

Department of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine No.201, Sec. 2, Shipai Rd., Beitou District, Taipei City, Taiwan 11217, R.O.C.

Tel: 02-2875-7449

Date: 18 Jan 2024 1 of 18

Sample Information

Patient Name: 張華良 Gender: Male ID No.: A110319866 History No.: 46709482

Age: 67

Ordering Doctor: DOC2169J 張延驊

Ordering REQ.: G2FCG42 Signing in Date: 2024/1/16

Path No.: M113-00014 **MP No.:** BR24004

Assay: Oncomine BRCA1/2 Assay

Sample Type: FFPE Block No.: S110-70271B Percentage of tumor cells: 60%

Reporting Doctor: DOC5424G 彭昱璟 (Phone: 8#5424)

Note:

Sample Cancer Type: Prostate Adenocarcinoma

Table of Contents	Page
Variant Details	2
Biomarker Descriptions	2
Relevant Therapy Summary	3
Relevant Therapy Details	4

Report Highlights

- 1 Relevant Biomarkers
- 8 Therapies Available
- 1 Clinical Trials

Relevant Biomarkers

Tier	Genomic Alteration	Relevant Therapies (In this cancer type)	Relevant Therapies (In other cancer type)	Clinical Trials
IIC	BRCA2 p.(P2802Lfs*19) c.8403delT BRCA2 DNA repair associated Allele Frequency: 75.61%	None	abiraterone + niraparib 1,2 bevacizumab + olaparib 1,2 olaparib 1,2 rucaparib 1 talazoparib + hormone therapy 1 niraparib olaparib + hormone therapy talazoparib	1

 $\textbf{Public data sources included in relevant the rapies: FDA1, NCCN, EMA2, ESMO}$

Variant Details

DNA Sequence Variants

				Allele				
Gene	Amino Acid Change	Coding	Locus	Frequency	Transcript	Variant Effect	ClinVar ¹	Coverage
BRCA2	p.(P2802Lfs*19)	c.8403delT	chr13:32944606	75.61%	NM_000059.3	frameshift Deletion	Pathogenic	1980
BRCA2	p.(?)	c26G>A	chr13:32890572	86.78%	NM_000059.3	unknown	Benign	1997
BRCA2	p.(N372H)	c.1114A>C	chr13:32906729	11.55%	NM_000059.3	missense	Benign	2000
BRCA2	p.(K1132=)	c.3396A>G	chr13:32911888	87.94%	NM_000059.3	synonymous	Benign	1999
BRCA2	p.(L1521=)	c.4563A>G	chr13:32913055	99.70%	NM_000059.3	synonymous	Benign	1999
BRCA2	p.(V2171=)	c.6513G>C	chr13:32915005	100.00%	NM_000059.3	synonymous	Benign	1991
BRCA2	p.(S2414=)	c.7242A>G	chr13:32929232	87.59%	NM_000059.3	synonymous	Benign	1998
BRCA2	p.(V2466A)	c.7397T>C	chr13:32929387	99.60%	NM_000059.3	missense	Benign	1999
BRCA1	p.(S1613G)	c.4837A>G	chr17:41223094	99.80%	NM_007294.4	missense	Benign	2000
BRCA1	p.(S1436=)	c.4308T>C	chr17:41234470	99.60%	NM_007294.4	synonymous	Benign	2000
BRCA1	p.(K1183R)	c.3548A>G	chr17:41244000	99.55%	NM_007294.4	missense	Benign	2000
BRCA1	p.(E1038G)	c.3113A>G	chr17:41244435	98.95%	NM_007294.4	missense	Benign	1999
BRCA1	p.(P871L)	c.2612C>T	chr17:41244936	99.50%	NM_007294.4	missense	Benign	1999
BRCA1	p.(L771=)	c.2311T>C	chr17:41245237	99.30%	NM_007294.4	synonymous	Benign	1999
BRCA1	p.(S694=)	c.2082C>T	chr17:41245466	99.70%	NM_007294.4	synonymous	Benign	1996

