# **Start of Class Prep**

In a directory for in-class work:

```
npx create-react-app test-app
```

This will take a few minutes

- Start it now
- We'll look at it later

# **SPA (Single Page Application)**

- Load an HTML Page
- HTML loads JS
- JS keeps replacing HTML contents
  - Looks like changing "pages"
  - No actual browser navigation
  - All on a "single-page"

## Can make a SPA with plain JS

- Most SPAs make use of "service calls"
  - JS sends/gets data from server
  - No Page navigation/loads
- This course doesn't dive into service calls
  - My 6250 class does go into them
    - Boston 6250 classes may not
    - Writing the services
    - Writing the JS to call/use them
- We haven't written SPAs until React
  - But understand SPAs don't need React

### **MPA vs SPA**

### MPA - Multiple Page Application

- Was "website"
- Enter data or change content = page navigation

#### SPA - Single Page

- Single static HTML
- Service calls instead of page navigation
- Change content

## Can have BOTH MPA + SPA

#### SPA where

- Changes are related
- Content and UI consistent

#### MPA when

- Changing between topics
- Minimal shared content

Think of layers of consistency

# **Mixing SPA and MPA**

- You've seen this already w/some companies
- Switching between "marketing" and "store"
- Switching between "sales" and "support"
  - May not know you are logged in
  - May have different website look

# Websites have layers of UI consistency

- Different websites, minimal UI consistency
  - Industry conventions
    - Header/footer/search interface
- Same website, some UI consistency
  - Colors, fonts, layout
  - "dress", branding, "feel"
  - Patterns of navigation
- Same app, much consistency
  - Patterns of use
    - Details, Edits

### **State**

Our JS apps have been "simple"

- Page starts a certain way (a "state")
- When changes happen, we change HTML
  - Usually by changing classes
  - But can also change HTML structure

### **State and Render**

#### Advanced apps follow a different pattern:

- "state" is in variables
  - Ex: A list of news stories
- User actions change the "state" variables
  - Ex: "like" a story, block another
- Actions can trigger from the system too
  - Ex: more, newer list of news stories
- When state variables change, page "renders"
  - = Updates HTML to match new state

# We have focused on UI/UX so far

- This state/render cycle is FUNDAMENTAL to React
- State: variables with all values that can change
- Actions: Change the state
  - Do NOT change the HTML
  - Ex: user events can run actions
- Render: Replace the HTML to match new State
  - Separation between event and render (!)

# **Up until now TODO example:**

Imagine a "Todo list"

- List of tasks
- Whether they are done

Up until now, we might have:

- Had HTML with tasks (probably a
- Had classes that say if task is done
  - Ex: done class on the <1i>
- When user said task was done/not done
  - Add/remove class from appropriate

## **State/Render TODO example:**

- Have a state variable
  - Ex: Array of task objects
- Have a way to replace HTML to show state
  - Ex: A render() function
    - $\circ$  Sets innerHTML of <ul>
    - $\circ$  Generates  $\overline{<1i>}$  elements
      - With current task names
      - o done class if task is done
- Events don't change HTML
  - Change state variable instead
  - Call render()

# Results of the state/render cycle

- State/render can feel like more work
- But as we add features, complexity remains level
- Old way would get more complex over time
  - Hard to make decisions based on state
    - No state variable, have to read HTML
    - Changing HTML changes how to read it
    - Every new feature changes HTML

# We don't need to code a state/render cycle!

- This is a UI/UX class
- React will do this for us
- BUT we MUST understand the concept

State describes current data

• NOT HTML, just data

We change state, not the HTML

- Change state rerenders as new HTML
  - This is our UI/UX skillset!

## **HTML** is Declarative

#### HTML is declarative

- Says what it is
- Not how to do it
  - Ex: Button is clickable, looks clickable
  - Ex: A <form> is a form, an <input> is a field

#### JS is **imperative**

- You give list of instructions
  - "How" to do anything

# We've kept HTML, CSS, and JS separate so far

- Hard to edit one in the other
  - No inline JS
  - No inline CSS
- But we're starting to feel limits
  - .innerText and .innerHTML put HTML in JS
  - JS uses a lot of class names from HTML
- State/render would do even more
  - Lots of HTML in JS

## **JSX** is Declarative

### React uses Jsx

- Declarative
- Looks like HTML
- Actually a JS function that returns HTML
- Can call other JSX functions for HTML
- Can insert HTML
- Allows for easy editing of HTML in JS

# **JSX Example**

```
function Greeting() {
  return (
     Hello World
  );
}
//...elsewhere
<Greeting/>
```

### NOT JS, but JSX

- Browser can't handle without translation
- Much friendlier to use
- Output is HTML and JS

## **More JSX Example**

```
function TodoItem({ task, done }) {
  const complete = done ? 'todo__text--complete' : '';
  return (
      <span className={complete} >{task}</span>
    );
}
//...elsewhere
<TodoItem task="Pounce" done={false} />
```

#### A few differences!

- ullet className instead of class
- {} to replace with values
  - Notice no template literals ( ) here
  - Not strings!
  - No \${} unless you have template literals

## **More JSX differences**

```
function TodoItem({ task, done }) {
  const complete = done ? 'todo__text--complete' : '';
  return (
      <span className={complete}>{task}</span>
  );
}
//...elsewhere
<TodoItem task="Pounce" done={false} />
```

#### A few differences!

- [false] instead of "false"
  - Actual boolean, not a string!
- Attribute-like values passed to function
  - **props**, more on these soon

## **Important: React owns the DOM**

Big change: Do not access the DOM!

