA data_operandB	
SLL	00100	Logical left-shift on data_operandA	
SRA	00101	Arithmetic right-shift on data_operandA	

Control Signals (In)

- ctrl shiftamt
 - Shift amount for SLL and SRA operations
 - o Only needs to be used in SLL and SRA operations

Information Signals (Out)

- isNotEqual
 - Asserts true iff data operandA and data operandB are not equal
 - Only needs to be correct after a SUBTRACT operation
- isLessThan
 - Asserts true iff data operandA is strictly less than data operandB
 - Only needs to be correct after a SUBTRACT operation
- overflow
 - o Asserts true iff there is an overflow in ADD or SUBTRACT
 - Only needs to be correct after an ADD or SUBTRACT operation

Permitted and Banned Verilog

Designs which do not adhere to the following specifications cannot receive a score.

No "megafunctions."

Use **only** structural Verilog like:

• and and gate(output 1, input 1, input 2 ...);

And not syntactic sugar like:

- assign output 1 = input 1 & input 2;
- ==, >=, =<, etc.

except in constructing your DFFE (i.e. you can use whatever verilog you need to construct a DFFE).

However, feel free to use the following syntactic sugar and primitives:

- assign ternary output = cond ? High : Low;
 - The ternary operator is a simple construction that passes on the "High" wire if the cond wire is asserted and "Low" wire if the cond wire is not asserted

Grading Breakdown

Grading Item	Percentage	Scoring Method
Less Than	5	All or Nothing
Or	5	All or Nothing
Addition	20	Proportional
And	5	All or Nothing
Not Equal	5	All or Nothing
Logical Left Shift	10	Proportional
Arithmetic Right Shift	10	Proportional
Subtraction	25	Proportional
Overflow	5	All or Nothing
Readme	10	Proportional

Other Specifications

Designs which do not adhere to the following specifications will incur significant penalties.

Your design must operate correctly with a 50 MHz clock. Also, please remember that we are ultimately deploying these modules on our FPGAs. Therefore, when setting up your project in Quartus, be sure to pick the correct device. Check the Quartus document that was previously distributed.

Submission Instructions

- Your Verilog code
- A README.md that includes
 - A text description of your design implementation (e.g., "I used X,Y,Z to ...", or "My hierarchical decoder tree was...")
 - If there are bugs or issues, descriptions of what they are and what you think caused them
- Put your Verilog code and README.txt into a ZIP file and upload your ZIP file to Sakai in the section of Assignments.

Grading

Complete, working designs will be tested for a grade using a test bench.

Resources

Take the sample testbench titled alu_tb.v that we provided. It should help you to test your alu and also write test benches in the future. However, the test bench used for grading will be more extensive than the one presented here. Passing the included test bench does not ensure that you will pass the grading test bench.