¹ Based on Clinvar version 20200329

Biomarker Descriptions

BRCA2 p.(P2802Lfs*19) c.8403delT

BRCA2 DNA repair associated

Background: The breast cancer early onset gene 2 (BRCA2) encodes one of two BRCA proteins (BRCA1 and BRCA2) initially discovered as major hereditary breast cancer genes. Although structurally unrelated, both BRCA1 and BRCA2 exhibit tumor suppressor function and are integrally involved in the homologous recombination repair (HRR) pathway, a pathway critical in the repair of damaged DNA^{1,2}. Specifically, BRCA1/2 are required for repair of chromosomal double strand breaks (DSBs) which are highly unstable and compromise genome integrity^{1,2}. Inherited pathogenic mutations in BRCA1/2 are known to confer increased risk in women for breast and ovarian cancer and in men for breast and prostate cancer^{3,4,5}. For individuals diagnosed with inherited pathogenic or likely pathogenic BRCA1/2 variants, the cumulative risk of breast cancer by 80 years of age was 69-72% and the cumulative risk of ovarian cancer by 70 years was 20-48%^{3,6}.

Alterations and prevalence: Inherited BRCA1/2 mutations occur in 1:400 to 1:500 individuals and are observed in 10-15% of ovarian cancer, 5-10% of breast cancer, and 1-4% of prostate cancer^{7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14}. Somatic alterations in BRCA2 are observed in 5-15% of uterine corpus endometrial carcinoma, cutaneous melanoma, bladder urothelial carcinoma, stomach adenocarcinoma, colorectal adenocarcinoma, lung squamous cell carcinoma, lung adenocarcinoma, and uterine carcinosarcoma, 3-4% of cervical squamous cell carcinoma, head and neck squamous cell carcinoma, esophageal adenocarcinoma, ovarian serous cystadenocarcinoma, cholangiocarcinoma, breast invasive carcinoma, renal papillary cell carcinoma, and 2% of renal clear cell carcinoma, hepatocellular carcinoma, brostate adenocarcinoma, sarcoma, and glioblastoma multiforme^{15,16}.

Potential relevance: Individuals possessing BRCA1/2 pathogenic germline or somatic mutations are shown to exhibit sensitivity to platinum based chemotherapy as well as treatment with poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase inhibitors (PARPi)¹⁷. Inhibitors targeting PARP induce synthetic lethality in recombination deficient BRCA1/2 mutant cells^{18,19}. Consequently, several PARP inhibitors have been FDA approved for BRCA1/2-mutated cancers. Olaparib²⁰ (2014) was the first PARPi to be approved by the FDA for BRCA1/2 aberrations. Originally approved for the treatment of germline variants, olaparib is now indicated (2018) for the maintenance treatment

Biomarker Descriptions (continued)

of both germline BRCA1/2-mutated (gBRCAm) and somatic BRCA1/2-mutated (sBRCAm) epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancers that are responsive to platinum-based chemotherapy. Olaparib is also indicated for the treatment of patients with gBRCAm HER2-negative metastatic breast cancer and metastatic pancreatic adenocarcinoma. Additionally, olaparib²⁰ is approved (2020) for metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer (mCRPC) with deleterious or suspected deleterious, germline or somatic mutations in HRR genes that includes BRCA2. Rucaparib²¹ is also approved (2020) for deleterious gBRCAm or sBRCAm mCRPC and ovarian cancer. Talazoparib²² (2018) is indicated for the treatment of gBRCAm HER2-negative locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer. Additionally, talazoparib²² in combination with enzalutamide is approved (2023) for metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer (mCRPC) with mutations in HRR genes that includes BRCA2. Niraparib²³ (2017) is another PARPi approved for the treatment of epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancers with a deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA mutation. Niraparib in combination with abiraterone acetate²⁴ received FDA approval (2023) for the treatment of deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA-mutated (BRCAm) mCRPC. Despite tolerability and efficacy, acquired resistance to PARP inhibition has been clinically reported²⁵. One of the most common mechanisms of resistance includes secondary intragenic mutations that restore BRCA1/2 functionality²⁶. In addition to PARP inhibitors, other drugs which promote synthetic lethality have been investigated for BRCA mutations. In 2022, the FDA granted fast track designation to the small molecule inhibitor, pidnarulex²⁷, for BRCA1/2, PALB2, or other homologous recombination deficiency (HRD) mutations in breast and ovarian cancers. Like PARPi, pidnarulex promotes synthetic lethality but through an alternative mechanism which involves stabilization of G-quadruplexes at the replication fork leading to DNA breaks and genomic instability.

