Project ID: C22-M001-00382 Report No.: AA-22-00698_ONC Date Reported: Feb 25, 2022

ACTOnco® + Report

PATIENT	
Name: 黃金治	Patient ID: 42957426
Date of Birth: Apr 08, 1968	Gender: Female
Diagnosis: Leiomyosarcoma	
ORDERING PHYSICIAN	
Name: 顏厥全醫師	Tel: 886-228712121
Facility: 臺北榮總	
Address: 臺北市北投區石牌路二段 201 號	
SPECIMEN	
Specimen ID: S11021743A Collection site: Thigh	Type: FFPE tissue
Date received: Feb 14, 2022 Lab ID: AA-22-00698	D/ID: NA

ABOUT ACTORCO®4

The test is a next-generation sequencing (NGS)-based assay developed for efficient and comprehensive genomic profiling of cancers. This test interrogates coding regions of 440 genes associated with cancer treatment, prognosis and diagnosis. Genetic mutations detected by this test include small-scale mutations like single nucleotide variants (SNVs), small insertions and deletions (InDels) (≤ 15 nucleotides) and large-scale genomic alterations like copy number alterations (CNAs). The test also includes an RNA test, detecting fusion transcripts of 13 genes.

SUMMARY FOR ACTIONABLE VARIANTS VARIANTS/BIOMARKERS WITH EVIDENCE OF CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

Genomic	Probable Effects in Patient's Cancer Type		Probable Sensitive in Other
Alterations/Biomarkers	Sensitive	Resistant	Cancer Types
Not detected			

VARIANTS/BIOMARKERS WITH POTENTIAL CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

Genomic Alterations/Biomarkers	Possibly Sensitive	Possibly Resistant
	Not detected	

Note:

- The above summary tables present genomic variants and biomarkers based on the three-tiered approach proposed by US FDA for reporting tumor profiling NGS testing. "Variants/biomarkers with evidence of clinical significance" refers to mutations that are widely recognized as standard-of-care biomarkers (FDA level 2/AMP tier 1). "Variants/biomarkers with potential clinical significance" refers to mutations that are not included in the standard of care but are informational for clinicians, which are commonly biomarkers used as inclusion criterial for clinical trials (FDA level 3/AMP tier 2).
- The therapeutic agents and possible effects to a given drug are based on mapping the variants/biomarkers with ACT Genomics clinical knowledge database. The mapping results only provide information for reference, but not medical recommendation.
- Please refer to corresponding sections for more detailed information about genomic alteration and clinical relevance listed above.





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TESTING RESULTS

VARIANT(S) WITH CLINICAL RELEVANCE

- Single Nucleotide and Small InDel Variants

Gene	Amino Acid Change	Allele Frequency
PIK3C2G	Y1103fs	45.4%

- Copy Number Alterations

Chromosome	Gene	Variation	Copy Number
Chr17	RAD51C	Heterozygous deletion	1

- Fusions

Fusion Gene & Exon	Transcript ID
	No fusion gene detected in this sample

- Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor (ICI) Related Biomarkers

Biomarker	Results
Tumor Mutational Burden (TMB)	< 1 muts/Mb
Microsatellite Instability (MSI)	Microsatellite stable (MSS)

Note:

- Loss of heterozygosity (LOH) information was used to infer tumor cellularity. Copy number alteration in the tumor was determined based on 62% tumor purity.
- For more therapeutic agents which are possibly respond to heterozygous deletion of genes listed above, please refer to APPENDIX for more information.
- TMB was calculated by using the sequenced regions of ACTOnco®+ to estimate the number of somatic nonsynonymous mutations per megabase of all protein-coding genes (whole exome). The threshold for high mutation load is set at ≥ 7.5 mutations per megabase. TMB, microsatellite status and gene copy number deletion cannot be determined if calculated tumor purity is < 30%.





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THERAPEUTIC IMPLICATIONS TARGETED THERAPIES

Not Applicable.

