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Tel: 02-2875-7449

Date: 21 Oct 2021 1 of 22

Sample Information

Patient Name: 吳秀美 Gender: Female ID No.: A203092192 History No.: 46229747

Age: 72

Ordering Doctor: DOC1242E 劉峻宇

Ordering REQ.: D6GE89L Signing in Date: 2021/10/21

Path No.: S110-99819 **MP No.:** F21084

Assay: Oncomine Focus Assay

Sample Type: FFPE Block No.: S110-28507A Percentage of tumor cells: 70%

Reporting Doctor: DOC5466K 葉奕成 (Phone: 8#5466)

Note:

Sample Cancer Type: Head and Neck Cancer

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Report Highlights

- 1 Relevant Biomarkers
- 3 Therapies Available
- 4 Clinical Trials

Relevant Head and Neck Cancer Variants

Gene	Finding
ERBB2	None detected
NTRK1	None detected
NTRK2	None detected
NTRK3	ETV6-NTRK3 fusion

Date: 21 Oct 2021

Relevant Biomarkers

Tier	Genomic Alteration	Relevant Therapies (In this cancer type)	Relevant Therapies (In other cancer type)	Clinical Trials
IA	ETV6-NTRK3 fusion ETS variant transcription factor 6 - neurotrophic receptor tyrosine kinase 3	entrectinib 1, 2 larotrectinib 1	entrectinib Iarotrectinib TRK inhibitor	4
	Prognostic significance: None Diagnostic significance: None			

Public data sources included in relevant the rapies: FDA1, NCCN, EMA2, ESMO

Public data sources included in prognostic and diagnostic significance: NCCN, ESMO

Tier Reference: Li et al. Standards and Guidelines for the Interpretation and Reporting of Sequence Variants in Cancer: A Joint Consensus Recommendation of the Association for Molecular Pathology, American Society of Clinical Oncology, and College of American Pathologists. J Mol Diagn. 2017 Jan;19(1):4-23.

Variants (Exclude variant in Taiwan BioBank with >1% allele frequency)

Gene Fusion	s (RNA)		
Genes	Variant ID	Locus	Read Count
ETV6-NTRK3	ETV6-NTRK3.E4N15.COSF823.1	chr12:12006495 - chr15:88483984	421
ETV6-NTRK3	ETV6-NTRK3.E5N15.COSF571.1	chr12:12022903 - chr15:88483984	57213

Biomarker Descriptions

ETV6 (ETS variant transcription factor 6)

Background: The ETV6 gene encodes the E twenty-six (ETS) variant 1 transcription factor. ETV6 contains an N-terminal pointed (PNT) domain responsible for protein-protein interactions and a C-terminal ETS domain involved in DNA binding¹. ETV6 plays a critical role in embryonic development as well as hematopoiesis and is the target of chromosomal rearrangement and missense mutations in hematological malignancies as well as solid tumors^{2,3}. Hereditary mutations in ETV6 are associated with a predisposition to hematological cancers, including acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL), acute myeloid leukemia (AML), and myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS)^{4,5,6}.

Alterations and prevalence: ETV6 translocations are prevalent in hematological malignancies and have been observed with numerous fusion partners⁷. The most recurrent translocation is t(12;21)(q34;q11) which results in ETV6-RUNX1 fusion and is observed in 20-25% childhood acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL)^{7,8,9}. ETV6-RUNX1 fusions are also observed in adult ALL (2%)^{8,9}. The t(5;12)(q33;p13) translocation which results in the ETV6-PDGFRB fusion is recurrent in chronic myelomonocytic leukemia (CMML)^{7,10}. Other ETV6 fusions including ETV6-PDGFRA, ETV6-NTRK2, ETV6-NTRK3, and ETV6-ABL1 are reported in hematological malignancies as well as solid tumors^{3,7,11}. ETV6 fusions involving a receptor tyrosine kinase (RTK) fusion partner retains the ETV6 PNT domain and the tyrosine kinase domain of the RTK, leading to constitutive kinase activation^{7,11}. Mutations in ETV6 are primarily missense, nonsense, or frameshift and are observed in about 1-5% of select myeloid malignancies and solid tumors, including chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), chronic myeloid leukemia (CML), diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL), MDS, AML, ALL, melanoma, lung, bladder, stomach, colorectal, and uterine cancers^{1,12,13}. ETV6 mutations occur in the PNT and ETS domain of ETV6 and may impair ETV6 oligomerization or DNA-binding, respectively¹.