Relevant Therapy Summary

In this cancer type In other cancer type	In this cancer type and other cancer types			X No eviden	ce
BRCA2 p.(P2802Lfs*19) c.8403delT					
Relevant Therapy	FDA	NCCN	EMA	ESMO	Clinical Trials*
bevacizumab + olaparib	0	0	0	0	×
olaparib	0	0	0	0	×
abiraterone + niraparib	0	0	0	×	×
rucaparib	0	0	×	0	×
talazoparib + enzalutamide	0	0	×	×	×
niraparib	×	0	×	0	×
olaparib + abiraterone acetate	×	0	×	×	×
talazoparib	×	×	×	0	×
senaparib, IMP-9064	×	×	×	×	(1/11)

^{*} Most advanced phase (IV, III, II/III, II, I/II, I) is shown and multiple clinical trials may be available.

Date: 18 Jan 2024 4 of 18

Relevant Therapy Details

Current FDA Information

In this cancer type In other cancer type

In this cancer type and other cancer types

FDA information is current as of 2023-11-15. For the most up-to-date information, search www.fda.gov.

BRCA2 p.(P2802Lfs*19) c.8403delT

O abiraterone + niraparib

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Label as of: 2023-08-11 Variant

Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

Cancer

Indications and usage:

AKEEGA® is a combination of niraparib, a poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase (PARP) inhibitor, and abiraterone acetate, a CYP17 inhibitor indicated with prednisone for the treatment of adult patients with deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA-mutated (BRCAm) metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer (mCRPC). Select patients for therapy based on an FDA-approved test for AKEEGA®.

Reference:

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2023/216793s000lbl.pdf

O olaparib, bevacizumab + olaparib

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Label as of: 2023-11-06 Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

Cancer, Ovarian Cancer

Indications and usage:

LYNPARZA® is a poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase (PARP) inhibitor indicated:

Ovarian cancer

- for the maintenance treatment of adult patients with deleterious or suspected deleterious germline or somatic BRCA-mutated advanced epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal cancer who are in complete or partial response to first-line platinum-based chemotherapy. Select patients for therapy based on an FDA-approved companion diagnostic for LYNPARZA®.
- in combination with bevacizumab for the maintenance treatment of adult patients with advanced epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal cancer who are in complete or partial response to first-line platinum-based chemotherapy and whose cancer is associated with homologous recombination deficiency (HRD)-positive status defined by either:
 - a deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA mutation, and/or
 - genomic instability.

Select patients for therapy based on an FDA-approved companion diagnostic for LYNPARZA®.

for the maintenance treatment of adult patients with deleterious or suspected deleterious germline or somatic BRCA-mutated recurrent epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal cancer, who are in complete or partial response to platinum-based chemotherapy. Select patients for therapy based on an FDA-approved companion diagnostic for LYNPARZA®. Select patients for therapy based on an FDA-approved companion diagnostic for LYNPARZA®.

Breast cancer

- for the adjuvant treatment of adult patients with deleterious or suspected deleterious gBRCAm human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-negative high risk early breast cancer who have been treated with neoadjuvant or adjuvant chemotherapy. Select patients for therapy based on an FDA-approved companion diagnostic for LYNPARZA®.
- for the treatment of adult patients with deleterious or suspected deleterious gBRCAm, HER2-negative metastatic breast cancer who have been treated with chemotherapy in the neoadjuvant, adjuvant or metastatic setting. Patients with hormone receptor (HR)-positive breast cancer should have been treated with a prior endocrine therapy or be considered inappropriate for endocrine therapy. Select patients for therapy based on an FDA-approved companion diagnostic for LYNPARZA®.

Pancreatic cancer

• for the maintenance treatment of adult patients with deleterious or suspected deleterious gBRCAm metastatic pancreatic adenocarcinoma whose disease has not progressed on at least 16 weeks of a first-line platinum-based chemotherapy regimen. Select patients for therapy based on an FDA-approved companion diagnostic for LYNPARZA®.

