



DevOps

-- Chidanand

Program Agenda

- Please Refer to Word document that was circulated earlier

Introductions



What is DevOps?

What is DevOps?

“It’s a movement of people who think its time for change in the IT industry – time to stop wasting money, time to start delivering great software and building systems that scale and last” – Patrick Debois

The DevOps movement, unlike Agile, lacks a manifesto!!

DevOps Definition

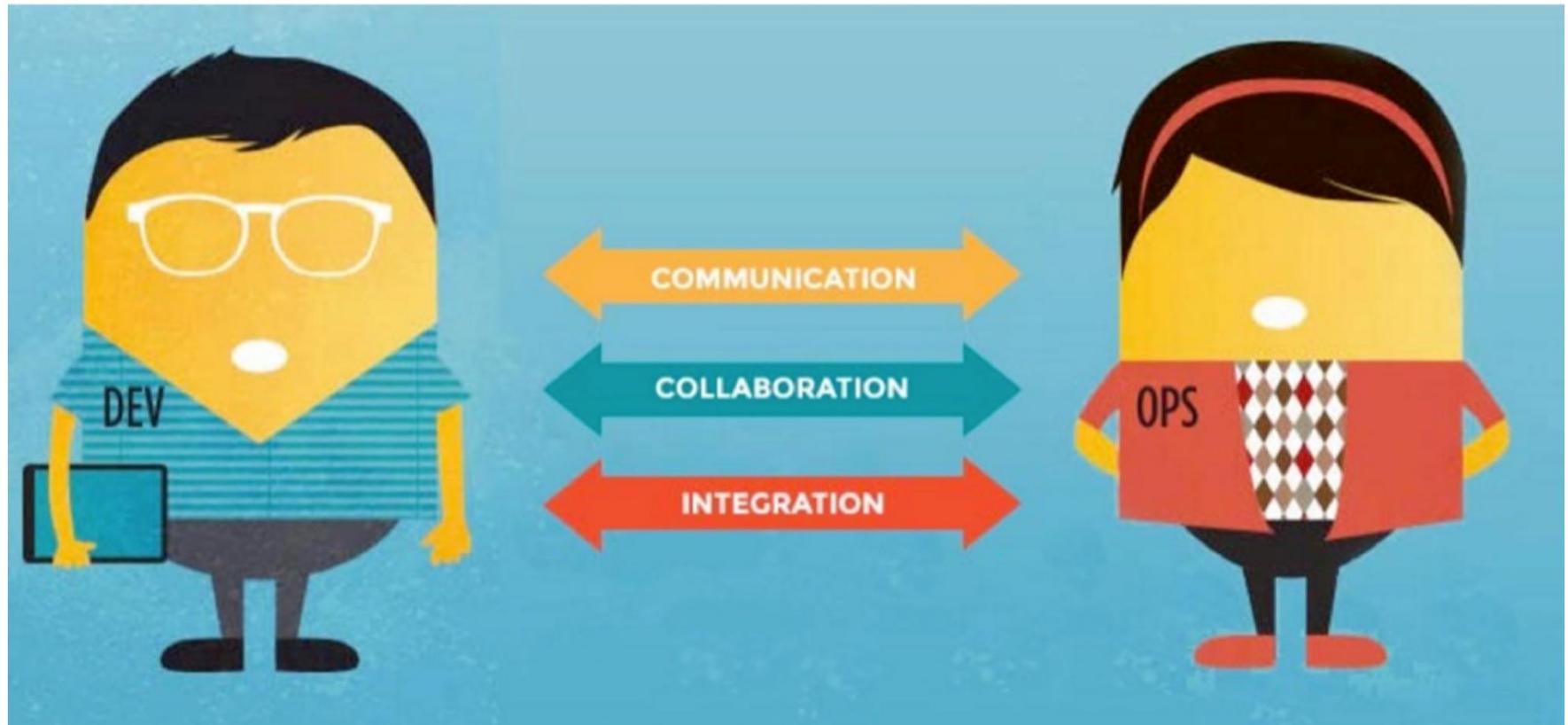
As defined by Bass, Weber, and Zhu

“DevOps is a set of practices intended to reduce the time between committing a change to a system and the change being placed into normal production, while ensuring high quality”

DevOps – Wiki Definition

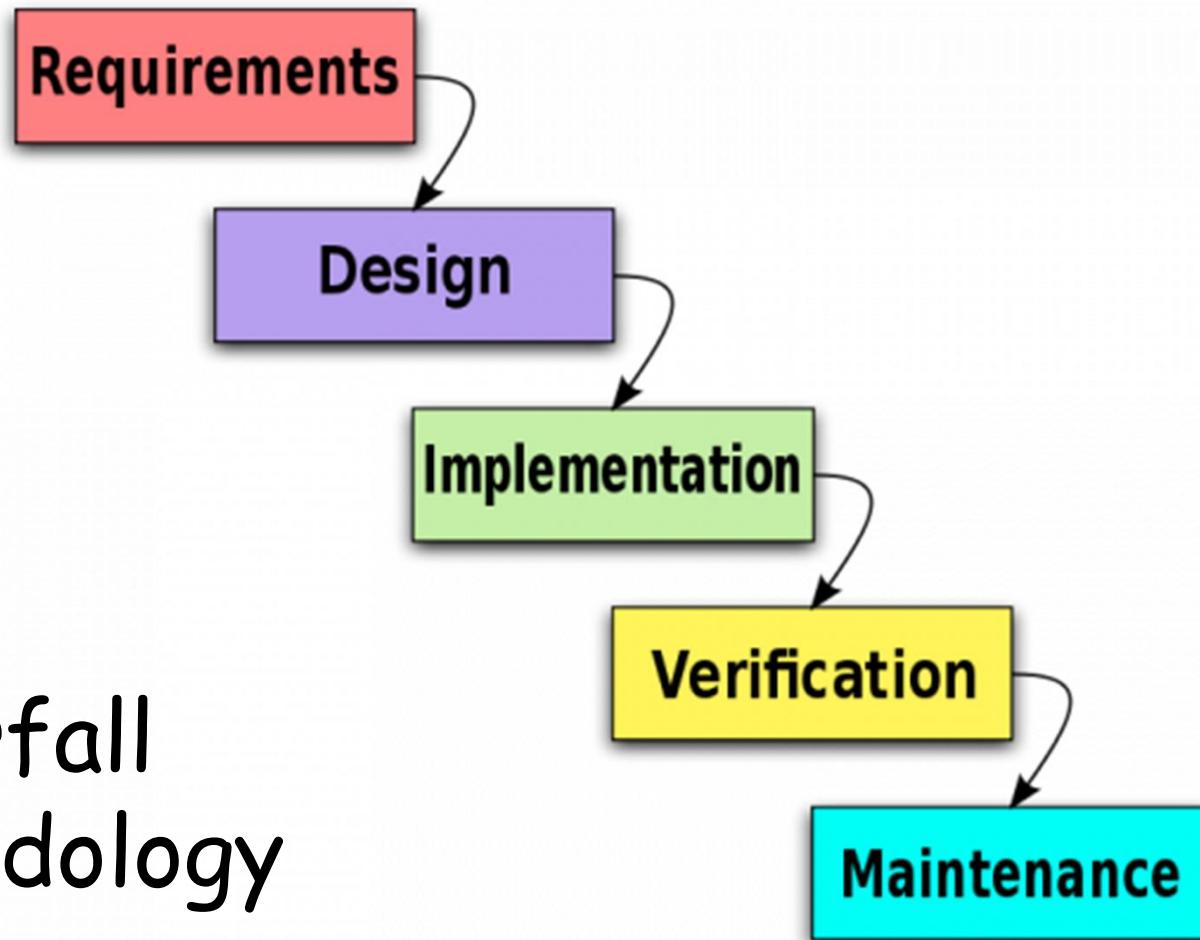
- Software Engineering culture and practice that aims at unifying software development (Dev) and software operation (Ops)
- Main characteristic is to use Automation & Monitoring at every step of software construction
- Shorter Dev Cycles, increased deployment frequency and more dependable releases