IMMUNE CHECKPOINT INHIBITORS (ICIs)

No genomic alterations detected to confer sensitivity or lack of benefit to immune checkpoint therapies.

- Other Biomarkers with Potential Clinical Effects for ICIs

Genomic Alterations	Potential Clinical Effects
Not detec	eted

Note: Tumor non-genomic factors, such as patient germline genetics, PDL1 expression, tumor microenvironment, epigenetic alterations or other factors not provided by this test may affect ICI response.

CHEMOTHERAPIES

Genomic Alterations	Therapies	Effect	Level of Evidence	Cancer Type
PIK3C2G	Oxaliplatin	Resistant	Clinical	Colorectal cancer
Y1103fs	Oxalipiatili	Nesistant	Ollilical	Colorectal Caricel

HORMONAL THERAPIES

No genomic alterations detected in this tumor predicted to confer sensitivity or lack of benefit to hormonal therapies.

OTHERS

No genomic alterations detected in this tumor predicted to confer sensitivity or lack of benefit to other therapies.

Note:

Therapeutic implications provided in the test are based solely on the panel of 440 genes sequenced. Therefore, alterations in genes not covered in this panel, epigenetic and post-transcriptional and post-translational factors may also determine a patient's response to therapies. In addition, several other patient-associated clinical factors, including but not limited to, prior lines of therapies received, dosage and combinations with other therapeutic agents, patient's cancer types, sub-types, and/or stages, may also determine the patient's clinical response to therapies.





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VARIANT INTERPRETATION

PIK3C2G Y1103fs

Biological Impact

The PIK3C2G gene encodes a protein contains a lipid kinase catalytic domain as well as a C-terminal C2 domain, a characteristic of the class II phosphoinositide 3-kinases (PI3Ks). C2 domains act as calcium-dependent phospholipid binding motifs that mediate translocation of proteins to membranes, and may also mediate protein-protein interactions^{[1][2]}. PIK3C2G plays roles in the regulation of protein trafficking signaling pathways and glycogen synthase^[3]. Inactivating mutations of PIK3C2G are found in melanomas^[4].

Y1103fs mutation results in a change in the amino acid sequence beginning at 1103, likely to cause premature truncation of the functional PIK3C2G protein (UniProtKB). This mutation is predicted to lead to a loss of PIK3C2G protein function, despite not being characterized in the literature.

Therapeutic and prognostic relevance

Low copy number of PIK3C2G has been reported to associate with shorter overall survival and recurrence-free survival in stage III colorectal cancer patients treated with oxaliplatin-based chemotherapy^[5].

RAD51C Heterozygous deletion

Biological Impact

The RAD51C (RAD51 paralog C) encodes a member of the RAD51 protein family involved in the late phase of homologous recombination DNA repair. Germline mutations in RAD51C have been shown to confer increased susceptibility to ovarian cancer and head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC)^{[6][7][8][9][10]}. Amplification of RAD51C has been implicated in tumor progression^{[11][12]}. RAD51C is a haploinsufficient gene with one copy loss may lead to weak protein expression and is insufficient to execute its original physiological function^[13].

Therapeutic and prognostic relevance

In May 2020, the U.S. FDA approved olaparib for the treatment of adult patients with metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer (mCRPC) who carry mutations in homologous recombination repair (HRR) genes, including BRCA1, BRCA2, ATM, BARD1, BRIP1, CDK12, CHEK1, CHEK2, FANCL, PALB2, RAD51B, RAD51C, RAD51D, RAD54L, and progressed following prior treatment with enzalutamide or abiraterone acetate^[14].

A preclinical study using gastric cancer xenograft model showed that RAD51C deficiency caused sensitivity to PARP inhibitor olaparib^[15].

RAD51C loss of function mutation has been determined as an inclusion criterion for the trials evaluating rucaparib efficacy in ovarian cancer or prostate cancer^{[16][17]}; talazoparib efficacy in HER2-negative breast cancer (NCT02401347) or prostate cancer (NCT03148795), and niraparib efficacies in pancreatic cancer (NCT03553004).





