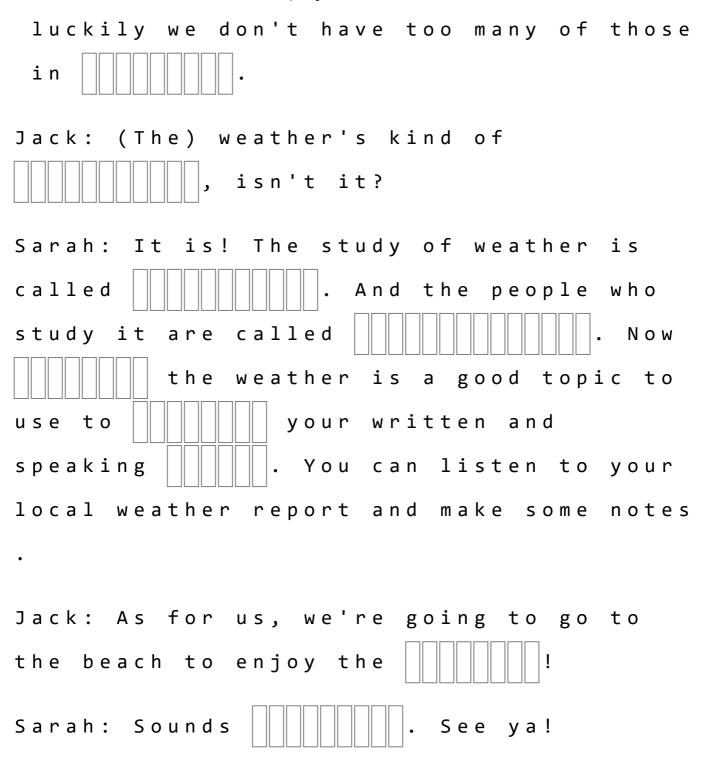
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Nic: I think about 20 to 25 degrees.

the weather we Jack: When we say if it's going to be 'hot' or 'cold'. We also talk about if it's going to be ', if it's going to ' 'sunny' or ' rain' or 'snow' or It might also ' or there could be a storm b e with a n d ; sometimes called а Sarah: Then there are weather like floods Α is a n d a . In other parts of the world they are called o r is a very large, Α wave by an . 'Tsunami' is actually a Japanese word ' is which means Α up after when rain. often come a is a period of heavy which rain. A is a violent, wind but



Sarah: Today we're going to talk about the weather. Have you checked the forecast today?

Jack: Yes, I have. It's going to be pretty hot!

Sarah: What's the temperature?

Jack: It's going to get to nearly 40.

Sarah: What Jack's talking about is the temperature. That's one of the main things we look at when we check a weather forecast. The temperature can be measured in degrees Celsius or degrees Fahrenheit but in Australia, we use Celsius. In spoken English, you are more likely to hear people say 'degrees' rather than 'degrees Celsius'. Or just the number. Jack, can you give us an example?

Jack: So glad you asked, Sarah! In the South of Australia, it's going to be very hot today. Melbourne will reach a

top of 38 degrees while Adelaide will get to 39. In the East, it's a bit cooler. Sydney will get to a top of 32 while Brisbane will be at 35. Back to you Sarah.

written English, 39 degrees Sarah: In Celsius looks like this: 39°C. capital C. You might that Celsius has a also see a temperature range in the weather forecast. For example, |t||o||m||o||rmight have a high of 38 degrees and low of 20, so the temperature range is 20 to 38 which looks like this: 20 - 38° C. Notice that you don't |s|t|r|e|s|s| the word 'to'. If it's  $|\mathbf{r}| = |\mathbf{a}| \mathbf{1} |\mathbf{l}| \mathbf{y} |\mathbf{r}|$  cold, you might see negative temperatures which means they're below zero. For example, it might be negative 10 or you could say 10. But that doesn't |h||a||p||e||n| often in Australia. Now, let's hear some people talk about the weather.

Nic: Ah how good is this weather?

Charlotte: It's a bit too hot for me! I'd prefer the temperature to be in the 20s.

Nic: What do you reckon your favourite temperature is?

Charlotte: Oh, probably about 23.

Nic: See me, I love it above 30 because you can go to the beach!

Charlotte: Is it going to be hot this weekend?

Nic: No, I actually think it's going to be raining on Saturday.

Charlotte: Oh no, I was going to have a picnic!

Nic: Well, on Sunday I think it's going to be sunny again. So you could go then!