DevOps Philosophy



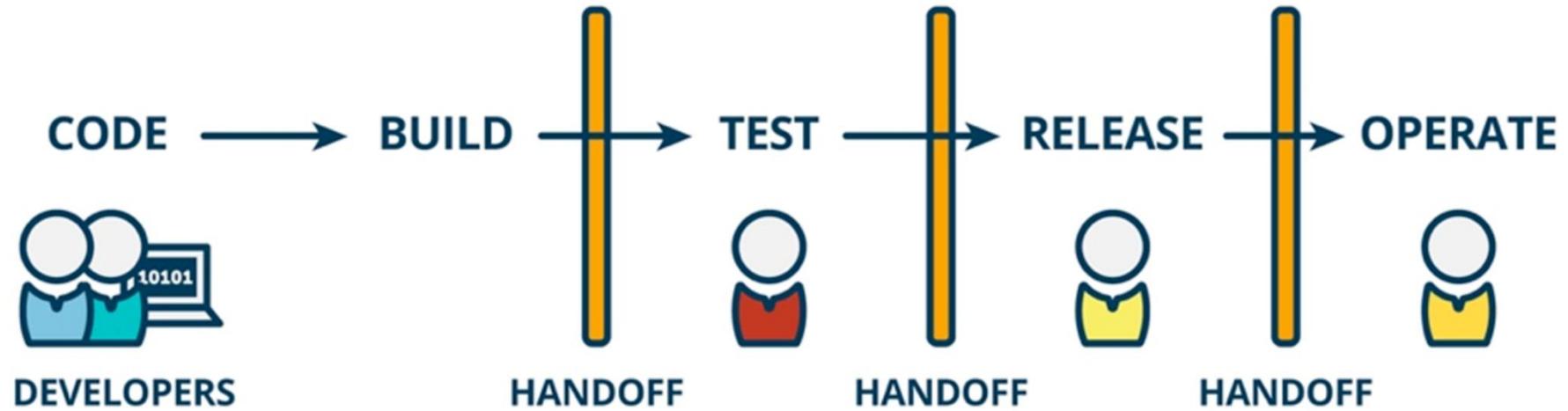
DevOps is the way in which a technology organization embeds itself in a business to the benefit of that business.

Once Upon a Time



Waterfall Methodology

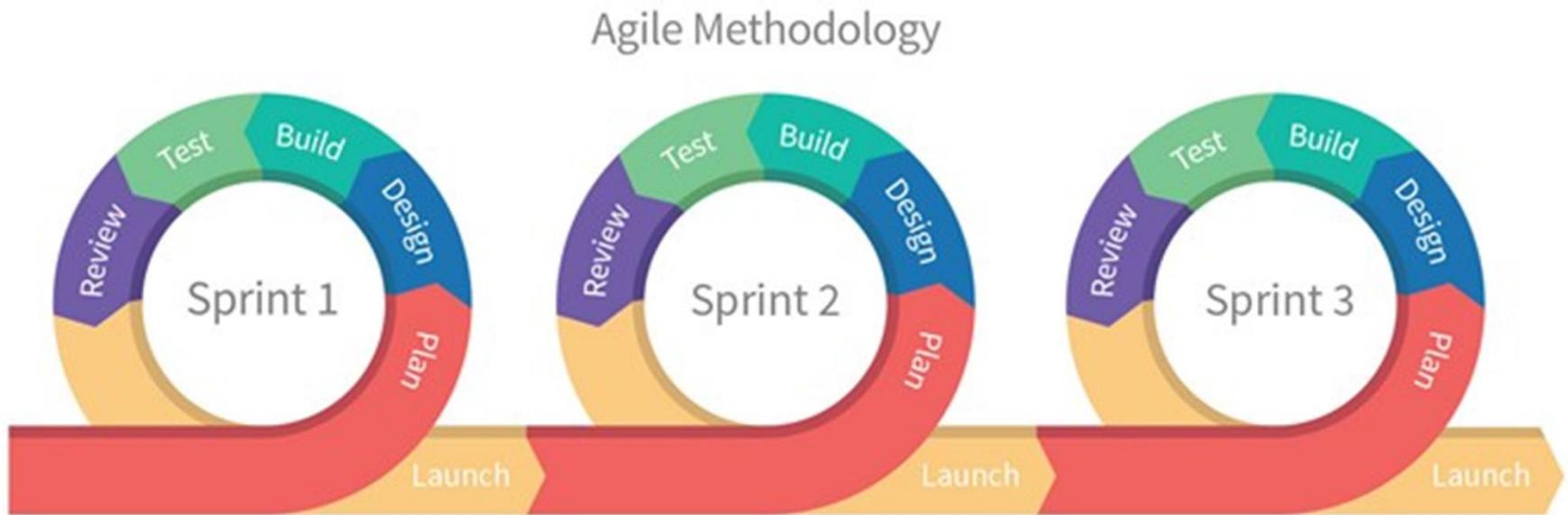
Once Upon a Time



Waterfall SDLC

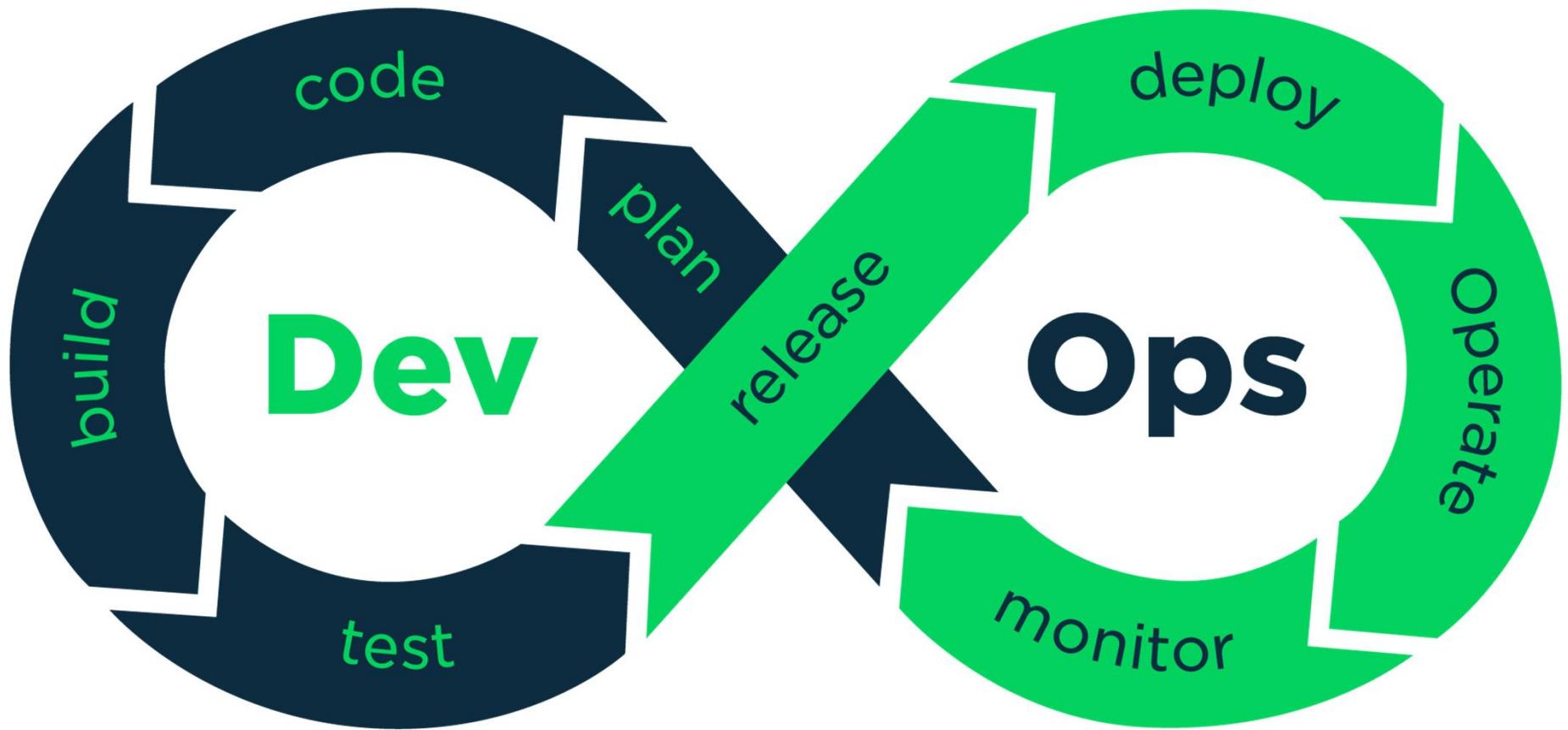
<http://www.mindtheproduct.com/2016/02/what-the-hell-are-ci-cd-and-devops-a-cheatsheet-for-the-rest-of-us/>

Not long ago....



