

Tel: 02-2875-7449

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Sample Information

Patient Name: 鄭志乾 Gender: Male ID No.: H120156896 History No.: 45998763

Age: 56

Ordering Doctor: DOC3028J 鄭天信

Ordering REQ.: 0AQSQHE Signing in Date: 2020/03/31

Path No.: \$109-99290 **MP No.:** F2008

Assay: Oncomine Focus Assay

Sample Type: FFPE Block No.: C109-09539 Percentage of tumor cells: 50%

Note:

Sample Cancer Type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

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Relevant Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Findings

Gene	Finding	Gene	Finding
ALK	Not detected	NTRK1	Not detected
BRAF	Not detected	NTRK2	Not detected
EGFR	Not detected	NTRK3	Not detected
ERBB2	ERBB2 exon 20 insertion, ERBB2 p.(G776S) c.2326G>A	RET	Not detected
KRAS	Not detected	ROS1	Not detected
MET	Not detected		



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Indicated Contraindicated

Clinically Significant Biomarkers

Genomic Alteration	Relevant Therapies (In this cancer type)	Relevant Therapies (In other cancer type)	Clinical Trials
ERBB2 exon 20 insertion erb-b2 receptor tyrosine kinase 2	ado-trastuzumab emtansine	None	24
Tier: IA			
Allele Frequency: 20.57%			
ERBB2 p.(G776S) c.2326G>A erb-b2 receptor tyrosine kinase 2	ado-trastuzumab emtansine	None	16
Tier: IA			
Allele Frequency: 19.58%			

Sources included in relevant therapies: FDA1, NCCN, EMA2, ESMO

Tier Criteria Met

Genomic Alteration	Tier Classification for Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer
ERBB2 exon 20 insertion Tier: IA	IA: Biomarker is included in NCCN or ESMO guidelines that predict response or resistance to therapies in this cancer typeIIC: Biomarker is an inclusion criteria for clinical trials
ERBB2 p.(G776S) c.2326G>A Tier: IA	IA: Biomarker is included in NCCN or ESMO guidelines that predict response or resistance to therapies in this cancer type IIC: Biomarker is an inclusion criteria for clinical trials

Reference: Li et al. Standards and Guidelines for the Interpretation and Reporting of Sequence Variants in Cancer: A Joint Consensus Recommendation of the Association for Molecular Pathology, American Society of Clinical Oncology, and College of American Pathologists. J Mol Diagn. 2017 Jan;19(1):4-23.

Variant Details

DNA	Sequence Varia	ants						
Gene	Amino Acid Change	Coding	Variant ID	Locus	Allele Frequency	Transcript	Variant Effect	Coverage
ERBB2	p.(G776S)	c.2326G>A	COSM685	chr17:37880997	19.58%	NM_004448.3	missense	1987
ERBB2	p.(G778_S779insN)	c.2333_2334insAAA		chr17:37881004	20.57%	NM_004448.3	nonframeshift Insertion	1988
JAK1	p.(=)	c.2199A>G		chr1:65310489	53.69%	NM_002227.3	synonymous	1993
ALK	p.(I1461V)	c.4381A>G		chr2:29416572	99.95%	NM_004304.4	missense	2000
ALK	p.(=)	c.3375C>A		chr2:29445458	37.67%	NM_004304.4	synonymous	1999
FGFR3	p.(=)	c.1953G>A		chr4:1807894	99.94%	NM_000142.4	synonymous	1569
PDGFRA	p.(=)	c.1701A>G		chr4:55141055	99.90%	NM_006206.5	synonymous	1999
FGFR4	p.(P136L)	c.407C>T		chr5:176517797	99.45%	NM_213647.2	missense	2000
FGFR4	p.(=)	c.483A>G		chr5:176517985	18.33%	NM_213647.2	synonymous	1997



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Variant Details (continued)

DNA Sequence Variants (continued)

			Allele					
Gene	Amino Acid Change	Coding	Variant ID	Locus	Frequency	Transcript	Variant Effect	Coverage
RET	p.(=)	c.2307G>T		chr10:43613843	53.90%	NM_020975.4	synonymous	1998

Biomarker Descriptions

ERBB2 (erb-b2 receptor tyrosine kinase 2)