Potential relevance: ETV6-NTRK3 fusions are used as an ancillary diagnostic marker in congenital/infantile fibrosarcoma¹⁴. Nonsense or frameshift mutations in ETV6 are independently associated with poor prognosis in MDS⁶. However, ETV6-RUNX1 fusions are associated with favorable outcomes in ALL and good risk in B-cell ALL (B-ALL)⁹. ETV6 fusions that partner with a RTKs demonstrate response to various tyrosine kinase inhibitors such as imatinib, nilotinib, and entrectinib. Specifically, individual case reports of an ETV6-PDGFRA fusion chronic eosinophilic leukemia patient and an ETV6-PDGFRB fusion CMML patient treated with imatinib demonstrated complete cytogenetic response (CCyR) and complete hematological responses, respectively^{15,16}. Additionally, an ETV6-ABL1 fusion Ph-negative CML patient treated with nilotinib demonstrated CCyR and major molecular response (MMR) at 22 months from diagnosis¹⁷. In another case report, an ETV6-NTRK3 fusion mammary analogue secretory carcinoma (MASC) patient demonstrated partial response to entrectinib with 89% reduction in tumor burden¹⁸.

Biomarker Descriptions (continued)

NTRK3 (neurotrophic receptor tyrosine kinase 3)

Background: The NTRK genes encode a family of neurotrophic receptor tyrosine kinases that function as receptors for nerve growth factors. NTRKs are activated by different neurotrophins and are important for the development of the nervous system¹⁹. The NTRK1,2,3 proteins are also known as tropomyosin related kinases (TrkA,B,C) because NTRK1 was originally discovered as part of a chimeric fusion gene with tropomyosin-3 isolated from a human colon carcinoma cell line²⁰. NTRKs are the target of recurrent chromosomal rearrangements that generate fusion proteins containing the intact tyrosine kinase domain combined with numerous fusion partner genes^{21,22}. NTRK fusion kinases are constitutively active and lead to increased RAS/RAF/MEK/ERK, PI3K/AKT/MTOR, or PLCγ/PKC pathway signaling and can promote cell growth and proliferation^{21,23}.

Alterations and prevalence: NTRK fusions are infrequently observed in diverse cancer types including glioma, glioblastoma, lung adenocarcinoma, colorectal carcinoma, thyroid cancer, and sarcoma^{13,21,24,25,26}. In certain cancer subtypes, including infantile fibrosarcoma, papillary thyroid carcinoma, and secretory carcinoma of the breast or salivary gland, NTRK fusions are more prevalent^{21,27,28,29}.

Potential relevance: The first-generation selective tropomyosin receptor kinase (TRK) inhibitor, larotrectinib³⁰, is approved (2018) for the treatment of patients with any solid tumors harboring NTRK gene fusions and is the first approved small molecule inhibitor with tissue agnostic indication. Entrectinib³¹ is another first-generation TRK inhibitor approved (2019) for NTRK fusion-positive solid tumors as well as ROS1-positive non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC). However, acquired resistance to first-generation NTRK inhibition is often mediated by the acquisition of solvent-front and gatekeeper mutations in the kinase domain³². Consequently, the second generation TRK inhibitor, repotrectinib³³, was granted fast-track designation by the FDA (2020) for the treatment of patients with advanced solid tumors and an NTRK gene fusion that have progressed following treatment with at least one prior line of chemotherapy and prior TRK inhibitor treatment.

Relevant Therapy Summary

In this cancer type	In other cancer type	In this cancer type and other cancer types			X No evidence		
ETV6-NTRK3 fusion							
Relevant Therapy		FDA	NCCN	EMA	ESMO	Clinical Trials*	
entrectinib			•		0	(II)	
larotrectinib		•	0	×	0	(II)	
TRK inhibitor		×	×	×	0	×	
repotrectinib		×	×	×	×	(1/11)	

^{*} Most advanced phase (IV, III, II/III, II, I/II, I) is shown and multiple clinical trials may be available.

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Relevant Therapy Details

Current FDA Information

In this cancer type In other cancer type In this cancer type and other cancer type	ancer types
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FDA information is current as of 2021-08-18. For the most up-to-date information, search www.fda.gov.

ETV6-NTRK3 fusion

entrectinib

Cancer type: Solid Tumor Label as of: 2019-08-15 Variant class: NTRK fusion

Indications and usage:

ROZLYTREK® is a kinase inhibitor indicated for the treatment of:

- Adult patients with metastatic non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) whose tumors are ROS1-positive.
- Adult and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older with solid tumors that:
 - have a neurotrophic tyrosine receptor kinase (NTRK) gene fusion without a known acquired resistance mutation,
 - are metastatic or where surgical resection is likely to result in severe morbidity, and
 - have progressed following treatment or have no satisfactory alternative therapy

This indication is approved under accelerated approval based on tumor response rate and durability of response. Continued approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in the confirmatory trials.

