



yugabyte**DB**

Migrating MySQL to Yugabyte using `ysql_loader`

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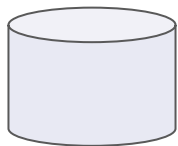
Yugabyte

Agenda

- Pre-work
- What is `ysql_loader`?
- Where can I Git it?
- How to use it?
 - configuration options
- How to run it!

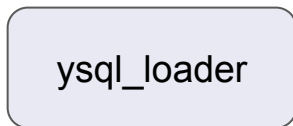
Workshop Configuration

On GCP

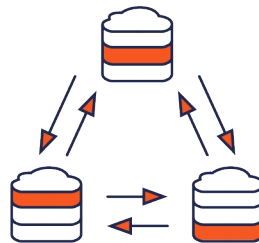


MySQL, MS SQL,
SQL Lite, Postgres

MacOS/VM



Yugabyte Cloud



For production migrations, ysql_loader should be installed on a separate server.
For this workshop, ysql_loader will be installed on Mac

Prep for Workshop


On your Mac/VM: `git clone https://github.com/yugabyte/yugabyte-ysql-loader-workshop`


Review Pre-Work PDF

- Create ybCloud instance
- Test connection to MySQL database
- Git `ysql_loader`

What is ysql_loader

- ysql_loader = pgloader (pgloader.io)
- Dimitri Fontaine: wrote and maintains of pgloader, Major Contributor to PostgreSQL, author of The Art of PostgreSQL
 - Open Source
 - ysql_loader forked from pgloader (Suranjan)





PGLOADER

[BLOG](#) [ABOUT](#) [LICENSING](#) [ROADMAP](#) [SERVICES](#) [WHITE PAPER](#)

pgloader loads data into PostgreSQL and allows you to implement [Continuous Migration](#) from your current database to PostgreSQL. Read the [White Paper](#) to learn how to limit risks and control your budget, and start your PostgreSQL migration today!

ysql_loader

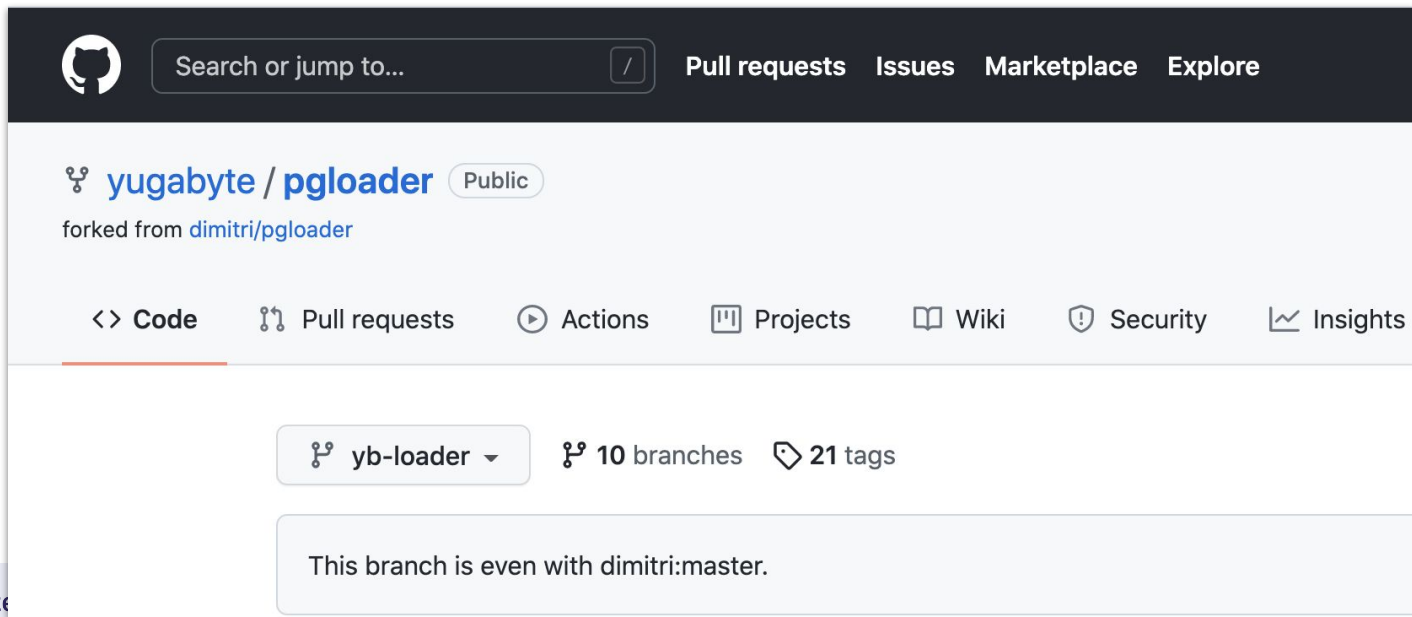
- Migrates database objects (tables, indexes, sequences) and loads data from files (CSV, Fixed, DBF, IXF) or directly connecting to source databases such as MySQL, SQL Lite, MS SQL and PostgreSQL
- Can load from flat files (CSV, Fixed Format) or directly connect and migrate entire databases to
- Follows a typical database migration workflow:
 - Create the target database on Yugabyte
 - Gather database objects from source database metadata catalog
 - Create Tables and Indexes
 - Copy table data using PostgreSQL COPY
 - Add the constraints, primary & foreign keys, and comments
- Has a rich set of options that allow you to customize ysql_loader to your exact needs.