Background: The ERBB2 gene encodes the erb-b2 receptor tyrosine kinase 2, a member of the human epidermal growth factor receptor (HER) family. Along with ERBB2/HER2, EGFR/ERBB1/HER1, ERBB3/HER3, and ERBB4/HER4 make up the HER protein family¹. All ERBB/HER proteins encode transmembrane receptor tyrosine kinases. However, ERBB2/HER2 is an orphan receptor with no known ligand. ERBB2 preferentially binds other ligand bound ERBB/HER family members to form hetero-dimers resulting in the activation of ERBB2 tyrosine kinase activity and subsequent activation of the PI3K/AKT/MTOR and RAS/RAF/MAPK/ERK signaling pathways which promote cell proliferation, differentiation, and survival². Recurrent focal amplification of the ERBB2 gene leads to increased expression in several cancer types. ERBB2 over-expression in immortalized cell lines is oncogenic and leads to ERBB2 homo-dimerization and activation without ligand binding³.4.5.

Alterations and prevalence: ERBB2 gene amplification occurs in 10-20% of breast, esophageal, and gastric cancers, 5-10% of bladder, cervical, pancreas, and uterine cancers, and 1-5% of colorectal, lung, and ovarian cancers^{6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13}. Recurrent somatic activating mutations in ERBB2/HER2 occur at low frequencies (<1%) in diverse cancer types^{13,14,15}. In breast, bladder, and colorectal cancers, the most common recurrent ERBB2 activating mutations include kinase domain mutations L755S and V777L and the extracellular domain mutation S310F. In lung cancer, the most common recurrent ERBB2 activating mutations include in-frame exon 20 insertions, particularly Y772_A775dup.

Potential clinical relevance: The discovery of ERBB2/HER2 as an important driver of breast cancer in 1987¹⁶ led to the development of trastuzumab, a humanized monoclonal antibody with specificity to the extracellular domain of HER2¹⁷. Trastuzumab¹⁸ was FDA approved for the treatment of HER2 positive breast cancer in 1998, and subsequently in HER2 positive metastatic gastric and gastroesophageal junction adenocarcinoma in 2010. Additional monoclonal antibody therapies have been approved by the FDA for HER2-positive breast cancer including pertuzumab¹⁹ (2012), a humanized monoclonal antibody that inhibits HER2 dimerization, and ado-trastuzumab emtansine²⁰ (2013), a conjugate of trastuzumab and a potent antimicrotubule agent. The combination of pertuzumab, trastuzumab, and a taxane is the preferred front-line regimen for HER2-positive metastatic breast cancer²¹. In addition to monoclonal antibodies, the small molecule inhibitor lapatinib²², with specificity for both EGFR and ERBB2, was FDA approved (2007) for the treatment of patients with advanced HER2-positive breast cancer who have received prior therapy including trastuzumab. In 2017, the FDA approved the use of neratinib²³, an irreversible kinase inhibitor of EGFR, ERBB2/HER2, and ERBB4, for the extended adjuvant treatment of adult patients with early stage HER2-positive breast cancer. The novel bispecific antibody ZW25 has been granted fast-track designation (2019) by the FDA for patients with HER2-overexpressing gastroesophageal adenocarcinoma (GEA)²⁴. Certain activating mutations have been observed to impart sensitivity to neratinib, afatinib, lapatinib, and trastuzumab, or dacomitinib in early and ongoing clinical studies^{25,26,27,28,29}. Additionally, acquired HER2 mutations in ER+ breast cancer have been shown to confer resistance to hormone therapy³⁰. However, this was shown to be overcome by neratinib in combination with therapies targeting ER³⁰.



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Relevant Therapy Summary

In this cancer type O In other cancer

type

In this cancer type and other cancer types

Contraindicated

A Both for use and contraindicated

X No evidence

(I)

Relevant Therapy	FDA	NCCN	EMA	ESMO	Clinical Trials*
ado-trastuzumab emtansine	×		×	×	(II)
afatinib	×	×	×	×	(II)
chemotherapy, pertuzumab, trastuzumab	×	×	×	×	(II)
chemotherapy, targeted therapy	×	×	×	×	(II)
lapatinib	×	×	×	×	(II)
neratinib, trastuzumab	×	×	×	×	(II)
pertuzumab + trastuzumab	×	×	×	×	(II)
pertuzumab, trastuzumab	×	×	×	×	(II)
poziotinib	×	×	×	×	(II)
pyrotinib	×	×	×	×	(II)
RC-48	×	×	×	×	(II)
sintilimab	×	×	×	×	(II)
tarloxotinib	×	×	×	×	(II)
trastuzumab deruxtecan	×	×	×	×	(II)
anlotinib hydrochloride, CBT-502	×	×	×	×	(/)
DZD-9008	×	×	×	×	(/)
TAK788	×	×	×	×	(1/11)
everolimus + neratinib, neratinib + palbociclib, neratinib + trametinib	×	×	×	×	(1)