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US FDA-APPROVED DRUG(S)

Niraparib (ZEJULA)

Niraparib is an oral, small molecule inhibitor of the DNA repair enzyme poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase-1 and -2 (PARP-1, -2). Niraparib is developed and marketed by Tesaro under the trade name ZEJULA.

- FDA Approval Summary of Niraparib (ZEJULA)

	Ovarian cancer (Approved on 2019/10/23)
QUADRA ^[18]	HRD-positive (defined by either a deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA mutation
NCT02354586	and/or genomic instability)
	Niraparib [ORR(%): 24.0, DOR(M): 8.3]
NOVA ^[19]	Ovarian cancer, Fallopian tube cancer, Peritoneal carcinoma (Approved on 2017/03/27)
NCT01847274	gBRCA+ CR/PR to platinum-based chemotherapy
NC101047274	Niraparib vs. Placebo [PFS(M): 21 vs. 5.5]
NOVA ^[19]	Ovarian cancer, Fallopian tube cancer, Peritoneal carcinoma (Approved on 2017/03/27)
	gBRCA- CR/PR to platinum-based chemotherapy
NCT01847274	Niraparib vs. Placebo [PFS(M): 9.3 vs. 3.9]

Olaparib (LYNPARZA)

Olaparib is an oral, small molecule inhibitor of poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase-1, -2, and -3 (PARP-1, -2, -3). Olaparib is developed by KuDOS Pharmaceuticals and marketed by AstraZeneca under the trade name LYNPARZA.

- FDA Approval Summary of Olaparib (LYNPARZA)

	Prostate cancer (Approved on 2020/05/19)
PROfound ^[14]	ATMm, BRCA1m, BRCA2m, BARD1m, BRIP1m, CDK12m, CHEK1m, CHEK2m, FANCLm,
NCT02987543	PALB2m, RAD51Bm, RAD51Cm, RAD51Dm, RAD54Lm
	Olaparib vs. Enzalutamide or abiraterone acetate [PFS(M): 5.8 vs. 3.5]
	Ovarian cancer (Approved on 2020/05/08)
PAOLA-1 ^[20] NCT02477644	HRD-positive (defined by either a deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA mutation,
NC102477044	and/or genomic instability)
	Olaparib + bevacizumab vs. Placebo + bevacizumab [PFS(M): 37.2 vs. 17.7]
POLO ^[21]	Pancreatic adenocarcinoma (Approved on 2019/12/27)
NCT02184195	Germline BRCA mutation (deleterious/suspected deleterious)
	Olaparib vs. Placebo [ORR(%): 23.0 vs. 12.0, PFS(M): 7.4 vs. 3.8]
SOL O 4[22]	Ovarian cancer, Fallopian tube cancer, Peritoneal carcinoma (Approved on 2018/12/19)
SOLO-1 ^[22]	Germline or somatic BRCA-mutated (gBRCAm or sBRCAm)
NCT01844986	Olaparib vs. Placebo [PFS(M): NR vs. 13.8]
Ol:AD[23]	Breast cancer (Approved on 2018/02/06)
OlympiAD ^[23]	Germline BRCA mutation (deleterious/suspected deleterious) HER2-negative
NCT02000622	Olaparib vs. Chemotherapy [PFS(M): 7 vs. 4.2]
SOLO 2/ENCOT 0::24[24]	Ovarian cancer, Fallopian tube cancer, Peritoneal carcinoma (Approved on 2017/08/17)
SOLO-2/ENGOT-Ov21 ^[24]	gBRCA+
NCT01874353	Olaparib vs. Placebo [PFS(M): 19.1 vs. 5.5]





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Study19 ^[25]	Ovarian cancer, Fallopian tube cancer, Peritoneal carcinoma (Approved on 2017/08/17)
	-
NCT00753545	Olaparib vs. Placebo [PFS(M): 8.4 vs. 4.8]
04	Ovarian cancer (Approved on 2014/12/19)
Study 42 ^[26] NCT01078662	Germline BRCA mutation (deleterious/suspected deleterious)
	Olaparib [ORR(%): 34.0, DOR(M): 7.9]

Rucaparib (RUBRACA)

Rucaparib is an inhibitor of the DNA repair enzyme poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase-1, -2 and -3 (PARP-1, -2, -3). Rucaparib is developed and marketed by Clovis Oncology under the trade name RUBRACA.