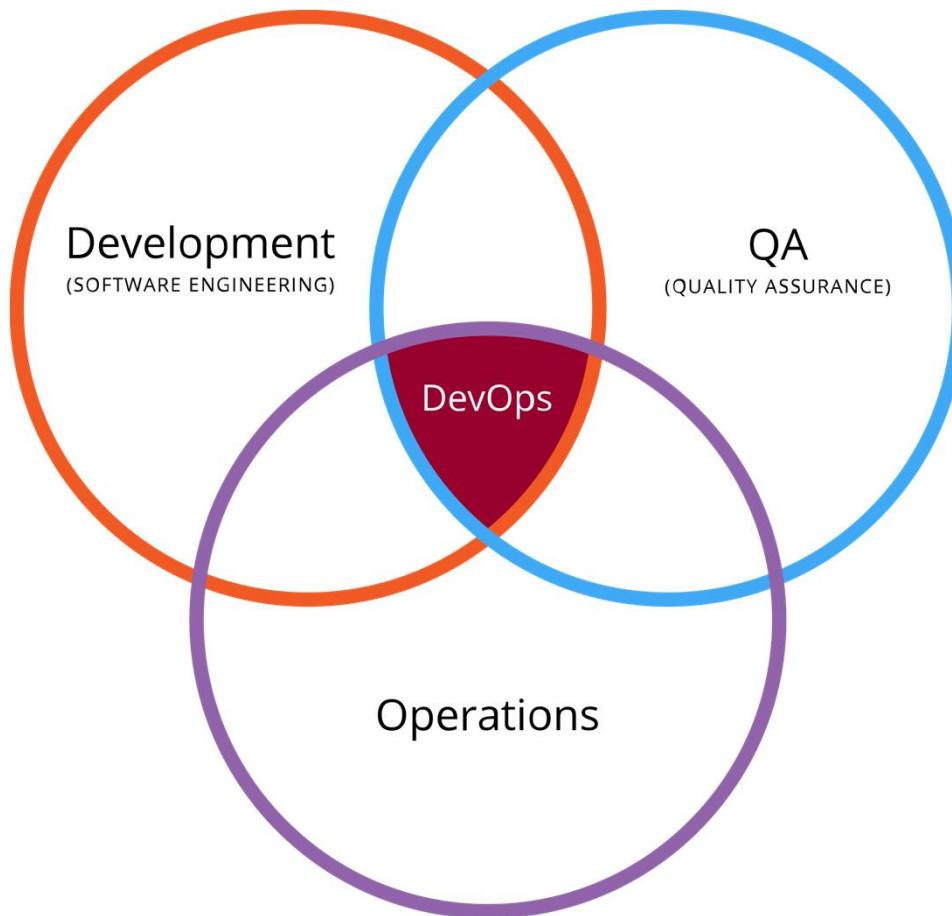
Agile & Incremental prototyping

Now (2018).....



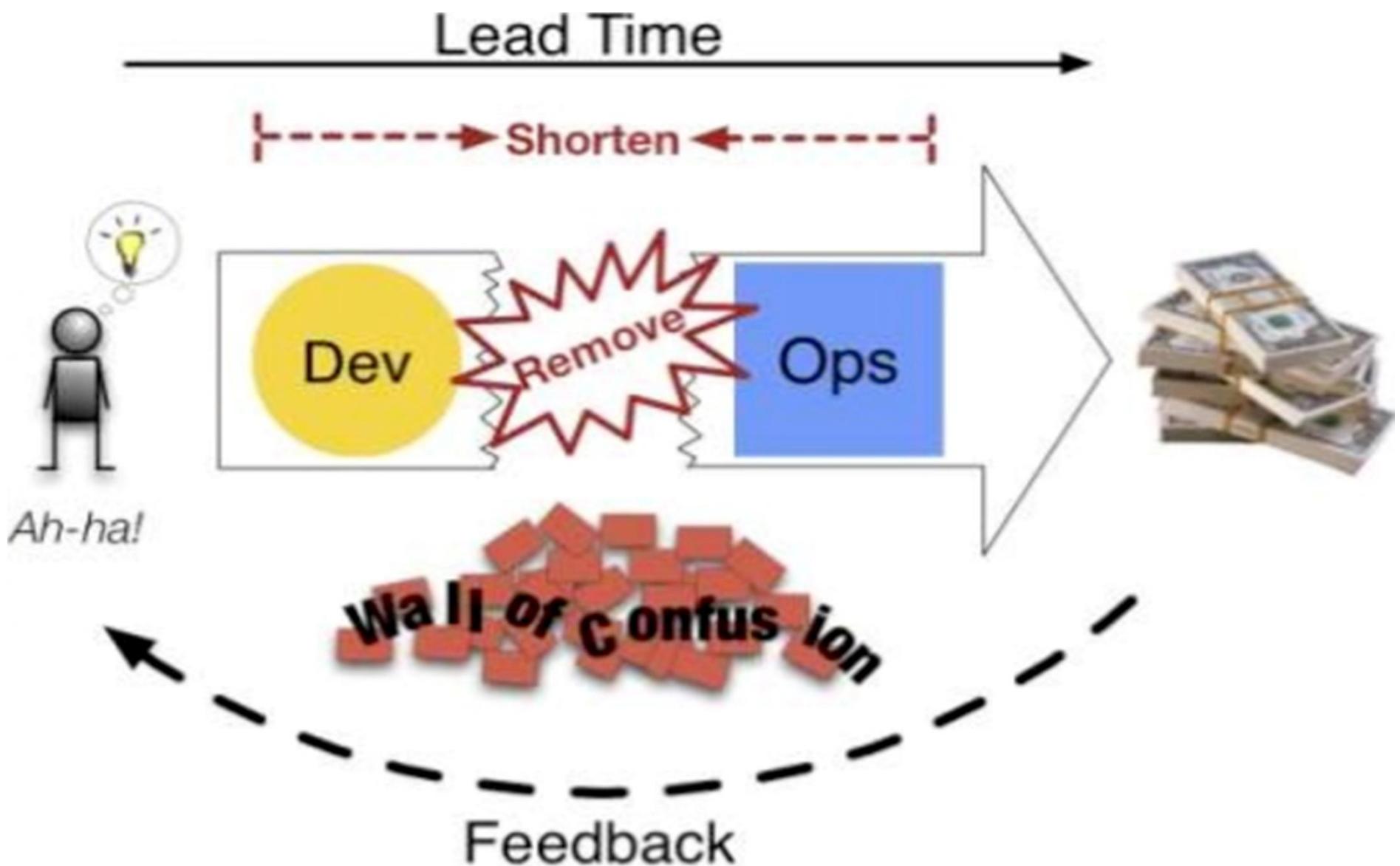
DevOps - Dev + Operations

Now (2018).....



DevOps - Dev + QA+ Operations

Why DevOps?