Reference:

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2019/212725s000lbl.pdf

larotrectinib

Cancer type: Solid Tumor Label as of: 2021-03-25 Variant class: NTRK fusion

Indications and usage:

VITRAKVI® is a kinase inhibitor indicated for the treatment of adult and pediatric patients with solid tumors that:

- have a neurotrophic receptor tyrosine kinase (NTRK) gene fusion without a known acquired resistance mutation,
- are metastatic or where surgical resection is likely to result in severe morbidity, and
- have no satisfactory alternative treatments or that have progressed following treatment.

Select patients for therapy based on an FDA-approved test.

This indication is approved under accelerated approval based on overall response rate and duration of response. Continued approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in confirmatory trials.

Reference:

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2021/210861s006lbl.pdf

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Current NCCN Information

NCCN information is current as of 2021-08-02. For the most up-to-date information, search www.nccn.org. For NCCN International Adaptations & Translations, search www.nccn.org/global/international_adaptations.aspx.

ETV6-NTRK3 fusion

entrectinib

Cancer type: Solid Tumor Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Brain Metastases (Line of therapy not specified)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Central Nervous System Cancers [Version 1.2021]

entrectinib

Cancer type: Head and Neck Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Salivary Gland Neoplasm; Recurrent, Unresectable, Distant Metastases (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Head and Neck Cancers [Version 3.2021]

larotrectinib

Cancer type: Solid Tumor Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A Population segment (Line of therapy):

Brain Metastases (Line of therapy not specified)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Central Nervous System Cancers [Version 1.2021]

larotrectinib

Cancer type: Head and Neck Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Salivary Gland Neoplasm; Recurrent, Unresectable, Distant Metastases (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Head and Neck Cancers [Version 3.2021]

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ETV6-NTRK3 fusion (continued)

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: NTRK3 fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic (First-line therapy);
 Preferred intervention
- Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic (Subsequent therapy)
- Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Progression (Subsequent therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 5.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Variant class: NTRK3 fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic (First-line therapy);
 Preferred intervention
- Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic (Subsequent therapy)
- Adenocarcinoma, Large Cell, Squamous Cell, Not otherwise specified (NOS); Advanced, Metastatic, Progression (Subsequent therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer [Version 5.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Breast Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Stage IV; Recurrent, Invasive, Unresectable, Local (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Breast Cancer [Version 5.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Anaplastic Astrocytoma, Anaplastic Variant class: NTRK fusion

Oligoastrocytoma, Anaplastic Oligodendroglioma,

Glioblastoma

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Recurrent (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Central Nervous System Cancers [Version 1.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Ganglioglioma, Pilocytic Astrocytoma, Variant class: NTRK fusion

Pleomorphic Xanthoastrocytoma, Subependymal

Giant Cell Astrocytoma

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 WHO CNS Tumor Grade I, WHO CNS Tumor Grade II; Recurrent, Progression (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Central Nervous System Cancers [Version 1.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Colorectal Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Metastatic (Subsequent therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Colon Cancer [Version 2.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Cutaneous Melanoma Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Metastatic, Unresectable, Progression (Second-line therapy, Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Cutaneous Melanoma [Version 2.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Esophageal Cancer, Variant class: NTRK fusion

Gastroesophageal Junction Adenocarcinoma

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Squamous Cell; Unresectable, Locally Advanced, Recurrent, Metastatic (Second-line therapy, Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Esophageal and Esophagogastric Junction Cancers [Version 3.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Gastric Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Unresectable, Locally Advanced, Recurrent, Metastatic (Second-line therapy, Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Gastric Cancer [Version 3.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumor Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Unresectable, Progression (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumor [Version 1.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Hepatocellular Carcinoma Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ (Subsequent therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Hepatobiliary Cancers [Version 3.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Extrahepatic Cholangiocarcinoma, Variant class: NTRK fusion

Gallbladder Carcinoma, Intrahepatic

Cholangiocarcinoma

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- Unresectable, Metastatic (First-line therapy); Useful in certain circumstances
- Unresectable, Metastatic, Progression (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Hepatobiliary Cancers [Version 3.2021]

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ETV6-NTRK3 fusion (continued)

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Epithelial, Less Common Ovarian Cancers, Fallopian Tube, Primary Peritoneal; Recurrent (Recurrence therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Ovarian Cancer [Version 1.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Pancreatic Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Adenocarcinoma; Locally Advanced, Metastatic, Recurrent (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Pancreatic Adenocarcinoma [Version 2.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Colorectal Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Metastatic (Subsequent therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Rectal Cancer [Version 1.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Soft Tissue Sarcoma Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Unspecified histology; Advanced, Metastatic (First-line therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Soft Tissue Sarcoma [Version 2.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Thyroid Gland Follicular Carcinoma, Variant class: NTRK fusion

