

Department of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine No.201, Sec. 2, Shipai Rd., Beitou District, Taipei City, Taiwan 11217, R.O.C.

Tel: 02-2875-7449

Date: 31 Jul 2020 1 of 4

Sample Information

Patient Name: 何蓁蓁 Gender: Female ID No.: A202482209 History No.: 19145749

Age: 72

Ordering Doctor: DOC3109L 邱昭華

Ordering REQ.: D59E9E3 Signing in Date: 2020/07/29

Path No.: \$109-99770 **MP No.:** F20050

Assay: Oncomine Focus Assay

Sample Type: FFPE Block No.: \$109-22979A+B Percentage of tumor cells: 20%

Note:

Sample Cancer Type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

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BioBank with >1% allele frequency)		0 Therapi
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Report Highlights

1 Relevant Biomarkers 0 Therapies Available 7 Clinical Trials

Relevant Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Findings

Gene	Finding	Gene	Finding	
ALK	Not detected	NTRK1	Not detected	
BRAF	Not detected	NTRK2	Not detected	
EGFR	Not detected	NTRK3	Not detected	
ERBB2	Not detected	RET	Not detected	
KRAS	KRAS amplification	ROS1	Not detected	
MET	Not detected			

Relevant Biomarkers

Tier	Genomic Alteration	Relevant Therapies (In this cancer type)	Relevant Therapies (In other cancer type)	Clinical Trials
IIC	KRAS amplification KRAS proto-oncogene, GTPase	None	None	7

Public data sources included in relevant therapies: FDA1, NCCN, EMA2, ESMO

Tier Reference: Li et al. Standards and Guidelines for the Interpretation and Reporting of Sequence Variants in Cancer: A Joint Consensus Recommendation of the Association for Molecular Pathology, American Society of Clinical Oncology, and College of American Pathologists. J Mol Diagn. 2017 Jan;19(1):4-23.



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Variants (Exclude variant in Taiwan BioBank with >1% allele frequency)

DNA	Sequence Varia	ants						
Gene	Amino Acid Change	Coding	Variant ID	Locus	Allele Frequency	Transcript	Variant Effect	Coverage
ALK	p.(D1529E)	c.4587C>G		chr2:29416366	100.00%	NM_004304.4	missense	2000
ALK	p.(I1461V)	c.4381A>G		chr2:29416572	99.85%	NM_004304.4	missense	2000
ALK	p.(=)	c.3375C>A		chr2:29445458	99.95%	NM_004304.4	synonymous	1991
FGFR3	p.(=)	c.1953G>A		chr4:1807894	99.65%	NM_000142.4	synonymous	854
PDGFRA	p.(=)	c.939T>G		chr4:55133726	48.80%	NM_006206.5	synonymous	1994
PDGFRA	p.(=)	c.1701A>G		chr4:55141055	99.80%	NM_006206.5	synonymous	1996
PDGFRA	p.(=)	c.2472C>T		chr4:55152040	50.10%	NM_006206.5	synonymous	2000
KIT	p.(=)	c.1638A>G		chr4:55593481	48.60%	NM_000222.2	synonymous	1998
FGFR4	p.(P136L)	c.407C>T		chr5:176517797	99.60%	NM_213647.2	missense	1999
EGFR	p.(=)	c.2361G>A		chr7:55249063	99.75%	NM_005228.4	synonymous	1998
RET	p.(=)	c.2307G>T		chr10:43613843	99.95%	NM_020975.4	synonymous	1988

Copy Number Variations		
Gene	Locus	Copy Number
KRAS	chr12:25364761	98.55

Biomarker Descriptions

KRAS (KRAS proto-oncogene, GTPase)

<u>Background:</u> The KRAS proto-oncogene encodes a GTPase that functions in signal transduction and is a member of the RAS superfamily which also includes NRAS and HRAS. RAS proteins mediate the transmission of growth signals from the cell surface to the nucleus via the PI3K/AKT/MTOR and RAS/RAF/MEK/ERK pathways, which regulate cell division, differentiation, and survival^{1,2,3}.

Alterations and prevalence: Recurrent mutations in RAS oncogenes cause constitutive activation and are found in 20-30% of cancers. KRAS mutations are observed in up to 10-20% of uterine cancer, 30-35% of lung adenocarcinoma and colorectal cancer, and about 60% of pancreatic cancer⁴. The majority of KRAS mutations consist of point mutations occurring at G12, G13, and Q61^{4,5,6}. Mutations at A59, K117, and A146 have also been observed but are less frequent^{7,8}.

Potential relevance: Currently, no therapies are approved for KRAS aberrations. However, the KRAS G12C inhibitor, sotorasib (AMG 510)⁹, was granted fast track designation (2019) for previously treated non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) patients with KRAS G12C mutations. The EGFR antagonists, cetuximab¹⁰ and panitumumab¹¹, are contraindicated for treatment of colorectal cancer patients with KRAS mutations in exon 2 (codons 12 and 13), exon 3 (codons 59 and 61), and exon 4 (codons 117 and 146)⁸. Additionally, KRAS mutations are associated with poor prognosis in NSCLC¹².

Taipei Veterans General Hospital



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A Both for use and

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contraindicated

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X No evidence

(I)

(I)

(I)

(I)

Relevant Therapy Summary

In this cancer type In other cancer

type

LY3214996, midazolam, abemaciclib, chemotherapy,

KRAS amplification					
Relevant Therapy	FDA	NCCN	EMA	ESMO	Clinical Trials*
ASTX029	×	×	×	×	(1/11)
mirdametinib, lifirafenib	×	×	×	×	(/)
RMC-4630 cohimetinih	×	~	~	~	(I/II)

×

×

×

Contraindicated

×

×

×

In this cancer type and

other cancer types

Signatures

BGB-3245

encorafenib, cetuximab

LXH254

Testing Personnel:

Laboratory Supervisor:

Pathologist:

^{*} Most advanced phase (IV, III, II/III, II, I/II, I) is shown and multiple clinical trials may be available.

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