- FDA Approval Summary of Rucaparib (RUBRACA)

TRITONS	Prostate cancer (Approved on 2020/05/15)
TRITON2	gBRCA+, sBRCA
NCT02952534	Rucaparib [ORR(%): 44.0, DOR(M): NE]
	Ovarian cancer, Fallopian tube cancer, Peritoneal carcinoma (Approved on 2018/04/06)
ARIEL3 ^[16]	AII HRD tBRCA
NCT01968213	Rucaparib vs. Placebo [PFS (All)(M): 10.8 vs. 5.4, PFS (HRD)(M): 13.6 vs. 5.4, PFS
	(tBRCA)(M): 16.6 vs. 5.4]
ARIEL2 [27]	Ovarian cancer (Approved on 2016/12/19)
NCT01482715,	Germline and/or somatic BRCA mutation
NCT01891344	Rucaparib [ORR(%): 54.0]

Talazoparib (TALZENNA)

Talazoparib is an inhibitor of poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase (PARP) enzymes, including PARP1 and PARP2. Talazoparib is developed and marketed by Pfizer under the trade name TALZENNA.

- FDA Approval Summary of Talazoparib (TALZENNA)

E11DD 4 0 4 [28]	Breast cancer (Approved on 2018/10/16)
EMBRACA ^[28]	Germline BRCA mutation (deleterious/suspected deleterious) HER2-negative
NCT01945775	Talazoparib vs. Chemotherapy [PFS(M): 8.6 vs. 5.6]

D=day; W=week; M=month





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ONGOING CLINICAL TRIALS

Trials were searched by applying filters: study status, patient's diagnosis, intervention, location and/or biomarker(s). Please visit https://clinicaltrials.gov to search and view for a complete list of open available and updated matched trials.

No trial has been found.





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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OF TESTING RESULTS DETAILED INFORMATION OF VARIANTS WITH CLINICAL RELEVANCE

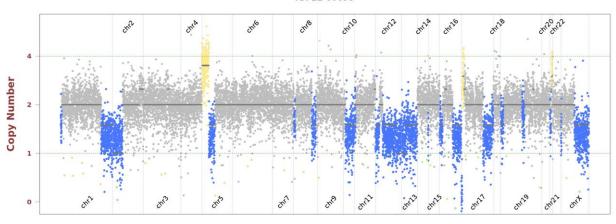
- Single Nucleotide and Small InDel Variants

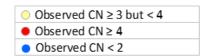
Gene	Amino Acid Change	Exon	cDNA Change	Accession Number	COSMIC ID	Allele Frequency	Coverage
PIK3C2G	Y1103fs	24	c.3299_3306dup	NM_004570	COSM2003816	45.4%	568

- Copy Number Alterations

Observed copy number (CN) for each evaluated position is shown on the y-axis. Regions referred to as amplification or deletion are shown in color. Regions without significant changes are represented in gray.