Thyroid Gland Hurthle Cell Carcinoma, Thyroid

Gland Papillary Carcinoma

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Locally Recurrent, Advanced, Metastatic (Line of therapy not specified)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Thyroid Carcinoma [Version 1.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Thyroid Gland Anaplastic Carcinoma Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- Stage IVA, Stage IVB; Local, Unresectable (Neoadjuvant therapy)
- Stage IVC; Metastatic (Second-line therapy); Preferred intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Thyroid Carcinoma [Version 1.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Breast Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Stage IV; Recurrent, Invasive, Unresectable, Local (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Breast Cancer [Version 5.2021]

larotrectinib

Cancer type: Anaplastic Astrocytoma, Anaplastic **Variant class:** NTRK fusion Oligoastrocytoma, Anaplastic Oligodendroglioma,

Glioblastoma

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Recurrent (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Central Nervous System Cancers [Version 1.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Ganglioglioma, Pilocytic Astrocytoma, Variant class: NTRK fusion

Pleomorphic Xanthoastrocytoma, Subependymal

Giant Cell Astrocytoma

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 WHO CNS Tumor Grade I, WHO CNS Tumor Grade II; Recurrent, Progression (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Central Nervous System Cancers [Version 1.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Colorectal Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Metastatic (Subsequent therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Colon Cancer [Version 2.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Cutaneous Melanoma Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Metastatic, Unresectable, Progression (Second-line therapy, Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Cutaneous Melanoma [Version 2.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Esophageal Cancer, Variant class: NTRK fusion

Gastroesophageal Junction Adenocarcinoma

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma, Squamous Cell; Unresectable, Locally Advanced, Recurrent, Metastatic (Second-line therapy, Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Esophageal and Esophagogastric Junction Cancers [Version 3.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Gastric Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Unresectable, Locally Advanced, Recurrent, Metastatic (Second-line therapy, Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Gastric Cancer [Version 3.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumor Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Unresectable, Progression (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumor [Version 1.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Hepatocellular Carcinoma Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ (Subsequent therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Hepatobiliary Cancers [Version 3.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Extrahepatic Cholangiocarcinoma, Variant class: NTRK fusion

Gallbladder Carcinoma, Intrahepatic

Cholangiocarcinoma

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- Unresectable, Metastatic (First-line therapy); Useful in certain circumstances
- Unresectable, Metastatic, Progression (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Hepatobiliary Cancers [Version 3.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Epithelial, Less Common Ovarian Cancers, Fallopian Tube, Primary Peritoneal; Recurrent (Recurrence therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Ovarian Cancer [Version 1.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Pancreatic Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- Adenocarcinoma; Metastatic (First-line therapy); Useful in certain circumstances
- Adenocarcinoma; Locally Advanced, Metastatic, Recurrent (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Pancreatic Adenocarcinoma [Version 2.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Colorectal Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Metastatic (Subsequent therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Rectal Cancer [Version 1.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Soft Tissue Sarcoma Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Unspecified histology; Advanced, Metastatic (First-line therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Soft Tissue Sarcoma [Version 2.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Thyroid Gland Follicular Carcinoma, Variant class: NTRK fusion

Thyroid Gland Hurthle Cell Carcinoma, Thyroid

Gland Papillary Carcinoma

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Locally Recurrent, Advanced, Metastatic (Line of therapy not specified)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Thyroid Carcinoma [Version 1.2021]

larotrectinib

Cancer type: Thyroid Gland Anaplastic Carcinoma Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- Stage IVA, Stage IVB; Local, Unresectable (Neoadjuvant therapy)
- Stage IVC; Metastatic (Second-line therapy); Preferred intervention

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Thyroid Carcinoma [Version 1.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Cervical Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Recurrent, Metastatic (Second-line therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Cervical Cancer [Version 1.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Pancreatic Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- Adenocarcinoma; Metastatic (First-line therapy); Useful in certain circumstances
- Adenocarcinoma; Locally Advanced, Metastatic, Recurrent (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Pancreatic Adenocarcinoma [Version 2.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Endometrial Carcinoma Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Advanced, Recurrent (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Uterine Neoplasms [Version 3.2021]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Uterine Sarcoma Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Recurrent, Metastatic, Progression (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Uterine Neoplasms [Version 3.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Cervical Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Recurrent, Metastatic (Second-line therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Cervical Cancer [Version 1.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Endometrial Carcinoma Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Advanced, Recurrent (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Uterine Neoplasms [Version 3.2021]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Uterine Sarcoma Variant class: NTRK fusion

NCCN Recommendation category: 2B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Recurrent, Metastatic, Progression (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Uterine Neoplasms [Version 3.2021]

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Current EMA Information

In this cancer type

O In other cancer type

• In this cancer type and other cancer types

EMA information is current as of 2021-08-18. For the most up-to-date information, search www.ema.europa.eu/ema.

