Stochastic Methods + Lab

Assignment Sheet 11

Due on December 2, 2019

Problem 1 [20 points]

Suppose S_i for $i=0,\ldots,N$ denotes time series data which we believe behaves like geometric Brownian motion with parameters μ and σ . Then estimates $\hat{\mu}$ and $\hat{\sigma}$ for μ and σ can be obtained by considering the log-returns

$$r_i = \ln S_{i+1} - \ln S_i$$
 for $i = 0, \dots, N-1$,

as discussed in class. For the following exercises no loops are allowed, please implement all operations vectorized.

(a) [6 points] Generate a sample geometric Brownian path on the time interval [0, 1] with fixed $\mu = 0.2$ and $\sigma = 0.4$, where the number of sub-intervals is $N = 2^k$.

Estimate $\hat{\sigma}$ and $\hat{\mu}$ on a coarsened data set where you use only every 2^{i} -th data point, where $i = 0, \ldots, k$.

Plot $\hat{\sigma}$ and $\hat{\mu}$ vs. the log of the number of sample points (semilogx). Do the estimated values converge to the true values of the model?

(b) [4 points] Now repeat the computation on a large ensemble of geometric Brownian paths and estimate the mean and the standard deviation of the estimate for σ and μ as a function of the number of sub-intervals N using a doubly logarithmic graph.

Note that it is known that the variance of the estimate for σ is approximately

$$\operatorname{Var}[\hat{\sigma}] = \frac{\mathbb{E}(\hat{\sigma})^2}{2N}$$
.

Does your statistics reproduce this result?

How does the variance of the estimate for μ behave as N increases?

(c) [4 points] Use the single geometric Brownian path from Question (a), estimate its parameters, and use the estimated values $\hat{\mu}$ and $\hat{\sigma}$ to generate an ensemble of geometric Brownian paths as in Question (b). Plot a histogram (hist) of the estimates for μ and σ from this ensemble, compute the standard deviation, and visualize the standard deviation and the true value of the original model in this histogram.

(This procedure is a simple example of so-called *parametric bootstrapping*.)

(d) [2 points] How does the result of Question (a) change if

- (1) you add Gaussian noise to the geometric Brownian motion;
- (2) you add a high frequency periodic perturbation?
- (e) [2 points] Perform a QQ-plot vs. the normal distribution for the distribution of the log-returns, and the distribution of the two noisy log-returns from Question (d), all into one graph. Briefly discuss the result.
- (f) [2 points] Plot the autocorrelation function for the time series of log-returns, and the two noisy versions, all into one graph. Briefly discuss the result.