

Department of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine No.201, Sec. 2, Shipai Rd., Beitou District, Taipei City, Taiwan 11217, R.O.C.

Tel: 02-2875-7449

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Sample Information

Patient Name: 蔡滄能 Gender: Male ID No.: W100120875 History No.: 18088089

Age: 64

Ordering Doctor: DOC5310D 曾彥寒

Ordering REQ.: D772L6M Signing in Date: 2023/07/21

Path No.: M112-00188 **MP No.:** F23057

Assay: Oncomine Focus Assay

Sample Type: FFPE Block No.: S112-30078G Percentage of tumor cells: 40%

Reporting Doctor: DOC5466K 葉奕成 (Phone: 8#5466)

Note:

Sample Cancer Type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

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Relevant Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variants

Gene	Finding	Gene	Finding	
ALK	None detected	NTRK1	None detected	
BRAF	None detected	NTRK2	None detected	
EGFR	EGFR exon 19 deletion	NTRK3	None detected	
ERBB2	None detected	RET	None detected	
KRAS	None detected	ROS1	None detected	
MET	None detected			

Date: 21 Jul 2023

Relevant Biomarkers

Tier	Genomic Alteration	Relevant Therapies (In this cancer type)	Relevant Therapies (In other cancer type)	Clinical Trials
IA	EGFR exon 19 deletion epidermal growth factor receptor Allele Frequency: 17.64%	afatinib 1,2 bevacizumab* + erlotinib 2 dacomitinib 1,2 erlotinib 1,2 erlotinib + ramucirumab 1,2 gefitinib 1,2 osimertinib 1,2 atezolizumab + bevacizumab + chemotherapy gefitinib + chemotherapy	None	14

Public data sources included in relevant therapies: FDA1, NCCN, EMA2, ESMO

Tier Reference: Li et al. Standards and Guidelines for the Interpretation and Reporting of Sequence Variants in Cancer: A Joint Consensus Recommendation of the Association for Molecular Pathology, American Society of Clinical Oncology, and College of American Pathologists. J Mol Diagn. 2017 Jan;19(1):4-23.

* Includes biosimilars/generics

Variants (Exclude variant in Taiwan BioBank with >1% allele frequency)

DNA Sequence Variants								
Gene	Amino Acid Change	Coding	Variant ID	Locus	Allele Frequency	Transcript	Variant Effect	Coverage
EGFR	p.(E746_A750del)	c.2236_2250delGAAT TAAGAGAAGCA	COSM6225	chr7:55242465	17.64%	NM_005228.5	nonframeshift Deletion	1961

Biomarker Descriptions

EGFR (epidermal growth factor receptor)

<u>Background:</u> The EGFR gene encodes the epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) tyrosine kinase, a member of the ERBB/human epidermal growth factor receptor (HER) family. In addition to EGFR/ERBB1/HER1, other members of the ERBB/HER family include ERBB2/HER2, ERBB3/HER3, and ERBB4/HER4¹. EGFR ligand induced dimerization results in kinase activation and leads to stimulation of oncogenic signaling pathways including the PI3K/AKT/MTOR and RAS/RAF/MEK/ERK pathways. Activation of these pathways promote cell proliferation, differentiation, and survival^{2,3}.

Alterations and prevalence: Recurrent somatic mutations in the tyrosine kinase domain (TKD) of EGFR are observed in approximately 10-20% of lung adenocarcinoma, and at higher frequencies in never-smoker, female, and Asian populations^{4,5,6,7}. The most common mutations occur near the ATP-binding pocket of the TKD and include short in-frame deletions in exon 19 (EGFR exon 19 deletion) and the L858R amino acid substitution in exon 21⁸. These mutations constitutively activate EGFR resulting in downstream signaling, and represent 80% of the EGFR mutations observed in lung cancer. A second group of less prevalent activating mutations include E709K, G719X, S768I, L861Q, and short in-frame insertion mutations in exon 20^{9,10,11,12}. EGFR activating mutations in lung cancer tend to be mutually exclusive to KRAS activating mutations¹³. In contrast, a different set of recurrent activating EGFR mutations in the extracellular domain include R108K, A289V and G598V and are primarily observed in glioblastoma^{8,14}. Amplification of EGFR is observed in several cancer types including 30% of glioblastoma, 12% of esophageal cancer, 10% of head and neck cancer, 5% of bladder cancer, and 5% of lung squamous cell carcinoma^{5,6,7,14,15}. Deletion of exons 2-7, encoding the extracellular domain of EGFR (EGFRVIII), results in overexpression of a ligand-independent constitutively active protein and is observed in approximately 30% of glioblastoma^{16,17,18}.