Charlotte: What's the temperature going to be?

Nic: I think about 20 to 25 degrees.

|d|e|s|c|r|i|b|e| Jack: When we the weather we say if it's going to be 'hot' or 'cold'. We also talk about if it's going to be 'sunny' or 'c|1|0|u|d|y|', if it's going to ' ||h||a||i||1||. rain' or 'snow' or It might also be 'w|i|n|d|y|' or there could be a storm thunder and lightning; sometimes with called t h u n d e r s t o r m a

Sarah: Then there are |e||x||t||r||e||m||e| weather |c||y||c||1||o||n||e||s|, e|v|e|n|t|s| like floods |t||s||u||n||a||m||i||s|, ' |c||v||c||1||o||n||e| ' tornadoes. A is a t r o p i c a l storm. In other parts of the world they are called |h||u||r||r||i||c||a||n||e||s| o r '|t||s||u||n||a||m||i|' t v p h o o n s . A is a very large, c a u s e d |e||a||r||t||h||q||u||a||k||e |d|e|s|t|r|u|c|t|i|v|e| b y wave a n . 'Tsunami' is actually a Japanese word which means |h||a||r||b||o||u||r| wlalvlel. ' |f||1||0||0||d| ' |b||u||i||1||d||s w|a|t|e|r| up after when h|e|a|v|y  $|\mathbf{d}|\mathbf{u}|\mathbf{r}|\mathbf{i}|\mathbf{n}|\mathbf{g}|$ F 1 o o d s often come 'm||o||n||s||o||o||n| a which is a period of heavy rain. A  $|\mathbf{w}| \mathbf{h} \| \mathbf{i} \| \mathbf{r} \| \mathbf{l} \| \mathbf{i} \| \mathbf{n} \| \mathbf{g} \|$ |t||o||r||n||a||d||o| **'** is a violent, wind but we don't have too luckily many of those in |A||u||s||t||r ||a||1||i| ∥a⊢.

Jack: (The) weather's kind of interesting, isn't it?

is! The study of weather is Sarah: Ιt |m||e||t||e||o||r||o||1||o||g||y|. And the people who called study it called  $|\mathbf{m}| = |\mathbf{t}| = |\mathbf{o}| |\mathbf{r}| |\mathbf{o}| |\mathbf{1}| |\mathbf{o}| |\mathbf{g}| |\mathbf{i}| |\mathbf{s}| |\mathbf{t}| |\mathbf{s}|$ . Now are remember the weather is a good topic to t o your written and u s e |a|c|t|i|s|e| s. You can listen to your speaking |s||k||i| local weather report and make some notes

Jack: As for us, we're going to go to the beach to enjoy the sunshine!

Sarah: Sounds excelllent. See ya

Dictionary:	
(n) forecast	预测→[ˈfôrˌkast]→名词 预测,预报,展望; 动词 预测,预报,预计,预兆
opretty	漂亮→[ˈpritē]→形容词 漂亮,美丽,俏,美,姿色,秀丽,俊,姣,丽,嘉,姱,嬛,俊美的; 副词 蛮; 名词 极好的东西
nearly	几乎→[ˈni(ə)rlē]→副词 几乎,将近,差不多,险些, 几,险,垂
measured	测量→[ˈmeZHərd]→形容词 有板有眼,斟,合标准的
<pre>fahrenheit</pre>	华氏→名词 华氏温度计
celsius	摄氏→名词 摄氏温度计
degrees	度
rather	宁→[ˈraTHər,ˈräTHər,ˈrəTHər]→副词 比较,宁可, 宁,宁愿,颇,较,挺,未免,够,几分,憖
asked	问→动词问,询问,要求,请,请求,要,索取,询,索,邀,问讯,详,约请,讯,倩,叮
south	南→[souTH]→形容词南,南方的;名词南,南方,南面
<pre>melbourne</pre>	墨尔本→[ˈmelbərn]→名词 墨尔钵
reach	达到→[rēCH]→动词 达到,到达,达,到,及,够,抵,臻,即,勾,洎,拢,逮,徂,搆; 名词 范围,河段,延伸,游
<pre>while</pre>	而→[(h)wīl]→连词 而,却,当时,正在,际,斯; 动词 消磨,消; 名词 时间; 介词 直到
<pre>domaide</pre>	阿德莱德
<pre>@ east</pre>	东→[ēst]→名词 东,东部; 动词 向东; 副词 向东; 形容词 东方的,向东的
cooler	冷却器→[ˈkoolər]→形容词 凉,凉爽,阴凉,冷静,沉着, 风凉,镇静,凊
sydney	悉尼→[ˈsidnē]
<pre>brisbane</pre>	布里斯班→[-ˌbān,ˈbrizbən]
written	书面→形容词 书面,成文,笔头
notice	注意→[ˈnōtis]→名词 通知,布告,须知,启事,意思,榜文,榜,意识,意兴; 动词 通知,注意,注意到,通告,看到,在意,理会,睬,觉察,提起,谈起
<pre>capital</pre>	首都→[ˈkapitl]→名词资本,首都,资,大写,都,本钱,都城,本金,国都,京,老本,栌,会;形容词首都的,资本的

