



Sample Information

Patient Name: 張榮坤
Gender: Male
ID No.: F122798390
History No.: 19605653
Age: 59

Ordering Doctor: DOC4205A 柯博伸
Ordering REQ.: 0CNCQMS
Signing in Date: 2023/07/14

Path No.: M112-00182
MP No.: MY23042
Assay: Oncomine Myeloid Assay
Sample Type: Bone Marrow
Bone Marrow Aspirating Date: 2023/07/06

Reporting Doctor: DOC5444B 楊靜芬 (Phone: 8#5444)

Note:

Sample Cancer Type: Myelodysplastic Syndrome

Table of Contents	Page	Report Highlights
Variants (Exclude variant in Taiwan BioBank with >1% allele frequency)	2	1 Relevant Biomarkers
Biomarker Descriptions	2	6 Therapies Available
Relevant Therapy Summary	2	0 Clinical Trials
Relevant Therapy Details	3	
Alert Details	9	

Relevant Myelodysplastic Syndrome Variants

Gene	Finding	Gene	Finding
ASXL1	None detected	NPM1	None detected
BCOR	None detected	NRAS	None detected
CBL	None detected	NUP214	None detected
CREBBP	None detected	RUNX1	None detected
ETV6	None detected	SF3B1	None detected
EZH2	None detected	SRSF2	None detected
FLT3	None detected	STAG2	None detected
GATA2	None detected	TP53	None detected
IDH2	None detected	U2AF1	None detected
KIT	None detected	WT1	None detected
KMT2A	None detected	ZRSR2	None detected
MECOM	None detected		

Relevant Biomarkers

Tier	Genomic Alteration	Relevant Therapies (In this cancer type)	Relevant Therapies (In other cancer type)	Clinical Trials
IIC	IDH1 p.(R132S) c.394C>A isocitrate dehydrogenase (NADP(+)) 1 Allele Frequency: 14.75%	None	ivosidenib ¹ ivosidenib + chemotherapy ² olutasidenib ¹ azacitidine decitabine venetoclax + chemotherapy	0

Public data sources included in relevant therapies: FDA¹, NCCN, EMA², ESMO

Variants (Exclude variant in Taiwan BioBank with >1% allele frequency)

DNA Sequence Variants

Gene	Amino Acid Change	Coding	Variant ID	Locus	Allele Frequency	Transcript	Variant Effect	Coverage
IDH1	p.(R132S)	c.394C>A	COSM28748	chr2:209113113	14.75%	NM_005896.3	missense	2000

Biomarker Descriptions

IDH1 (isocitrate dehydrogenase (NADP(+)) 1)

Background: The IDH1 and IDH2 genes encode homologous isocitrate dehydrogenase enzymes that catalyze the conversion of isocitrate to α -ketoglutarate (α -KG)¹. The IDH1 gene encodes the NADP⁺ dependent cytoplasmic isocitrate dehydrogenase enzyme; IDH2 encodes the mitochondrial isoform.

Alterations and prevalence: Recurrent somatic mutations in IDH1 and IDH2 are mutually exclusive and observed in several malignancies including glioma, chondrosarcoma, intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma, acute myeloid leukemia (AML), and myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS)². Recurrent IDH1 variants include predominately R132H/C plus other substitutions at lower frequencies. These gain of function variants confer neomorphic enzyme activity³. Although wild-type enzymatic activity is ablated, recurrent IDH1 variants catalyze the conversion of α -KG to D-2-hydroxyglutarate, an oncometabolite with diverse effects on cellular metabolism, epigenetic regulation, redox states, and DNA repair^{1,4}. Recurrent IDH1 mutations are present in 5-10% of patients with AML and 5% of patients with MDS^{5,6,7}. Recurrent IDH1 mutations are present in nearly 80% of lower grade gliomas^{8,9}.

Potential relevance: The IDH1 inhibitor, olutasidenib¹⁰ is approved (2022) for the treatment of IDH1 R132C/G/H/L/S variants in AML. Ivosidenib¹¹ is also FDA approved (2018) for the treatment of AML or cholangiocarcinoma patients with IDH1 R132C/G/H/L/S variants¹². Ivosidenib was granted breakthrough therapy designation (2020) for the treatment of IDH1 mutated relapsed or refractory myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS)¹³. IDH1 mutations are associated with inferior leukemia-free survival in primary myelofibrosis (PMF) and inferior overall survival in polycythemia vera (PV) but have been shown to confer improved prognosis in lower grade gliomas^{14,15,16}. Mutations in IDH1 are diagnostic of astrocytoma IDH-mutant and oligodendroglioma IDH-mutant and 1p/19q-codeleted subtypes of central nervous system (CNS) tumors¹⁷.