Potential relevance: Approved first-generation EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitors (TKIs) include erlotinib¹9 (2004) and gefitinib²0 (2015), which block the activation of downstream signaling by reversible interaction with the ATP-binding site. Although initially approved for advanced lung cancer, the discovery that drug sensitivity was associated with exon 19 and exon 21 activating mutations allowed first-generation TKIs to become subsequently approved for front-line therapy in lung cancer tumors containing exon 19 or exon 21 activating mutations. Second-generation TKIs afatinib²¹ (2013) and dacomitinib²² (2018) bind EGFR and other ERBB/HER gene family members irreversibly and were subsequently approved. First- and second-generation TKIs afatinib, dacomitinib, erlotinib, and gefitinib are recommended for the treatment NSCLC harboring EGFR exon 19 insertions, exon 19 deletions, point mutations L861Q, L858R, S768I, and codon 719 mutations, whereas most EGFR exon 20 insertions, except p.A763_Y764insFQEA, confer resistance to the same therapies²³.24,25,26. However, in 2021, the irreversible tyrosine kinase inhibitor, mobocertinib²² was FDA approved for the

Biomarker Descriptions (continued)

treatment of NSCLC with EGFR exon 20 insertion mutations. Additionally, in 2022, the FDA granted breakthrough therapy designation to the irreversible EGFR inhibitors, CLN-081 (TPC-064)²⁸ and sunvozertinib²⁹, for locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer harboring EGFR exon 20 insertion mutations. In lung cancer containing EGFR exon 19 or 21 activating mutations, treatment with TKIs is eventually associated with the emergence of drug resistance³⁰. The primary resistance mutation that emerges following treatment with first-generation TKI is T790M, accounting for 50-60% of resistant cases8. Third generation TKIs were developed to maintain sensitivity in the presence of T790M. Osimertinib³¹ (2015) is an irreversible inhibitor indicated for metastatic EGFR T790M positive lung cancer and for the first-line treatment of metastatic NSCLC containing EGFR exon 19 deletions or exon 21 L858R mutations. Like first-generation TKIs, treatment with osimertinib is associated with acquired resistance. In this case, resistance is associated with the C797S mutation and occurs in 22-44% of cases30. The T790M and C797S mutations may be each selected following sequential treatment with a first-generation TKI followed by a third-generation TKI or vice versa³². T790M and C797S can occur in either cis or trans allelic orientation³². If C797S is observed following progression after treatment with a third-generation TKI in the first-line setting, sensitivity may be retained to first-generation TKIs³². If C797S co-occurs in trans with T790M following sequential treatment with first- and third-generation TKIs, patients may exhibit sensitivity to combination first- and third-generation TKIs, but resistance to third-generation TKIs alone^{32,33}. However, C797S occurring in cis conformation with T790M, confers resistance to first- and third-generation TKIs³². Fourth-generation TKIs are in development to overcome acquired C797S and T790M resistance mutations after osimertinib treatment. EGFR targeting antibodies including cetuximab (2004), panitumumab (2006), and necitumumab (2016) are under investigation in combination with EGFR-targeting TKIs for efficacy against EGFR mutations. The bispecific antibody, amivantamab34, targeting EGFR and MET was approved (2021) NSCLC tumors harboring EGFR exon 20 insertion mutations. The Oncoprex immunogene therapy quaratusugene ozeplasmid³⁵ in combination with osimertinib received a fast track designation from the FDA (2020) for NSCLC tumors harboring EGFR mutations that progressed on osimertinib alone. BDTX-18936 was granted a fast track designation (2020) for the treatment of solid tumors harboring an EGFR exon 20 insertion mutation.