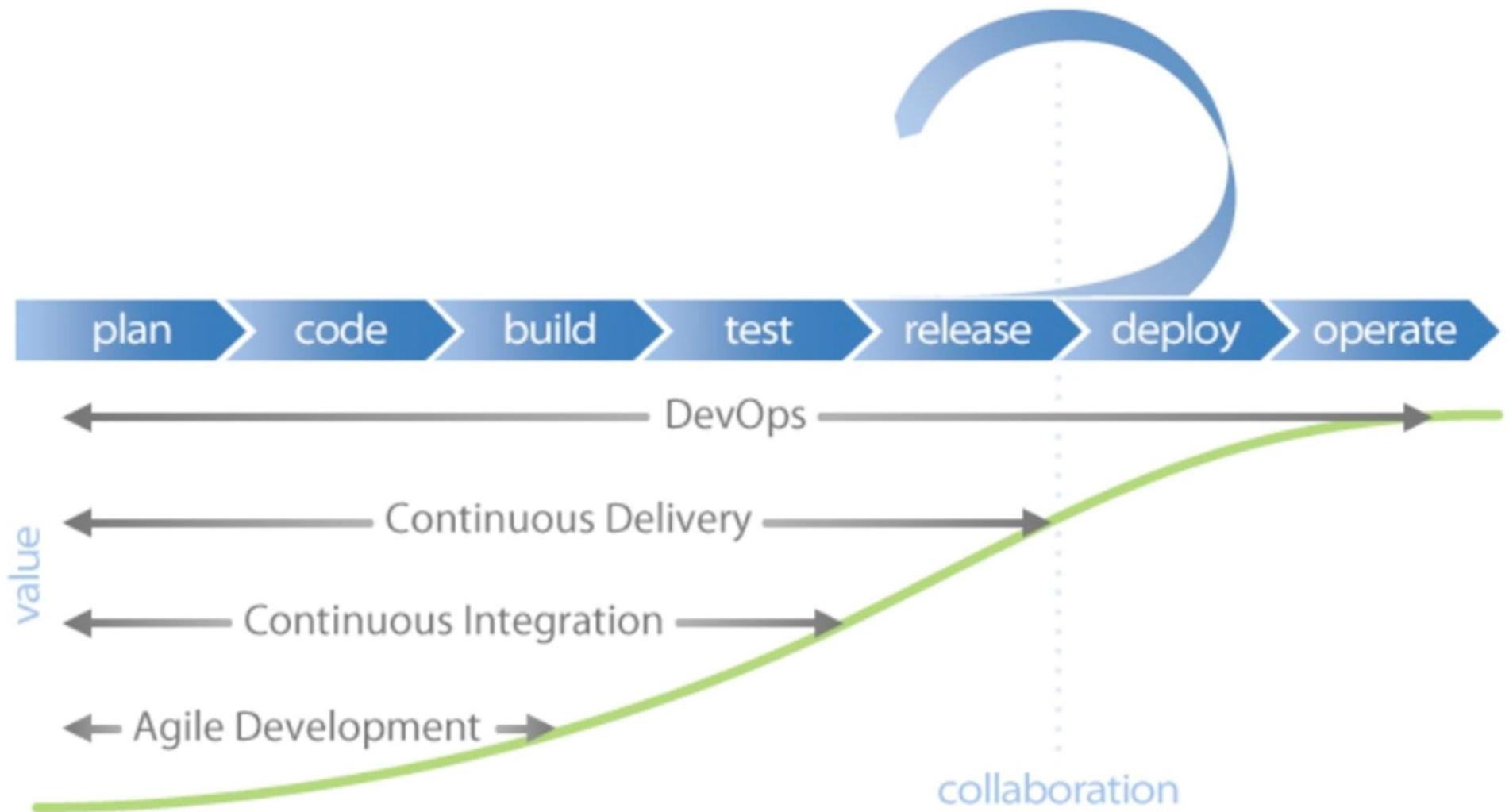


**WORKED FINE IN
DEV...**

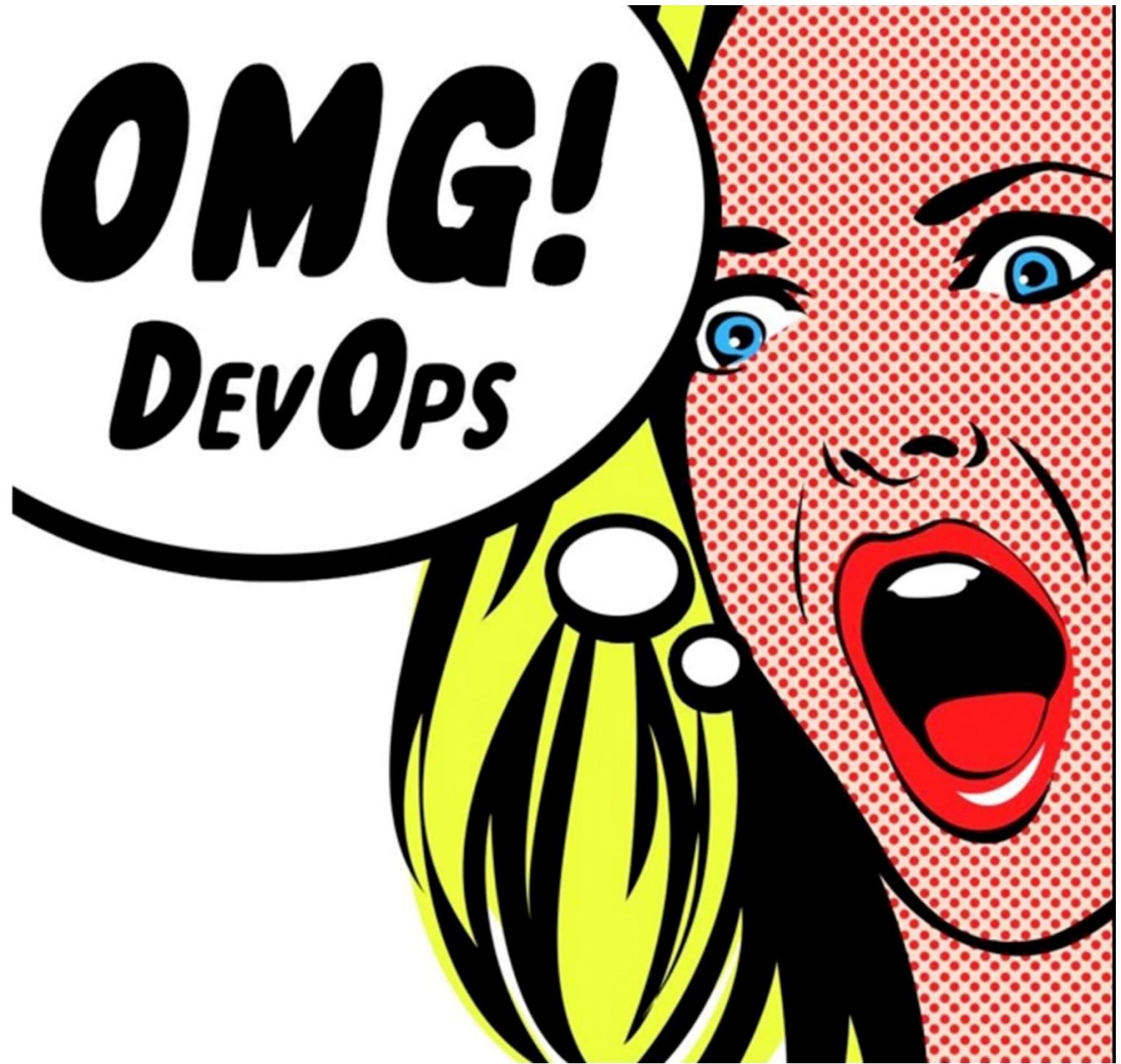
...OPS PROBLEM NOW

WORKS
ON MACHINES

Continuous.....

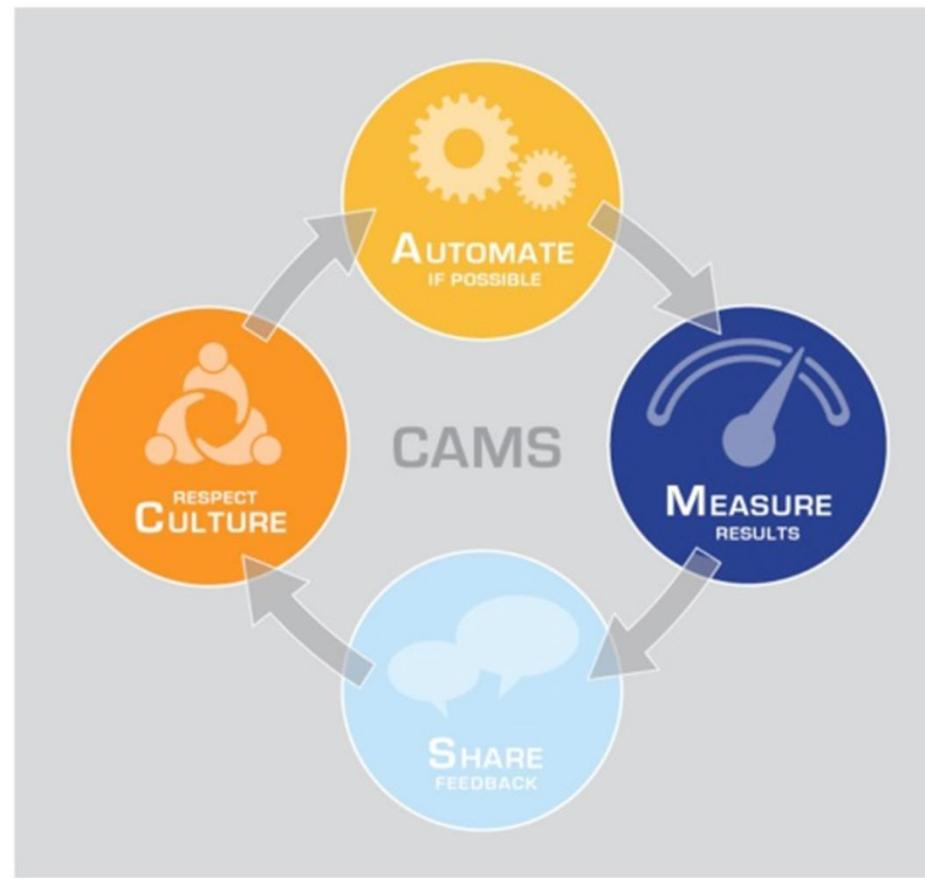


OMG!
DEVOPS



How to start DevOps?

DevOps Principles



<http://www.telehouse.com/2016/03/devops-how-a-culture-of-empathy-creates-massive-productivity/>

DevOps Principles

Culture => People, Process, Tools

Automation => Infrastructure as Code

Measurement => Measure everything

Sharing => Collaboration/Feedback

"DevOps is development and operations **collaboration**"

"DevOps is using **automation**"

"DevOps is **small** deployments"

It's DevOps!

It's DevOps!

It's DevOps!

"DevOps is treating your **infrastructure** as code"

"DevOps is feature **switches**"

"Kanban for Ops?"

