



## Sample Information

**Patient Name:** 何再添**Gender:** Male**ID No.:** Q121002937**History No.:** 46474446**Age:** 61**Ordering Doctor:** DOC1885G 楊慕華**Ordering REQ.:** D5K38MJ**Signing in Date:** 2020/12/10**Path No.:** S109-96819**MP No.:** F20107**Assay:** Oncomine Focus Assay**Sample Type:** FFPE**Block No.:** S109-78724C**Percentage of tumor cells:** 90%**Note:**

## Sample Cancer Type: Melanoma

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### Report Highlights

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## Relevant Melanoma Findings

Gene	Finding
BRAF	Not detected
KIT	Not detected
NTRK1	Not detected
NTRK2	Not detected
NTRK3	Not detected

## Relevant Biomarkers

Tier	Genomic Alteration	Relevant Therapies (In this cancer type)	Relevant Therapies (In other cancer type)	Clinical Trials
IIC	<b>GNA11 p.(Q209L) c.626A&gt;T</b> G protein subunit alpha 11 Allele Fraction: 0.393	None	None	12

**Public data sources included in relevant therapies:** FDA1, NCCN, EMA2, ESMO**Tier Reference:** Li et al. *Standards and Guidelines for the Interpretation and Reporting of Sequence Variants in Cancer: A Joint Consensus Recommendation of the Association for Molecular Pathology, American Society of Clinical Oncology, and College of American Pathologists.* J Mol Diagn. 2017 Jan;19(1):4-23.



## Variant Details

### DNA Sequence Variants

Gene	Amino Acid Change	Coding	Variant ID	Locus	Allele Fraction	Transcript	Variant Effect	Coverage
GNA11	p.(Q209L)	c.626A>T	COSM52969	chr19:3118942	0.393	NM_002067.4	missense	1999

## Biomarker Descriptions

### GNA11 (G protein subunit alpha 11)

**Background:** The GNA11 gene encodes an alpha subunit of heterotrimeric guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G-proteins). G-protein alpha subunits bind guanine nucleotide, hydrolyze GTP, and interact with specific receptor and effector molecules. GNA11 is closely related to GNAQ, another G-protein alpha subunit.

**Alterations and prevalence:** Somatic activating mutations in GNA11 and GNAQ at amino acids R183 and Q209 are common in uveal melanoma and are mutually exclusive. These mutations render the G protein constitutively active leading to the stimulation of MAP kinases, PI3K/AKT, and protein kinase C, which promote tumor growth and proliferation<sup>1,2,3</sup>. Approximately 45% of uveal melanoma cases contain activating mutations in GNA11 and up to 50% of cases contain activating mutations in GNAQ<sup>4,5,6</sup>. By contrast, GNA11 and GNAQ mutations are infrequent in cutaneous melanoma, with a combined prevalence of approximately 1%, and are infrequently observed in other cancers<sup>5,6</sup>.

**Potential relevance:** Currently, no therapies are approved for GNA11 aberrations. In a randomized phase II clinical trial of MEK inhibitor selumetinib versus chemotherapy, GNA11 and GNAQ positive uveal melanoma patients demonstrated a median progression-free survival (PFS) of 15.9 weeks versus 7 weeks, respectively<sup>7</sup>. However, no statistically significant improvement in overall survival (OS) was observed and the improvement in outcomes was associated with a high rate of adverse events<sup>7</sup>.

## Relevant Therapy Summary

☒ In this cancer type
 ☐ In other cancer type
 ☒ In this cancer type and other cancer types
 ☒ No evidence

### GNA11 p.(Q209L) c.626A>T

Relevant Therapy	FDA	NCCN	EMA	ESMO	Clinical Trials*
selumetinib, ulixertinib	×	×	×	×	● (II)
ASTX029	×	×	×	×	● (I/II)
HH-2710	×	×	×	×	● (I/II)
LXS-196, binimetinib	×	×	×	×	● (I/II)
mirdametinib, lifirafenib	×	×	×	×	● (I/II)
BGB-3245	×	×	×	×	● (I)
JSI-1187	×	×	×	×	● (I)
LXH254	×	×	×	×	● (I)

\* Most advanced phase (IV, III, II/III, II, I/II, I) is shown and multiple clinical trials may be available.