Prostate cancer

- for the treatment of adult patients with deleterious or suspected deleterious germline or somatic homologous recombination repair (HRR) gene-mutated metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer (mCRPC) who have progressed following prior treatment with enzalutamide or abiraterone. Select patients for therapy based on an FDA-approved companion diagnostic for LYNPARZA®.
- in combination with abiraterone and prednisone or prednisolone for the treatment of adult patients with deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA-mutated (BRCAm) metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer (mCRPC). Select patients for therapy based on an FDA-approved companion diagnostic for LYNPARZA®.

Reference:

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2023/208558s028lbl.pdf

O rucaparib

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Label as of: 2022-12-21 Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

Cancer, Ovarian Cancer

Indications and usage:

RUBRACA® is a poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase (PARP) inhibitor indicated:

Ovarian cancer

for the maintenance treatment of adult patients with a deleterious BRCA mutation (germline and/or somatic)- associated recurrent epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer who are in a complete or partial response to platinum-based chemotherapy.

Prostate cancer

• for the treatment of adult patients with a deleterious BRCA mutation (germline and/or somatic)-associated metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer (mCRPC) who have been treated with androgen receptor-directed therapy and a taxane-based chemotherapy. Select patients for therapy based on an FDA-approved companion diagnostic for RUBRACA®.

This indication is approved under accelerated approval based on objective response rate and duration of response. Continued approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in confirmatory trials.

Reference:

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2022/209115s013lbl.pdf

O talazoparib + enzalutamide

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Label as of: 2023-06-20 Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

Cancer

Indications and usage:

TALZENNA® is a poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase (PARP) inhibitor indicated for:

Breast Cancer

As a single agent, for the treatment of adult patients with deleterious or suspected deleterious germline BRCA-mutated (gBRCAm) HER2-negative locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer. Select patients for therapy based on an FDA-approved companion diagnostic for TALZENNA®.

HRR Gene-mutated mCRPC

• In combination with enzalutamide for the treatment of adult patients with HRR gene-mutated metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer (mCRPC).

Reference:

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2023/211651s010lbl.pdf

Date: 18 Jan 2024 7 of 18

Current NCCN Information

In this cancer type	In other cancer type	In this cancer type and other cancer types
in this cancer type	in other cancer type	in this cancer type and other cancer types

NCCN information is current as of 2023-11-01. To view the most recent and complete version of the guideline, go online to NCCN.org.

For NCCN International Adaptations & Translations, search www.nccn.org/global/what-we-do/international-adaptations.

Some variant specific evidence in this report may be associated with a broader set of alterations from the NCCN Guidelines. Specific variants listed in this report were sourced from approved therapies or scientific literature. These therapeutic options are appropriate for certain population segments with cancer. Refer to the NCCN Guidelines® for full recommendation.

All guidelines cited below are referenced with permission from the NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (NCCN Guidelines®) National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. 2023. All rights reserved. NCCN makes no warranties regarding their content.

BRCA2 p.(P2802Lfs*19) c.8403delT

abiraterone + niraparib

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma; Non Visceral Metastasis, Visceral Metastases (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Prostate Cancer [Version 4.2023]

O bevacizumab + olaparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Epithelial, Fallopian Tube, Primary Peritoneal; Stage II, Stage III, Stage IV; Partial response, Complete response (Maintenance therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Ovarian Cancer [Version 2.2023]

O niraparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Epithelial, Fallopian Tube, Primary Peritoneal; Recurrent, Partial response, Complete response (Maintenance therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

O niraparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Epithelial, Fallopian Tube, Primary Peritoneal; Stage II, Stage IV; Partial response, Complete response (Maintenance therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Ovarian Cancer [Version 2.2023]

O olaparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Epithelial, Fallopian Tube, Primary Peritoneal; Recurrent, Partial response, Complete response (Maintenance therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Ovarian Cancer [Version 2.2023]

O olaparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Epithelial, Fallopian Tube, Primary Peritoneal; Stage II, Stage III, Stage IV; Partial response, Complete response (Maintenance therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Ovarian Cancer [Version 2.2023]

O olaparib

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Adenocarcinoma; Non Visceral Metastasis, Visceral Metastases (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Date: 18 Jan 2024

