Problem Set 4. Due 10/2

Reminder: You must acknowledge your sources and collaborators (even if it is "none", you must write so). Failure to do so on this problem set will result in an automatic 2-point deduction.

- 1. How many compositions does the positive integer n have in which neither the first nor the last entry is 1?
- 2. How many positive integers are there that are not larger than 1000 and are neither perfect squares nor perfect cubes?
- 3. Find a closed formula (no summation signs) for

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} \binom{n}{i} D(i).$$

Here D(n) is the number of derangements (permutations without fixed points) of [n]

4. Prove that, for nonnegative integers m, n, k with $k \leq n$,

$$\binom{n}{k} = \sum_{j=0}^{k} (-1)^j \binom{m}{j} \binom{n+m-j}{k-j}.$$

- 5. Using generating functions, find an explicit formula for a_n if $a_0 = 1$ and $a_{n+1} = 3a_n + 2^n$ for all $n \ge 0$.
- 6. Using generating functions, find an explicit formula for the Fibonacci numbers f_n defined by $f_1 = f_2 = 1$ and $f_{n+2} = f_{n+1} + f_n$ for all $n \ge 1$.
- 7. Let a_n be the number of compositions of n into parts that are larger than 1. Find a closed form for the generating function $A(x) = \sum_{n\geq 0} a_n x^n$.