AA-22-00698









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OTHER DETECTED VARIANTS

Gene Amino Acid Ex		Exon	cDNA Change	Accession Number	COSMIC ID	Allele Frequency	Coverage
BCL9	G616R	8	c.1846G>C	NM_004326	-	33.8%	666
FAT1	Y4232C	25	c.12695A>G	NM_005245	-	46.6%	815
FAT1	V3388I	16	c.10162G>A	NM_005245	COSM1186715	48.2%	826
GSTP1	Y112C	5	c.335A>G	NM_000852	-	52.8%	108
JAK3	R887H	19	c.2660G>A	NM_000215	-	44.6%	505
KMT2D	R3508Q	38	c.10523G>A	NM_003482	COSM7450482	21.9%	406
MUC16	L9697F	3	c.29089C>T	NM_024690	-	53.6%	893
MUC16	T11838A	5	c.35512A>G	NM_024690	-	49.9%	1775
MYCN	P358L	3	c.1073C>T	NM_005378	COSM75503	26.8%	295
PRDM1	S367F	5	c.1100C>T	NM_001198	-	53.3%	713
RET	D631N	11	c.1891G>A	NM_020975	COSM1237916	71.1%	228
RET	V292M	5	c.874G>A	NM_020975	COSM6381457	19.4%	201
TAP2	V427I	8	c.1279G>A	NM_018833	-	51.7%	460
USH2A	V2228E	35	c.6683T>A	NM_206933	-	79.5%	516

Note:

- This table enlists variants detected by the panel other than those with clinical relevance (reported in Testing Result section).

The clinical impact of a genetic variant is determined according to ACT Genomics in-house clinical knowledge database. A negative result does not necessarily indicate absence of biological effect on the tumor. Some variants listed here may possibly have preclinical data or may show potential clinical relevance in the future.





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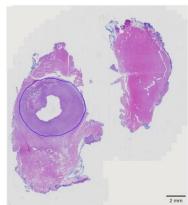
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TEST DETAILS SPECIMEN RECEIVED AND PATHOLOGY REVIEW





Collection date: Jul 2021Facility retrieved: 臺北榮總

H&E-stained section No.: S11021743A

Collection site: ThighExamined by: Dr. Pei-Yi Chu

- 1. The percentage of viable tumor cells in total cells in the whole slide (%): 25%
- 2. The percentage of viable tumor cells in total cells in the encircled areas in the whole slide (%): 85%
- 3. The percentage of necrotic cells (including necrotic tumor cells) in total cells in the whole slide (%): 0%
- 4. The percentage of necrotic cells (including necrotic tumor cells) in total cells in the encircled areas in the whole slide (%): 0%
- 5. Additional comment: NA
- Manual macrodissection: Performed on the highlighted region
- The outline highlights the area of malignant neoplasm annotated by a pathologist.

RUN QC

Panel: ACTOnco®+

DNA test

- Mean Depth: 652x
- Target Base Coverage at 100x: 93%

RNA test

- Average unique RNA Start Sites per control GSP2: 124





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苗金治

Project ID: C22-M001-00382 Report No.: AA-22-00698 ONC

Date Reported: Feb 25, 2022



LIMITATIONS

- This test does not provide information of variant causality and does not detect variants in non-coding regions that could affect gene expression. This report does not report polymorphisms and we do not classify whether a mutation is germline or somatic. Variants identified by this assay were not subject to validation by Sanger or other technologies.
- The possibility cannot be excluded that certain pathogenic variants detected by other sequencing tools may not be reported in the test because of technical limitation of bioinformatics algorithm or the NGS sequencing platform, e.g. low coverage.
- This test has been designed to detect fusions in 13 genes sequenced. Therefore, fusion in genes not covered by this test would not be reported. For novel fusions detected in this test, Sanger sequencing confirmation is recommended if residue specimen is available

NEXT-GENERATION SEQUENCING (NGS) METHODS

Extracted genomic DNA was amplified using primers targeting coding exons of analyzed genes and subjected to library construction. Barcoded libraries were subsequently conjugated with sequencing beads by emulsion PCR and enriched using Ion Chef system. Sequencing was performed according to Ion Proton or Ion S5 sequencer protocol (Thermo Fisher Scientific).