Relevant Therapy Summary

In this cancer type	In this cancer	type and other car	ncer types	X No eviden	ce
EGFR exon 19 deletion					
Relevant Therapy	FDA	NCCN	EMA	ESMO	Clinical Trials*
osimertinib	•	•	•	•	(III)
afatinib	•	•	•		(II)
dacomitinib	•	•	•	•	×
erlotinib	•		•	•	×
erlotinib + ramucirumab	•	•	•	•	×
gefitinib	•	•	•	•	×
bevacizumab + erlotinib	×	•	•	•	×
bevacizumab (Allergan) + erlotinib	×	×	•	×	×
bevacizumab (Celltrion) + erlotinib	×	×	•	×	×
bevacizumab (Mabxience) + erlotinib	×	×	•	×	×
bevacizumab (Pfizer) + erlotinib	×	×	•	×	×
bevacizumab (Samsung Bioepis) + erlotinib	×	×	•	×	×
bevacizumab (Stada) + erlotinib	×	×	•	×	×
atezolizumab + bevacizumab + carboplatin + paclitaxel	×	×	×	•	×

^{*} Most advanced phase (IV, III, II/III, II, I/II, I) is shown and multiple clinical trials may be available.

Relevant Therapy Summary (continued)

■ In this cancer type
O In other cancer type
O In this cancer type and other cancer types
X No evidence

EGFR exon 19 deletion (continued)					
Relevant Therapy	FDA	NCCN	EMA	ESMO	Clinical Trials*
gefitinib + carboplatin + pemetrexed	×	×	×		×
amivantamab, lazertinib, chemotherapy	×	×	×	×	(III)
osimertinib, chemotherapy	×	×	×	×	(III)
patritumab deruxtecan	×	×	×	×	(III)
erlotinib, OBI-833	×	×	×	×	(II)
osimertinib, savolitinib	×	×	×	×	(II)
BLU-451, chemotherapy	×	×	×	×	(1/11)
BLU-945, osimertinib	×	×	×	×	(1/11)
sunvozertinib	×	×	×	×	(1/11)
ABBV 400	×	×	×	×	(I)
lazertinib, amivantamab	×	×	×	×	(I)
telisotuzumab vedotin, osimertinib	×	×	×	×	(I)
TNO-155, nazartinib	×	×	×	×	(I)

^{*} Most advanced phase (IV, III, II/III, II, I/II, I) is shown and multiple clinical trials may be available.

Relevant Therapy Details

Current FDA Information

In this cancer type
In other cancer type
In this cancer type and other cancer types

FDA information is current as of 2023-05-17. For the most up-to-date information, search www.fda.gov.

EGFR exon 19 deletion

afatinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2022-04-07 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Indications and usage:

GILOTRIF® is a kinase inhibitor indicated for:

• First-line treatment of patients with metastatic non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) whose tumors have non-resistant epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) mutations as detected by an FDA-approved test.

Limitations of Use: Safety and efficacy of GILOTRIF® were not established in patients whose tumors have resistant EGFR mutations

Treatment of patients with metastatic, squamous NSCLC progressing after platinum-based chemotherapy

Reference:

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2022/201292s017lbl.pdf

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EGFR exon 19 deletion (continued)

dacomitinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2020-12-18 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Indications and usage:

VIZIMPRO® is a kinase inhibitor indicated for the first-line treatment of patients with metastatic non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) with epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) exon 19 deletion or exon 21 L858R substitution mutations as detected by an FDA-approved test.

Reference:

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2020/211288s003lbl.pdf

erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2016-10-18 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Indications and usage:

TARCEVA® is a kinase inhibitor indicated for:

- The treatment of patients with metastatic non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) whose tumors have epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) exon 19 deletions or exon 21 (L858R) substitution mutations as detected by an FDA-approved test receiving first-line, maintenance, or second or greater line treatment after progression following at least one prior chemotherapy regimen.
- First-line treatment of patients with locally advanced, unresectable or metastatic pancreatic cancer, in combination with gemcitabine.