ETV6-NTRK3 fusion

entrectinib

Cancer type: Solid Tumor Label as of: 2020-10-27 Variant class: NTRK fusion

Reference:

 $https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/rozlytrek-epar-product-information_en.pdf\\$

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Current ESMO Information

ESMO information is current as of 2021-08-02. For the most up-to-date information, search www.esmo.org.

ETV6-NTRK3 fusion

TRK inhibitor

Cancer type: Breast Cancer Variant class: NTRK fusion

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Advanced (Line of therapy not specified)

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-ESO-ESMO Advanced Breast Cancer [Annals of Oncology (2020), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2020.09.010 (ABC 5)]

O entrectinib

Cancer type: Soft Tissue Sarcoma Variant class: NTRK fusion

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: III / A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Locally Advanced, Metastatic (Line of therapy not specified); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 3

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-EUROCAN-Soft Tissue and Visceral Sarcomas [Ann Oncol (2021), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2021.07.006]

O larotrectinib

Cancer type: Soft Tissue Sarcoma Variant class: NTRK fusion

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: III / A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Locally Advanced, Metastatic (Line of therapy not specified); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 3

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-EUROCAN-Soft Tissue and Visceral Sarcomas [Ann Oncol (2021), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2021.07.006]

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Clinical Trials in Taiwan region:

Clinical Trials Summary

ETV6-NTRK3 fusion

NCT ID	Title	Phase
NCT02576431	A Phase II Basket Study of the Oral TRK Inhibitor Larotrectinib in Subjects With NTRK Fusion-positive Tumors	II
NCT02568267	An Open-Label, Multicenter, Global Phase II Basket Study of Entrectinib for the Treatment of Patients With Locally Advanced or Metastatic Solid Tumors That Harbor NTRK1/2/3, ROS1, or ALK Gene Rearrangements. Studies of Tumor Alterations Responsive to Targeting Receptor Kinases (STARTRK-2)	II
NCT04589845	Tumor-Agnostic Precision Immunooncology and Somatic Targeting Rational for You (TAPISTRY) Phase II Platform Trial	II
NCT03093116	A Phase I/II, Open-Label, Multi-Center, First-in-Human Study of the Safety, Tolerability, Pharmacokinetics, and Anti-Tumor Activity of TPX-0005 in Patients With Advanced Solid Tumors Harboring ALK, ROS1, or NTRK1-3 Rearrangements (TRIDENT-1)	1/11

Alerts Informed By Public Data Sources

Current FDA Information











Fast Track

FDA information is current as of 2021-08-18. For the most up-to-date information, search www.fda.gov.

ETV6-NTRK3 fusion

repotrectinib

Cancer type: Solid Tumor Variant class: NTRK fusion

Supporting Statement:

The FDA has granted Fast Track Designation to the ALK/ROS1/TRK inhibitor, repotrectinib, for:

- ROS1-positive advanced non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) previously treated with one prior platinum chemotherapy and one prior ROS1 TKI.
- ROS1-positive advanced non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) without prior ROS1 TKI treatment.
- NTRK fusion positive advanced solid tumors that have progressed following treatment with at least one prior line of chemotherapy and one or two prior TRK TKIs.

Reference:

https://ir.tptherapeutics.com/news-releases/news-release-details/turning-point-therapeutics-granted-fast-track-designation

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Current NCCN Information

Contraindicated

Not recommended

Resistance

Breakthrough

Fast Track

NCCN information is current as of 2021-08-02. For the most up-to-date information, search www.nccn.org. For NCCN International Adaptations & Translations, search www.nccn.org/global/international_adaptations.aspx.

ETV6-NTRK3 fusion

larotrectinib

Cancer type: Angiosarcoma, Pleomorphic **Variant class:** NTRK fusion Rhabdomyosarcoma

Summary:

NCCN Guidelines® include the following supporting statement(s):

■ "Not recommended for angiosarcoma or pleomorphic rhabdomyosarcoma."

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Soft Tissue Sarcoma [Version 2.2021]

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Signatures

Testing Personnel:

Laboratory Supervisor:

Pathologist:

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