ERBB2 p.(G776S) c.2326G>A

pirotinib

Relevant Therapy	FDA	NCCN	EMA	ESMO	Clinical Trials*
ado-trastuzumab emtansine	×		×	×	×
afatinib	×	×	×	×	(II)

×

×

×

×

^{*} Most advanced phase (IV, III, II/II, II, I/II, I) is shown and multiple clinical trials may be available.



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Relevant Therapy Summary (continued)

In this cancer type In other cancer type

In this cancer type and other cancer types

Ontraindicated

A Both for use and contraindicated

× No evidence

ERBB2 p.(G776S) c.2326G>A (continued)

Relevant Therapy	FDA	NCCN	EMA	ESMO	Clinical Trials*
chemotherapy, pertuzumab, trastuzumab	×	×	×	×	(II)
lapatinib	×	×	×	×	(II)
pertuzumab + trastuzumab	×	×	×	×	(II)
pertuzumab, trastuzumab	×	×	×	×	(II)
poziotinib	×	×	×	×	(II)
pyrotinib	×	×	×	×	(II)
RC-48	×	×	×	×	(II)
anlotinib hydrochloride, CBT-502	×	×	×	×	(1/11)
DZD-9008	×	×	×	×	(1/11)
TAK788	×	×	×	×	(1/11)
everolimus + neratinib, neratinib + palbociclib, neratinib + trametinib	×	×	×	×	(1)
pirotinib	×	×	×	×	(I)

^{*} Most advanced phase (IV, III, II/III, II, I/II, I) is shown and multiple clinical trials may be available.



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Relevant Therapy Details

Current NCCN Information

In this cancer type and other cancer types

Contraindicated

Not recommended Resistance

NCCN information is current as of 2019-08-15. For the most up-to-date information, search www.nccn.org. For NCCN International Adaptations & Translations, search www.nccn.org/global/international_adaptations.aspx.

ERBB2 exon 20 insertion

ado-trastuzumab emtansine

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: ERBB2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer; Emerging targeted agents

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 7.2019]

afatinib

Variant class: ERBB2 mutation Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

Summary:

NCCN Guidelines® include the following supporting statement(s):

"The NCCN NSCLC Panel does not recommend single-agent therapy with trastuzumab or afatinib (both for HER2 mutations), because response rates are lower and treatment is less effective when these agents are used for patients with HER2 mutations."

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 7.2019]

trastuzumab

Variant class: ERBB2 mutation Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

Summary:

NCCN Guidelines® include the following supporting statement(s):

"The NCCN NSCLC Panel does not recommend single-agent therapy with trastuzumab or afatinib (both for HER2 mutations), because response rates are lower and treatment is less effective when these agents are used for patients with HER2 mutations."

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 7.2019]

Taipei Veterans General Hospital



Department of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine No.201, Sec. 2, Shipai Rd., Beitou District, Taipei City, Taiwan 11217, R.O.C. Tel: 02-2875-7449

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ERBB2 p.(G776S) c.2326G>A

ado-trastuzumab emtansine

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: ERBB2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer; Emerging targeted agents

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 7.2019]

afatinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: ERBB2 mutation

Summary:

NCCN Guidelines® include the following supporting statement(s):

"The NCCN NSCLC Panel does not recommend single-agent therapy with trastuzumab or afatinib (both for HER2 mutations), because response rates are lower and treatment is less effective when these agents are used for patients with HER2 mutations."

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 7.2019]

trastuzumab

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: ERBB2 mutation

Summary:

NCCN Guidelines® include the following supporting statement(s):

"The NCCN NSCLC Panel does not recommend single-agent therapy with trastuzumab or afatinib (both for HER2 mutations), because response rates are lower and treatment is less effective when these agents are used for patients with HER2 mutations."

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 7.2019]

Signatures

Testing Personnel:			

Laboratory Supervisor:

Pathologist:

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Taipei Veterans General Hospital



Department of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine No.201, Sec. 2, Shipai Rd., Beitou District, Taipei City, Taiwan 11217, R.O.C.

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