Pgloader - how to Git it...

```
$git clone https://github.com/yugabyte/pgloader
```

```
$ cd pgloader
```

```
$ git checkout ysql_loader_dumpddl
```



pgloader - build it and they will migrate....

on Mac/VM

\$ git clone https://github.com/yugabyte/pgloader

#

GET ALL LIBRARIES

\$ apt-get install sbcl unzip libsqlite3-dev make curl gawk freetds-dev libzip-dev

\$ cd /path/to/pgloader

\$ git checkout ysql_loader_dumpddl

\$ make pgloader

#

purposely renamed, but you could use pgloader

\$ sudo cp /build/bin/pgloader /usr/bin/ysql_loader

pgloader(Docker) - build it and they will migrate

```
$ git clone https://github.com/yugabyte/pgloader
```

```
$ git checkout ysql_loader_dumpddl
```

```
$ cd /path/to/pgloader
```

```
$ sudo docker -t ysql-loader:v1.3 build .
```

pgloader command-file options

Configuration Sections

- **Database Source: FROM**
- **Migration Options: WITH**
- **Casting Rules: CAST**
- **Partial Migration: INCLUDING/EXCLUDING NAMES**
- **Encoding Support**
- **Schema Transformations**
- **View Support**

Check out: <https://pgloader.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html>

Pgloader command options - FROM

LOAD DATABASE

```
FROM mysql://root:<password>@IP.Addr:3306/ml_migratedb  
INTO postgresql://yugabyte:<password>@IP.Addr:5433/ml_migratedb;
```

Determines the source and targets

Pre-migration checks: test the login and password and IP to make sure you can access both the source database and YugabyteDB from the wherever ysql_loader was installed.

Checkpoint

Have you created a ybCloud cluster?

Have you download mysqlsh and tested connectivity?

Have you git cloned yugabyte/ysql_loader and started a build?

If everything is ready...

- 1) Open config1.load, modify the hostname string on the postgresql line to be your ybCloud hostname
- 2) run pgloader using config1.load

Hint: `../pgloader/build/bin/pgloader --verbose config1.load`

Pgloader command options - WITH

```
LOAD DATABASE
```

```
FROM mysql://root:<password>@IP.Ad.dre.ss:3306/ml_migratedb
```

```
INTO postgresql://yugabyte:<password>@IP.Ad.dres.ss:5433/ml_migratedb
```

```
WITH batch rows = 500, truncate
```

```
--BATCH ROWS best practice: 200-300. Do not exceed 1000.
```

```
;
```

Default WITH options with MySQL:

- no truncate
- create tables
- include drop
- create indexes
- reset sequences
- foreign keys
- **downcase identifiers** - be mindful of tables with same name but differ by capitalization.
- **uniquify index names** - PG index names have to be unique per-schema (MySQL is per-table)

Pgloader command options - INCLUDING/EXCLUDING

LOAD DATABASE

FROM mysql://root:<password>@IP.Ad.dres.ss:3306/ml_migratedb

INTO postgresql://yugabyte:<password>@IP.Ad.dres.ss:5433/ml_migratedb

WITH batch rows = 1000, truncate

INCLUDING ONLY TABLE NAMES MATCHING ~/ml_/, 'orders_orig'

EXCLUDING TABLE NAMES MATCHING ~<orig>

;

INCLUDING: comma separated list of table names or regular expression used to limit the tables.