- ullet No document.querySelector
- No document.getElementX
- No classList.toggle(), etc
- React is managing our DOM
- If we change it, we can confuse React

Why did we learn those parts then?!

- Know what React is doing
- Good without React

## **Create React App (CRA)**

React is great, but can have a lot of set up

- So we will have someone else do the hard work
- create-react-app is a program to set up:
  - React
  - Building (converting react to HTML+JS)
  - Linting (syntax warnings, hints, and help)
  - A development server
    - With Live reload!
    - ONLY for development, not final use
- CRA isn't required for React, but is convenient

# CRA is probably not the best choice

- CRA is a program to do the setup of a project
  - "Boilerplate"
  - There are other such programs
    - Vite, create-next-app, etc
- CRA is a very good program for **learning** with
  - Very "unopinionated"
- CRA is likely not the best choice to **use** 
  - Slower to start, build
- CRA knowledge DOES transfer to alternatives

## Create a test app

npx create-react-app test-app

Tells NodeJS to download and run create-react-app

- Creates folder holding app "test-app"
- You can give any name you want

Creates a test-app/ directory

- Where you run the app
- Puts in all the pieces
- You are not "in" that directory yet

## Our new app

create-react-app takes a moment to run

- Only when starting a new app
- Lots of output!
  - We can look at it all later
  - Don't need to read it all now

Before we look at the details, let's see what we created

cd test-app
npm start

## **Umm...neat?**

It started a server and is showing a spinning logo

- You can inspect the HTML
- The spinning is just CSS animation

Follow the suggestion and open <a href="mailto:src/App.js">src/App.js</a>

• Leave the server running

# Opening src/App.js

This looks like a mix of JS and JSX

- Some weird import statements
- function App() returns HTML
  - Not as a string, just HTML
  - Has some values in {}
  - Uses className instead of class

Now look at HTML for the page in DevTools

## **HTML of Page**

```
<div id="root">
```

has inner HTML as the output of the App() function

- The  $\langle App/ \rangle$  JSX
- classNames became classes
- {} were replaced with links

Now make a text change to App.js and save

# **Live Reloading**

Change shown in browser without manual reloading!

App.js **imports** App.css

- Make a change: set background color to #e6e;
- Browser shows this too!

## Change in filename

- Change the file App.js to App.jsx
  - Actual filename, not the text

JSX files will work with either .js or .jsx

- For this course **you must use** .jsx
- Filename is extra information for coders
  - There can be js files that have no JSX in them
  - JSX is for UI, other logic is plain .js
    - Separates UI logic from business logic
    - Separates UI from sending/getting data

## A word about their CSS

The default CRA files use capitalized CSS class names

- I'm not biased
- This is an abomination upon the face of the earth

Jokes aside, all depends on your CSS approach

- Remember Semantic/BEM/utility-first?
- More options exist now

This course keeps using our existing CSS conventions

- All lowercase kebab-case
- OR BEM-style separated kebab-case

### Where is the CSS?

The import brought in the css file

- You can import additional/different css
- CSS filename(s) do not need to be Capitalized
  - But you can, to match the JSX file, if you want
  - No course requirement on the CSS filenames

There is also a src/index.css

• You can use/override as you wish

### Where is the HTML?

The HTML is in public/index.html

- BUT we won't be changing it
  - Unless you add webfonts or more meta tags
- Make all your changes in the js/jsx/css files in src/
  - src/ for the files you edit!
  - These are NOT loaded by browser directly
    - Get **transpiled** into files for browser

# **Building**

create-react-app is a tool to help develop

- In the end we want static HTML/JS/CSS
- We can put those on ANY server
  - npm start is NOT a production server

Stop your server (Ctrl-C)

• Then run npm run build

### What did that do?

We now have a build/ directory

- Contains HTML/CSS/JS files
  - Plus some images
- Files have weird names
  - Cache-busting
  - Different content = different filename

These files are all you need

- Can put on ANY static webserver
- No CRA, no special programs

## When do we build?

Do all your development with the development server

• Uses npm start to run

If done and putting up web app for the public

- Then npm run build
- Use files inside build/ with your webserver
  - Such as npx serve, or Java, or C#, etc

# **Summary - React**

React will let us auto-render when state changes

#### React uses JSX

- JS that looks like HTML
- Can embed HTML
- Uses className instead of class
- Uses {} to replace with variable values
- Can have non-strings (unlike HTML)

## **Summary - Create React App**

CRA is a program that makes React easy to use

- Just one way to use React
- Includes a development server
  - NOT for production (final) use
  - But great to work with

CRA creates a directory for the app

- Start dev server with npm start
- Build prod files with npm run build

# **Summary - Editing**

### Edit files in src/

- Course Requirement: rename App.js to App.jsx
  - Because it is information about file
  - Remember to do on new projects
- Course Requirement: kebab-case/BEM classes
  - Change/replace className="App", etc
- Can rename/replace or just use App.css
  - import needed css file(s)
- Also a src/index.css