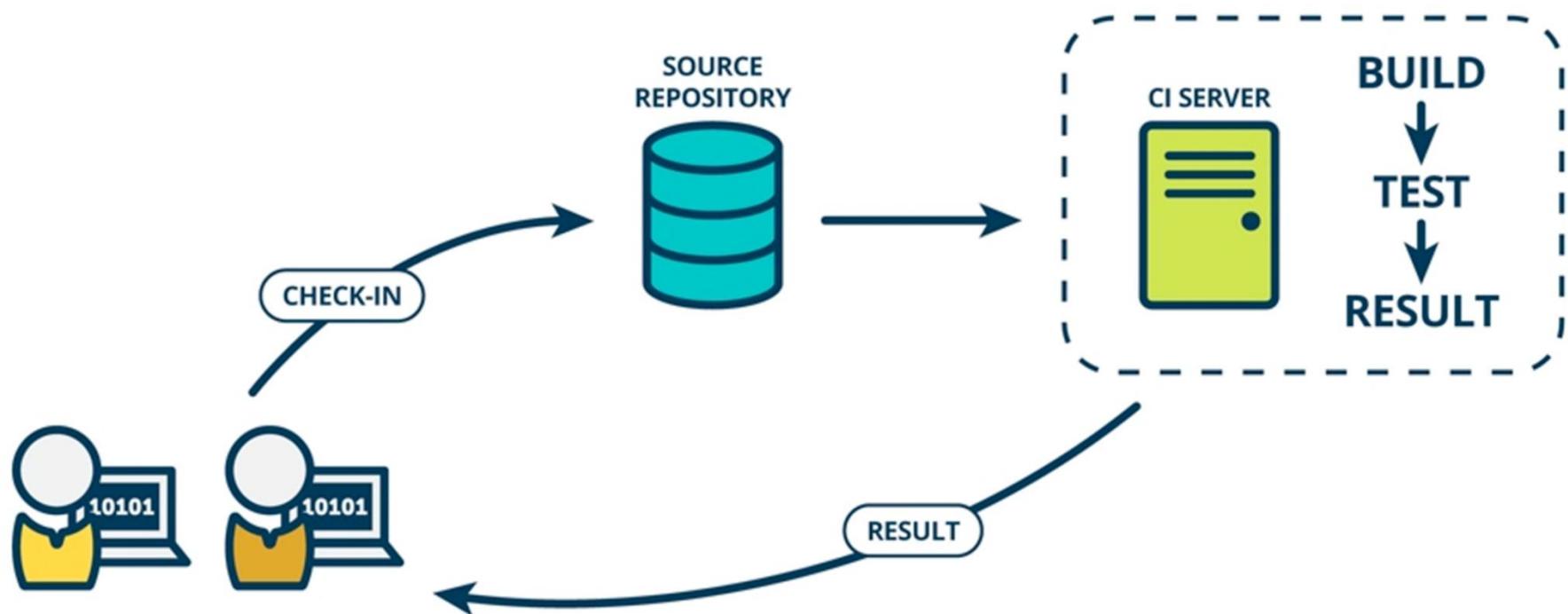
Continuous Integration

Continuous Integration is a software development practice where members of a team integrate their work frequently, usually each person integrates at least daily - leading to multiple integrations per day. Each integration is verified by an automated build (including test) to detect integration errors as quickly as possible.

Many teams find that this approach leads to significantly reduced integration problems and allows a team to develop cohesive software more rapidly. -

Martin Fowler

Continuous Integration







Jenkins

Bamboo



TeamCity

> goTM



Hudson





Jenkins

Bamboo

CI is about what people do
not about what tools they use



Visual Studio



Team Foundation Server

Hudson



travis



wercker



circleci

Continuous Delivery

Continuous delivery (CD) is a Software Engineering approach in which teams produce software in short cycles, ensuring that the software can be reliably released at any time

Building, testing & Releasing software more faster & more frequently

Continuous Deployment

Strategy for software releases wherein any code commit that passes the **automated** testing phase is automatically released into the production environment, making changes that are visible to the software's users.