Limitations of Use:

- Safety and efficacy of TARCEVA® have not been established in patients with NSCLC whose tumors have other EGFR
 mutations.
- TARCEVA® is not recommended for use in combination with platinum-based chemotherapy.

Reference:

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2016/021743s025lbl.pdf

erlotinib + ramucirumab

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2022-03-22 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Indications and usage:

CYRAMZA® is a human vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 2 (VEGFR2) antagonist indicated:

- as a single agent or in combination with paclitaxel, for treatment of advanced or metastatic gastric or gastro-esophageal
 junction adenocarcinoma with disease progression on or after prior fluoropyrimidine- or platinum-containing chemotherapy.
- in combination with erlotinib, for first-line treatment of metastatic non-small cell lung cancer with epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) exon 19 deletions or exon 21 (L858R) mutations.
- in combination with docetaxel, for treatment of metastatic non-small cell lung cancer with disease progression on or after platinum-based chemotherapy. Patients with EGFR or ALK genomic tumor aberrations should have disease progression on FDA-approved therapy for these aberrations prior to receiving CYRAMZA®.
- in combination with FOLFIRI, for the treatment of metastatic colorectal cancer with disease progression on or after prior therapy with bevacizumab, oxaliplatin, and a fluoropyrimidine.
- as a single agent, for the treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma in patients who have an alpha fetoprotein of ≥400 ng/mL and have been treated with sorafenib.

Reference:

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2022/125477s042lbl.pdf

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EGFR exon 19 deletion (continued)

gefitinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2021-05-05 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Indications and usage:

IRESSA® is a tyrosine kinase inhibitor indicated for the first-line treatment of patients with metastatic non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) whose tumors have epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) exon 19 deletions or exon 21 (L858R) substitution mutations as detected by an FDA-approved test.

Limitation of Use: Safety and efficacy of IRESSA® have not been established in patients whose tumors have EGFR mutations other than exon 19 deletions or exon 21 (L858R) substitution mutations.

Reference:

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2021/206995s004lbl.pdf

osimertinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2022-10-21 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Indications and usage:

TAGRISSO® is a kinase inhibitor indicated for:

- as adjuvant therapy after tumor resection in adult patients with non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) whose tumors have epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) exon 19 deletions or exon 21 L858R mutations, as detected by an FDA-approved test
- the first-line treatment of adult patients with metastatic NSCLC whose tumors have EGFR exon 19 deletions or exon 21 L858R mutations, as detected by an FDA-approved test.
- the treatment of adult patients with metastatic EGFR T790M mutation-positive NSCLC, as detected by an FDA-approved test, whose disease has progressed on or after EGFR TKI therapy.

Reference:

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2022/208065s027lbl.pdf

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Current NCCN Information

In this cancer type

O In other cancer type

In this cancer type and other cancer types

NCCN information is current as of 2023-05-01. For the most up-to-date information, search www.nccn.org. For NCCN International Adaptations & Translations, search www.nccn.org/global/what-we-do/international-adaptations.

Some variant specific evidence in this report may be associated with a broader set of alterations from the NCCN Guidelines. Specific variants listed in this report were sourced from approved therapies or scientific literature. These therapeutic options are appropriate for certain population segments with cancer. Refer to the NCCN Guidelines® for full recommendation.