BRCA2 p.(P2802Lfs*19) c.8403delT (continued)

O olaparib + abiraterone acetate

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Adenocarcinoma; Non Visceral Metastasis, Visceral Metastases (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Prostate Cancer [Version 4.2023]

O rucaparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Epithelial, Fallopian Tube, Primary Peritoneal; Recurrent, Partial response, Complete response (Maintenance therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Ovarian Cancer [Version 2.2023]

O talazoparib + enzalutamide

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 1

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Adenocarcinoma; Metastatic (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Prostate Cancer [Version 4.2023]

abiraterone + niraparib

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Adenocarcinoma; Metastatic (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Prostate Cancer [Version 4.2023]

O niraparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Epithelial, Fallopian Tube, Primary Peritoneal; Stage II, Stage IV; Partial response, Complete response (Maintenance therapy)

Date: 18 Jan 2024 10 of 18

BRCA2 p.(P2802Lfs*19) c.8403delT (continued)

O niraparib

Cancer type: Uterine Leiomyosarcoma Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Advanced, Recurrent, Metastatic (Second-line therapy, Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Uterine Neoplasms [Version 1.2024]

O olaparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Epithelial, Fallopian Tube, Primary Peritoneal; Stage II, Stage III, Stage IV; Partial response, Complete response (Maintenance therapy)

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Ovarian Cancer [Version 2.2023]

O olaparib

Cancer type: Uterine Leiomyosarcoma Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Advanced, Recurrent, Metastatic (Second-line therapy, Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Uterine Neoplasms [Version 1.2024]

O olaparib + abiraterone acetate

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Adenocarcinoma; Metastatic (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Prostate Cancer [Version 4.2023]

O rucaparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

 Epithelial, Fallopian Tube, Primary Peritoneal; Stage II, Stage III, Stage IV; Partial response, Complete response (Maintenance therapy)

Date: 18 Jan 2024 11 of 18

BRCA2 p.(P2802Lfs*19) c.8403delT (continued)

O rucaparib

Cancer type: Pancreatic Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Adenocarcinoma; Metastatic (Maintenance therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Pancreatic Adenocarcinoma [Version 2.2023]

O rucaparib

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Adenocarcinoma; Non Visceral Metastasis, Visceral Metastases (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Prostate Cancer [Version 4.2023]

O rucaparib

Cancer type: Uterine Leiomyosarcoma Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Advanced, Recurrent, Metastatic (Second-line therapy, Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Uterine Neoplasms [Version 1.2024]

O talazoparib + enzalutamide

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Adenocarcinoma; Metastatic (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Prostate Cancer [Version 4.2023]

O abiraterone + niraparib

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Adenocarcinoma; Metastatic (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Date: 18 Jan 2024 12 of 18

BRCA2 p.(P2802Lfs*19) c.8403delT (continued)

O olaparib

Cancer type: Breast Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Stage IV; Invasive (Line of therapy not specified); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Breast Cancer [Version 4.2023]

O olaparib

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Adenocarcinoma; Visceral Metastases (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Prostate Cancer [Version 4.2023]

O rucaparib

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Adenocarcinoma; Visceral Metastases (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Prostate Cancer [Version 4.2023]

talazoparib + enzalutamide

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 2B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Adenocarcinoma; Metastatic (Subsequent therapy); Useful in certain circumstances

Reference: NCCN Guidelines® - NCCN-Prostate Cancer [Version 4.2023]

O niraparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 3

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Epithelial, Less Common Ovarian Cancers, Fallopian Tube, Primary Peritoneal; Recurrent, Persistent (Recurrence therapy);
 Other recommended intervention

Date: 18 Jan 2024 13 of 18

BRCA2 p.(P2802Lfs*19) c.8403delT (continued)

O rucaparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

NCCN Recommendation category: 3

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Epithelial, Less Common Ovarian Cancers, Fallopian Tube, Primary Peritoneal; Recurrent, Persistent (Recurrence therapy); Other recommended intervention

Date: 18 Jan 2024 14 of 18

Current EMA Information

In this cancer type O In other cancer type	In this cancer type and other cancer types
--	--

EMA information is current as of 2023-11-15. For the most up-to-date information, search www.ema.europa.eu/ema.