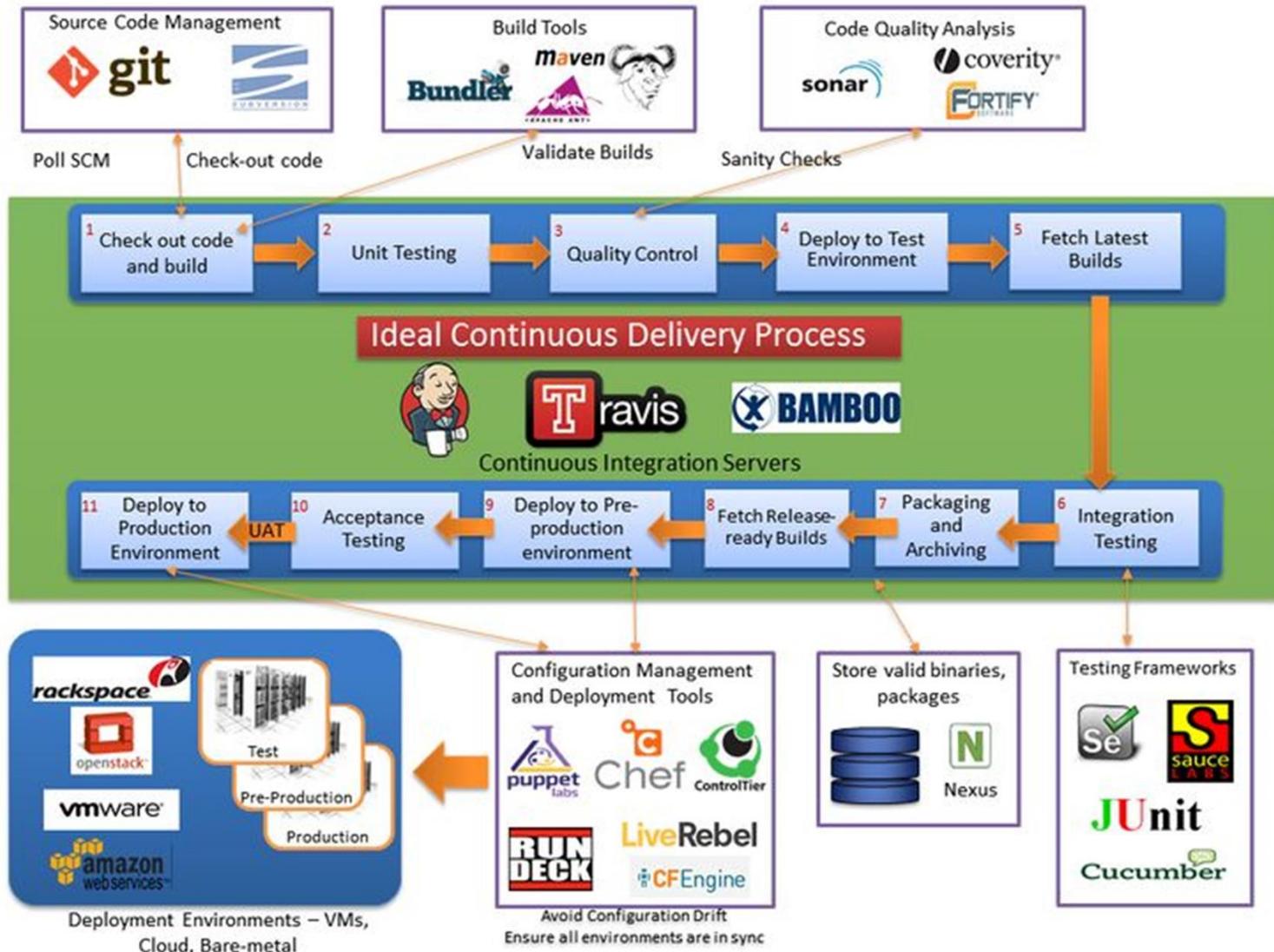
CONTINUOUS DELIVERY



CONTINUOUS DEPLOYMENT

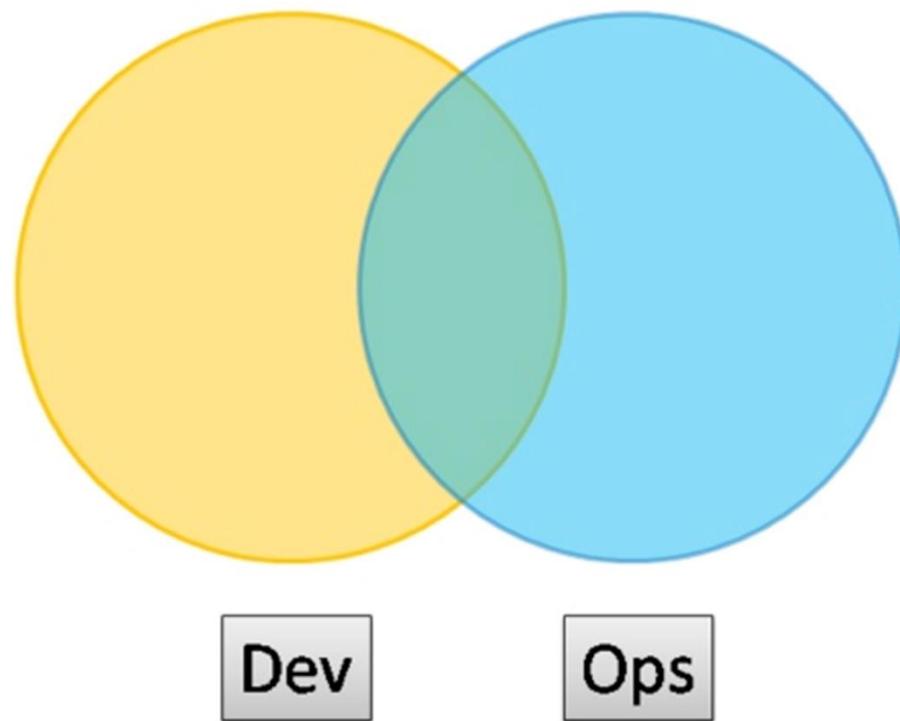


Delivery Pipeline



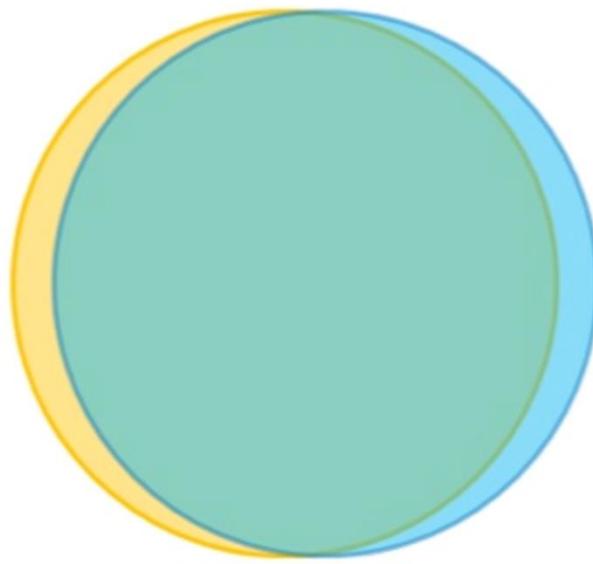
DevOps Team Topologies

Type 1 – Smooth Collaboration



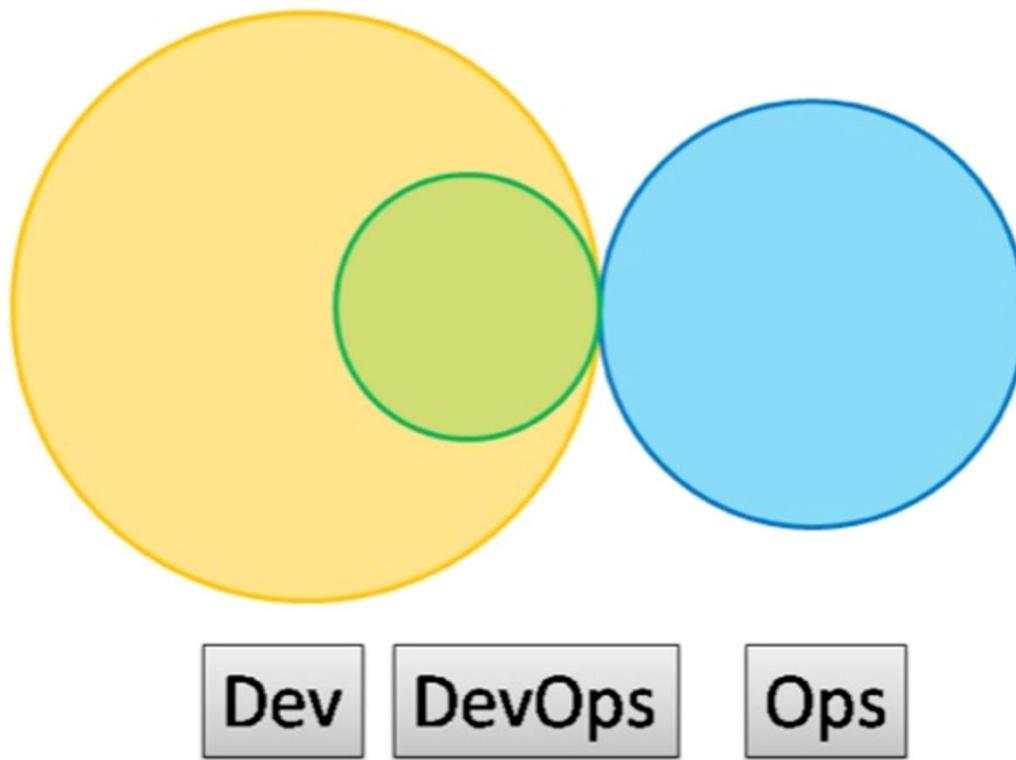
<https://blog.matthewskelton.net/2013/10/22/what-team-structure-is-right-for-devops-to-flourish/>

Type 2 – Fully Embedded



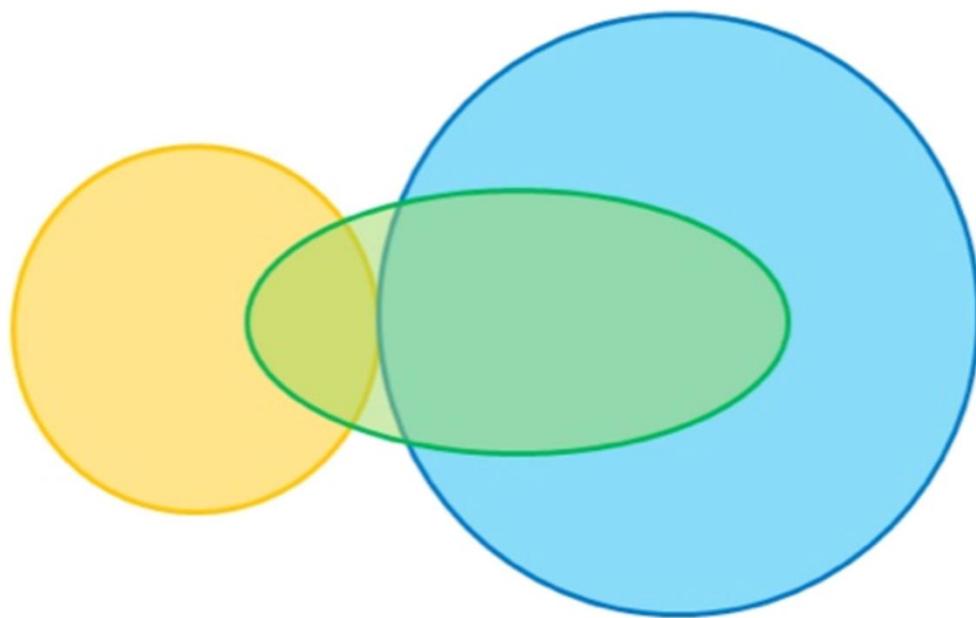
Dev | Ops

Type 3 – Infrastructure-as-a-Service



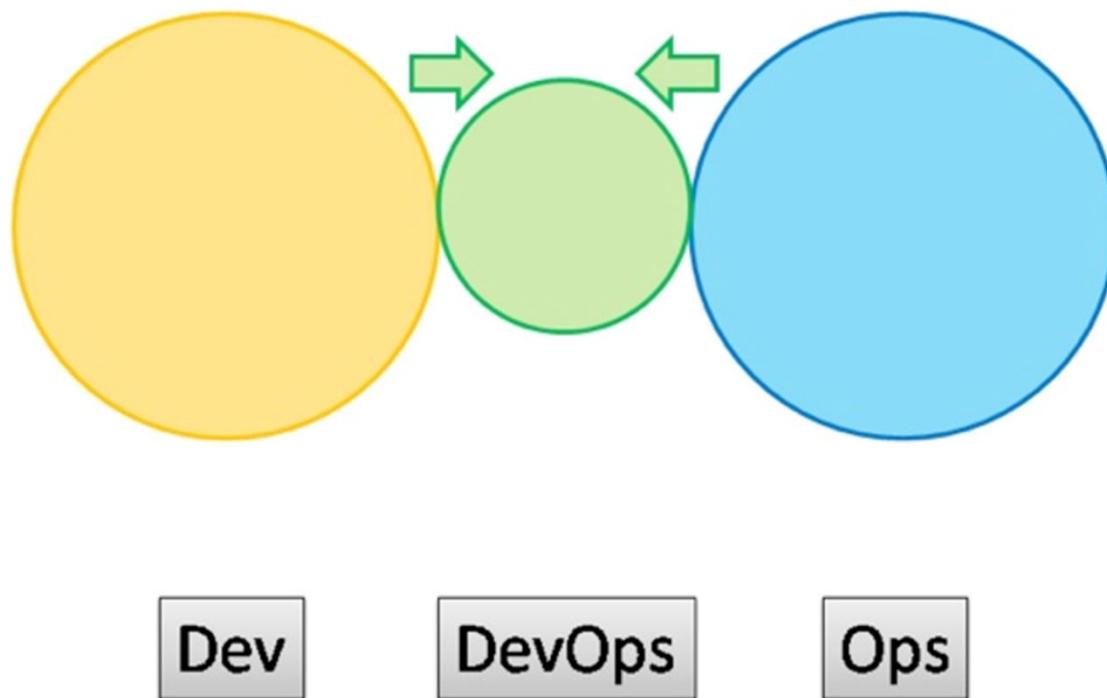
<https://blog.matthewskelton.net/2013/10/22/what-team-structure-is-right-for-devops-to-flourish/>