Raw reads generated by the sequencer were mapped to the hg19 reference genome using the Ion Torrent Suite. Coverage depth was calculated using Torrent Coverage Analysis plug-in. Single nucleotide variants (SNVs) and short insertions/deletions (InDels) were identified using the Torrent Variant Caller plug-in. VEP (Variant Effect Predictor) was used to annotate every variant using databases from Clinvar, COSMIC and Genome Aggregation database. Variants with coverage ≥ 25, allele frequency ≥ 5% and actionable variants with allele frequency ≥ 2% were retained. This test provides uniform coverage of the targeted regions, enabling target base coverage at 100x ≥ 85% with a mean coverage ≥ 500x.

Variants reported in Genome Aggregation database with > 1% minor allele frequency (MAF) were considered as polymorphisms. ACT Genomics in-house database was used to determine technical errors. Clinically actionable and biologically significant variants were determined based on the published medical literature.

The copy number alterations (CNAs) were predicted as described below:

Amplicons with read counts in the lowest 5th percentile of all detectable amplicons and amplicons with a coefficient of variation ≥ 0.3 were removed. The remaining amplicons were normalized to correct the pool design bias. ONCOCNV (an established method for calculating copy number aberrations in amplicon sequencing data by Boeva et al., 2014) was applied for the normalization of total amplicon number, amplicon GC content, amplicon length, and technology-related biases, followed by segmenting the sample with a gene-aware model. The method was used as well for establishing the baseline of copy number variations.

Tumor mutational burden (TMB) was calculated by using the sequenced regions of ACTOnco®+ to estimate the number of somatic nonsynonymous mutations per megabase of all protein-coding genes (whole exome). The TMB calculation predicted somatic variants and applied a machine learning model with a cancer hotspot correction. TMB may be reported as "TMB-High", "TMB-Low" or "Cannot Be Determined". TMB-High corresponds to ≥ 7.5 mutations per megabase (Muts/Mb); TMB-Low corresponds to < 7.5 Muts/Mb. TMB is reported as "Cannot Be Determined" if the tumor purity of the sample is < 30%.

Classification of microsatellite instability (MSI) status is determined by a machine learning prediction algorithm. The change of a number of repeats of different lengths from a pooled microsatellite stable (MSS) baseline in > 400 genomic loci are used as the features for the algorithm. The final output of the results is either microsatellite Stable (MSS) or microsatellite instability high (MSI-H).





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RNA test

Extracted RNA was reverse-transcribed and subjected to library construction. Sequencing was performed according to lon Proton or lon S5 sequencer protocol (Thermo Fisher Scientific). To ensure sequencing quality for fusion variant analysis, the average unique RNA Start Sites (SS) per control Gene Specific Primer 2 (GSP 2) should be ≥ 10.

The fusion analysis pipeline aligned sequenced reads to the human reference genome, identified regions that map to noncontiguous regions of the genome, applied filters to exclude probable false-positive events and, annotated previously characterized fusion events according to Quiver Gene Fusion Database, a curated database owned and maintained by ArcherDX. In general, samples with detectable fusions need to meet the following criteria: (1) Number of unique start sites (SS) for the GSP2 \geq 3; (2) Number of supporting reads spanning the fusion junction \geq 5; (3) Percentage of supporting reads spanning the fusion junction \geq 10%; (4) Fusions annotated in Quiver Gene Fusion Database.

DATABASE USED

- Reference genome: Human genome sequence hg19
- COSMIC v.92
- Genome Aggregation database r2.1.1
- ClinVar (version 20210404)
- ACT Genomics in-house database
- Quiver Gene Fusion Database version 5.1.18

Variant Analysis:

醫檢師張筑芜 博士 Chu-Yuan Chang Ph.D. 檢字第 020115 號 hongranchay

Sign Off

醫檢師張筑芫 博士 Chu-Yuan Chang Ph.D. 檢字第 020115 號







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GENE LIST SNV & CNV

ABCB1*	ABCC2*	ABCG2*	ABL1	ABL2	ADAMTS1	ADAMTS13	ADAMTS15	ADAMTS16	ADAMTS18	ADAMTS6	ADAMTS9
ADAMTSL1	ADGRA2	ADH1C*	AKT1	AKT2	AKT3	ALDH1A1*	ALK	AMER1	APC	AR	ARAF
ARID1A	ARID1B	ARID2	ASXL1	ATM	ATR	ATRX	AURKA	AURKB	AXIN1	AXIN2	AXL
B2M	BAP1	BARD1	BCL10	BCL2*	BCL2L1	BCL2L2*	BCL6	BCL9	BCOR	BIRC2	BIRC3
BLM	BMPR1A	BRAF	BRCA1	BRCA2	BRD4	BRIP1	BTG1	BTG2*	ВТК	BUB1B	CALR
CANX	CARD11	CASP8	CBFB	CBL	CCNA1	CCNA	CCNB1	CCNB2	CCNB3	CCND1	CCND2
CCND3	CCNE1	CCNE2	CCNH	CD19	CD274	CD58	CD70*	CD79A	CD79B	CDC73	CDH1
CDK1	CDK12	CDK2	CDK4	CDK5	CDK6	CDK7	CDK8	CDK9	CDKN1A	CDKN1B	CDKN2A
CDKN2B	CDKN2C	CEBPA*	CHEK1	CHEK2	CIC	CREBBP	CRKL	CRLF2	CSF1R	CTCF	CTLA4
CTNNA1	CTNNB1	CUL3	CYLD	CYP1A1*	CYP2B6*	CYP2C19*	CYP2C8*	CYP2D6	CYP2E1*	CYP3A4*	CYP3A5*
DAXX	DCUN1D1	DDR2	DICER1	DNMT3A	DOT1L	DPYD	DTX1	E2F3	EGFR	EP300	EPCAM
EPHA2	ЕРНА3	EPHA5	ЕРНА7	ЕРНВ1	ERBB2	ERBB3	ERBB4	ERCC1	ERCC2	ERCC3	ERCC4
ERCC5	ERG	ESR1	ESR2	ETV1	ETV4	EZH2	FAM46C	FANCA	FANCC	FANCD2	FANCE
FANCF	FANCG	FANCL	FAS	FAT1	FBXW7	FCGR2B	FGF1*	FGF10	FGF14	FGF19*	FGF23
FGF3	FGF4*	FGF6	FGFR1	FGFR2	FGFR3	FGFR4	FH	FLCN	FLT1	FLT3	FLT4
FOXL2*	FOXP1	FRG1	FUBP1	GATA1	GATA2	GATA3	GNA11	GNA13	GNAQ	GNAS	GREM1
GRIN2A	GSK3B	GSTP1*	GSTT1*	HGF	HIF1A	HIST1H1C*	HIST1H1E*	HNF1A	HR	HRAS*	HSP90AA1
HSP90AB1	HSPA4	HSPA5	IDH1	IDH2	IFNL3*	IGF1	IGF1R	IGF2	IKBKB	IKBKE	IKZF1
IL6	IL7R	INPP4B	INSR	IRF4	IRS1	IRS2*	JAK1	JAK2	JAK3	JUN*	KAT6A
KDM5A	KDM5C	KDM6A	KDR	KEAP1	KIT	KMT2A	КМТ2С	KMT2D	KRAS	LCK	LIG1
LIG3	LMO1	LRP1B	LYN	MALT1	MAP2K1	MAP2K2	MAP2K4	MAP3K1	MAP3K7	MAPK1	МАРК3
MAX	MCL1	MDM2	MDM4	MED12	MEF2B	MEN1	MET	MITF	MLH1	MPL	MRE11
MSH2	MSH6	MTHFR*	MTOR	MUC16	MUC4	MUC6	митүн	MYC	MYCL	MYCN	MYD88
NAT2*	NBN	NEFH	NF1	NF2	NFE2L2	NFKB1	NFKBIA	NKX2-1*	NOTCH1	NOTCH2	<i>NOTCH3</i>
NOTCH4	NPM1	NQ01*	NRAS	NSD1	NTRK1	NTRK2	NTRK3	PAK3	PALB2	PARP1	PAX5
PAX8	PBRM1	PDCD1	PDCD1LG2	PDGFRA	PDGFRB	PDIA3	PGF	PHOX2B*	PIK3C2B	PIK3C2G	РІКЗСЗ
PIK3CA	РІКЗСВ	PIK3CD	PIK3CG	PIK3R1	PIK3R2	PIK3R3	PIM1	PMS1	PMS2	POLB	POLD1
POLE	PPARG	PPP2R1A	PRDM1	PRKAR1A	PRKCA	PRKCB	PRKCG	PRKCI	PRKCQ	PRKDC	PRKN
PSMB8	PSMB9	PSME1	PSME2	PSME3	PTCH1	PTEN	PTGS2	PTPN11	PTPRD	PTPRT	RAC1
RAD50	RAD51	RAD51B	RAD51C	RAD51D	RAD52	RAD54L	RAF1	RARA	RB1	RBM10	RECQL4
REL	RET	RHOA	RICTOR	RNF43	ROS1	RPPH1	RPTOR	RUNX1	RUNX1T1	RXRA	SDHA
SDHB	SDHC	SDHD	SERPINB3	SERPINB4	SETD2	SF3B1	SGK1	SH2D1A*	SLC19A1*	SLC22A2*	SLCO1B1*
SLCO1B3*	SMAD2	SMAD3	SMAD4	SMARCA4	SMARCB1	SMO	SOCS1*	SOX2*	SOX9	SPEN	SPOP
SRC	STAG2	STAT3	STK11	SUFU	SYK	SYNE1	TAF1	TAP1	TAP2	TAPBP	TBX3
TEK	TERT	TET1	TET2	TGFBR2	TMSB4X*	TNF	TNFAIP3	TNFRSF14	TNFSF11	TOP1	TP53
TPMT*	TSC1	TSC2	TSHR	TYMS	U2AF1	UBE2A*	UBE2K	UBR5	UGT1A1*	USH2A	VDR*
VEGFA	VEGFB	VHL	WT1	XIAP	XPO1	XRCC2	ZNF217				