BRCA2 p.(P2802Lfs*19) c.8403delT

O abiraterone + niraparib

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Label as of: 2023-06-02 Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

Cancer

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/akeega-epar-product-information_en.pdf

O olaparib, bevacizumab + olaparib

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Label as of: 2023-09-21 Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

Cancer, Ovarian Cancer

Reference:

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/lynparza-epar-product-information_en.pdf

Date: 18 Jan 2024 15 of 18

Current ESMO Information

In this cancer type
In other cancer type
In this cancer type and other cancer types

ESMO information is current as of 2023-11-01. For the most up-to-date information, search www.esmo.org.

BRCA2 p.(P2802Lfs*19) c.8403delT

O bevacizumab + olaparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Epithelial (Maintenance therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 3

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Newly Diagnosed and Relapsed Epithelial Ovarian Carcinoma [Ann Oncol 2023; Volume 34 issue 10 pp:833-848 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2023.07.011(Published)]

O niraparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Epithelial (Maintenance therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 3

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Newly Diagnosed and Relapsed Epithelial Ovarian Carcinoma [Ann Oncol 2023; Volume 34 issue 10 pp:833-848 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2023.07.011(Published)]

O niraparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Epithelial; Recurrent (Maintenance therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 3

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Newly Diagnosed and Relapsed Epithelial Ovarian Carcinoma [Ann Oncol 2023; Volume 34 issue 10 pp:833-848 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2023.07.011(Published)]

O olaparib

Cancer type: Breast Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

Other criteria: ERBB2 negative, ER positive

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Luminal A; Advanced, Metastatic (Second-line therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 4

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Metastatic Breast Cancer [Ann Oncol (2021) VOLUME 32, ISSUE 12, P1475-1495, DECEMBER 01, 2021; DOI:https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2021.09.019]

O olaparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

- Epithelial; Recurrent (Maintenance therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 2
- Epithelial (Maintenance therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 4

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Newly Diagnosed and Relapsed Epithelial Ovarian Carcinoma [Ann Oncol 2023; Volume 34 issue 10 pp:833-848 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2023.07.011(Published)]

O rucaparib

Cancer type: Ovarian Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Epithelial; Recurrent (Maintenance therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 3

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Newly Diagnosed and Relapsed Epithelial Ovarian Carcinoma [Ann Oncol 2023; Volume 34 issue 10 pp:833-848 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2023.07.011(Published)]

O talazoparib

Cancer type: Breast Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

Other criteria: ERBB2 negative, ER positive

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / A

Population segment (Line of therapy):

■ Luminal A; Advanced, Metastatic (Second-line therapy); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 4

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Metastatic Breast Cancer [Ann Oncol (2021) VOLUME 32, ISSUE 12, P1475-1495, DECEMBER 01, 2021; DOI:https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annonc.2021.09.019]

O olaparib

Cancer type: Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: I / B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

Metastatic, Progression (Line of therapy not specified); ESMO-MCBS v1.1 score: 3

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Cancer of the Prostate [Ann Oncol (2020) (eUpdate 21 March 2023) Published]

Date: 18 Jan 2024 17 of 18

BRCA2 p.(P2802Lfs*19) c.8403delT (continued)

O olaparib

Cancer type: Biliary Tract Carcinoma Variant class: BRCA2 mutation

ESMO Level of Evidence/Grade of Recommendation: V / B

Population segment (Line of therapy):

(Second-line therapy)

Reference: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines - ESMO-Biliary Cancer [Ann Oncol (2023), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/

j.annonc.2022.10.506]