Type 4 – DevOps-as-a-Service



Dev **DevOps** **Ops**

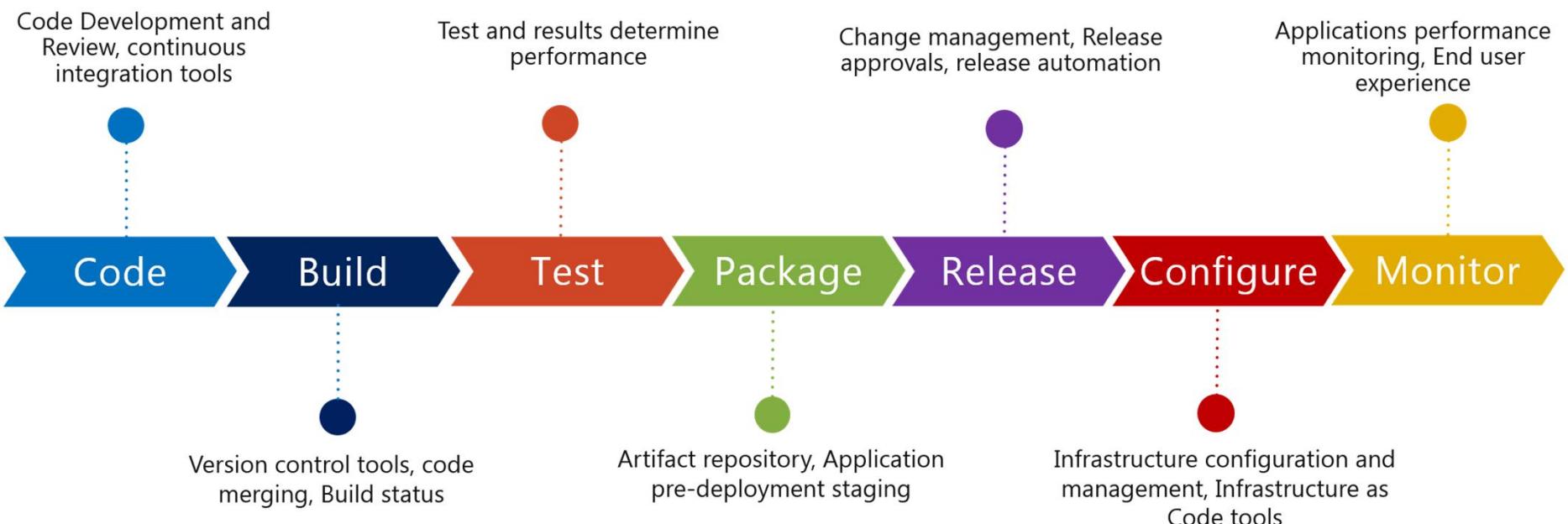
Type 5 – Temporary DevOps Team

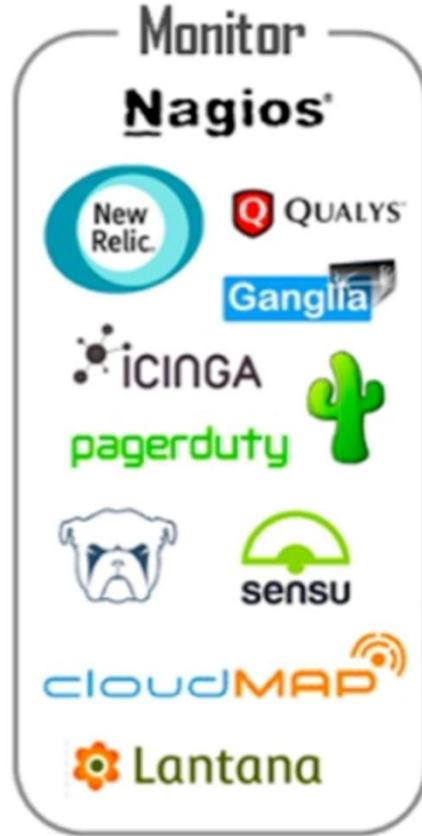
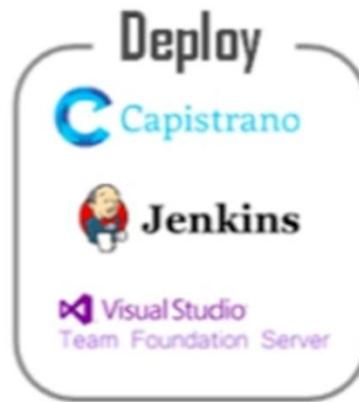


<https://blog.matthewskelton.net/2013/10/22/what-team-structure-is-right-for-devops-to-flourish/>

DevOps Tools ?

DevOps Toolchain





1	Fm	PERIODIC TABLE OF DEVOPS TOOLS (V2)																		2	Fm		
Gh		Os Open Source		Fr Free		Fm Freemium		Pd Paid		En Enterprise		SCM		Database Mgmt		Build		Download		Add		AWS	
Gh		Github																			AWS		
Gt	Os	Dm	Dbmaestro																		AWS	Amazon Web Services	
Bb	Fm	Lb	Liquibase																				
Gl	Os	Rg	Redgate	Mv	Gr	Ant	Fn	Se	Ga	Dh	Jn	Ba	Tr	Gd	Sf	Cn	Bc	Mo	Rs				
Sv	Os	Dt	Datical	Gt	Gp	Br	Cu	Cj	Qu	Npm	Cs	Vs	Cr	Cp	Ju	Rd	Cf	Ds	Op				
Hg	Os	Dp	Delphix	Sb	Mk	Ck	Jt	Jm	Tn	Ay	Tc	Sh	Cc	Ry	Oc	No	Kb	Hr					
Cw	En	Id	Idera	Msb	Rk	Pk	Mc	Xltv	Jm	Nx	Co	Ca	So	Xld	EB	Dp	Ud	Nm	Os				
				MSBuild	Rake	Packer	Mocha	XL TestView	Jasmine	Nexus	Continuum	Continua CI	Solano CI	XL Deploy	ElasticBox	Deploybot	UrbanCode Deploy	Nomad	OpenShift				
				XL Release	UrbanCode Release	BMC Release Process	HP Cedar	Automic	Plutora Release	Serena Release	Tfs	Team Foundation	Tr	Jira	HipChat	Slack	Flowdock	Pivotal Tracker	ServiceNow				
				Kibana	New Relic	Nagios	Zabbix	Datadog	Elasticsearch	StackState	Sp	Splunk	Le	Logentries	Sumo Logic	Logstash	Graylog	Snort	Tripwire	Fortify			

XebiaLabs
Deliver Faster

Follow @xebialabs

91	En	92	En	93	En	94	En	95	En	96	En	97	En	98	Pd	99	Fm	100	Pd	101	Fm	102	Fm	103	Fm	104	Pd	105	En
Xlr		Ur	Bm	Hp	Au	Pl	Sr	Tfs	Tr	Jr	Rf	Sl	Fd	Pv															
Kibana	Os	107	Fm	108	Os	109	Os	110	En	111	Os	112	En	113	En	114	Fm	115	Fm	116	Os	117	Os	118	Os	119	Os	120	En