EXCLUDING: comma separated list of table names or regular expressions used to limit the tables, HOWEVER, This filter only affects the result of the INCLUDING filter.

Pgloader command options - CAST

LOAD DATABASE

FROM mysql://root:<password>@IP.Ad.dres.ss:3306/ml_migratedb

INTO postgresql://yugabyte:<password>@IP.Ad.dres.ss:5433/ml_migratedb

WITH batch rows = 1000, truncate

INCLUDING ONLY TABLE NAMES MATCHING ~/ml_/, 'orders_orig'

EXCLUDING TABLE NAMES MATCHING ~<orig>

CAST

type tinyint to smallint drop typemod

;

MySQL TINYINT(1) supports values 0,1,2,3

PostgreSQL has BOOLEAN, but it only supports

- TRUE, 't', 'true', 'y', 'yes', 'on', '1' or FALSE, 'f', 'false', 'n', 'no', 'off', '0'
- To retain values 2 and 3, you must convert the data type to a SMALLINT.

CAST does this automatically for you!

mysql_loader command options - CAST

MYSQL

```
mysql> show full columns from ml_tinyint1;
```

Field	Type	Collation	Null	Key	Default	Extra
id	int(10) unsigned zerofill	NULL	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
ti_col	tinyint(1)	NULL	YES		NULL	
name	varchar(20)	latin1_swedish_ci	NO		NULL	

YugabyteDB

Converted to SMALLINT

```
ml_migratedb=# \d+ ml_tinyint1
```

Column	Type	Collation	Nullable	Default
id	bigint		not null	nextval('ml_tinyint1_id_seq'::regclass)
ti_col	smallint			
name	character varying(20)		not null	

Indexes:
"ml_tinyint1_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, lsm (id HASH)

Data type considerations

Data Type	MySQL	PostgreSQL
Integers(bytes)	TINYINT(1), SMALLINT(2), MEDIUMINT(3), INT(4), BIGINT(8)	SMALLINT(2), INTEGER(4), BIGINT(8)
Text	TINYTEXT, TEXT, MEDIUMTEXT, LONGTEXT	TEXT
Number	DECIMAL, NUMERIC	DECIMAL, NUMERIC
Double	DOUBLE	DOUBLE

mysql_loader command options - RESET SEQUENCES

MySQL

```
mysql> select max(id) from ml_order_line;
```

```
+-----+  
| max(id) |  
+-----+  
|  924280 |  
+-----+
```

MySQL: ml_order_line table has a sequence called **ml_order_line_id_seq**

Yugabyte

In ybdb: the max value is preserved and next value ready to use.

```
[ml_migratedb=# select nextval('ml_order_line_id_seq');  
nextval  
-----  
 924281  
(1 row)
```

Let's run this!

Run pgloader using config2.load and config3.load

Config2.load - shows including/excluding functionality

Config3.load - shows CAST capabilities (tinyint to smallint)

Migrating MySQL to Yugabyte best practices

The workflow is similar, but we suggest the following extra steps:

- Use: DUMPDDL ONLY option
 - Provide a way to add YugabyteDB constructs and e.g provide #tablets, colocated table, geo partitioned table
- Use the DATA ONLY option to move data after database and tables have been created

Best Practices

- Create your database COLOCATED - `CREATE DATABASE company WITH COLOCATED = true;`
- Use Geo-Partitioning to pin data to a geographic location PARTITION BY LIST (geo_partition)
- Large tables (> 1M rows) should add SPLIT INTO x TABLETS to the CREATE TABLE statement

Please see <https://docs.yugabyte.com/latest/>

mysql_loader command options - DUMPDDL ONLY

LOAD DATABASE

FROM mysql://root:P8ssw0rd2@10.142.0.2:3306/ml_migratedb

INTO postgresql://yugabyte:yugabyte@10.204.0.5:5433/ml_migratedb

WITH dumpddl only

including only table names matching ~/ml_/, 'orders_orig'

CAST

type tinyint to smallint drop typemod

;

DDL extracted to file ddl.sql !