EGFR exon 19 deletion

afatinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Biomarker discovered prior to first line therapy (First-line therapy); Other recommended intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

dacomitinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Biomarker discovered prior to first line therapy (First-line therapy); Other recommended intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Biomarker discovered prior to first line therapy (First-line therapy); Other recommended intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

gefitinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Biomarker discovered prior to first line therapy (First-line therapy); Other recommended intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

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EGFR exon 19 deletion (continued)

osimertinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Biomarker discovered prior to first line therapy (First-line therapy); Preferred intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

afatinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Biomarker discovered during first line therapy (First-line therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

afatinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Other criteria: EGFR T790M mutation negative

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Progression, Symptomatic, Asymptomatic (Subsequent therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

bevacizumab + erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- Non-squamous Cell; Advanced, Metastatic, Biomarker discovered prior to first line therapy (First-line therapy); Other recommended intervention
- Non-squamous Cell; Advanced, Metastatic, Biomarker discovered during first line therapy (First-line therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

EGFR exon 19 deletion (continued)

bevacizumab + erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Other criteria: EGFR T790M mutation negative

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A Population segment (Line of therapy):

Non-squamous Cell; Advanced, Metastatic, Progression, Symptomatic, Asymptomatic (Subsequent therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

dacomitinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Biomarker discovered during first line therapy (First-line therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

dacomitinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Other criteria: EGFR T790M mutation negative

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Progression, Symptomatic, Asymptomatic (Subsequent therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Brain Metastases (Line of therapy not specified); Other recommended intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Central Nervous System Cancers [Version 1.2023]

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EGFR exon 19 deletion (continued)

erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Biomarker discovered during first line therapy (First-line therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Other criteria: EGFR T790M mutation negative

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Progression, Symptomatic, Asymptomatic (Subsequent therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

erlotinib + ramucirumab

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Biomarker discovered prior to first line therapy (First-line therapy); Other recommended intervention
- Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Biomarker discovered during first line therapy (First-line therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

erlotinib + ramucirumab

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Other criteria: EGFR T790M mutation negative

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Progression, Symptomatic, Asymptomatic (Subsequent therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

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EGFR exon 19 deletion (continued)

gefitinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Biomarker discovered during first line therapy (First-line therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

gefitinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Other criteria: EGFR T790M mutation negative

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Progression, Symptomatic, Asymptomatic (Subsequent therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

osimertinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Brain Metastases, Leptomeningeal Metastases (Line of therapy not specified); Preferred intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Central Nervous System Cancers [Version 1.2023]

osimertinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- Stage IB , Stage IIA, Stage IIB, Stage IIIA, Stage IIIB; Resected (Adjuvant therapy)
- Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Biomarker discovered during first line therapy (First-line therapy); Preferred intervention
- Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Progression, Symptomatic, Asymptomatic (Subsequent therapy)
- Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Leptomeningeal Metastases, Progression (Subsequent therapy); Consider

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 3.2023]

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EGFR exon 19 deletion (continued)

afatinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFRi sensitizing mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Brain Metastases (Line of therapy not specified); Other recommended intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Central Nervous System Cancers [Version 1.2023]

erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Leptomeningeal Metastases (Line of therapy not specified); Other recommended intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Central Nervous System Cancers [Version 1.2023]

gefitinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFRi sensitizing mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Brain Metastases (Line of therapy not specified); Other recommended intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Central Nervous System Cancers [Version 1.2023]

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Current EMA Information

In this cancer type

O In other cancer type

In this cancer type and other cancer types

EMA information is current as of 2023-05-17. For the most up-to-date information, search www.ema.europa.eu/ema.

EGFR exon 19 deletion

afatinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

Label as of: 2021-04-21

Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/giotrif-epar-product-information_en.pdf

bevacizumab (Allergan) + erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

Label as of: 2023-01-05

Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/mvasi-epar-product-information_en.pdf

bevacizumab (Celltrion) + erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

Label as of: 2023-05-10

Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/vegzelma-epar-product-information_en.pdf

bevacizumab (Mabxience) + erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

Label as of: 2023-04-18

Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/alymsys-epar-product-information_en.pdf

bevacizumab (Pfizer) + erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

Label as of: 2023-01-05

Variant class: FGFR exon 19 deletion

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/zirabev-epar-product-information_en.pdf

bevacizumab (Samsung Bioepis) + erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

Label as of: 2023-04-11

Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Reference:

 $https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/aybintio-epar-product-information_en.pdf$