<https://xebialabs.com/periodic-table-of-devops-tools/>

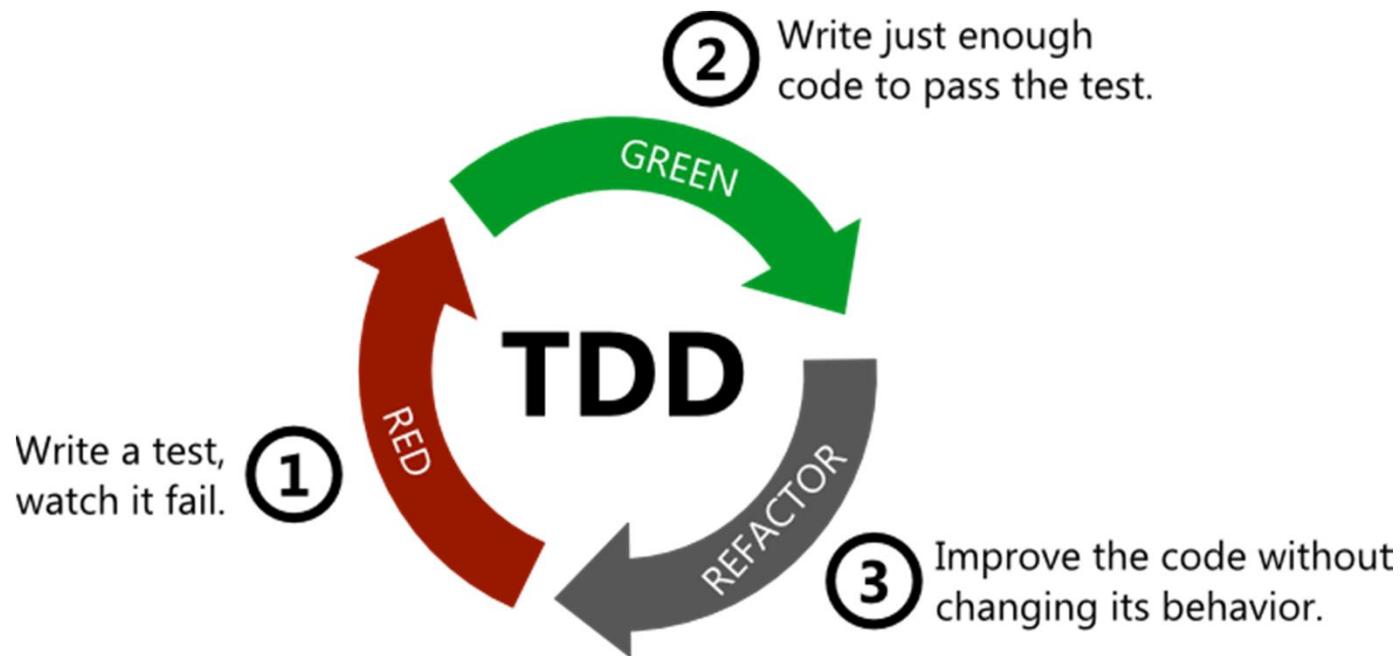
QA – Forgotten Hero

- Importance of Testing & Automation
- % of Automation
- Selenium, TestNG, JUnit
- Test Driven Development (TDD)

TDD Origins

- Originates from Extreme Programming
- Goals are to deliver clean well tested code
- Unit testing is paramount
- Try to produce minimum amount of code to deliver results
- Refactoring is strongly encouraged
- Work is performed in tight development cycles or Sprints

TDD Philosophy



Why TDD

- Produces thoroughly tested code
- High Test Coverage and low regression
- With high test coverage, refactoring is safe
- Code tends to be simplified and focused
- Tests are maintained along with code

When to use TDD

- New Projects
- Legacy Applications
- When Requirements are not clear
- TDD is good for bug fixing



Write tests to reproduce and verify that the bug causes the tests to fail



Fix the bug so that all tests pass



The tests ensure that the bug will not return

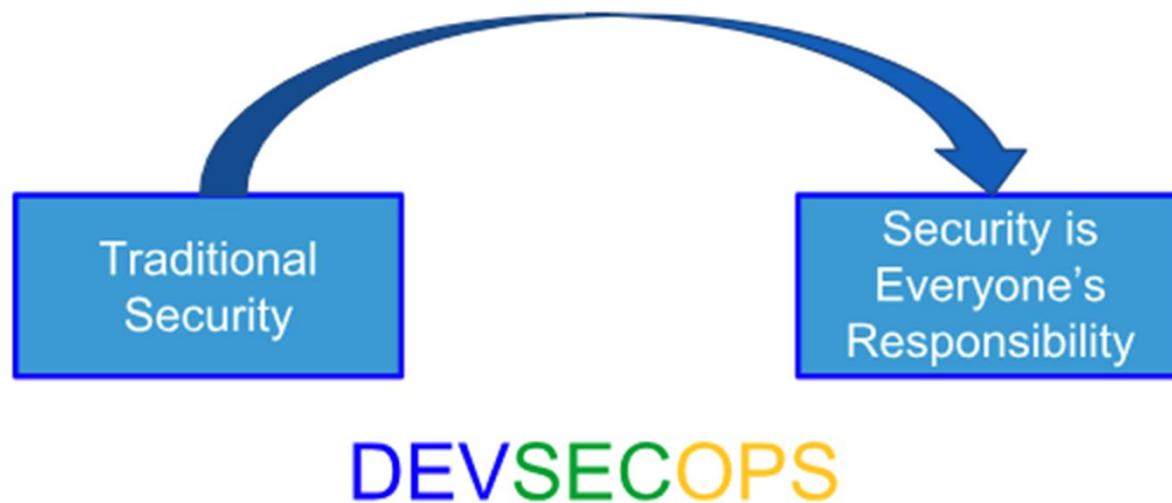
DevOps KPIs

Key Performance Indicators

- Deployment Frequency
- Deployment Speed
- Failure Rate
- Time to Recovery

DevSecOps

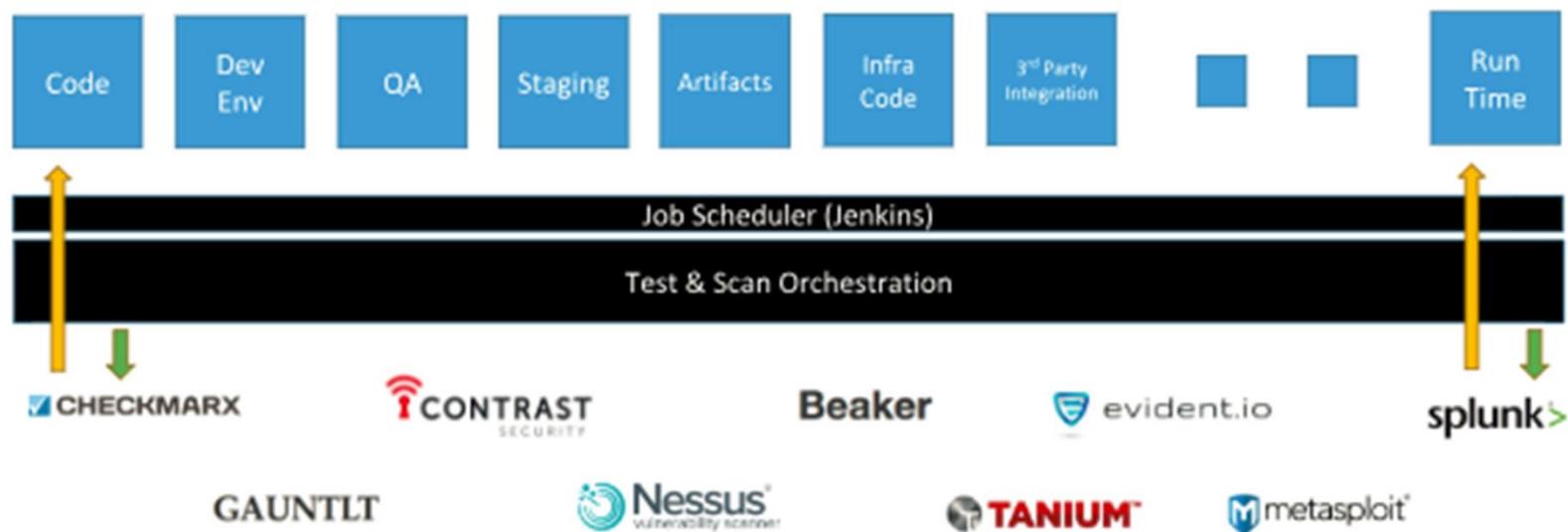
- DevOps transformation with baked in Security at each & every level



DevSecOps

- Security as Code

Automated Testing and Inspection in CICD



DevSecOps Implementation

- Shift Security Left – Use CI/CD Pipeline to embed security
- Self Service – Give Developers & Ops visibility into Security activities
- Security Champions – Pick & Encourage few folks to pick Security tasks

DevSecOps Implementation

- Everything as Code (EAC) –
Compliance as Code & hardening via
configuration management system
- Use Secure by default frameworks

Questions?