2021-09-17T22:23:22.396000Z LOG report summary reset									
	table name	errors	read	imported	bytes	total time	read	write	
	fetch meta data	0	6	6	0	0.095s			
	Create Schemas	0	0	0	0	0.007s			
	Create SQL Types	0	0	0	0	0.007s			
	Create tables	0	8	8	0	17.277s			
	Set Table OIDs	0	4	4	0	0.012s			
	create primary key	0	3	3	51000	16.375s			
	Index Build Completion	0	2	2	0	10.008s			
	Create Indexes	0	2	2	0	8.731s			
	Reset Sequences	0	0	0	0	1.076s			
	Primary Keys	0	0	0	0	0.000s			
	Create Foreign Keys	0	0	0	0	0.000s			
	Create Triggers	0	0	0	0	0.001s			
	Install Comments	0	1	1	0	0.026s			
	Total import time	✓	0	0	0	19.842s			

DUMPDDL ONLY - ddl.sql

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS ml_migratedb.ml_order_line CASCADE;
CREATE TABLE ml_migratedb.ml_order_line
(
  id          bigserial not null,
  ol_o_id     bigint not null,
  ol_d_id     smallint not null,
  ol_w_id     smallint not null,
  ol_number   smallint not null,
  ol_i_id     bigint,
  ol_supply_w_id smallint,
  ol_delivery_d timestamptz,
  ol_quantity smallint,
  ol_amount    decimal(6,2),
  ol_dist_info char(24)
) SPLIT INTO 24 TABLETS;

ALTER TABLE ml_migratedb.ml_order_line ADD PRIMARY KEY (id, ol_w_id, ol_d_id, ol_o_id, ol_number);
ALTER TABLE ml_migratedb.ml_orders ADD PRIMARY KEY (id, o_w_id, o_d_id, o_id);
ALTER TABLE ml_migratedb.ml_tinyint1 ADD PRIMARY KEY (id);
CREATE UNIQUE INDEX idx_ml_order_line_order_line_i1 ON ml_migratedb.ml_order_line (id);
CREATE UNIQUE INDEX idx_ml_orders_orders_i1 ON ml_migratedb.ml_orders (id);
```

mysql_loader command options - DATA ONLY

LOAD DATABASE

FROM mysql://root:P8ssw0rd2@10.142.0.2:3306/ml_migratedb

INTO postgresql://yugabyte:yugabyte@10.204.0.5:5433/ml_migratedb

WITH data only

including only table names matching ~/ml_/, 'orders_orig'

CAST

type tinyint to smallint drop typemod

;

2021-09-17T22:54:10.801000Z	LOG	report	summary	reset					
table name	errors	read	imported	bytes	total time	read	write		
fetch meta data	0	4	4		0.086s				
Drop Foreign Keys	0	0	0		0.000s				
ml_migratedb.ml_order_line	0	800000	800000	56.9 MB	2m32.413s	2m11.162s	2m29.125s		
ml_migratedb.ml_orders	0	80000	80000	3.5 MB	21.583s	0.632s	17.456s		
ml_migratedb.ml_tinyint1	0	201	201	4.3 kB	21.906s	0.002s			
ml_migratedb.orders_orig	0	30000	30000	1.2 MB	3.024s	0.214s	0.121s		
COPY Threads Completion	0	4	4		2m32.395s				
Reset Sequences	0	0	0		2.063s				
Create Foreign Keys	0	0	0		0.000s				
Install Comments	0	1	1		0.025s				
Total import time	✓	910201	910201	61.6 MB	2m34.483s				

Let's run this!

Run pgloader using config4.load and config5.load

Config4.load - shows DUMPDDL ONLY (look for the ddl.sql)

Let's modify the ddl.sql file

Config5.load - shows DATA ONLY

Running pgloader options

pgloader can be run by passing arguments or by passing a command-file

```
ybploader --help
ybploader [ option ... ] command-file ...
ybploader [ option ... ] SOURCE TARGET

--help -h            boolean Show usage and exit.
--version -V         boolean Displays pgloader version and exit.
--quiet -q           boolean Be quiet
--verbose -v         boolean Be verbose
--debug -d           boolean Display debug level information.
--client-min-messages string Filter logs seen at the console (default:
"warning")
--log-min-messages  string Filter logs seen in the logfile (default:
"notice")
--summary -S         string Filename where to copy the summary
--root-dir -D        string Output root directory. (default:
#P"/tmp/pgloader/")
--upgrade-config -U   boolean Output the command(s) corresponding
to .conf file for v2.x
--list-encodings -E   boolean List pgloader known encodings and exit.
--logfile -L         string Filename where to send the logs.
--load-lisp-file -l   string Read user code from files
```