Relevant Therapy Summary

☒ In this cancer type ☐ In other cancer type ☒ In this cancer type and other cancer types ☒ No evidence

IDH1 p.(R132S) c.394C>A

Relevant Therapy	FDA	NCCN	EMA	ESMO	Clinical Trials*
ivosidenib	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

Relevant Therapy Summary (continued)

☒ In this cancer type ☐ In other cancer type ☒ In this cancer type and other cancer types ☒ No evidence

IDH1 p.(R132S) c.394C>A (continued)

Relevant Therapy	FDA	NCCN	EMA	ESMO	Clinical Trials*
olutasidenib	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
ivosidenib + azacitidine	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
azacitidine	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
decitabine	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
venetoclax + azacitidine	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
venetoclax + cytarabine	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
venetoclax + decitabine	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

Relevant Therapy Details

Current FDA Information

☒ In this cancer type ☐ In other cancer type ☒ In this cancer type and other cancer types

FDA information is current as of 2023-05-17. For the most up-to-date information, search www.fda.gov.

IDH1 p.(R132S) c.394C>A

☐ ivosidenib

Cancer type: Acute Myeloid Leukemia

Label as of: 2022-05-25

Variant class: IDH1 R132S mutation

Indications and usage:

TIBSOVO® is an isocitrate dehydrogenase-1 (IDH1) inhibitor indicated for the treatment of adult patients with a susceptible IDH1 mutation as detected by an FDA-approved test with:

Newly Diagnosed Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML)

- In combination with azacitidine or as monotherapy for the treatment of newly diagnosed AML in adults 75 years or older, or who have comorbidities that preclude use of intensive induction chemotherapy.

Relapsed or refractory AML

- For the treatment of adult patients with relapsed or refractory AML.

Locally Advanced or Metastatic Cholangiocarcinoma

- For the treatment of adult patients with locally advanced or metastatic cholangiocarcinoma who have been previously treated.

Reference:

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2022/211192s009lbl.pdf

IDH1 p.(R132S) c.394C>A (continued)**○ olutasidenib****Cancer type:** Acute Myeloid Leukemia**Label as of:** 2022-12-01**Variant class:** IDH1 R132S mutation**Indications and usage:**

REZLIDHIA™ is an isocitrate dehydrogenase-1 (IDH1) inhibitor indicated for the treatment of adult patients with relapsed or refractory acute myeloid leukemia (AML) with a susceptible IDH1 mutation as detected by an FDA-approved test.

Reference:

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2022/215814s000lbl.pdf

Current NCCN Information

☒ In this cancer type ☐ In other cancer type ☒ In this cancer type and other cancer types

NCCN information is current as of 2023-05-01. For the most up-to-date information, search www.nccn.org. For NCCN International Adaptations & Translations, search www.nccn.org/global/what-we-do/international-adaptations.

Some variant specific evidence in this report may be associated with a broader set of alterations from the NCCN Guidelines. Specific variants listed in this report were sourced from approved therapies or scientific literature. These therapeutic options are appropriate for certain population segments with cancer. Refer to the NCCN Guidelines® for full recommendation.

IDH1 p.(R132S) c.394C>A

☐ ivosidenib + azacitidine

Cancer type: Acute Myeloid Leukemia

Variant class: IDH1 R132 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- (Induction therapy); Preferred intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Acute Myeloid Leukemia [Version 3.2023]

☐ venetoclax + azacitidine

Cancer type: Acute Myeloid Leukemia

Variant class: IDH1 R132 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- (Induction therapy); Preferred intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Acute Myeloid Leukemia [Version 3.2023]

☐ ivosidenib

Cancer type: Acute Myeloid Leukemia

Variant class: IDH1 R132 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- Relapsed, Refractory (Line of therapy not specified)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Acute Myeloid Leukemia [Version 3.2023]

☐ olutasidenib

Cancer type: Acute Myeloid Leukemia

Variant class: IDH1 R132 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- Relapsed, Refractory (Line of therapy not specified)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Acute Myeloid Leukemia [Version 3.2023]

IDH1 p.(R132S) c.394C>A (continued)**○ venetoclax + decitabine**

Cancer type: Acute Myeloid Leukemia

Variant class: IDH1 R132 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- (Induction therapy); Preferred intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Acute Myeloid Leukemia [Version 3.2023]

○ azacitidine

Cancer type: Acute Myeloid Leukemia

Variant class: IDH1 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- (Induction therapy); Preferred intervention
- (Induction therapy); Other recommended intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Acute Myeloid Leukemia [Version 3.2023]

○ decitabine

Cancer type: Acute Myeloid Leukemia

Variant class: IDH1 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- (Induction therapy); Preferred intervention
- (Induction therapy); Other recommended intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Acute Myeloid Leukemia [Version 3.2023]

○ ivosidenib

Cancer type: Acute Myeloid Leukemia

Variant class: IDH1 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- (Induction therapy); Preferred intervention
- (Induction therapy); Other recommended intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Acute Myeloid Leukemia [Version 3.2023]

IDH1 p.(R132S) c.394C>A (continued)**○ venetoclax + cytarabine**

Cancer type: Acute Myeloid Leukemia

Variant class: IDH1 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- (Induction therapy); Preferred intervention
- (Induction therapy); Other recommended intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Acute Myeloid Leukemia [Version 3.2023]

Current EMA Information

☒ In this cancer type ☐ In other cancer type ☐ In this cancer type and other cancer types

EMA information is current as of 2023-05-17. For the most up-to-date information, search www.ema.europa.eu/ema.