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EGFR exon 19 deletion (continued)

bevacizumab (Samsung Bioepis) + erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2023-04-11 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/onbevzi-epar-product-information_en.pdf

bevacizumab (Stada) + erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2023-01-05 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/oyavas-epar-product-information_en.pdf

bevacizumab + erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2022-12-15 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/abevmy-epar-product-information_en.pdf

bevacizumab + erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2023-03-17 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/avastin-epar-product-information_en.pdf

dacomitinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2021-07-21 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/vizimpro-epar-product-information_en.pdf

erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2023-05-16 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/tarceva-epar-product-information_en.pdf

erlotinib + ramucirumab

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2022-12-13 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Other criteria: EGFR T790M mutation negative

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/cyramza-epar-product-information_en.pdf

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EGFR exon 19 deletion (continued)

gefitinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2022-06-16 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/gefitinib-mylan-epar-product-information_en.pdf

gefitinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2022-07-05 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/iressa-epar-product-information_en.pdf

osimertinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Label as of: 2022-11-29 Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/tagrisso-epar-product-information_en.pdf

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Current ESMO Information

In this cancer type
In other cancer type
In this cancer type and other cancer types

ESMO information is current as of 2023-05-01. For the most up-to-date information, search www.esmo.org.

EGFR exon 19 deletion

osimertinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Stage IB, Stage IIA, Stage IIB, Stage IIIA; Resected (Adjuvant therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: A

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Early-Stage and Locally Advanced (non-metastatic) Non-Small-Cell Lung Cancer [Ann Oncol (2017) 28 (suppl 4): iv1-iv21. (eUpdate: 01 September 2021, 04 May 2020)]

osimertinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Stage IV; Advanced, Metastatic (First-line therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 4

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Oncogene-addicted Metastatic Non-Small-Cell Lung Cancer [Annals of Oncology (2023), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2022.12.009 (Published)]

afatinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Stage IV; Advanced, Metastatic (First-line therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 5

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Oncogene-addicted Metastatic Non-Small-Cell Lung Cancer [Annals of Oncology (2023), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2022.12.009 (Published)]

bevacizumab + erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Stage IV; Advanced, Metastatic (First-line therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 2

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Oncogene-addicted Metastatic Non-Small-Cell Lung Cancer [Annals of Oncology (2023), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2022.12.009 (Published)]

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EGFR exon 19 deletion (continued)

dacomitinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Stage IV; Advanced, Metastatic (First-line therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 3

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Oncogene-addicted Metastatic Non-Small-Cell Lung Cancer [Annals of Oncology (2023), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2022.12.009 (Published)]

erlotinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Stage IV; Advanced, Metastatic (First-line therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 4

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Oncogene-addicted Metastatic Non-Small-Cell Lung Cancer [Annals of Oncology (2023), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2022.12.009 (Published)]

erlotinib + ramucirumab

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Stage IV; Advanced, Metastatic (First-line therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 3

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Oncogene-addicted Metastatic Non-Small-Cell Lung Cancer [Annals of Oncology (2023), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2022.12.009 (Published)]

gefitinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Stage IV; Advanced, Metastatic (First-line therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 4

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Oncogene-addicted Metastatic Non-Small-Cell Lung Cancer [Annals of Oncology (2023), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2022.12.009 (Published)]

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EGFR exon 19 deletion (continued)

gefitinib + carboplatin + pemetrexed

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Stage IV; Advanced, Metastatic (First-line therapy)

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Oncogene-addicted Metastatic Non-Small-Cell Lung Cancer [Annals of Oncology (2023), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2022.12.009 (Published)]

atezolizumab + bevacizumab + carboplatin + paclitaxel

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: EGFR exon 19 deletion

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: III / B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Stage IV; Advanced, Metastatic, Progression (Subsequent therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 3

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Oncogene-addicted Metastatic Non-Small-Cell Lung Cancer [Annals of Oncology (2023), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2022.12.009 (Published)]

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Clinical Trials in Taiwan region:

Clinical Trials Summary

NCT ID Title Phase III. Open-Label, Randomized Study of Amivantamab and Lazertinib in Combination With Platinum-Based Chemotherapy Compared With Platinum-Based Chemotherapy in Patients With EGFR-Mutlated Locally Advanced or Metastatic Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer After Osimertinib Failure IIII NCT05120349 A Phase III, Double-blind, Randomised, Placebo-Controlled, International Study to Assess the Efficacy and Safety of Adjuvant Osimertinib Versus Placebo in Participants With EGFR Mutation-positive Stage IA2/143 Non-small Cell Lung Cancer, Following Complete Turnour Resection IIII NCT04351555 A Phase III, Randomised, Ontrolled, Mutlicenter, 3-Ams Study of Neoadjuvant Osimertinib as Monotherapy or in Combination With Chemotherapy Versus Standard of Care Chemotherapy Alone for the Treatment of Patients With Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor Mutation Positive, Resectable Nonsmall Cell Lung Cancer (SCCC) With Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor Mutation Positive, Resectable Nonsmall Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) With Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor (EGFRm) Mutation After Failure treatment with epidermal growth factor (EGFR) tyrosine kinase inhibitors (TKIs) III NCT05215548 A Phase II Study of Primary Tumor Resection for Stage IV Non-small-cell Lung Cancer Without Progression After First-line Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor-tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor II NCT05215549 A Randomized, Open-Label, Phase 2 Study to Evaluate OBI-833/OBI-821 in Combination With First-Line Eriotinib in Patients With EGFR-Mutated, Globo H-Positive, Locally Advanced or Metastatic Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Who Have Progressed Following Treatment With Osimertinib. III	EGFR exon	19 deletion	
NCT04988295 A Phase III, Open-Label, Randomized Study of Amivantamab and Lazertinib in Combination With Platinum-Based Chemotherapy Compared With Platinum-Based Chemotherapy in Patients With EGFR-Mutated Locally Advanced or Metastatic Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer After Osimetrinib Failure			
Platinum-Based Chemotherapy Compared With Platinum-Based Chemotherapy in Patients With EGFR. Mutated Locally Advanced or Metastatic Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer After Osimertinib Failure NCT05120349 A Phase III, Double-blind, Randomised, Placebo-Controlled, International Study to Assess the Efficacy and Safety of Adjuvant Osimertinib Versus Placebo in Participants With EGFR Mutation-positive Stage II/A2HA3 Non-small Cell Lung Cancer, Following Complete Tumour Resection NCT04351555 A Phase III, Randomised, Controlled, Multi-center, 3-Arm Study of Neoadjuvant Osimertinib as Monotherapy or in Combination With Chemotherapy Versus Standard of Care Chemotherapy Alone for the Treatment of Patients With Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor Mutation Positive, Resectable Nonsmall Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) With Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor (EGFR) Mutation After Failure treatment with epidermal growth Factor Receptor (EGFR) Mutation After Failure treatment with epidermal growth Factor Receptor (EGFR) Mutation After Failure treatment with epidermal growth factor (EGFR) tyrosine kinase inhibitors (TKIs) NCT05215548 A Phase II Study of Primary Tumor Resection for Stage IV Non-small-cell Lung Cancer Without Progression After First-line Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor-tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor NCT05442060 A Phase II Study Assessing the Efficacy of Osimertinib in Combination With First-Line Erlotinib in Patients With EGFR-Mutated, Globo H-Positive, Locally Advanced or Metastatic Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer NCT03778229 A Phase II Study Assessing the Efficacy of Osimertinib in Combination With Savolitinib in Patients With EGFR-m+ and MET+, Locally Advanced or Metastatic Non Small Cell Lung Cancer Who Have Progressed Following Treatment With Osimertinib. NCT04077463 An Open-label Phase I/lb Study to Evaluate the Safety and Pharmacokinetics of JNJ-73841937 (Lazertinib), a Third Generation EGFR-TKI, as Monotherapy or in Combinations With JNJ-61186372, a Human Bispecific EGFR and cMet Antibody in Participants With Advanced Non-Smal	NCT ID	Title	Phase
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Monotherapy or in Combination With Chemotherapy Versus Standard of Care Chemotherapy Alone for the Treatment of Patients With Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor Mutation Positive, Resectable Nonsmall Cell Lung Cancer NCT05338970 HERTHENA-Lung02: Phase III, Randomized, Open-label Study of Patritumab Deruxtecan Versus Platinum-Based Chemotherapy in Metastatic or Locally Advanced Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) With Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor (EGFRm) Mutation After Failure treatment with epidermal growth Factor (EGFR) tyrosine kinase inhibitors (TKIs) NCT05215548 A Phase II Study of Primary Tumor Resection for Stage IV Non-small-cell Lung Cancer Without Progression After First-line Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor-tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor NCT05442060 A Randomized, Open-Label, Phase 2 Study to Evaluate OBI-833/OBI-821 in Combination With First-Line Information Patients With EGFR-Mutated, Globo H-Positive, Locally Advanced or Metastatic Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer NCT03778229 A Phase II Study Assessing the Efficacy of Osimertinib in Combination With Savolitinib in Patients With Dismertinib. NCT04077463 An Open-label Phase I/Ib Study to Evaluate the Safety and Pharmacokinetics of JNJ-73841937 (Lazertinib), a Third Generation EGFR-TKI, as Monotherapy or in Combinations With JNJ-61186372, a Human Bispecific EGFR and cMet Antibody in Participants With Advanced Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer NCT02099058 A Multicenter, Phase I/Ib, Open-Label, Dose-Escalation Study of ABBV-399, an Antibody Drug Conjugate, in Subjects With Advanced Solid Tumors NCT04862780 A Phase I/II Study Targeting Acquired Resistance Mechanisms in Patients With EGFR Mutant Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer: NCT05241873 Phase I/II Study of BLU-451 in Advanced Cancers With EGFR Exon 20 Insertion Mutations I/II NCT03974022 A Phase I/II, Open-Label, Multicenter Study to Assess the Safety, Tolerability, Pharmacokinetics and Anti-tumor Efficacy of DZD9008 in Patients With Advanced Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) with EGFR or HER2 Mutation	NCT05120349	and Safety of Adjuvant Osimertinib Versus Placebo in Participants With EGFR Mutation-positive Stage	III
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NCT03974022 A Phase I/II, Open-Label, Multicenter Study to Assess the Safety, Tolerability, Pharmacokinetics and Anti-tumor Efficacy of DZD9008 in Patients With Advanced Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) with EGFR or HER2 Mutation NCT05029882 A Phase I First in Human Study Evaluating Safety, Pharmacokinetics and Efficacy of ABBV-400 in Adult I	NCT03114319		I
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	NCT03974022	Anti-tumor Efficacy of DZD9008 in Patients With Advanced Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) with	I/II
	NCT05029882		I