```
--dry-run            boolean Only check database connections, don't
load anything.
--on-error-stop      boolean Refrain from handling errors
properly.
--no-ssl-cert-verification boolean Instruct OpenSSL to bypass
verifying certificates.
--context -C         string Command Context Variables
--with              string Load options
--set               string PostgreSQL options
--field             string Source file fields specification
--cast              string Specific cast rules
--type              string Force input source type
--encoding          string Source expected encoding
--before            string SQL script to run before loading the data
--after             string SQL script to run after loading the data
--self-upgrade       string Path to pgloader newer sources
--regress            boolean Drive regression testing
```

Running pgloader

Using the command file:

```
ysql_loader --verbose <cmd_file>
```

Or by running it from Docker...

```
docker run --rm --name pgloader \  
  -v <local_dir pgloader_config_dir>:<mount_path_in_container> \  
  yugabytedb/pgloader:v1.1 pgloader --verbose \  
  <mount_path_in_container>/<pgloader_config_file_in_local_dir>
```

example:

```
sudo docker run --rm --name pgloader \  
-v /home/ubuntu/Mlee/PgloaderDSS:/tmp \  
mleeyb/ysql-loader:v1.3 /bin/bash -c 'cd /tmp; pgloader' --verbose \  
/tmp/schmonly.conf
```

The migrated database summary

2021-09-17T22:10:25.494000Z LOG report summary reset								
table name	errors	read	imported	# yb-hw	bytes	total time	read	write

fetch meta data	0	6	#6	yb-platform	0.100s			
Create Schemas	0	0	#0	yb-releases	0.006s			
Create SQL Types	0	0	#0	yb-support-all	0.008s			
Create tables	0	8	#8	yb-support-amex	18.274s			
Set Table OIDs	0	4	#4	yb-support-cisco	0.012s			
create primary key	0	3	#3		16.418s			

ml_migratedb.ml_order_line	0	800000	800000	yb-s	56.9 MB	1m10.368s	57.023s	1m7.093s
ml_migratedb.ml_orders	0	80000	80000	yb-s	3.5 MB	17.942s	0.666s	5.001s
ml_migratedb.orders_orig	0	30000	30000	yb-s	1.2 MB	10.493s	0.295s	0.078s
ml_migratedb.ml_tinyint1	0	201	201	yb-s	4.3 kB	0.038s	0.002s	0.001s

COPY Threads Completion	0	4	4		1m10.339s			
Index Build Completion	0	2	2		1m3.443s			
Create Indexes	0	2	2		1m0.745s			
Reset Sequences	0	0	0		2.386s			
Primary Keys	0	0	0		0.000s			
Create Foreign Keys	0	0	0		0.000s			
Create Triggers	0	0	0		0.001s			
Install Comments	0	1	1		0.025s			

Total import time	✓	910201	910201		61.6 MB	3m16.939s		

Phases of the Yugabyte Database Modernization Journey

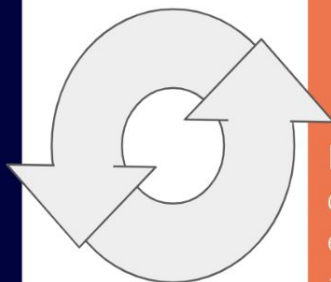
Discovery & Planning

Assess your data infrastructure to determine best services based on business needs. Create an incremental plan for modernization, starting with 1-2 workloads based on effort and business impact.

Database Migration

Use automated migration tools and transformation management processes to **replatform** or **refactor** the database footprint to modern cloud native RDBMS.

Select additional
use cases



Share learnings
with CoE

Center of Excellence

Ensure a smooth operational transition during and after migrations through enablement, health assessments, onboarding, and process management.

Summary

- Migrate MySQL, MS SQL, SQL Lite, and Postgres databases to YugabyteDB
- Flexible command options to customize the migration
- Proven, Open Source migration tool
- Optimized to work with YugabyteDB

References/Acknowledgements

- YSQL Loader: <https://docs.yugabyte.com/latest/integrations/ysql-loader/#root>
- pgloader documentation: <https://pgloader.readthedocs.io/en/latest/intro.html>
- Yugabyte Branch of pgloader: <https://github.com/yugabyte/pgloader>



yugabyte**DB**

Thank You

Join us on Slack: yugabyte.com/slack

Star us on Github: github.com/yugabyte/yugabyte-db