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tomorrow	明天→[-ˈmärō,təˈmôrō]→副词 明天,明日,翌; 名词 明天,明日,未来
n stress	强调→[stres]→动词强调,讲,突出,注重,抓,厚,硬说;名词应力,重音,重点,镇,应激状态
<pre>neally</pre>	真→[ˈrē(ə)lē]→adverb 真,确实,实在,的确,果然,其实,确,果真,当真,简直,才,够,果,诚,异常,诚然,殊,审,寔,委,郅,确乎,的确地
<pre>temperatures</pre>	温度→[-ˌCHoor,ˈtemp(ə)rəCHər]→名词 温度,温, 热,热度,发烧
<pre>means</pre>	手段→[mēnz]→名词 手段,方法,工具,办法,径,繇,款
negative	负→[ˈnegətiv]→形容词 负,负片,阴性,否定,消极, 阴; 名词 否定,否定语; 动词 否定,拒绝
<pre>minus</pre>	减去→[ˈmīnəs]→介词 减去,减;名词 负号;形容词 负的,减的
happen	发生→[ˈhapən]→动词发生,碰巧,正好,刚好,正巧,出,罹,赶,值
(m) hear	听→[hi(ə)r]→verb 听,听说,听见,听取,闻,聆,得悉, 听说过
weather     weather	天气→[ˈweTHər]→名词 天气,天,气; 动词 经受,侵蚀; 形容词 露天的
(p) prefer	比较喜欢→[priˈfər]→动词 宁可,情愿,选拔,骘,比较 喜欢
<pre>reckon</pre>	估计→[ˈrekən]→动词 估计,算,推算,推想,合算,计,筹
<pre>favourite</pre>	喜爱→[ˈfāv(ə)rət]→形容词 喜爱,爱好;名词 宠儿,嬖,红人,优先权,嬖人,最喜爱
<pre>temperature</pre>	温度→[-ˌCHoor,ˈtemp(ə)rəCHər]→名词 温度,温, 热,热度,发烧
<pre>probably</pre>	大概→[ˈpräblē,ˈpräbəblē]→adverb 大概,或许,多 半,莫不,殆,或
♠ beach	海滩→[bēCH]→名词海滩,滩,岸边,滨,岸,浦
mraining	下雨→动词 下雨,霅
saturday	星期六→名词 星期六
<pre>picnic</pre>	野餐→[ˈpikˌnik]→名词 野餐,远足; 动词 野餐; 形容词 郊游的
<pre>sunday</pre>	星期日→名词 星期日,星期天
describe	描述→[diˈskrīb]→verb 描述,形容,描绘,描写,描摹,