^{*}Analysis of copy number alterations NOT available.

FUSION

ALK	BRAF	EGER	FGFR1	FGFR2	FGFR3	MET	NRG1	NTRK1	NTRK2	NTRK3	RET	ROS1





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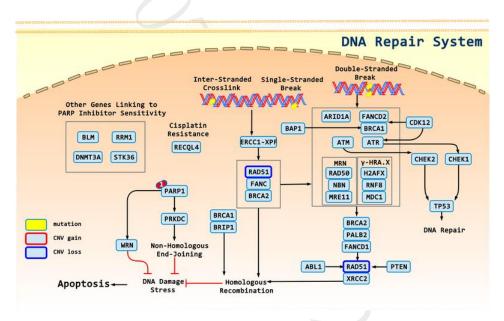
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APPENDIX

POSSIBLE THERAPEUTIC IMPLICATIONS FOR HETEROZYGOUS DELETION

Gene	Therapies	Possible effect
RAD51C	Niraparib, Olaparib, Rucaparib, Talazoparib	sensitive

SIGNALING PATHWAYS AND MOLECULAR-TARGETED AGENTS



1: Olaparib, Niraparib, Rucaparib, Talazoparib





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本檢驗報告僅提供專業醫療參考,結果需經專業醫師解釋及判讀。基因突變資訊非必具備藥物或治療有效性指標,反之亦然。本檢驗報 告提供之用藥指引不聲明或保證其臨床有效性,反之亦然。本基因檢測方法係由本公司研究開發,已經過有效性測試。

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本報告中列出之生物標記變異與藥物資訊並非依照潛在治療有效性排序。

證據等級

藥物潛在臨床效益(或缺乏潛在臨床效益)的實證證據是依據至少一篇臨床療效個案報告或臨床前試驗做為評估。本公司盡力提供適時及 準確之資料,但由於醫學科技之發展日新月異,本公司不就本報告提供的資料是否為準確、適宜或最新作保證。

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