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Alerts Informed By Public Data Sources

Current FDA Information

Contraindicated

Not recommended

Resistance

Breakthrough

Fast Track

FDA information is current as of 2023-05-17. For the most up-to-date information, search www.fda.gov.

EGFR exon 19 deletion

patritumab deruxtecan

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

Variant class: EGFRi sensitizing mutation or EGFR exon 19 deletion

Variant class: EGFR mutation

Supporting Statement:

The FDA has granted Breakthrough Therapy Designation to a potential first-in-class HER3 directed antibody-drug conjugate, patritumab deruxtecan, for metastatic or locally advanced, EGFR-mutant non-small cell lung cancer.

https://www.cancernetwork.com/view/fda-grants-breakthrough-therapy-status-to-patritumab-deruxtecan-for-egfr-metastaticnsclc

osimertinib + quaratusugene ozeplasmid

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

Supporting Statement:

The FDA has granted Fast Track Designation to the immunogene therapy, quaratusugene ozeplasmid, in combination with EGFR inhibitor osimertinib for the treatment of non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) with EFGR mutations that progressed after treatment with osimertinib alone.

Reference:

https://www.genprex.com/news/genprex-receives-u-s-fda-fast-track-designation-for-gene-therapy-that-targets-lung-cancer/

Date: 21 Jul 2023

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