## Relevant Therapy Summary (continued)

☒ In this cancer type  
 ☐ In other cancer type  
 ☒ In this cancer type and other cancer types  
 ✕ No evidence

### GNA11 p.(Q209L) c.626A>T (continued)

Relevant Therapy	FDA	NCCN	EMA	ESMO	Clinical Trials*
LY3214996, midazolam, abemaciclib, chemotherapy, encorafenib, cetuximab	✕	✕	✕	✕	● (I)
MLN-2480	✕	✕	✕	✕	● (I)
RMC-4630	✕	✕	✕	✕	● (I)
RO-5126766, everolimus	✕	✕	✕	✕	● (I)

\* Most advanced phase (IV, III, II/III, II, I/II, I) is shown and multiple clinical trials may be available.

## Clinical Trials Summary

### GNA11 p.(Q209L) c.626A>T

NCT ID	Title	Phase
NCT03947385	A Phase I/II Study of IDE196 in Patients With Solid Tumors Harboring GNAQ/11 Mutations or PRKC Fusions	I/II
NCT03905148	A Phase Ib, Open-Label, Dose-escalation and Expansion Study to Investigate the Safety, Pharmacokinetics and Antitumor Activities of a RAF Dimer Inhibitor BGB-283 in Combination With MEK Inhibitor PD-0325901 in Patients With Advanced or Refractory Solid Tumors	I/II
NCT03155620	NCI-COG Pediatric MATCH (Molecular Analysis for Therapy Choice) Screening Protocol	II
NCT04198818	A First-in-Human, Open Label, Phase I/II Study to Evaluate the Safety, Tolerability and Pharmacokinetics of HH2710 in Patients With Advanced Tumors	I/II
NCT03520075	A Phase I/II Study of the Safety, Pharmacokinetics, and Activity of ASTX029 in Subjects With Advanced Solid Tumors	I/II
NCT04418167	A Phase I Study of ERK1/2 Inhibitor JSI-1187 Administered as Monotherapy and in Combination With Dabrafenib for the Treatment of Advanced Solid Tumors With MAPK Pathway Mutations	I
NCT03429803	A Phase I Study of TAK-580 (MLN2480) for Children With Low-Grade Gliomas and Other RAS/RAF/MEK/ERK Pathway Activated Tumors	I
NCT03634982	A Phase I, Open-Label, Multicenter, Dose-Escalation Study of RMC-4630 Monotherapy in Adult Participants with Relapsed/Refractory Solid Tumors	I
NCT02407509	A Phase I Trial of RO5126766 (a Dual RAF/MEK Inhibitor) Exploring Intermittent, Oral Dosing Regimens in Patients With Solid Tumours or Multiple Myeloma, With an Expansion to Explore Intermittent Dosing in Combination With Everolimus	I
NCT04249843	A First-in-Human, Phase Ia/Ib, Open Label, Dose-Escalation and Expansion Study to Investigate the Safety, Pharmacokinetics, and Antitumor Activity of the RAF Dimer Inhibitor BGB-3245 in Patients With Advanced or Refractory Tumors	I



## Clinical Trials Summary (continued)

### GNA11 p.(Q209L) c.626A>T (continued)

NCT ID	Title	Phase
NCT02607813	A Phase I Dose Finding Study of Oral LXH254 in Adult Patients With Advanced Solid Tumors Harboring MAPK Pathway Alterations	I
NCT02857270	A Phase I Study of an ERK1/2 Inhibitor (LY3214996) Administered Alone or in Combination With Other Agents in Advanced Cancer	I



## Signatures

Testing Personnel:

Laboratory Supervisor:

Pathologist:



## References

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2. Amaro et al. The biology of uveal melanoma. *Cancer Metastasis Rev.* 2017 Mar;36(1):109-140. PMID: 28229253
3. Parish et al. GNAS, GNAQ, and GNA11 alterations in patients with diverse cancers. *Cancer.* 2018 Oct 15;124(20):4080-4089. PMID: 30204251
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7. Carvajal et al. Effect of selumetinib vs chemotherapy on progression-free survival in uveal melanoma: a randomized clinical trial. *JAMA.* 2014 Jun 18;311(23):2397-405. PMID: 24938562