IDH1 p.(R132S) c.394C>A

☐ ivosidenib + azacitidine

Cancer type: Acute Myeloid Leukemia

Label as of: 2023-05-12

Variant class: IDH1 R132S mutation

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/tibsovo-epar-product-information_en.pdf

Current ESMO Information

☒ In this cancer type ☐ In other cancer type ☐ In this cancer type and other cancer types

ESMO information is current as of 2023-05-01. For the most up-to-date information, search www.esmo.org.

IDH1 p.(R132S) c.394C>A

☐ ivosidenib

Cancer type: Acute Myeloid Leukemia

Variant class: IDH1 mutation

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: IV / B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- Relapsed, Refractory (Second-line therapy)

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Acute Myeloblastic Leukaemia in Adult Patients [Ann Oncol (2020); 31(6): 697-712.]

Alerts Informed By Public Data Sources

Current FDA Information

☒ Contraindicated ☒ Not recommended ☒ Resistance ☒ Breakthrough ☒ Fast Track

FDA information is current as of 2023-05-17. For the most up-to-date information, search www.fda.gov.

IDH1 p.(R132S) c.394C>A

☒ ivosidenib

Cancer type: Myelodysplastic Syndrome

Variant class: IDH1 mutation

Supporting Statement:

The FDA has granted Breakthrough Designation to the isocitrate dehydrogenase-1 inhibitor, ivosidenib, for the treatment of adult patients with relapsed or refractory myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS) with a susceptible IDH1 mutation as detected by an FDA-approved test.

Reference:

<https://investor.agios.com/news-releases/news-release-details/agios-receives-fda-breakthrough-therapy-designation-tibsovor-0>

References

1. Molenaar et al. Wild-type and mutated IDH1/2 enzymes and therapy responses. *Oncogene*. 2018 Apr;37(15):1949-1960. PMID: 29367755
2. Yan et al. IDH1 and IDH2 mutations in gliomas. *N. Engl. J. Med.* 2009 Feb 19;360(8):765-73. PMID: 19228619
3. Dang et al. Cancer-associated IDH1 mutations produce 2-hydroxyglutarate. *Nature*. 2009 Dec 10;462(7274):739-44. PMID: 19935646
4. Ward et al. The common feature of leukemia-associated IDH1 and IDH2 mutations is a neomorphic enzyme activity converting alpha-ketoglutarate to 2-hydroxyglutarate. *Cancer Cell*. 2010 Mar 16;17(3):225-34. PMID: 20171147
5. Paschka et al. IDH1 and IDH2 mutations are frequent genetic alterations in acute myeloid leukemia and confer adverse prognosis in cytogenetically normal acute myeloid leukemia with NPM1 mutation without FLT3 internal tandem duplication. *J. Clin. Oncol.* 2010 Aug 1;28(22):3636-43. PMID: 20567020
6. Chou et al. The prognostic impact and stability of Isocitrate dehydrogenase 2 mutation in adult patients with acute myeloid leukemia. *Leukemia*. 2011 Feb;25(2):246-53. PMID: 21079611
7. Marcucci et al. IDH1 and IDH2 gene mutations identify novel molecular subsets within de novo cytogenetically normal acute myeloid leukemia: a Cancer and Leukemia Group B study. *J. Clin. Oncol.* 2010 May 10;28(14):2348-55. PMID: 20368543
8. Weinstein et al. The Cancer Genome Atlas Pan-Cancer analysis project. *Nat. Genet.* 2013 Oct;45(10):1113-20. PMID: 24071849
9. Cerami et al. The cBio cancer genomics portal: an open platform for exploring multidimensional cancer genomics data. *Cancer Discov.* 2012 May;2(5):401-4. PMID: 22588877
10. https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2022/215814s000lbl.pdf
11. https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2022/211192s009lbl.pdf
12. Abou et al. The role of enasidenib in the treatment of mutant IDH2 acute myeloid leukemia. *Ther Adv Hematol*. 2018 Jul;9(7):163-173. PMID: 30013764
13. <https://investor.agios.com/news-releases/news-release-details/agios-receives-fda-breakthrough-therapy-designation-tibsovor-0>
14. NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Myeloproliferative Neoplasms [Version 3.2022]
15. Cancer Genome Atlas Research Network. Comprehensive, Integrative Genomic Analysis of Diffuse Lower-Grade Gliomas. *N Engl J Med*. 2015 Jun 25;372(26):2481-98. doi: 10.1056/NEJMoa1402121. Epub 2015 Jun 10. PMID: 26061751
16. Houillier et al. IDH1 or IDH2 mutations predict longer survival and response to temozolomide in low-grade gliomas. *Neurology*. 2010 Oct 26;75(17):1560-6. PMID: 20975057
17. Louis et al. The 2021 WHO Classification of Tumors of the Central Nervous System: a summary. *Neuro Oncol*. 2021 Aug 2;23(8):1231-1251. PMID: 34185076