Date: 18 Jan 2024

References

- 1. Liu et al. Distinct functions of BRCA1 and BRCA2 in double-strand break repair. Breast Cancer Res. 2002;4(1):9-13. PMID: 11879553
- 2. Jasin. Homologous repair of DNA damage and tumorigenesis: the BRCA connection. Oncogene. 2002 Dec 16;21(58):8981-93. PMID: 12483514
- 3. Kuchenbaecker et al. Risks of Breast, Ovarian, and Contralateral Breast Cancer for BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutation Carriers. JAMA. 2017 Jun 20;317(23):2402-2416. PMID: 28632866
- 4. Tai et al. Breast cancer risk among male BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers. J. Natl. Cancer Inst. 2007 Dec 5;99(23):1811-4. PMID: 18042939
- 5. Levy-Lahad et al. Cancer risks among BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers. Br. J. Cancer. 2007 Jan 15;96(1):11-5. PMID: 17213823
- 6. Chen et al. Penetrance of Breast and Ovarian Cancer in Women Who Carry a BRCA1/2 Mutation and Do Not Use Risk-Reducing Salpingo-Oophorectomy: An Updated Meta-Analysis . JNCI Cancer Spectr. 2020 Aug;4(4):pkaa029. PMID: 32676552
- 7. Petrucelli et al. BRCA1- and BRCA2-Associated Hereditary Breast and Ovarian Cancer. GeneReviews® [Internet]. PMID: 20301425
- 8. Pruthi et al. Identification and Management of Women With BRCA Mutations or Hereditary Predisposition for Breast and Ovarian Cancer. Mayo Clin. Proc. 2010 Dec;85(12):1111-20. PMID: 21123638
- Walsh et al. Mutations in 12 genes for inherited ovarian, fallopian tube, and peritoneal carcinoma identified by massively parallel sequencing. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 2011 Nov 1;108(44):18032-7. PMID: 22006311
- 10. Alsop et al. BRCA mutation frequency and patterns of treatment response in BRCA mutation-positive women with ovarian cancer: a report from the Australian Ovarian Cancer Study Group. J. Clin. Oncol. 2012 Jul 20;30(21):2654-63. PMID: 22711857
- 11. Whittemore et al. Prevalence of BRCA1 mutation carriers among U.S. non-Hispanic Whites. Cancer Epidemiol. Biomarkers Prev. 2004 Dec;13(12):2078-83. PMID: 15598764
- 12. King et al. Breast and ovarian cancer risks due to inherited mutations in BRCA1 and BRCA2. Science. 2003 Oct 24;302(5645):643-6. PMID: 14576434
- 13. Anglian Breast Cancer Study Group. Prevalence and penetrance of BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutations in a population-based series of breast cancer cases. Anglian Breast Cancer Study Group. Br. J. Cancer. 2000 Nov;83(10):1301-8. PMID: 11044354
- 14. Shao et al. A comprehensive literature review and meta-analysis of the prevalence of pan-cancer BRCA mutations, homologous recombination repair gene mutations, and homologous recombination deficiencies. Environ Mol Mutagen. 2022 Jul;63(6):308-316. PMID: 36054589
- 15. Weinstein et al. The Cancer Genome Atlas Pan-Cancer analysis project. Nat. Genet. 2013 Oct;45(10):1113-20. PMID: 24071849
- 16. Cerami et al. The cBio cancer genomics portal: an open platform for exploring multidimensional cancer genomics data. Cancer Discov. 2012 May;2(5):401-4. PMID: 22588877
- 17. Hodgson et al. Candidate biomarkers of PARP inhibitor sensitivity in ovarian cancer beyond the BRCA genes. Br. J. Cancer. 2018 Nov;119(11):1401-1409. PMID: 30353044
- Bryant et al. Specific killing of BRCA2-deficient tumours with inhibitors of poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase. Nature. 2005 Apr 14;434(7035):913-7. PMID: 15829966
- 19. Farmer et al. Targeting the DNA repair defect in BRCA mutant cells as a therapeutic strategy. Nature. 2005 Apr 14;434(7035):917-21. PMID: 15829967
- $20. \ https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2023/208558s028lbl.pdf$
- 21. https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2022/209115s013lbl.pdf
- 22. https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2023/211651s010lbl.pdf
- 23. https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2023/208447s027lbl.pdf
- $24. \quad https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2023/216793s000lbl.pdf$
- 25. Barber et al. Secondary mutations in BRCA2 associated with clinical resistance to a PARP inhibitor. J. Pathol. 2013 Feb;229(3):422-9. PMID: 23165508
- 26. D'Andrea. Mechanisms of PARP inhibitor sensitivity and resistance. DNA Repair (Amst.). 2018 Nov;71:172-176. PMID: 30177437
- 27. https://www.senhwabio.com//en/news/20220125