	描画,写,画,描述为,摹画
<pre>cloudy</pre>	多云的→[ˈkloudē]→形容词 阴沉,荟,溷,云的
<pre>     hail </pre>	冰雹→[hāl]→名词 冰雹,雹,招呼,雹子; 动词 欢呼,招 呼
windy	有风→[ˈwindē,ˈwīndē]→名词 空谈者,话多的人;形容词 刮风的,坏天气的,有风
<pre>thunder</pre>	雷→[ˈTHəndər]→动词 雷,雷声,打雷,咆哮,咆;名词雷,雷声,雷电,砰,咆哮,咆,轰隆声
lightning	闪电→[ˈlītniNG]→名词 闪电,闪,打闪
thunderstorm	雷雨→[ˈTHəndərˌstôrm]→名词 雷雨
(1) extreme	极端→[ikˈstrēm]→形容词 极端,极,极度,偏激,卓绝, 泰,临界,亢,嶢; 名词 极端,极度,极点
<pre>   events</pre>	事件→名词 事件,大事,事变,结果
cyclones	旋风→名词 气旋,龙卷风
<pre>tsunamis</pre>	海啸
tornadoes	龙卷风→[tôrˈnādō]→名词 龙卷风
cyclone	气旋→[ˈsīˌklōn]→名词 气旋,龙卷风
<pre>violent</pre>	暴力→[ˈvī(ə)lənt]→形容词暴力,猛烈,剧烈,狂暴,暴,强烈,暴烈,凶猛,强暴,猛,急,烈,狂,激,悍,盭,激切,勍,汹,虣,惛怓
<pre>tropical</pre>	热带→[ˈträpəkəl]→形容词 热带
(1) storm	风暴→[stôrm]→名词 风暴,暴风,暴风雨,风浪,龙卷风,波,瀑; 动词 强攻,攻陷
nurricanes	飓风→名词 飓风,狂飙,台风,飓,暴风骤雨,龙卷风,急风 暴雨
typhoons	台风→名词 台风,台
<pre>tsunami</pre>	海啸→[(t)sooˈnämē]
destructive	有害→[diˈstrəktiv]→形容词 有害,害,破坏的;名词 毁坏主义者
<pre>caused</pre>	造成→动词 导致,引起,使,使得,致使,致,令人,促使,令,引,促成,惹,俾
<pre>@ earthquake</pre>	地震→[ˈərTHˌkwāk]→名词 地震
(1) harbour	港口→名词港口,海港,港,窝藏,避风港,避难所,躲藏,窝,澳,港弯;动词包庇,包藏,藏,安,庇,蔽,存,含,蔽匿
	波→[wāv]→名词 波,波浪,浪潮,浪头,袅袅,阵,荡,

	汰,漪; 动词 波动,挥动,挥舞,招手,摇,挥,飘舞,舞 动,摆动,摇动,摆手,飘扬,摆,飘荡,舞弄,发抖,鼓翼而 飞,摆晃
<pre>flood</pre>	洪水→[fləd]→名词洪水,水灾,泛滥,洪,泛,汛,漫,洚, 滥,淼; 动词淹没,泛滥,泛,淹,漫,滥,滔,淼,喷,注满
<pre>     water </pre>	水→[ˈwä-,ˈwôtər]→名词 水,雨水,泽,注入水; 动词 浇灌,浇,冲,灌,冲淡,溲
☑ builds	建立→[bild]→动词建立,建设,建,建造,兴建,修建, 造,盖,营造,筑,修筑,修,搭,营建,打,铺设,起,垒, 盘;名词体形,体格,垒,个子
<pre>heavy</pre>	重→[ˈhevē]→形容词 重,沉重,大,笨重,沉,惨重,浓,句型,俣,过胖的
floods	洪水
during	中→[ˈd(y)ooriNG]→介词 中,在 期间
monsoon	雨季→[mänˈsoon,ˈmänˌsoon]→名词 雨季,季凤
tornado	龙卷风→[tôrˈnādō]→名词 龙卷风
whirling	旋转→名词 旋转; 形容词 婆娑
<pre>australia</pre>	澳大利亚→noun 澳大利亚,澳洲,澳
<pre>interesting</pre>	有趣→[ˈint(ə)ristiNG,ˈintəˌrestiNG]→形容词 有 趣,有意思,趣,带劲,好看,好玩儿,有兴趣
<pre>meteorology</pre>	气象→[ˌmētēəˈräləjē]→名词 气象,气象状态
<pre>meteorologists</pre>	气象学家→[ˌmētēəˈräləjist]
<pre>   remember </pre>	记得→[riˈmembər]→动词 记得,记住,记,记忆,想起, 铭记,纪念,想到,记取,忆,溯
<pre>     practise </pre>	实践→[ˈpraktəs]→动词实践,练习,练,实习,习,推行,演;名词练习,做法,练,实际,作法,习惯,操练,演习,习,熟练,谟,肄
	技能→名词 技能,技术,技巧,技,技艺,身手,本事,熟 练,本领,艺,术,功夫,手法,艺术,把式,工夫,工,能耐, 精巧,熟,伎,经历,学术,執
sunshine	阳光→[ˈsənˌSHīn]→名词 阳光,日照,太阳,暘
<pre></pre>	优秀→[ˈeksələnt]→形容词优秀,优良,卓越,优,精彩,佳,大好,优等,绝妙,高超,棒,精,优美,优势,妙,秀,优胜,顶呱呱,哿,劭,微妙,熙,韶,奂,詹,杰出的